

THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

February 18, 2016

The Honorable Joseph R. Biden, Jr. President of the United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Mr. President:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers who were employed at Battelle Laboratories at the King Avenue site in Columbus, Ohio, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) evaluated the petition and presented its findings to the Advisory Board on Radiation and Worker Health (Board) on November 18, 2015. The Board considered the petition, and on January 19, 2016, I received the Board's recommendation concerning this petition (SEC 00229). I have also received the deliberations, findings, and recommendations of the Director of NIOSH and the Director of CDC. Based on this information, I have designated the following class for addition to the SEC:

All Atomic Weapons Employees who worked at the facility owned by the Battelle Laboratories at the King Avenue site in Columbus, Ohio, during the period from July 1, 1956, through December 31, 1970, for a number of work days aggregating at least 250 work days, occurring either solely under this employment, or in combination with work days within the parameters established for one or more other classes of employees included in the Special Exposure Cohort."

The criteria and findings upon which this designation is based are provided in the enclosed report.

Please contact me if you have any further questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

[Signature on File]

Sylvia M. Burwell



THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

February 18, 2016

The Honorable Harry Reid Minority Leader United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Senator Reid:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers who were employed at Battelle Laboratories at the King Avenue site in Columbus, Ohio, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

February 18, 2016

The Honorable Mitch McConnell Majority Leader United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Senator McConnell:

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Sylvia M. Burwell



The Honorable Nancy Pelosi Minority Leader U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Representative Pelosi:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers who were employed at Battelle Laboratories at the King Avenue site in Columbus, Ohio, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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The Honorable Paul Ryan Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Mr. Speaker:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers who were employed at Battelle Laboratories at the King Avenue site in Columbus, Ohio, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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Sylvia M. Burwell



The Honorable Sherrod Brown United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Senator Brown:

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The Honorable Rob Portman United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Senator Portman:

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Sylvia M. Burwell



The Honorable Joyce Beatty U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Representative Beatty:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 and 42 C.F.R. pt. 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers who were employed at Battelle Laboratories at the King Avenue site in Columbus, Ohio, to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

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Sylvia M. Burwell

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Designation

of Additional Members of the Special Exposure Cohort

under the

Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000

Designating a Class of Employees Battelle Laboratories-King Avenue Columbus, Ohio



I. Designation

I, Sylvia M. Burwell, Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), designate the class of employees defined in Section II of this report for addition to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC), as authorized under the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA), 42 U.S.C. § 7384q.

February 18, 2016	[Signature on File]
Date	Sylvia M. Burwell

II. Employee Class Definition

All Atomic Weapons Employees who worked at the facility owned by the Battelle Laboratories at the King Avenue site in Columbus, Ohio, during the period from July 1, 1956, through December 31, 1970, for a number of work days aggregating at least 250 work days, occurring either solely under this employment, or in combination with work days within the parameters established for one or more other classes of employees included in the Special Exposure Cohort.

III. Designation Criteria and Recommendations

Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 7384q, for the class defined in Section II of this report, the Secretary has determined, and the Advisory Board on Radiation and Worker Health (Board) has recommended, that

(1) it is not feasible to estimate with sufficient accuracy the radiation dose that the class received; and

(2) there is a reasonable likelihood that such radiation dose may have endangered the health of members of the class.

The SEC final rule states in 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(1) that it is feasible in two situations to estimate the radiation dose that the class received with sufficient accuracy. First, the rule states that radiation doses may be estimated with sufficient accuracy if NIOSH has established that it has access to sufficient information to estimate the maximum radiation dose, for every type of cancer for which radiation doses are reconstructed, that could have been incurred under plausible circumstances by any member of the class. Alternatively, radiation doses may be estimated with sufficient accuracy if NIOSH has established that it has access to sufficient information to estimate the radiation doses may be estimated with sufficient accuracy if NIOSH has established that it has access to sufficient information to estimate the radiation doses of members of the class.

NIOSH determined that there is insufficient information to estimate the radiation dose of individual members of the class with sufficient accuracy under the two abovementioned situations. The Board, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 7384q, advised the Secretary to designate the class as an addition to the SEC in a letter received by the Secretary on January 19, 2016.

IV. Designation Findings

Infeasibility of Estimating Radiation Doses with Sufficient Accuracy

The Secretary designates the class of employees covered by this report based upon the findings summarized below.

- The principal sources of internal radiation exposures for the proposed class of workers included exposures to uranium and thorium and their decay products. The modes of thorium exposure were inhalation and ingestion during the research and processing of thorium metal, ceramics, solutions, and concentrates, and during the subsequent resuspension of thorium
- NIOSH concluded that due to insufficient personnel and workplace monitoring and source term data, NIOSH is unable to estimate with sufficient accuracy potential internal exposure to thorium and their progeny for the evaluated time period.
- NIOSH concluded although there are limited air-monitoring data for thorium during the period from 1961 through 1969, these air monitoring data may not be representative of all thorium processing at the Battelle Laboratories-King Avenue site. Furthermore, the available data indicating dates and quantities of thorium processed during the 1960s may be incomplete.
- NIOSH determined that it is not feasible to reconstruct internal dose for thorium exposures with sufficient accuracy for the period from July 1, 1956, through December 31, 1970. However, NIOSH has identified sufficient information and data to support internal dose estimates after December 31, 1970, when no thorium-related operations took place.
- The principal sources of external radiation exposure for the proposed class of workers included exposures to beta and photon radiation resulting from the processing of uranium and thorium and their decay products.
- NIOSH found that it has sufficient external monitoring records to reconstruct external dose with sufficient accuracy for the Battelle Laboratories-King Avenue workers for the time period after December 31, 1950.
- NIOSH has determined that it has sufficient information allowing it to reconstruct external and the occupational x-ray dose for Battelle Laboratories-King Avenue workers with sufficient accuracy after December 31, 1950, using information in the *Site Profile for Battelle Memorial Institute, King Avenue and West Jefferson Sites, Columbus, Ohio* (ORAUT-TKBS-0058).

- Although NIOSH found that it is not possible to completely reconstruct radiation doses for the proposed class, NIOSH intends to use any internal and external monitoring data that may become available for an individual claim (and that can be interpreted using existing NIOSH dose reconstruction processes or procedures). Therefore, dose reconstructions for individuals employed at the Battelle Laboratories-King Avenue site during the time period from July 1, 1956, through December 31, 1970, but who do not qualify for inclusion in the SEC, may be performed using these data as appropriate.
- Pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(1), NIOSH determined that there is insufficient information to either: (1) estimate the maximum radiation dose, for every type of cancer for which radiation doses are reconstructed, that could have been incurred under plausible circumstances by any member of the class; or (2) estimate the radiation doses of members of the class more precisely than a maximum dose estimate.
- The Board concurred with NIOSH's recommendation to add the proposed class of workers to the SEC.

Health Endangerment

The Secretary established the health endangerment determination for the class of employees covered by this report based upon the findings summarized below.

- (1) Pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(3), NIOSH established that there is a reasonable likelihood that such radiation doses may have endangered the health of members of the class. Pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(3)(ii), NIOSH specified a minimum duration of employment to satisfy this health endangerment criterion as "having been employed for a number of work days aggregating at least 250 work days within the parameters established for this class or in combination with work days within the parameters established for one or more other classes of employees in the Cohort."
- (2) NIOSH did not identify any evidence from the petitioners or from other resources that would establish that the class was exposed to radiation during a discrete incident likely to have involved exceptionally high-level exposures, such as a nuclear criticality incident, as defined under 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(3)(i).
- (3) The Board concurred with NIOSH's finding that the health of the class may have been endangered and defined the class according to the 250-workday requirement specified under 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c) (3)(ii).

V. Effect and Effective Date of Designation

The Secretary submits this report on the designation of one additional class to the SEC for review by Congress, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 7384l(14)(C)(ii) and 7384q(c)(2)(A), as amended by the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005, Pub. L. No. 108-375 (codified as amended in scattered sections of 42 U.S.C.). Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 7384l(14)(C)(ii), as amended by the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005, Pub. L. No. 108-375 (codified as amended by the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005, Pub. L. No. 108-375 (codified as amended by the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005, Pub. L. No. 108-375 (codified as amended in scattered sections of 42 U.S.C.), the designation in this report will become effective 30 days after the date of this report's submission to Congress "unless Congress otherwise provides."

VI. Administrative Review of Designation

The health endangerment determination of the designation provided in this report may be subject to an administrative review within HHS, pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 83.18(a). On the basis of such a review, if the Secretary decides to expand the class of employees covered by this designation, the Secretary would transmit a supplementary report to Congress providing the expanded employee class definition and the criteria and findings on which the decision was based.