UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL

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NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH

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ADVISORY BOARD ON RADIATION AND WORKER HEALTH

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79th MEETING

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TUESDAY, AUGUST 23, 2011

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The meeting convened at 8:30 a.m., Pacific Daylight Time, in the Courtyard Marriott, 480 Columbia Point, Richland, Washington, James M. Melius, Chairman, presiding.

PRESENT:

JAMES M. MELIUS, Chairman HENRY ANDERSON, Member JOSIE BEACH, Member BRADLEY P. CLAWSON, Member R. WILLIAM FIELD, Member MARK GRIFFON, Member RICHARD LEMEN, Member WANDA I. MUNN, Member JOHN W. POSTON, SR., Member ROBERT W. PRESLEY, Member DAVID B. RICHARDSON, Member

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PRESENT (Continued):

GENEVIEVE S. ROESSLER, Member PHILLIP SCHOFIELD, Member PAUL L. ZIEMER, Member TED KATZ, Designated Federal Official

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REGISTERED AND/OR PUBLIC COMMENT PARTICIPANTS:

ADAMS, NANCY, NIOSH Contractor AL-NABULSI, ISAF, DOE ANDERSON, WARREN ARMIJO, ROBERTO AYERS, LYNN, SC&A BARRIE, TERRIE* CAMERON, BUCK, ATL CARY, ANNETTE CHEW, MEL, ORAU Team* FITZGERALD, JOE, SC&A FROWISS, ALBERT* GLOVER, SAM, DCAS GOSSEEN, SHERRY HATHAWAY, BOYD, DOE HINNEFELD, STU, DCAS HOWE, THERESE KINMAN, JOSHUA, DCAS KORENKO, MIKE KOTSCH, JEFF, DOL KRAUSE, JULIE C. LEITON, RACHEL, DOL LEMONS, BEVERLY LEWIS, GREG, DOE LEWIS, MARK, ATL LIN, JENNY, HHS MAKHIJANI, ARJUN, SC&A MCFEE, MATTHEW, ORAU Team NETON, JIM, DCAS RAFKY, MICHAEL, HHS RAVENCRAFT, QUIN D. RINGEN, KNUT ROBERTSON, R.L. ROLFES, MARK, DCAS ROWE, GORDON* RUTHERFORD, LAVON, DCAS SKVAREK, DONALD P. STIVER, JOHN, SC&A TAULBEE, TIM, DCAS VLIEGER, FAYE WADE, LEW, NIOSH Contractor WORTHINGTON, PATRICIA, DOE

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C-O-N-T-E-N-T-S

Hinnefeld, NIOSH NIOSH 10-Year Review - Dr. Lewis Wade, . . .14 NIOSH DOL Program Update - Ms. Rachel Leiton, . .47 DOL DOE Program Update - Dr. Patricia73 Worthington, DOE, Mr. Greg Lewis, DOE W.R. Grace (Curtis Bay, MD) SEC101 petition - Dr. James Neton, NIOSH; Petitioner Y-12 SEC Petition (1948-1957) - 138 Mr. LaVon, Rutherford, NIOSH; Petitioner Piqua Organic Moderated Reactor SEC160 Petition (1963-1966) - Dr. John Poston, WG Chair; Petitioner Hangar 481 SEC Petition (Kirtland Air . ..249 Force Base) - Dr. Sam Glover, NIOSH; Petitioner

1	P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S
2	(8:42 a.m.)
3	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Good morning.
4	Let's get started. Do you want to do the
5	usual attendance?
6	MR. KATZ: Sure. So welcome,
7	everyone. This is the Advisory Board on
8	Radiation and Worker Health. Welcome in the
9	room and everyone on the line.
10	We have had a lot of technical
11	difficulties, and we still do. I appreciate
12	that. For folks on the line, if you can't
13	hear us well, we understand that. We're going
14	to try to get that fixed. At least we can
15	hear you when you have opportunities to speak
16	at this point. But we will be working on
17	that.
18	Let me just start with covering
19	attendance here. The Board, we have most
20	Members here in the room, and we have two
21	Members we expect to be absent, Mr. Gibson and

22 Dr. Lockey. I believe I heard Bob on the

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line. So that's Robert Presley. So full
 attendance with two Board Members missing.

3 Then let me just also note for people in the room and on the line there are 4 comment sessions today. There's one public 5 comment session at 6:00 p.m. this evening or б 5:00 p.m. this evening -- sorry -- 5:00 to 7 6:00 this evening and a second comment, public 8 comment session beginning 5:00 9 at p.m. 10 tomorrow evening, Wednesday. And I think that covers it. 11

12 ask people on the Let me line 13 please to mute your phones except when you are If you don't have a 14 addressing the group. 15 mute button, press *6 to mute your phone, *6 to come off of mute. And please, no one on 16 the line put your phone on hold. Just hang up 17 and dial back in if you need to leave the call 18 19 at some point. Thank you.

20Let me, then, check, then, for --21Mike Gibson, are you on the line with us now?

22 (No response.)

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1 MR. KATZ: Okay. We don't hear 2 him presently.

3 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Why don't
4 we move on with the agenda? And we will start
5 with NIOSH update. Stu?

6 MR. HINNEFELD: I am going to 7 speak from up here if that's okay because I 8 can work the slides that way. And then I 9 think I'll be the slide operator for most of 10 the speakers, then, today.

here to provide just 11 Ι am our 12 normal update. As you recall, for the last 13 few meetings now, I have not been running 14 through the entire statistics package. They statistics 15 have been -- those have been 16 provided to you, and I'll try to answer any questions anyone has about those. 17

I want to just give a little bit of information on program update, program news. The first is something that you may have encountered or may encounter over the next couple of months as you deal with our

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1 office.

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2	Our Deputy Director, Dave Sundin,
3	has accepted a detail position. That's a
4	temporary assignment with another Cincinnati
5	NIOSH organization that runs through October.
6	And so if any of you normally deal with Dave
7	Sundin on issues, he won't be working on our
8	program through the end of October.
9	In his place, I've asked Chris
10	Ellison, who is our communications team
11	leader, to serve a detail as the Deputy
12	Director. So a lot of you may be dealing with
13	Chris in your contacts with us. And then she
14	also acts in my stead when I am out of the
15	office.
16	So just as a brief thing, Dave's
17	his detail assignment was for four months.
18	And I believe that takes him through, like I
19	said, the end of October. Our expectation

21 told me any different -- is that he will22 return to his Deputy Director position at the

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and last time I talked to him, Dave hasn't

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1 end of that.

2	Detail assignments. There is
3	always the possibility that it will turn into
4	a permanent assignment, but I don't think that
5	will happen in this case. I think if Dave is
6	smart, he would probably rather come back to
7	our organization than be in the detail he is
8	going to be working in.
9	I wanted to put a little word up
10	here about budget news just because federal
11	budget is in the news so much during various
12	sites. And if you keep up with any trade
13	information, you may know that NIOSH, the
14	institute, is not facing a very good year next
15	year budget-wise.
16	Up to now and so the problem
17	with budget news, government budget news, is
18	it is never final. You know, there is always
19	new budget news. Up to now, our program will
20	be in pretty good stead next fiscal year,
21	fiscal 2012, compared to essentially the
22	same as what we have been for the last couple

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1 of years.

2 the news, while it's bad in So 3 general about the federal government, up to now has not affected our program yet. 4 And that can change at any time because we all 5 б know there is not a fiscal '12 budget passed 7 yet for the government, and it starts October 1st. 8 A little bit of news about chronic 9 10 lymphocytic leukemia, this rule change we have been talking about. The Board, of course, 11 12 commented, through the Science Work Group, 13 commented on our proposed rule, which has the effect eliminating 14 of just zero as the 15 Probability of Causation for CLL. 16 We received а total of seven

17 comments. All were in favor of the addition 18 of CLL. And so the final rule package is 19 working its way through the administration. 20 The final rule package has an effective date 21 of 30 days after publication. So if it goes 22 through, the package that we saw if it goes

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through that way, that's what we would expect
 30 days from the publication of the final rule
 in the Federal Register.

4 Okay. I wanted to say a little 5 bit of something about our website redesign 6 because if you go to our public website, you 7 will see that it looks different. This is not 8 rolled out yet. And as these changes roll 9 out, you'll see a different look to it.

10 These desiqn changes are made because of institutional guidance on how your 11 website should be built. And what it just 12 means is right now the -- and I don't even 13 know how web pages are built, but what I was 14 15 told was the web -- the landing page for the 16 Board is extraordinarily long.

17 If you went to that page and tried 18 to print it out, you would just print and 19 print and print. And so that apparently is a 20 no-no on web design. So what they call the 21 landing page for the Advisory Board will have 22 much less actual information on that page, but

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1 the links will all look the same.

2 Right now when you click a link on 3 the Advisory Board page, I think what it does is takes you down that page to a different 4 location. It will now take you to a different 5 б page where all of the information is going to be there and we are going to strive to make 7 the looks be the same. It looks like they may 8 Again, that's in compliance be moved around. 9 10 with institutional design features. So I just wanted to show that very 11 12 quickly so that when you see it, you will at least remember that I told you about it, but 13 if there is anything you can't find, please 14 let us know. And if there is anything that we 15 16 think of that is going to be different and that, you know, may be in terms of difference 17 in navigation, we will put out some navigation 18 19 aids if necessary. I think it should be 20 largely the same.

21 The only other item I wanted to 22 mention, which I did not get on my slides

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because I forgot about it until the slides 1 were printed, was we have recently prepared an 2 3 update to the Residual Contamination Report. working its 4 And it's way through the administration to be sent to Congress. 5

6 We do that periodically as our research uncovers information that changes; 7 instance, covered periods or 8 for residual And it can happen any sorts of ways. 9 periods. 10 We might find evidence that extends covered, the covered period of a site, in which case 11 the residual period sort of starts later than 12 13 what the residual report says, but the website listings that list the site never get -- they 14 don't update the residual period until we 15 16 update the Residual Contamination Report.

So sometimes there are some sites 17 I think where our research indicated that the 18 19 covered period, the covered work stopped 20 earlier than originally believed, but the residual period doesn't start until the last 21 -- you know, a couple of years later. 22 So you

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have this sort of gap in coverage that is
 temporary until you get this thing.

3 So we submit these reports 4 periodically in order to fix things like that 5 that we have -- that address changes in the 6 actual period of contamination or the period 7 of the operating period.

8 So I believe that's the extent of 9 the news. And we go on into the statistics. 10 So does anyone have any questions about the 11 statistics that were provided in the package?

12 (No response.)

MR. HINNEFELD: Okay. Then I
quess, Lew, I believe you're up next.

DR. WADE: Thank you, Stu. I was just going to take a couple of moments and bring you up to speed on where we stand with the program review and where we are going.

As you know, over the last couple of years, we have been involved in a review of NIOSH's performance relative to this program. That was undertaken by the NIOSH Director,

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Dr. John Howard, with an eye towards improving
 NIOSH's performance within the program.

3 The first phase the was largely data-driven 4 preparation of five looked at aspects of reports that 5 NIOSH's б performance. They dealt with things such as dose reconstruction, Special Exposure Cohort, 7 timeliness, quality of service, and quality of 8 Those reports have been shared with 9 science. 10 you. They exist on the website.

11 The comment period for those 12 reports just closed at the end of July. And 13 they will be finalized before your next 14 meeting and will be a permanent record of that 15 review.

16 But that was just the first phase. 17 reports ended with Those scores of improvements 18 recommendations as to in the 19 program. Dr. Howard sat with his leadership 20 four months ago and went through three or those recommendations and developed a high 21 priority list of recommendations and action 22

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items to be followed to implement those
 recommendations.

I shared that detail with you for your July conference call. And we talked through those recommendations and those action items.

What will happen from this point 7 forward is that Stu and his staff under the 8 direction 9 of Dr. Howard will begin to 10 implement those action items and will make it a regular part of Stu's briefing to update you 11 12 on the status of those, the progress on those action items. 13

Again, Board comment is always welcome. Individual Board Members is always welcome. And we will certainly be respectful and responsive to the things that you say.

18 What I will do is very briefly 19 remind you of what was shared with you in 20 July. And then Stu is going to give you an 21 update on the status of things.

22 So we started with recommendations

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1 concerning dose reconstruction. And I could 2 highlight for you several on that page. The 3 first, "Will provide documentation on the current in-place QA/QC plan and look at the 4 results over the years of such a plan." Ιt 5 б really goes to the action item number 3, which 7 says, "When the Board and its contractor conduct reviews of NIOSH's work, they find 8 issues." 9

10 The question is why isn't NIOSH finding those issues when it does its internal 11 review, not that we would diminish the value 12 of the Board's review, but it would seem to me 13 that those issues should be unearthed by NIOSH 14 15 in their own internal review. And we will 16 expect Stu to answer a question or two on that. 17

Next slide, Stu. Some other
issues. If you look at the second there, yes.
We'll look at the cost-benefit analysis of
the elimination of the use of overestimating
DRs.

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1 Remember, we looked at the fact 2 that there might not be that much improvement 3 in timeliness done here. And there is a great 4 deal of confusion in situations where people 5 who were denied report a second cancer and 6 come back with a dose reconstruction that's 7 less.

This is an impossible situation to 8 explain. So ask that an action 9 we be 10 undertaken to explore the cost-benefit of efficiency measures and whether 11 we should continue to use them. 12

13 Stu, the next one. With regard to 14 quality of service, what you might expect 15 there, you can just look them over, but 16 understandability, access of information, 17 burden, you know, placed on those using the 18 program really need to be looked at.

And one more, Stu. Next slide. With regard to timelines, a number of issues are being explored. The first action, we think that priority needs to be given to work

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on returns, as opposed to initial dose
 reconstructions.

3 Under number 2, again, what will it cost to set even more aggressive timelines 4 on the completion of dose reconstructions? 5 б We're now looking at a target of nine months. And we think below nine months should be our 7 target. But it comes as a cost, and there is 8 a tradeoff there. So Stu will be looking at 9 10 those issues.

The next slide, Stu. 11 That last 12 action item, 2, we'll look at preparing a 13 White Paper for realizing these more 14 aggressive time limits dose on 15 reconstructions.

16 With regard to SEC petitions, probably the most controversial part of that 17 phase 1 report, the first action looks at 18 19 adding to the Evaluation Report a section that clearly identifies decision points and gets 20 into the issue of where these are policy 21 22 calls, as opposed to science calls, and spells

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that out very clearly. And I think that is an
 important one to consider.

3 Number two, the first bullet, 4 action item 1, opens the can of worms with 5 sufficient accuracy. And DCAS will begin to 6 develop a series of paragraphs that define 7 sufficient accuracy.

deals with this The third one 8 issue of a health physics bias and tries to 9 10 develop actions that will allow us to explore and eliminate the health physics bias. 11 And, 12 finally, Stu, with regard to quality of 13 science, a greater use of peer review is called out in number 1. 14

15 Next slide. In number 3, again, 16 choose several sites where NIOSH will try and run to ground the validation of its exposure 17 assessment methodology. 18 There was a trial 19 exercise done in the quality of science 20 And this calls for more detail there. report. And, finally, Stu, the last slide. 21 We were asked to look at the EPA methodology 22

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1 and see what we could learn from that. So 2 it's a reminder of what the priority actions 3 were and the action items resulting from that. And now Stu is going to give you some updates 4 on progress to realize those actions. 5 And then Stu and I will both be available to take б 7 your questions at the end.

8 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay.

9 MR. HINNEFELD: Okay. Ι am 10 speaking from notes here. So this is going to be even more raw than my normal presentation. 11 I wanted to provide just a little bit about 12 13 what we have embarked on, what we are planning to do, and then some things that we haven't 14 really decided yet, you know, what we're going 15 16 to do about and go through these just with a little bit of time. I think we have a little 17 more time on the agenda for us. 18

With respect to the dose reconstruction QA/QC issue, part of that is describing what is being done and why hasn't that been effective at preventing findings

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from the Board's review of dose
 reconstruction.

3 In order to try to answer that last part, why it hasn't been effective, we 4 are facing a dilemma because many of the 5 б reviewed dose reconstructions were performed years ago, you know, because we have gone 7 through in terms of the discussion with the 8 Board maybe the first eight sets of reviews. 9 10 And those, the actual performance of those dose reconstructions occurred well before they 11 12 were reviewed.

13 So in order to do this as we are 14 compiling -- and we pretty much have compiled 15 the first part, you know, the listing, kind of 16 comprehensive listing of what we and our 17 contractor, ORAU, do in terms of quality of 18 dose reconstruction.

We are pulling out the most recently completed dose reconstructions that have been reviewed by the Board. And I believe it's the 12th set was the last set

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1 that we have actually got the full report, the 2 SC&A full report of the review.

3 And picked the five last we completed dose reconstructions 4 because the date that we had originally completed the dose 5 6 reconstruction, that's the date we are trying to move as close to as possible. 7 The closest we can get is about two years ago and maybe 8 9 two and a half years ago maybe by now.

10 So we're going to look at the findings from those five cases and do this 11 12 analysis on the most recent ones we can do because we think we'll get better explanation, 13 you know, a better thought of why isn't our 14 findings 15 system catching these if we're 16 looking at things the way we do it as recently 17 as possible.

The best thing would be the way we 18 19 do them now, but we don't have reviews in real 20 time and so do them the most recent possible. And that will give us the best information on 21 that action number 3 on there. 22

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1 Action number 2 just talks about 2 working with the Subcommittee on Dose 3 Reconstruction, which is heavily involved in QA/QC of dose reconstruction. We had a fairly 4 discussion about that the 5 lonq at last Subcommittee meeting, which occurred between б 7 the last in-person meeting and this one of the Board. 8

9 And, at that, the key message, at 10 least that I took away from the Board Members at that meeting was it would be really nice to 11 have some sort of objective measure real time 12 of what we think the quality is now. 13 So we start making interventions. 14 We'll know if 15 we're improving anything or not. And the idea 16 was some sort of blind testing system. In other words, people do 17 two а dose reconstruction and compare how it comes out. 18 19 We really struggled with making

20 this blind. And we haven't found a way to 21 make it blind to both people. What we are 22 planning to do is arrive at a system where

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1 dose reconstructions are assigned to our It will just be like 2 contractor to perform. 3 any other case to them. It will be selected on our side to be performed by someone on our 4 side as well. So we will not be blind to our 5 б person. And ours will only be the check one.

7 The official dose reconstruction, the one we expect the program would use would 8 be the one coming from the contractor. 9 Thev 10 won't know which ones are selected or when we And so then we'll do that, two 11 start even. 12 dose reconstructions. We'll have the two to 13 compare, the one that was done as if it were 14 just a regular dose reconstruction and our person, who theoretically is probably going to 15 apply more care to it. 16

Now in order to compare outcomes 17 reconstructions, 18 of dose we don't feel 19 competent that just reporting the dose number 20 is going to actually give you a full analysis of what happened because quite likely there 21 will be some differences in the dose number. 22

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So what we intend to do is compare in detail how the two dose reconstructions were done, both the one that came from the contractor and the duplicate that we did and compare in detail how they were done.

б We started to write a checklist 7 for comparing all the things about a dose reconstruction, you know, or to sort out how 8 And it occurred to us that SC&A it worked. 9 10 has written about the best one you can write. In their -- the checklist they use to write 11 dose reconstruction reviews. 12

So our checklist is going to be 13 pretty much like theirs in terms of comparing 14 15 the blind to the actual contractor-prepared DR 16 in order to identify differences. And once you identify differences, then your thought 17 process is "Okay. Who did it right?" if there 18 19 is a right way. If there is not a right way and they both did what would be considered 20 acceptable methods, well, then you have a 21 problem in the clarity of your instructions, 22

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in which case that is going to lead to a lot
 of your quality findings because your
 instructions aren't clear.

So there are some things you can 4 get out of a process like that. That is like 5 б step one. So that's early on in trying to fix 7 and trying to make some significant improvements in the QA process for dose 8 reconstruction. 9

10 Okay. Everybody looks puzzled and 11 disturbed. So either I am boring them or we 12 didn't get that one right.

13 With respect to the efficiency measures, I have said and I believe that there 14 15 would be a lot of value if we didn't do 16 efficiency measure overestimate dose 17 reconstructions because when we get those back on a return, it's just -- I have not figured 18 19 out yet how to explain to people clearly 20 enough what is going on on that. And it really hurts our credibility when a person 21 gets another cancer and their PoC number goes 22

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1 down.

2 So I would really like to do that. 3 We are getting some preliminary estimates of what it would take based on the last several 4 experience. And it's 5 years of fairly б disheartening to me because it would cost a lot to provide that much additional time for 7 dose reconstruction. 8

time estimates 9 The worked out 10 somewhere around 16 hours, plus or minus maybe 4 or 5, for efficiency method and about 40 11 12 hours, plus or minus 8, for a best estimate. 13 And so since we do probably more than half of our cases, our efficiency methods of 14 some 15 sort, you're talking about a large increment 16 in the amount of time, dose-reconstructor 17 time, that done for has to be dose reconstruction and the concomitant cost that 18 19 then gets subtracted from SEC review and the 20 other things that we are trying to accomplish in the program. So we're balancing 21 an 22 available resource supply among the various

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1 objectives we are trying to complete.

2 We haven't given up. We think 3 there are some things we can do. We are looking at maybe when the first time a case 4 comes back, is returned, always do a best 5 б estimate in that case. There are certain kinds of cases 7 where maybe you should just always do a best 8 9 estimate, for instance, on a skin cancer, 10 because, far and away, the cancers that come back with additional cancers are skin cancers. 11 12 And so that's where you are liable to get 13 more diagnoses after you have done dose

14 reconstruction. So we are looking at some 15 half measures to see if there is something we 16 can manage.

Okay. With quality of service, this one is going to be difficult because it going to be really hard to know when we have improved. We do intend, though, to take a real shot at a couple of items.

22 The issue of dealing better with

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claimant-provided information is a 1 really 2 sticky one. And that is going to take a lot 3 of effort and probably some significant process change with our contractor. 4 So that's going to be difficult. We haven't really 5 б thought that one through very much.

7 With respect to our communication to other people, the things we write, we are 8 9 doing some rewrites. We have started 10 rewriting some of our standard communications. And these are usually the cover letters that 11 go with certain decision points. 12 The ones we have done so far are in the SEC process. 13

I just made a few notes because if 14 15 there are -- hold this one. Okay. So now I 16 am holding a phone, holding a microphone, working the slides, and reading from my notes. 17 So this will get really rough at this point. 18 19 If you guys knew how hard it is for me just to get through life, you know, how badly 20 coordinated I am, this is asking a lot. 21

22 There are these software routines

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1 that you can run on a file that you have 2 written, document you have written. And Word 3 has one. I think Adobe might have one that tells you a readability measure 4 of that And it's based largely on word 5 document. б length and sentence length. And so we ran some of our standard documents through that 7 before revision. 8

9 Oh, okay. Now I have an 10 assistant. I have one less thing to do.

For instance, the letter that we 11 12 send someone who is going to be in an 83.14 13 SEC situation, where we say, "We're not able to reconstruct your dose," the inability to 14 15 reconstruct letter, before we rewrote it, the 16 reading level on that from the software was 17 16.8, meaning you have to have a Master's degree to understand what we are 18 talking 19 about. When we rewrote it, it's at 12.5. So 20 we kind of got it back down to high school 21 level, which is what we're supposed to be 22 shooting for.

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So we have rewritten that letter; 1 2 the acknowledgement of the, I think it is the 3 acknowledgment of the case; the call consult summary. So this is when a person submits an 4 SEC petition, we have a consult call with them 5 to see if in case there are deficiencies with 6 the petition remedy. 7 Then we send them a letter that is the outcome of that consult 8 That one has been rewritten. call. That was 9 10 at a 13.7. That's now 12.1.

telling 11 Α letter someone а 12 petition is administratively closed was written at college level. Now it's at about 13 junior in high school level. 14

So we have gone through a series of these. We have gone through a series of these and managed to move them all down at least to the 12 and a fraction. So none of these 6 documents that we have rewritten that pertain to the SEC process are higher than 12 point something at least at this point.

22 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: If nothing else

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serves to distract you, Stu, we will start
 throwing tomatoes.

3 HINNEFELD: Why not? And we MR. several communications in the 4 have dose reconstruction process are on the 5 slate to б rewrite as well, but they have not been 7 revised yet.

wanted thing Ι 8 One to speak briefly about -- and I don't want to go too 9 10 much longer because we are running out of time. availability of 11 And that is the 12 information to the public. And the specific 13 Ι took this was information that's way 14 discussed at Work Group meetings because that 15 is the comment I have heard specifically about 16 how difficult it is for a member of the public who calls into a Work Group meeting to follow 17 a discussion of a White Paper, for instance, 18 19 that has been shared and that is being talked 20 about at a Work Group meeting when they don't even have the paper, you know, it is not 21 available. 22

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Now frequently these are exchanged right before the meeting, which means that we are going to have a hard time making those public. But if you have White Papers that are exchanged some period of time ahead and can have a Privacy Act review done, then there's no reason why those can't be available.

And so we're trying to build a 8 place on the website, our public 9 process, 10 website, where people could go to identify the technical documents that 11 are going to be 12 discussed on today's Work Group meeting, 13 probably be on the Work Group meeting page. And then you would have 14 You have the agenda. 15 the documents to be discussed, probably either 16 at the same place or linkable.

With timeliness, I'll just mention it had to do -- the timeliness objectives had to do with valuing reworks more highly than new claims. You want to try to get them out quicker. And we have adopted criteria like that for our contractor.

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For their -- criteria, there is a 1 2 shorter deadline on reworks than there is on 3 new ones provided that we have all of the information on the rework. We don't need to 4 another exposure history request 5 make or б something.

7 I think I will slip past SECs.
8 The actions on this are pretty
9 self-explanatory, although not easy to do.

10 We have selected an existing Evaluation Report to use to go through that 11 12 existing Evaluation Report to try to write "Where are the decision points?" and then for 13 the purpose of deciding what is a science 14 15 decision and what is a policy decision. Ι 16 don't know if we can do that or not. I don't 17 know that we're smart enough to do that, but we're going to give it a try. 18

I just wanted to say a word about the health physics bias question. The wording, the words "health physics bias" kind of put me on edge a little bit. Now I always

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remember, though, that I kind of agree with
 this.

And I'm thinking not here of a bias for or against because "bias" normally has a negative term. I'm thinking here of our filters that we bring to a question.

A health physicist through your 7 whole career, you are handed a 8 set of 9 information and you -- solve the problem. And 10 you solve the problem. You have an answer. know, you write down what 11 You the are 12 assumptions, what are the things, but you get 13 an answer.

Well, when you are in an SEC situation and your question is, "What is the dose?" and you get a set of information, your tendency is, "Well, here is the answer. You know, I'll write you an answer."

And the judgment about is this really a sufficient amount of information to make that answer, you know, until we start doing this, we don't even think about that

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very much. Sometimes you would, but normally
 you would come up with an answer.

3 So at this point in this program 4 we're asked to make that additional question 5 of not only can you get an answer, but is it a 6 good answer? Do you have enough information 7 to really make a good answer. And the "good," 8 you know, "sufficiently accurate," is sort of 9 an ill-defined term.

10 So that is the way I read when 11 somebody says there is a health physics bias 12 to our work. That is the way I read that. I 13 don't think of it as a negative. I think of 14 it as a reality, an occupational reality that 15 we bring because of our experience.

16 The quality of science issues, we 17 are embarking on those. We have selected at 18 least one site to try a validation study on. 19 And we are starting to design that validation 20 study of our -- I think that's a coworker 21 approach, yes, a validation of the coworker 22 approach at Savannah River. So we have at

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least selected that. And there are other
 things along here.

Action plans are always rather fluid because you start something and it doesn't work and you may have to try something else or you can't get to where you thought you were. So we have action plans.

8 We kind of keep those in-house 9 since they are so dynamic and we don't want to 10 set expectations too firmly because we're not 11 exactly sure we've got it all figured out yet 12 in terms of how we are going to solve all of 13 these things.

14 So I'll try and answer any 15 questions anybody has about anything I said or 16 anything I didn't say.

17 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Thank you, Stu.
18 And thank you for dealing with the technical
19 issues also. Appreciate that.

20 Any Board Members have questions 21 for -- yes? Phil, then Paul.

22 MEMBER SCHOFIELD: Stu, I have got

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a question. I would like to see a breakdown 1 of the different ICD-9 codes versus level of 2 3 exposures for claimants. Do you have that data broken down? 4 MR. HINNEFELD: Exposure for? 5 In б other words, target organ? Like 7 MEMBER SCHOFIELD: the different cancer types versus the exposure 8 people received. 9 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: 10 The Probability 11 of Causation you mean? 12 MEMBER SCHOFIELD: Yes, for each 13 different cancer. 14 HINNEFELD: That is on our MR. 15 website. If you're looking at --16 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: I think the 17 Board --MR. HINNEFELD: Is it Probability 18 19 of Causation or is it actually outcome? It's 20 compensable versus non-compensable outcome. On our website, there is a report -- it's 21 probably a couple of years old by now, it was 22

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1 current as of that time -- that gave percent 2 of claims compensable by ICD -- or by -- it 3 was either by target organ or ICD-9 code. 4 And, actually, I guess it's actually by IREP 5 model, which ties to ICD-9 code. They're on 6 there. The ICD-9 code is covered by each IREP 7 model or on there.

8 So that's there. We have not done 9 a similar compilation for dose per organ I 10 don't think. So I'm trying to visualize if we 11 could do that or not. I'm not exactly sure 12 that would be as straightforward.

You see, those numbers aren't necessarily databased. The dose numbers aren't necessarily databased and conveniently obtainable the way the PoC numbers are.

17 Okay. Paul?

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Stu, I certainly 18 MEMBER ZIEMER: 19 agree that evaluating the cost of doing best 20 estimate versus overestimate is very much worth looking at. At the same time I've often 21 felt 22 that still have a communications we

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problem, particularly if one made the decision in our cases where you're going to do the overestimate. And it seems to me that in parallel with that effort, we still need to look at how we communicate that.

6 Something has got to happen at the 7 front end when you do an overestimate so that 8 people know that if something occurs where 9 we're looking at a second cancer or some other 10 factor, that it's highly likely that the real 11 value is going to be lower.

don't know how we communicate 12 Т 13 that well, but it may be something similar to what you talked about with the words and the 14 length of the sentences and the level of 15 16 understanding. We obviously aren't communicating it very well now. 17

And it may be that if you found 18 19 that there is not а real qood cost-effectiveness in eliminating overestimate 20 completely, we still need to look at that 21 communication thing. 22

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1 It is very troubling to people. I 2 mean, it is counterintuitive that if I get a 3 second cancer, my probability has gone down. 4 It's just something. We just need to look at 5 that communication issue.

6 MR. HINNEFELD: Well, we have gone through a couple of evolutions of language in 7 the front of the dose reconstruction report 8 9 about that. I say that now. I think I was thinking about readability scores 10 a minute 11 ago.

12 The dose reconstruction report 13 itself is a little intimidating to read. And what we call the first part of the 14 dose 15 reconstruction actually is about page 3 after 16 you get through the first 2 pages, which is boilerplate, the same in every one. 17

18 So the dose reconstruction report 19 is one of the documents we have got on the 20 list to rewrite. It's probably the most 21 complicated rewrite. And so we have done some 22 things on that.

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1 But I think you are right. Some 2 improvement in that communication of an 3 overestimate might be better. And our thought about revising the dose reconstruction report 4 is to break it in a package of pieces. 5 It could very well that if we can 6 find the right piece, whether it be the cover 7 letter or something that would be specific for 8 an overestimate, we might be able to get that 9 10 message in front of people a little better. The is in the 11 dose message 12 reconstruction report, but I'm afraid that the 13 dose reconstruction report is a difficult place to communicate that because it's not an 14 15 easy thing to get through in general. 16 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes, David? 17 MEMBER RICHARDSON: I am trying to think through the process a little bit and one 18 19 of the points of kind of difficulty. I agree 20 with you. If you can't do the best estimate, then using an overestimate creates a problem 21 of communication.

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And I'm wondering if one of 1 the 2 issues of communication, of one the 3 difficulties of communication arises because is communicated 4 what is а probability, а quantitative estimate of Probability of 5 а Causation when, in fact, you have done no more б than ballpark it. And then somebody gets back 7 something which is a different quantitative 8 9 result, where you have actually tried to 10 calculate something.

mean, what is the requirement 11 Ι for communicating to people something when you 12 have actually just ball parked it? 13 I mean, would it not be enough to say, "we haven't 14 15 gone through a full dose reconstruction, but 16 our judgment is that it is not going to exceed the threshold for compensation" or are you 17 18 required to report а numerical value, 19 regardless of what you have done?

20 MR. HINNEFELD: I will have to 21 communicate with my DOL counterparts for that, 22 Department of Labor counterparts. Our dose

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1 reconstruction always says, you know, "It's 2 not going to meet the threshold" or "It 3 appears that it will meet the threshold."

That's all we say. The Department 4 Labor, does the Probability 5 of who of б Causation calculation, reports the value to the claimant. So that communication you are 7 describing would have to be a change to their 8 process. And I don't know, really, what their 9 10 requirements are.

suspect we will have to have 11 Ι that conversation outside the room. 12 I doubt that that is something -- if you ask me that 13 14 question and Ι them, Ι wouldn't were 15 necessarily know what I would be able to say. 16 So we will have to have that conversation 17 with them outside the room.

RICHARDSON: 18 MEMBER Т mean, Ι 19 don't know in the sense of openness what is the best thing. I think it is good to share 20 as much information as you can with people, 21 22 but the problem is you are communicating

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different types of information of different 1 2 quality. And I think that is also part of the 3 issue. MR. HINNEFELD: Yes. 4 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. 5 Paul, б we'll give you the last word. Well, I am always 7 MEMBER ZIEMER: willing to give the Department of Labor my 8 usual kick. 9 And that is don't report 10 overestimates to two decimal places. And that is where I will stop. 11 12 MR. HINNEFELD: We are working on 13 that on our end, too, Paul. We are working on 14 that on our end. 15 MEMBER ZIEMER: Don't report them 16 to one decimal place. 17 MR. HINNEFELD: We are working on I can talk to you about that when we get 18 it. 19 a chance. I'll tell you what we're thinking of. 20 Aside from a 21 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: decimal point, I would just add I think it is 22

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1 very hard to report -- not report a number to 2 people when you have set this threshold of 50 3 percent. And they are going to want to know 4 _ _ How close 5 MR. HINNEFELD: Yes. б was I? Right. 7 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. We have all gotten grades in school for too long and 8 test scores and so forth. 9 You want the 10 number, not the --11 MR. HINNEFELD: Yes. 12 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: We're running a little bit behind. I don't think there are 13 any more outstanding questions. So thank you, 14 15 Stu and Lew. And we will move on. 16 Next we will have a program update from the Department of Labor. And Rachel 17 Leiton is here. 18 19 MS. LEITON: Good morning. I'm 20 glad to be here today to talk a little bit about what is going on with us at DOL. 21 22 I'm not going to run through all

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the normal slides we run through. I'm just 1 2 going to briefly talk about the fact that it 3 was enacted in 2000 with Part B and Part D. Part D was administered by the Department of 4 workers 5 Energy state compensation as а б assistance program.

7 The amendments in October of 2004 8 created Part E and transferred all of the 9 cases that were with DOE to Department of 10 Labor as a federal entitlement program. Part 11 E does not involve NIOSH. So I won't really 12 be talking much about Part E.

13 Overall in the last ten years, we 14 just celebrated our ten-year anniversary of We have had 146,000 cases filed 15 the program. 16 with over \$7.3 billion in total compensation. And that's lot 17 а more than thev had originally expected in this program. 18 So I 19 think that's guite an accomplishment.

20 We do work with three other 21 agencies, the Department of Energy that helps 22 with employment verification; of course, HHS,

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NIOSH; and the Department of Justice, which
 assists us with information on the Radiation
 Exposure Compensation Act, which is something
 that we cover those individuals.

5 We have district offices in 6 Washington -- well, our final adjudication is 7 in Washington, D.C. along with the national 8 office. We have district office locations in 9 Jacksonville, Cleveland, Denver, and Seattle.

10 This is just a brief breakdown of Thirty-six percent go to 11 our Part B cases. 12 We have 36 percent that are other NIOSH. 13 cases, such as beryllium disease likely. RECA is ten percent. And SEC cases that have never 14 15 been sent to NIOSH are nine percent. Those 16 would be new incoming. And then SEC cases referred to NIOSH would be nine percent. 17 That's those that would have gone, come back 18 19 before dose reconstruction likely.

Thus far, there have been 2,976 cases withdrawn from NIOSH for an SEC Class review. We have issued 2,617 final decisions.

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1 Of those, 2,530 have been final approvals; 19 2 recommended decisions thus far with no final 3 decision at the moment. We have 72 cases 4 pending for SEC review. And we have closed 5 260 cases after review upon determination that 6 they would not fit in the Class.

7 I'm just going to talk a little 8 bit about our SEC Class implementation, what 9 DOL does, how we coordinate with DOE, DOL, 10 NIOSH. And I think somebody had requested 11 that we just walk through this again. We may 12 have mentioned it in the past.

13 Initially NIOSH sends the 14 Department of Labor a letter sharing their 15 draft language about the possible SEC Class. 16 That usually occurs a couple of weeks, few 17 weeks before NIOSH presents the SEC Class to 18 the Board.

When we get that letter, we look at it. We try to determine whether we think we can administer it with the Definition that's in the proposed Class. We will then

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send a letter to NIOSH with our comments.

2 think that this process We has 3 helped improve some of the consistency and the fairness of claims adjudication. 4 There are so many complications that can occur with some of 5 these definitions, whether we think we can б administer what DOE can give us. 7 So I think this process has really 8 helped that. It also helps to speed the 9 10 process of determining which cases might be part of the Class. 11 12 We do not comment on whether a 13 Class should be created because that is not 14 really our role. We just help with any 15 information that might be helpful to NIOSH in 16 coming up with a Definition in terms of 17 whether we can administer the Class. After we have come up with a --18 19 NIOSH has developed a Definition, we will produce a draft circular. 20 That circular is produced after the recommendation has been 21

22 made to the Board on the new SEC Class

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Definition. We share that draft with NIOSH to 1 2 determine whether they think we have kind of 3 captured the right information in terms of the SEC Class Definition. 4

And we used to do bulletins, which 5 б was a very lengthy -- bulletin is slightly different from a circular in that a bulletin 7 is procedural step-by-step guidance for the 8 claims examiners. А circular is 9 more 10 informational. Since we have been doing so many of these now, these Classes, and our 11 12 claims examiners are pretty familiar with the 13 actual process that's laid out in terms of 14 adjudication, now we just have a circular 15 which basically says, "Here's the Definition. 16 Here are the dates." And they fill in what they need to. And I think that's kind of 17 speeding along the process in terms of getting 18 19 these circulars and this information to the claims examiners. 20

The circulars are based 21 on the reasons for the new SEC Class and the 22 SEC

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Class Definition. 1 They are taken directly 2 from the NIOSH SEC Petition Evaluation Report. 3 of procedures used Many our are when evaluating the claims. They're the same, as I 4 indicated. Our bulletins have laid that out. 5 б So our process is pretty streamlined at this 7 point.

discussed 8 As have on many we occasions, SEC Classes 9 may not cover all 10 workers. And, as you know, it can be limited by monitoring status, saying what is monitored 11 or should have been monitored, limited by work 12 location; division; or buildings; for example, 13 14 AMES and LANL; any tech area that might be 15 specified in a Definition.

16 Sometimes it's limited by job Again, AMES Lab sheet metal workers, 17 titles. Iowa Ordnance Plant radiographers. And other 18 19 times it's limited by certain processes or operations, 20 like the Iowa Ordnance Plant 21 Process Area 1.

22 DOL relies on DOE records, as I

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indicated, to place people in certain buildings, certain areas. And that's why when we get a proposed Class Definition from NIOSH, we will go immediately to DOE in certain circumstances or we will rely on our own personal experience with obtaining records.

But we'll go to DOE and say, "Do 7 you have records? Can you help us place these 8 individuals in the 9 Class that is being 10 proposed as a Definition?" Oftentimes they can't. And so that is what we will tell NIOSH 11 when we have that information. 12

includes in the circular a 13 DOT list of the records that can be used. 14 So if 15 we do know that there is a list or there is 16 something that NIOSH can give us that will help administer the Class, that's included in 17 our Definition in our circular to our claims 18 19 examiners when they are trying to adjudicate these claims. 20

21 Once HHS's letter to Congress 22 regarding the SEC petition is sent, our

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circular is then placed on our website. And after it goes through our concurrence process, which is usually pretty quick on these, it goes through our upper management and then to OWCP, which is our second layer. And then our Office of the Solicitor usually -- often will review these as well.

8 Our goal is to have the circular 9 finalized by the time the SEC becomes 10 effective. And we have been able to do that 11 in just about every occasion.

We also have another goal that is designed to make sure that we get recommended decisions out within the first 90 days after an SEC is established.

Again, we have been successful at doing that. Oftentimes it's about 60 days. So that has been a goal of ours. And I have been happy that we have been able to do it as quickly as we have.

21 With regard to NIOSH referral 22 status, 35,000 cases have been referred to

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1 NIOSH for dose reconstruction. Thirty-two 2 thousand, nine hundred and seven have been 3 returned by NIOSH that are currently at DOL, 28,000 with a dose reconstruction, about 4,000 4 without a dose reconstruction; 2,470 cases 5 б that are currently at NIOSH. One thousand, 7 eight hundred and twenty-three are initial referrals to NIOSH, and 647 are reworks or 8 returns to NIOSH. And I am going to talk in a 9 10 bit about what the breakdown of those returns to NIOSH are, why we returned them to NIOSH. 11 12 That was another request I think we received. So we will talk a little bit about that. 13

14 Twenty-eight thousand, eight 15 hundred and ten cases were returned by NIOSH 16 that are currently at DOL with a dose reconstruction. And of our final decisions, 17 23,941 cases have one. 18

19 Again, our approval rate is just it 20 about the has same as been on dose-reconstructed cases. It's 35 percent 21 22 approval rate and 65 percent denial rate.

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1 Of the cases that we do accept, we 2 have accepted 7,837 dose reconstruction cases. 3 Again, this is just Part B; SEC cases about double that, 14,000. And then we've got these 4 cases that are accepted based on an SEC status 5 б and a PoC. Sometimes we will have a specified 7 cancer and non-specified cancer. So it will qo through both processes. And we've got 8 9 about 638 payees on that.

10 And then all accepted SEC and 11 dose-reconstructed cases are 22,000 cases, 12 which represents 35,145 payees.

13 We have been working with NIOSH 14 and with Department of Energy on a joint 15 outreach task group. That was developed last 16 And basically we meet on a regular year. basis. And the individual, the groups that 17 are involved are our division, the Office of 18 19 the Ombudsman for EEOICPA and for NIOSH, 20 NIOSH; the Workers Medical DOE Former Screening Program; and, of course, DOE. 21

22 We have monthly conference calls

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1 trying to determine where we should go, what
2 we should be doing, what types of outreach,
3 joint materials we can be sending out just to
4 represent the entire group.

5 In fiscal year 2011, we have had 6 town hall meetings in Kansas City plant, Oak 7 Ridge, Savannah River site, Fermi National 8 Accelerator Lab, and Argonne National Lab 9 East. And we have also been working on a town 10 hall meeting video.

As I indicated, we have done some 11 pamphlets jointly, but this video is something 12 we were thinking we could put on the websites 13 of NIOSH, DOE, DOL, our resource centers. 14 And it's kind of like our regular town hall 15 16 meeting format, but it's something they can just download and they can present 17 it to claimants as needed. 18

19 So that's something we have been 20 working on. And hopefully we'll have it 21 completed maybe by the end of the fiscal year, 22 something along there, end of calendar year

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1 maybe.

2	SEC outreach specifically, we have
3	conducted six town hall meetings and eight
4	traveling resource centers during fiscal years
5	'10 and '11. The traveling resource centers
6	are not as big as town hall meetings, and they
7	are usually for the smaller SEC Classes.
8	If they're really small SEC
9	Classes and we find that we don't have a lot
10	of claimants that might be affected, we'll do
11	press releases and that sort of outreach.
12	We have also at DOL been trying to
13	reach out to some areas where we are not sure
14	that people are aware of the program. So we
15	did a little analysis of facilities where
16	there have been less than 50 claims filed. We
17	identified several of them. Most of them are
18	AWE facilities. And we have just been
19	concentrating our efforts of notifying those
20	individuals of the program through press
21	releases, reaching out to unions, and using
22	our Resource Center staff.

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1 Ruttenber. We have finally come 2 to some conclusions on the Ruttenber database. 3 The database created from the was epidemiological studies conducted 4 by the Ruttenber team at the Colorado Department of 5 6 Public Health and the Environment. And we 7 have been analyzing this for several years now in terms of whether we could use this database 8 for the Rocky Flats plant SEC Class. 9

10 The Ruttenber study relied on the dosimetry records provided by the Rocky Flats 11 radiation protection department to calculate 12 unmonitored neutron dose. And we decided we 13 will be able to use the database as a resource 14 for our claims examiner adjudicating Rocky 15 16 Flats plant claims, placing them in the Class in terms of if they're in one of the buildings 17 that are listed in the Class and they are in 18 19 the Ruttenber database, then we're going to go 20 ahead and use that as a resource for placing them in the Class. 21

In addition, we will look at the

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database to determine if there is evidence of
 100 millirem or more of exposure, using that
 to place them in the Class.

Now a preliminary review of this 4 is that there aren't a lot of cases that are 5 6 on the Ruttenber that are not on the NDRP, 7 which is what we already use. But it will be used in incoming cases. We will be looking at 8 cases that we have had in our database that 9 10 may have been denied for an employment reason to see if they're in that database. 11

12 The DOL implementation of the Ames 13 Laboratory SEC Class during the July 11th, 14 2011 Board telephone meeting, NIOSH proposed 15 an SEC Class for all workers for the period 16 from January 1st, 1942 through December 31st, 17 1970, based on the inability to bound internal 18 thorium and other radionuclide exposures.

19 I know you guys are going to be 20 talking about this on Thursday. Unfortunately, Jeff Kotsch and Ι have to 21 22 return on Thursday. So I'm just going to

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briefly go over what our thoughts are on this process and what we might be able to administer in terms of what the Definition is going to mean for us.

This Class subsumed three already 5 б existing SEC Classes. The Board deferred a decision, hoping to get additional details 7 from us on who might be covered in terms of 8 all university employees would 9 whether be 10 covered, whether that includes non-technical personnel, housekeeping, et cetera. 11

12 I wanted to just go over briefly 13 again what the statutory definition of a DOE contractor employee is. And that's any of the 14 15 following: an individual who is or was in residence at a DOE facility as a researcher 16 for one or more periods, aggregating at least 17 That means that if you were a 18 24 months. researcher, you were working very specifically 19 20 on a very specific project at the facility and you had to have been there for 24 months as 21 part of a project. So that wouldn't cover 22

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1 just any old professor who walks into the 2 site.

3 Then the other of the part definition, it could be an individual who is 4 or was employed at a DOE facility by an entity 5 provide б that contracted with the DOE to 7 management and operating, management and integration, or environmental remediation at 8 the facility or a contractor or subcontractor 9 that provided services, including construction 10 and maintenance at the facility. 11

12 What that means is that they had to have done work for DOE and they had to have 13 been under contract specifically for DOE to do 14 15 these specific things. And if they weren't, 16 then they're not going to be covered. So this would preclude just any old worker that was at 17 the university, like a professor, 18 like a 19 housekeeper, unless they could establish that 20 they were under a very specific contract, that they worked at those very specific Ames 21 22 locations that were part of Ames. They're not

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going to be just generally covered under our
 program. So those are the things we look for
 and we will look for when administering any
 sort of Class at Ames.

5 Before I go on, do you have 6 questions about this?

7 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: By the way, I was hoping that slide came out of some email 8 correspondence that we all had, including DOE 9 also and Stu and Rachel, late last week. 10 So I'm going to try to get some clarification on 11 this without -- I think it's hard for DOL to 12 say about a specific employee without sort of 13 knowing the contracts and the circumstances. 14 But I thought this was sort of helpful in sort 15 16 of pinning down.

And I think we also reached out to DOE very late last week. I don't know if they had time to respond yet. But also if we knew what the contracts were, that would be helpful also. But I thought this by itself sort of helped to at least help us understand who

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1 might be covered under this.

2	Paul, is that helpful to you or
3	MEMBER ZIEMER: Yes, I think that
4	is helpful. I suppose the question would be
5	under the contract, for example, if the
б	contract calls on the university to provide
7	maintenance or housekeeping, is that the kind
8	of contract you are looking for without naming
9	
10	MS. LEITON: Well, I mean, it's
11	MEMBER ZIEMER: the general
12	contract?
13	MS. LEITON: It would have to be a
14	management operating again, it really
15	depends on what they're doing, management and
16	integration or environmental remediation, but
17	it's not necessarily somebody that just comes
18	in and does cleaning there at the facility.
19	Okay?
20	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. Thank you.
21	MS. LEITON: Thanks.
22	I wanted to talk just a minute

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about our GPRA goals. In the past many years, we have focused on initial processing, time that it takes DOL to process a claim to the recommended decision, and then the time to process from the recommended decision to final decision.

7 Our goals up to this point have excluded NIOSH time. One of the initiatives 8 administration that we have been 9 of the 10 looking at doing in fiscal year '12 is creating a GPRA goal that would include NIOSH 11 time. 12

Now this would require close coordination with NIOSH. And it's kind of in the preliminary stages, but I wanted to put it out there as a possibility.

What it does is kind of breaks out cases that go to NIOSH versus the cases that don't go to NIOSH and the cases that go to a hearing and don't go to a hearing. So we'll be talking further with NIOSH about that possibility.

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1 This is just a summary of the 2 reasons for returning cases to NIOSH for a 3 rework. That the main reasons are that there may be a change in the cancer or the ICD-9 4 code, a decrease in reported cancers. Usually 5 6 those are cancers that were over 50 percent. 7 We have to return them because there was misreported. 8

An increase in reported cancer; a 9 10 change in the cancer diagnosis date; change in 11 smoking history race/ethnicity or questionnaires; employment site issues, like 12 they were at different sites and we had to 13 update that; additional verified employment; 14 decrease in verified employment; new survivors 15 16 identified; other administrative issues, like we had the wrong Social Security number or 17 wrong date of birth; and technical issues. 18

19 Sometimes we'll have a final 20 decision that will make a change, a remand, or 21 we'll have a reopening decision, we have 22 reopened a case and we have to send it back to

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NIOSH for something that came up at a hearing,
 for example.

And this is just a breakout. The biggest reason is the increase in reported cancers. That's 45 percent. And then the addition of verified employment is 25 percent. And then new survivors identified I think is about 13 percent.

9 Is that correct? Am I looking at 10 that wrong? That's okay, he said. I think 11 the 45 percent is the highest, though, right? 12 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Well, that's the 13 "Other."

That's the "Other." 14 MS. LEITON: 15 Okay. I'm sorry. It's not the highest --16 these colors are confusing me. Forty-five percent is the other reasons. And then I 17 think 25 percent must be the new survivors 18 19 identified. So that's not the highest. The 20 table will give you more specifics. These colors are messing with me. 21

22 We've had 33,000 final decisions

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to approve, 23,000 final decisions to deny.
 As you can see here, the survivor not eligible
 is the smallest amount. And the PoC less than
 50 percent is the largest amount.

This just the trend of 5 is the б cases that we receive on a monthly basis. As 7 you can see, it's pretty much steady. It goes up and down, fluctuates a little bit, but this 8 year we've been pretty steady on the amount 9 10 we've received per month.

Any other stats that we have, we have some stats out on the slides and that we have sent forward that go over certain of the highest SEC Classes. Some of the stats that have been submitted before I just didn't want to go over them in this presentation, but they are available if anyone is interested.

18 Questions?

19 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Thank you.

20 Questions?

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21 MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes. One on the 22 Rocky Flats. Has that been developed out in

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1 the bulletin or --

2 MS. LEITON: No. We're working on made the determination. 3 that We've now. We've got a draft bulletin out. 4 We hope to qet it through our legal and through our 5 process, but it is a decision that has been б made. And that bulletin I hope to have out in 7 the next month or so. 8 still, 9 GRIFFON: But Ι MEMBER 10 mean, I'm just seeing this now, but it still concern about 11 remains а how you identify 12 people in that database based on that 100 13 millirem because part of our reason for establishing the Class was that we couldn't 14 rely on the neutron data. 15 So then you're 16 going to use that as a determiner.

I don't quite follow that logic. I mean, the idea is that they received or could have received the 100 millirem. That is kind of a current day criteria for including someone in the monitoring program.

22 But there are values in the

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1 database. I'm not sure. I mean, by 2 establishing this Class, we sort of said that 3 we're concerned that they're not reliable. So 4 I don't understand.

5 MS. LEITON: Well, I understand 6 that there has been some indication that it's 7 not reliable, but we've never gotten concrete 8 evidence that it's not reliable enough for us 9 to use in administering this Class.

10 There are values in there that say over 100 millirem. And that's why we went 11 12 forward with this. You know, we have not had 13 anybody say that very specifically this cannot be used, should not be used scientifically. 14 That's not been something that we've -- we've 15 16 asked this question, and we have not gotten that answer. So that's why we went forward 17 with this. 18

DR. NETON: This is Jim Neton. I might just offer I think the NDRP data was a subject of the neutron doses not being reliable, but I don't think anybody was saying

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1 that the Ruttenber data was -- nothing was 2 unreliable. It might be overly conservative, 3 high, because of the way that the doses were But I don't think there was any 4 imputed. discussion about the Ruttenber database being 5 б unreliable as far as the addition of the It was all based on the NDRP data. 7 Class.

8 MEMBER GRIFFON: You are correct, 9 Jim. And we don't have to do this here, but 10 I'm not clear whether there's a lot of 11 similarities between those two databases.

I thought the big difference with Ruttenber was the addition of some employees that were not in the NDRP, that they made decisions based on work, job title, things like that, not necessarily the numerical value. I thought they were consistent with NDRP, but we can talk more on --

MS. LEITON: And they may be in terms of that. As I said, we will be using it for the buildings. And so far we really haven't seen that much discrepancy between

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1 those that are in the NDRP and those in 2 Ruttenber. 3 Other questions? 4 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Any other questions? 5 б (No response.) 7 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Thank you very much. 8 9 MS. LEITON: Thank you. 10 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: We will now hear 11 from the Department of Energy. 12 DR. WORTHINGTON: Good morning. 13 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Welcome. 14 DR. WORTHINGTON: I'm very pleased 15 to be here before the Board today. I have 16 Greg Lewis with me and Isaf with me as well as part of the DOE team. 17 It's been a few meetings since I 18 19 was here. I wanted to bring you some words 20 from Mr. Podonsky and from myself by actually being here before the Board. 21 We want to 22 remind people of commitment and our our

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interest in this program. It's certainly one
 that is a high priority to us.

3 Т want to follow on what NIOSH said about sort of budget. 4 These are very interesting times across the U.S. on a lot of 5 б programs. And this is one of our high 7 priority programs. We are always looking at ways of how we could be more innovative and 8 more efficient and also looking for ways to 9 10 protect funding for this program so that we can provide very important information. 11

I could stick on that 12 Τf slide 13 just for a moment? One of the reasons that I 14 wanted to appear before the Board and just 15 remind ourselves and remind people here and as 16 well as some of the workers that have come out today, that we are focused on why we are doing 17 this work. 18

We understand that it is on behalf of the claimants. And so we want to do the very best job that we possibly can to make information available for worker and facility

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records and to coordinate with DOL and NIOSH
 and the Advisory Board.

3 DOE's responsibility, you heard from the works of NIOSH and DOL. And we want 4 to just remind people and remind ourselves of 5 б our responsibility. Certainly to the claimants that we have sort of three kinds of 7 things that we're trying to do. 8

9 We want to respond to the other 10 organizations to make sure that they can carry responsibilities 11 out their by providing 12 employment verification exposure records. That's critical. You have heard about that 13 from the others as well. 14

We do work very hard with DOL and 15 16 NIOSH and the Board on providing information large-scale research site 17 on and characterization projects. 18 Some of these 19 things are huge. And we realize the 20 importance of DOE being active and supportive because the work was done at DOE. We have the 21 We have information. 22 records. And we want to

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1 make sure that we provide it and move forward. 2 And, again, we want to coordinate 3 with DOL and NIOSH on issues related to 4 covered facilities designation. It's always 5 important to revisit those things when it's 6 appropriate.

7 A little bit about sort of our 8 site contacts and the importance of the site 9 contacts. Again, we believe that the role of 10 DOE is huge and it's important.

And we have to carry out those things. But we do it in partnership with others. And I want to talk about our DOE EEOICPA site POCs. Greg works with them on a regular basis. And they help us to carry out these critical activities.

For example, I had a lot of feedback from this site about the tours that were conducted. That is important to make sure that you are out there and you're seeing that information.

22 We hear that at all of the sites

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that we go to it's really important for us to continue to work with the sites to deliver the things that are needed. Again, it's nothing like eyes on, being on the ground and looking at what is going on.

6 For some of you that have been involved for a long time, for example, with 7 these sites, we are kind of seeing sort of the 8 changes that have occurred and the changes in 9 10 the landscape and the activities, but it doesn't in any way diminish the work that the 11 workers did on the things that we're looking 12 13 for now. So on-site source, be open to information to workers certainly is a critical 14 thing that we're doing. 15

16 I'm actually going to turn over pretty soon to Greq, who will qive 17 you specific information on staff and the things 18 19 that they are doing to implement this program. You will see numbers here about the kinds of 20 things that we do. 21

22 Greg will come up now. He's

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Director of the office, having responsibility 1 2 for EEOICPA and the Former Workers Program. 3 DOL mentioned that program before. But, again, we are very worker advocate-focused. 4 And so Greg will give you some stats on that. 5 And then the three of us will be 6 7 available to answer any questions that you may have about the program. 8 9 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Thank you. Thanks, Pat. 10 MR. LEWIS: I just want to reiterate with what 11 Pat said as far as putting claimants first and 12 13 doing what we can to get the right records and information over to DOL and NIOSH, the site 14 15 POCs are really the backbone of that. You 16 know, we at headquarters do what we can, but effective leadership out of 17 without these sites, so it's not possible. 18 19 So POC out at Hanford, Gail Splett 20 is one of our best. And she does a great job out at Hanford with, you know, all of the 21 needs in NIOSH and DOL. 22

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1 In fact, recently we have just 2 completed indexing project she started an 3 about two months aqo. We identified а collection of records that wasn't indexed to 4 the level that allowed us to quickly search 5 б and find the right information for DOL and 7 NIOSH.

8 So she gathered a team of people 9 on site that were already working for various 10 contractors. And they had experience on site 11 and with the records, and actually brought 12 them in under a separate subcontractor and was 13 working weekends.

You know, they needed some extra money, those workers. They were willing to do it and brought them in on weekends for two months and got this thing finished and indexed and out and are now using it to provide information.

20 So it's things like that that we 21 wouldn't be able to do. We wouldn't know that 22 the people on site are -- how we could marshal

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those workers to get this done without the
 leadership of these POCs.

3 So have aqain three main we responsibilities under 4 the program. We provide individual records. We 5 provide б large-scale research efforts, or help large-scale research efforts, like the SECs. 7 And we do site research for the covered 8 facilities list. 9

So the first is the 10 individual We do about 7,000 11 records. employment verifications a year; 4,000 NIOSH requests per 12 year; and about 7,000 document acquisition 13 14 which requests, or DARs, per year, are requests for additional 15 kind of exposure 16 information over and above the RAD and the 17 employment verification.

And those add up to about 18,000, which is what we are expecting to do this fiscal year, which ends in about another month.

22 Next slide. To gather this

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1 information, it is not as straightforward as 2 going to one file cabinet and pulling the 3 information for, you know, Bob Smith. We have 4 to go to a number. For active sites, in 5 particular, we have to go to a number of 6 different locations.

7 We may have to go to multiple DOE 8 sites for one individual if they worked at 9 multiple sites or if they were visitors, they 10 worked at one site but were sent for weeks or 11 months at a time to another site for a special 12 project.

You know, often for one individual, we will provide hundreds of pages or even thousands of pages of a box or two of records on one individual for those that had a particularly long career.

Next slide. I think I covered the 18 19 first bullet there, but the second bullet, you 20 our sites often check 10, 20, know, 30 locations for records, including 21 different hard copy, paper files, different databases, 22

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1 microfilm, microfiche.

2 may have to go on site to We 3 various active divisions or records locations. We may also have to go off site to federal 4 records centers or other off-site 5 storage б locations. So it can be a fairly complex process. And that's again why we rely on our 7 site POCs. 8

So the second main responsibility 9 10 that we have under the program is the large-scale records research projects, 11 like the SEC projects, Site Profile reviews or even 12 13 the Department of Labor Site Exposure Matrix 14 Project.

15 These projects can be very 16 involved. They can take years, cost а 17 significant amount of money to support. So we do our best to make sure that we have our 18 19 resources in the right place to be able to 20 accommodate these projects and requests in a timely manner and to meet the needs of NIOSH 21 and DOL. 22

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1 For these projects, we often, 2 depending on the site, have to review large 3 amounts of information for classification So millions of pages have been 4 concerns. reviewed at various sites. It 5 can be а б time-consuming process. And we do our best to 7 do that in a manner that doesn't have a negative impact on the projects, on the DOL 8 And we are often supporting four 9 and NIOSH. 10 or five projects at once at different sites.

11 Next slide. These are five of the 12 bigger projects that are going on right now, 13 although some seem to be coming to a close and 14 some are more in the early stages, but we are 15 supporting all of these at this point.

16 And then we also at headquarters 17 handle document reviews for final reports. So if there is a final report or a White Paper, 18 19 something like that that is going out from DOL 20 NIOSH, DOE headquarters will or do а classification review if necessary 21 just to make sure that everything is okay before it 22

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1 gets out into the public domain.

2	We devised a security plan. I
3	believe NIOSH and SC&A and I think the Board
4	also had their own security plans that are in
5	close concert with ours.
б	Next slide. So since the last
7	Advisory Board meeting in May of 2011 the
8	slide says 50 documents, but I actually
9	believe after we put this together it's really
10	60 documents have been submitted for review.
11	And, according to our records at
12	headquarters, the average turnaround time is
13	eight working days, although in certain cases
14	we have been able to do them quicker when they
15	are expedited.
16	Next slide. And then we also
17	support the SEC projects with participating in
18	Working Group conference calls, arranging for
19	subject matter experts to meet with and talk
20	with SC&A, NIOSH, Board Members who are
21	visiting on site. We support secure meetings
22	and conference calls if classification is a

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concern. We provide site tours, as we did
 yesterday out at the Hanford site.

3 Next slide. And then the third main responsibility that we have under the Act 4 is research and maintain 5 to а covered list. 6 facilities There are over 300 facilities covered under EEOICPA. 7 Oftentimes, there are questions that come from based on 8 9 NIOSH, things that NIOSH has uncovered in 10 their research or DOL or questions that come from the public about whether or not that list 11 is accurate in terms of where the facility is 12 13 located, the years that the facility may be 14 covered, the specific activities or 15 substances. So when questions like that 16 arise, we have a team of researchers.

17 Next slide. The DOE Office of 18 Legacy Management, they support us with this 19 research. They have records research experts 20 who are familiar with DOE records management. 21 They're familiar with the various sites and 22 where records might lie.

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1 And they also understand the DOE 2 history and how the various sites are tied 3 together where products from one site were going to another. So if there are guestions 4 about a site, you might go to that site where 5 б they were sending things to obtain So they know the ins and outs of 7 information. the DOE records and provide us with that 8 service. 9

10 Next slide. So I'm going to talk 11 to you about a couple of initiatives we have. 12 Again, we are always looking for collections 13 of records that we feel are valuable to NIOSH 14 or DOL and ultimately to the claimants and 15 their claims.

When we find collections that we believe are valuable and are not being used, we do everything we can to get them integrated into our system, whether that be indexing the record or scanning it, putting it in a format that is more conducive to record searches, things like that. One example of that is the

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Hanford effort that I talked about earlier.

2 We're also working very hard to 3 finalize our secure web-based file transfer So what that will do is allow us to 4 system. send documents and information in real time 5 б securely over the internet to DOL and NIOSH so when we send a document, instead of sending it 7 via FedEx on a CD or a thumb drive or hard 8 copy document, we will send it electronically 9 10 through a secure system that protects PII, protects people's information, but will also 11 reduce the time it takes for 12 us to qet information to the other agencies. 13

another effort 14 And then we're 15 working on right now is review of the 16 Department of Labor's Site Exposure Matrix Initially up until 2008, the matrix 17 database. had been put together by DOL but was behind 18 19 their firewall, and only a small portion was available to the public. 20

21 In 2008, Department of Labor asked 22 us to review what was on their database so

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they could release it to the public in its entirety. It took us about a year. We worked closely with DOL and all of our DOE sites. And we were able to finally release that database I believe in December of -- is it 2010? Exactly.

So once the initial database was 7 released, since the time we had started to 8 review the initial database, DOL had been 9 10 gathering additional information. The public was submitting additional information. 11 DOL had made some revisions. So they asked us to 12 review the revised version. 13

14 And we started on that in January 15 of 2010 and finished that updated review in 16 May 2010. So obviously it took about a year for the initial review and then four months 17 second review because we're 18 for the iust 19 reviewing the additional information, not the 20 entire database again.

21 And then at this point, DOL has 22 made another request for an update review.

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1 And we're going to start that on October 1st, 2 2011. And we hope it will take somewhere 3 around the same four-month timetable that the 4 initial review took, although until we get in 5 there, we don't know exactly how long it is 6 going to take.

then, Rachel -- I will 7 And be quick on this because Rachel spoke about this 8 a little bit as well. 9 You know, we also 10 actively participate in the Joint Outreach Task Group with NIOSH, DOL, our DOE Former 11 Worker Programs. 12 You know, we have had 19 town hall meetings near nine DOE sites. 13 And 14 Rachel had a slide about the most recent meetings there. 15

16 Next slide. And then I just want to talk to you a bit about DOE Former Worker 17 18 Medical Screening Program. It's a program 19 that we feel complements the EEOICPA, though 20 it's not directly. They are two very separate but Former Worker 21 programs, our Program a free medical screening 22 provides to all

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former workers at all DOE sites, and based on 1 2 the results of those screenings, if there is 3 something wrong, we refer you both to your primary care physician to get that addressed, 4 but we also suggest that, depending on your 5 б issue, you may want to go apply for the 7 EEOICPA program. So we kind of see it as a precursor to EEOICPA in certain cases for 8 certain individuals. 9

10 We feel our program is unique because we have occupational physicians. 11 So 12 they're familiar with the things that vou 13 might run into in your work. They're familiar 14 with unique exposures, like beryllium and 15 silica and things like that that your average 16 citizen might not come in contact with but workers may. 17

also understand 18 And they the 19 unique exposures at the DOE sites. So for 20 Hanford, there are two separate programs: one for production workers 21 and the other for construction workers. 22

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1 The PIs, principal investigators, 2 for the production workers are Donna Creagle, 3 John McInerney and Lee Newman. And the 4 contact number is there. So if there is 5 anyone who is interested in the program, you 6 can call that number.

7 And there is also a program for 8 construction workers. And the principal 9 investigator is Knut Ringen, who is actually 10 here today somewhere, sitting in the back.

And their local outreach number is on the slide. And then they are also out in the lobby with information. So if you are interested in the program, I would suggest you go out and talk to them, take advantage of that free program.

17 So, questions?

18 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Thank you.

MEMBER CLAWSON: Greg, you did a marvelous job. And I'd like to thank you for a lot of the things. You've dealt with Pantex. You've done a great job on that.

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We're making numerous strides, but on your document review, I appreciate that you put the average turnaround time of eight days. A lot of these elements, it's taking a lot longer. And I realize with some of these other sites, it is very difficult to be able to do that.

8 We have also put in place using 9 Germantown as the central place to be able to 10 put the documents, I think that is a marvelous 11 idea.

I commend DOE on doing that. And I understand there have been some problems here lately. It will make it a little bit more difficult, but we're working through in that.

Yesterday, we went out on the tour to the B reactor and so forth. And, you know, it was amazing. I always love to go to these sites because you go out there and the people take such pride in these sites.

22 You know, honestly, I'm going to

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tell you the truth. DOE may hold the record for these sites and so forth like that, but these sites are really the people's sites. And it was pleasing to me to see how much pride they took on the site, how proud of what they've accomplished. And they should be commended for that.

One thing that did bother me is 8 when we were at PFP, the question was quite 9 10 bluntly put to them, in 15 years from now, how are we going to be able to connect this person 11 is doing these D&D activities, to PFP. 12 who 13 PFP is a bad place. And that's a difficult 14 And we're back to the same thing of the one. 15 can't place.

I hope that DOE will kind of look at in the records and so forth -- you know, they said medical programs and so forth like that. But it never put -- especially the D&D workers who are coming in for a few years working on this, possibly leaving-- we need to make sure that it's documented where they are

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1 at.

2 Many times, when а production 3 worker says, well, I work here, I work here, I work here, and so forth, but the D&D workers 4 can be much harder. And I hope you guys can 5 think in the back of your mind because that б bothers me because that's the situation we're 7 in right now is we can't place people where 8 they work. 9

10 DR. WORTHINGTON: With regard to placement of workers, I mean, 851 requires 11 individuals that are on the site for a certain 12 they 13 period of time, that are in а 14 surveillance program. They are monitored 15 depending upon what their hazards are.

16 And so we'll look at PFP to see if 17 there's something qoinq with on the contractor, with 18 the subcontractor, or 19 something like that if there is a belief or a 20 perception that that information is not being captured. So that's a good comment. We will 21 look into that. 22

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MEMBER CLAWSON: I would just like -- you know, in DOE, we use the term lessons learned. This right here is a lesson learned. And one of the things that we have found from this lesson learned is that we can't place people. It's a very broad spectrum.

So my request to you is that we 7 look at this, and especially D&D 8 workers 9 because they are somewhat transient, and they 10 use them all over the place. And some of them are going into some of the worst areas that we 11 12 have out there. So I would appreciate it if 13 you would look at that.

I know that Isaf was out there with us and be able to place these people where they were at.

17 DR. WORTHINGTON: That is a very valuable comment because we have so much D&D 18 19 work going on across the DOE complex. And so 20 if there are gaps or places that we're not apt information capture the about those 21 to individuals, we need to work on that. 22

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1 So thank you.

2 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Gen?

3 MEMBER ROESSLER: I want to pick up on the same point about the site tours. 4 Ι think it's so important to continue to provide 5 б these, as you did yesterday and other times, 7 provide it as an opportunity for the Board and And, as Brad clearly identified, I 8 SC&A. think for Board Members, it is important to 9 see, actually see, the site. 10

You can read about them. 11 You can 12 look at photos. But until you are out there 13 and, like we did yesterday, see the extensiveness of the site, the Hanford site, 14 15 see the building, see the relationship of the 16 buildings to each other, it's really hard to think in terms of what workers did. 17

I think that the only comment I would have, Brad has identified the importance of knowing what is going on today. A lot of these site tours concentrate on what is going on today.

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1 I think yesterday, because we had 2 the NIOSH team leader along and we had some 3 former workers along on the tour, we were able to -- for those of us who want to also get 4 this historic information, we were able to 5 б extract a lot of that. And I think in the time that we had, we have really gained a lot. 7 You did a good job. 8 9 MR. LEWIS: Thank you very much. 10 You know, we also understand the value of those tours and fully plan to keep 11 12 supporting, both for the Board as well as for 13 the SC&A and NIOSH teams that are out doing 14 the SEC research. We want to make sure that 15 they get access to the site, are able to 16 understand what the site does and meet with some of the folks that work there. 17 18 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Brad? 19 MEMBER CLAWSON: Ι just want to

also -- being able to place people is one of
the complaints that I have heard from people.
And it really isn't coming towards DOE. It

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1 goes more towards DOL as, well, they can't 2 place me where I used to work.

3 This is one of the reasons why, Pat, I feel this is such an important one that 4 we need to really look at and make 5 sure because it's not just for DOE. 6 It's also for 7 DOL to be able to make sure that we're placing people where they would because one of the 8 things that the petitioners have always said 9 10 was, well, I told them where I was working at, but they tell me that that doesn't show where 11 12 So this is why, another reason why I was at. 13 it is so important.

MR. LEWIS: Actually, Brad, to address that, one of the things that we are trying to do -- and I don't know that it will specifically address the PFP issue. It's hard to know exactly that situation.

But in terms of legacy records and making sure we have them to help us be able to place people in locations, particularly subcontractors, is we are working on an access

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and ownership to records clause that we're
 hoping that -- we believe it should be final
 soon.

We've been actually working on it for a couple of years, but we're trying to get the contract things implemented DOE-wide. It's a bit of a long process, but we're hoping that's coming to a close soon.

9 And once that gets through, we're 10 hoping that clause will be included in And in doing so, we'll make 11 subcontracts. 12 sure that they leave records when they leave, both their HR records and things that they 13 14 would normally have considered company 15 records.

16 You know, as it is now, they will leave radiation monitoring records and medical 17 records and things like that that are directly 18 19 related to the site employment when they leave the site, when the contract is over. 20 But we're hoping this will allow them to leave 21 22 their HR records, which may job have

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1 description or things like that that have more 2 information about what they were doing, the 3 individual was doing, and where they might 4 have been.

believe, once 5 So that gets we through, it may not solve all of the problems б with subcontractors -- in fact, it is going to 7 be difficult to solve all of those problems --8 but we think it will be a big step in the 9 10 right direction towards ensuring that the right records will be available. 11

12 MEMBER CLAWSON: And, Greg, I 13 appreciate that. I just want to go on record 14 and --

15 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Brad, we need to 16 move on.

17 MEMBER CLAWSON: Yes. Okay.

18 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Does anybody

19 else have questions for Department of Energy?

20 (No response.)

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21 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Thanks.

22 Our next one is Jim Neton for W.R.

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1 Grace.

2 MR. KATZ: For the record, Dr. 3 Lemen is recusing himself from this session. Good morning. 4 DR. NETON: I am going to present the Evaluation Report for the 5 б Special Exposure Cohort petition that we 7 received for W.R. Grace and Company. little bit in the 8 Α wav of 9 background before I get into the petition, 10 W.R. Grace is a facility that is located in Curtis Bay, Maryland. But if you look on the 11 DOE's covered facilities website, there are at 12 least three other W.R. Graces listed, one of 13 14 which is in Erwin, Tennessee, part of Nuclear 15 Fuel Services, one of which was a phosphate 16 enterprise that they tried to make phosphate 17 for about a month down in Florida. There's a facility 18 third listed Rare Earths as 19 Incorporated, which is actually somewhat And we'll talk 20 related to this facility. about that a little bit later. Ι 21 But am 22 talking about Bay, Maryland the Curtis

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operation, which was originally a 260-acre
 site.

3 It's still in existence today. 4 The size of the facility now is down to 109 5 acres. Like a lot of these older sites, it's 6 changed hands and names a few times. So it 7 gets a little confusing.

It was originally owned by Davison 8 Chemical Company, which was a manufacturer of 9 agricultural and industrial chemicals, really 10 didn't involve any radiological operations at 11 all. 12 But it was purchased in 1954 by W.R. 13 Grace, who brought in the radiological 14 component to the site.

15 Rare Earths Incorporated, which I 16 just mentioned, was a sister facility to this Curtis Bay, Maryland operation, was located in 17 It was a wholly owned 18 Wayne, New Jersey. 19 subsidiary of W.R. Grace. And, actually, Rare 20 Earths is the company that entered into the AEC contract in 1955 to process some monazite 21 sands. 22

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1 The contract was to extract 2 thorium from monazite sands at originally the 3 New Jersey facility, which was then Wayne, 4 known as Rare Earths Incorporated, and follow-on extractions qoinq 5 were to be б conducted at the Curtis Bay, Maryland facility 7 at a yet-to-be-constructed building.

The Curtis Bay, Maryland facility 8 9 building where they were going to extract the 10 sands was not actually constructed. Constructed wasn't completed until May of 11 12 1956. That will become important a little bit two facilities involved here: 13 later. So 14 Wayne, New Jersey and Curtis Bay. I'm talking 15 about the Curtis Bay.

I will add that the Rare Earths facility is a covered facility on the DOE website, but we have no current claimants for that facility at this time.

Just a little diagram. You can see that it's a fairly large site, as I mentioned. It was originally a couple of

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hundred acres, but all of the operations that 1 2 occurred at this facility occurred inside that 3 little yellow box. The red box is building It's a pretty large plant. The monazite 4 23. processing area was about 100 by 200 feet, 5 б confined to the southwest corner of that 7 building.

8 You can see on the right-hand side 9 there are some retention lagoons out there 10 that handled some of the waste products. In 11 addition, the monazite ore that was processed 12 was the raffinates essentially were buried on 13 site, covering an area eventually of about 14 four acres.

15 So what did they do at this site? 16 They processed AEC-owned monazite ore, which is sand essentially, that was mined in various 17 countries, I think Brazil and India primarily. 18 19 Monazite ore contains a fairly 20 high component of thorium. On average, I think this ore was about six percent thorium 21 22 oxide by weight. It could range anywhere from

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two to eight, but I think six is a pretty good
 number.

3 The contract indicated that they were going to extract about -- the chemical 4 processing could extract about 95 percent of 5 It's a б the thorium that was in the ore. 7 pretty good chemical recovery. And, in fact, they were going to originally work with, I 8 8,000, yes, 8,000 9 think it was tons of 10 monazite ore were to be processed per the 11 contract.

What happened, though, was they --12 13 just never really worked properly, a lot of problems with the chemical extraction process, 14 15 and eventually only ended up processing a 16 total of 1,000 tons of the monazite sands. in fact, the processing only occurred 17 And, beginning 18 from the of the building 19 construction ___ after the building was constructed in May '56 through the late Spring 20 And, in fact, the AEC contract was of 1957. 21 terminated in January of 1958. 22

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1 So if there are about 1,000 tons 2 of monazite processed, we don't know this for 3 sure, but it would seem there was a 95 percent You can sort of estimate there 4 extraction. would have been about 50 tons of thorium 5 б produced during this campaign.

As I mentioned, all the work was 7 done in a portion of building 23. 8 It's a fairly similar process to what we've seen in a 9 10 lot of these other refinery-type operations. The monazite sands were ground in a ball mill 11 so that it fits through a 200 mesh screen, 12 13 dumped into a vat of sulfuric acid to put the thorium in solution and precipitate out the 14 15 rare earths and the leads and the calciums and 16 radiums.

And once that thorium got into the solution, it could be precipitated. It could filter off the raffinate materials and then precipitate the thorium as thorium fluoride and then eventually react it with caustic soda that would convert it to thorium hydrate. So

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the end product was a thorium hydrate material
 that was drummed at that facility and shipped
 to the Curtis Bay government storage depot.

Again, we don't know exactly how much, but if you infer about 95 percent recovery, there are probably about 50 tons of drummed materials produced.

8 Okay. The petition was received 9 by NIOSH December 21st, 2010. It was an 83.13 10 petition. That is a petition by a person 11 representing a claimant.

12 The Petition qualified on February 13 17th, 2011. And the Evaluation Report that 14 I'm presenting you today was issued on July 15 14th.

16 The original petitioner-proposed Class Definition was pretty wordy. 17 It was trying to cover chemical operators, ball mill 18 19 operators and pot operators who worked with a 20 variety of equipment and types of materials in a number of different plants at that facility. 21 After some research into this, we 22

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quickly discovered that it would not be possible for us to position any of these workers in any of those buildings or working with any of those machines. The records, frankly, just don't exist.

б So the Class that we evaluated was 7 all of the weapons employers who worked at the W.R. Grace facility in Curtis Bay, Maryland 8 for -- and we broke it in two periods: 9 the 10 operational period, which starts January 1st, '55, through December 31st, '58. And then we 11 also looked at the residual radiation period 12 13 that extended from January 1, '59 through October 31st, 2009. 14

Now, the '55 to '58 dates, the DOE-covered facilities just said that they ran from '55 to '58. And, as always, we just sort of take the largest view of this. So we say it started January 1st, '55 and through the end of 1958.

21 As I mentioned, there are going to 22 be some tweaks on this towards the end because

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we discovered that operations didn't really
 start January '55. They started when the
 facility was actually completed in May of
 1956. So keep that in mind.

And the petition, the basis was, 5 б as many of these are, that the workers just 7 weren't monitored. And that, in fact, is The petitioner presented an affidavit, 8 true. indicated that all workers at the facility did 9 10 not have any dose-monitoring equipment or get monitoring data. And we, in fact, have no 11 monitoring data at all during the operational 12 period for this facility. 13

14 the usual variety We have of 15 sources that we have available to us to 16 evaluate these facilities: ORAU Technical Information Bulletins, the case files that are 17 in the NIOSH database. In this particular 18 19 instance, we only have one claimant, so one case file to review. 20

21 There are 132 documents that we 22 have captured over the course of our data

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capture efforts related to W.R. Grace. We do
 have the documentation provided by the
 petitioner along with the affidavit.

And we have interviewed a couple 4 of people. petitioner 5 One was а б representative and one is a former worker. And then there are the various electronic 7 databases available to us operated by the 8 9 Department of Energy the Nuclear and 10 Regulatory Commission.

As I mentioned, we have one claim in our NOCTS database. And that one claim does meet the Class Definition that we have evaluated, and that one dose reconstruction had been completed for the claimant in our files.

17 the potential for internal So you could imagine when 18 exposure, you are 19 working with dry sand and running it through a 20 ball mill and also shipping and drumming product at the end, the two ends of 21 the operations are going to be pretty dusty. 22

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We have no information as to how 1 2 that accomplished and what kind of was 3 protection was used. And, as I mentioned, we have no monitoring data. So there could have 4 been some fairly significant inhalation and 5 6 ingestion of dust from the operations as well 7 as some continuing exposure from the inhalation and ingestion of material that was 8 deposited on the floor and the walls and such 9 10 during operations; i.e., the resuspended materials. And there's also an ingestion 11 12 pathway.

Not insignificantly also, thorium happens to have a radioactive progeny called thoron, it's a radon-220 gas that comes along with it. And so you have a fairly significant potential for exposure to thoron gas in this facility.

19 I would also mention, though, 20 that, even though it's about -- I say about 21 six percent thorium, it is about an order of 22 magnitude lower uranium in there as well. So

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uranium and its progeny are also there in
 somewhat reduced quantities but still present
 as a hazard. And radon-222 gas would also be
 there.

Potential for external exposures 5 б clearly comes from the thorium and uranium 7 decay products, more notably the thorium decay fair series, which has number of 8 а radionuclides that emit high-energy photons. 9 10 Notably, thallium-208 is one of them. So you can get some pretty good external exposures 11 from thorium material. 12

13 As Ι mentioned, we have no monitoring, internal monitoring data for air 14 15 sample data for the operational period. 16 During the residual period, we do have some air sample data that 17 access to some was collected. 18

19 Ι mentioned that there was а 20 sister facility that doing the was same operation at Rare Earths in Wayne, New Jersey. 21 We have 11 air samples that were taken at the 22

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end of those operations that we feel are
 representative of the concentrations of
 materials that could be in the air at the
 Curtis Bay facility.

In addition to that, we have some 5 б very, very thorough FUSRAP site characterization data taken in 1986 and in 7 2001, where they actually 8 went and characterized the building, all five levels, 9 10 including surface contamination levels, air sample data, radon, thoron measurements, some 11 12 samples, pretty good characterization core 13 data taken during that -particularly 2000-2001 characterization. I think they used 14 15 some sort of an automated surface 16 contamination monitoring instrument. They collected like 1.9 million pieces of data. 17 It's pretty amazing. 18

19 So we feel like we have a pretty 20 good handle on what type of exposures could 21 have been there in the residual period.

22 As far as external dosimetry data

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go, just like the internal, we have no
 external or area monitoring data available,
 not even at the Wayne, New Jersey facility.

4 During the residual period, though, we do have dose rate data that was 5 б taken during the 1986 site characterization. 7 And I want to say, I think the average value -- they measured all five floors. The highest 8 floor was the fifth floor, and I think the 9 10 average value on that floor is about 120 micro R per hour in 1986, which is roughly about 10 11 12 times natural background in that area, so not 13 really high but definitely, definitely elevated in 1986. 14

15 So our approach, we believe, as I 16 mentioned, that we can do the residual -doses during residual 17 reconstruct the contamination period. For the internal, as I 18 19 mentioned, we will use the air concentration values at the beginning of the period that 20 were taken at the Wayne, New Jersey facility. 21 22 And then take the site we can

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characterization data that was taken during
 the FUSRAP series.

3 So we have a starting point and an 4 ending point for the air concentration values 5 and we can connect the two dots and, using a 6 TIB-70 approach, come up with an exponential 7 decay, which ends up decaying, I think it was 8 about a three percent per year depletion of 9 the source material.

10 The external dose rate measurements is all we have in 1986, but we 11 12 believe we can go backwards with the external 13 using the depletion factor knowing how much would have been there in the earlier years and 14 15 impute what the external exposures would have 16 been.

17 So as far as the evaluation, we 18 made a determination that it was not feasible 19 to estimate the level of radiation doses with 20 sufficient accuracy during the process period, 21 the processing of the thorium ores.

22 And we also, since we couldn't do

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it with sufficient accuracy, then we have
 concluded there is a reasonable likelihood
 that health may have been endangered.

feasibility of 4 So for dose reconstruction, we believe that the process 5 б and source-term information are insufficient 7 to estimate doses during the process period, but we have determined that we can do dose 8 reconstructions during the residual 9 10 contamination period.

this slide just 11 And briefly 12 summarizes specifically what we can and cannot 13 do. So we cannot reconstruct during the 14 processing period all radionuclides, all 15 photon doses. And neutron doses were not 16 applicable here.

And occupational medical doses, we have made a determination based on interviews that medical X-rays were not required as a condition of employment at this facility. So they will not be reconstructed.

22 Now, note that the dates here are

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1 May 1st, '56 through January 31st, '58. Those 2 are different than the dates -- of the DOE 3 dates, that said that the covered period ran 4 from '55 to '58.

done is 5 What have we have we б truncated it based on our knowledge that the 7 building did not have construction completed until May 1st of 1956. So we say we can't 8 9 reconstruct from the completion of 10 construction until January 31st, '58, which is the date that the contract was terminated with 11 So that's about 11 months shorter than 12 DOE. if we went to the end of '58. 13 So it's a little bit shorter than what the DOE-covered 14 15 period is listed on the covered facility 16 website.

And the feasibility findings for February '58 through 2009 is that we can do all reconstructions during that time.

20 The health endangerment has 21 another aspect to evaluate and that is, was 22 there an incident sufficient in itself that

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1 would cause us to be able to say presence
2 could cause them, could allow for a person to
3 be in the Class, or was it more likely there
4 were chronic exposures?

We have come down on that side of 5 б the equation that we believe most of the 7 people -- there is evidence that workers accumulated this exposure on a chronic basis. 8 We haven't identified any acute incidents 9 10 that would rise to a level of allowing for presence. So the workers will have to have 11 worked there for 250 days with the other 12 13 parameters that apply.

14 here is the proposed Class: So 15 all Atomic Weapons Employers who worked in any 16 building or area at the facility owned by W.R. 17 Grace in Curtis Bay, Maryland for the operational period that we're defining as May 18 19 1st, '56 through January 31st, '58 for 250 20 And that is our recommendation. work-days. 21 Some of these little qot а

22 redundant, I guess. I could probably do with

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1 fewer of these slides.

2 That's it.

3 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Thank you, Jim.
4 Questions for Jim? Yes? Start
5 with Josie, then --

б MEMBER BEACH: Ι just have а question on the access control after the '58 7 period. Reading through the ER, I noticed 8 that a fence went up around -- I believe it 9 was building 23 -- in '75. And then a fence 10 was later, in '95 put in, which is what I 11 think is the disposal area. 12 And then it was quarded. But I'm curious at what went on and 13 what the access was like in those facilities 14 15 prior to those fences and guards.

DR. NETON: The fences, to my understanding, only went up around what they called a radioactive waste area, that is the buried materials. And those materials were buried at a depth of around nine feet.

21 So all of the raffinate-type 22 material was buried, but they put the fence

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1 around the -- I think it was a four-acre area
2 and ended up being a seven-acre fenced-in
3 area.

4 The facilities themselves were 5 closed as far as I know. That wasn't being 6 used: building 23.

7 MEMBER BEACH: Totally putting you 8 on the spot, but there are two dates, then: 9 '76 and then '95. So I guess I'm curious what 10 date the fence went up and then --

DR. NETON: I think the fence went up in '76. And then the access controls, where they had -- is it patrols, guarded patrols, I think, maybe in '95?

15 MEMBER BEACH: It says both.

16 DR. NETON: Both?

MEMBER BEACH: Yes. That's why I
was a little confused at which one was which.
And then --

20 DR. NETON: Yes. Well, actually, 21 either one. I think we're saying that even if 22 people were in those areas, we could

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reconstruct their dose. In reality, what
 happens is -- I didn't cover this maybe as
 well as I should have.

We had two scenarios. One is, can 4 we reconstruct the dose from the residual 5 б period in the facilities themselves if someone 7 was walking around in there doing something or could we reconstruct the dose from them 8 walking around these spoil piles -- not piles, 9 10 buried materials?

It turns out that since we don't 11 12 know where anybody was, the limiting dose is going to be an assignment of dose of someone 13 going into the contaminated buildings. 14 They 15 were much more heavily contaminated. There 16 was more radon, thoron, all -- the potential for exposure is much greater for a worker who 17 would have been in the building 23, as opposed 18 19 to just walking around the buried material. 20 So I don't think it really matters

21 too much how the access controls were, at
22 least from our perspective, from a dose

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1 reconstruction perspective.

2	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Paul?
3	MEMBER ZIEMER: Jim, just for
4	clarity on the external dose reconstruction on
5	the working period, did you say that there is
6	no source- term information or insufficient?
7	And sort of flesh that out a little bit.
8	DR. NETON: We knew how much
9	MEMBER ZIEMER: There's not enough
10	to sort of put some boundaries on how much
11	could have been handled per day and so on.
12	DR. NETON: Correct, yes. We know
13	clearly approximately how much monazite sands
14	were processed through the facility, but if
15	you don't know exactly the production and the
16	handling and the location of the workers in
17	relation to the drum barrels and how long and
18	that sort of thing, it's pretty difficult to
19	put an upper limit on a barrel of thorium.
20	MEMBER ZIEMER: Right.
21	DR. NETON: You had fairly high
22	dose rates.

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1 MEMBER ZIEMER: Yes, yes. But 2 there have been other cases where you have 3 been able to do something like that. I think we may 4 DR. NETON: Yes. have -- I suspect that we knew a lot more 5 б about the process than we know here. I mean, 7 we really don't know much about the process other than they barreled the material. 8 9 MEMBER ZIEMER: Okay. 10 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Gen, Ι think you're next and then Bill. 11 12 MEMBER ROESSLER: I assume we're 13 going to concentrate on the operational 14 period, but I have a question. During the 15 residual period -- and I think we need much 16 more information on that before we really get into it, but, was there cleanup and movement 17 of materials and that sort of thing? 18 19 DR. NETON: I don't think so. Ι 20 think --They just shut MEMBER ROESSLER: 21 the door and that was it? 22

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1 DR. NETON: I believe so. It was 2 closed off. It was pretty contaminated. Ι 3 think in the 1980s survey, I mean, a couple of hundred thousand dpm per -- now I don't know 4 if it or 5 was square meters 100 square б centimeters, but it seemed to me that it was fairly contaminated. 7 Ι don't know that we have 8 any it 9 evidence of being decontaminated and 10 decommissioned at all. I think, clearly, all the product was shipped but other material was 11 just left there. 12 13 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Bill? 14 Jim, MEMBER FIELD: Ι am just In the residual period, you said 15 curious. 16 there were measurements in '86 on the fifth 17 floor. 18 DR. NETON: Yes. 19 MEMBER FIELD: And you've got an 20 increasing gamma for background radiation about 10- to 12-fold. 21 Do you have any idea what the source causing that is? 22

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1 DR. NETON: No, but I did read 2 somewhere that there was some ductwork up 3 there maybe that could have been the source of it, and so maybe the process material, they 4 did have ventilation of some sort and the 5 б ducts had accumulated the thorium. I really It would be speculation on my 7 don't know. 8 part. 9 But you don't know MEMBER FIELD: 10 what radionuclide dose -it 11 DR. NETON: Oh, would be 12 thorium. The only material that was ever processed in building 23, to our knowledge, 13 was thorium from monazite ores or sands, which 14 15 has about 6 percent thorium by weight. 16 MEMBER FIELD: So you just assume that's the residual? 17 Yes. Well, actually, 18 DR. NETON: 19 they did isotopic measurements in the '80s. I don't remember if it was the '86 or 2001 20 survey, but they did isotopic analysis and did 21 measure thorium-232 and uranium-228. So they 22

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1 did establish that it was thorium.

2	MEMBER FIELD: Okay. Thanks.
3	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Henry?
4	MEMBER ANDERSON: I just wanted to
5	be sure there were no measurements between,
6	what, '58 and '86, 28 years? So you're
7	starting with careful evaluation in '86 and
8	then estimating exposures going backwards?
9	DR. NETON: No. What we have is
10	there were no measurements at the Curtis Bay
11	facility that we can find between '55 and '58,
12	but there was a sister facility owned by W.R.
13	Grace that was also doing the same process.
14	They processed monazite ores, as well.
15	And we have air sample data taken
16	after the operations were I wouldn't say
17	the plant was quiescent, but they weren't
18	operating or actively processing the thorium
19	at the time.
20	So we believe that those air
21	sample measurements could be used as the
22	starting point for the contamination levels

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that would have been there at the end of
 operations in '58.

3 MEMBER ANDERSON: And so how does 4 that, then, correlate with what was the actual 5 measurements made in '86? Are those --

6 DR. NETON: Oh, there are 7 measurements in --

8 MEMBER ANDERSON: When you 9 extrapolate from what was in another facility 10 in '58 and start there, and then you have 11 measurements at this facility --

12 DR. NETON: Well, the measurements 13 at --

14 MEMBER ANDERSON: -- in '86. I 15 mean, do those --

16 DR. NETON: We're only extrapolating air sample measurement, 17 air sample concentrations. 18 The air sample 19 concentrations in 1958 time frame are much 20 higher than the air samples that were measured in 1986. 21

22 And we have drawn a straight line.

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1 Well, and it's an exponential decay curve between those two points. And we are saying 2 3 that the air samples went down on average about three percent per year over the entire 4 time period. And that's about as good as we 5 б can get with residual periods. I mean, we don't have people in there monitoring every 7 year for residual radioactivity. 8

9 And so, given that the plant was 10 fairly quiescent, no production was going on 11 in there, it seems to us to be a fairly good 12 representation of how material went away.

13 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: David?

MEMBER RICHARDSON: Just one quick question. There was one other data point in between there which was this aerial survey from 1979 which triggered the 1986 evaluation. What was that?

DR. NETON: You know, I don't really know. I suspect it was a fly-by with sodium iodide detectors where they picked up extra photon activity coming off the site. If

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you remember, the inside of the plant was 1 reading on average in the fifth floor about 2 3 160 micro R per that's ten times so --I am sure they had large-volume 4 background. detectors on -- I don't know if it was a 5 б fixed-wing aircraft or а helicopter but obviously enough activity there for them to 7 detect that there was contamination left on 8 the site. 9

10 MEMBER RICHARDSON: So all you 11 know is that there was some value detected? 12 You don't know the magnitude of the value or 13 what it was that triggered the '86?

14 No, I don't. DR. NETON: I mean, I really doubt that if we even knew what their 15 16 measures were, that it could correlate to anything useful to determine on-site doses. 17 Т mean, it would be a fly-by indicating that 18 19 there was excess radioactivity there. And 20 maybe with any luck, that it was thorium, given that it's 2.6 MeV photon that comes off 21 of thallium-208, but that's about as a good as 22

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1 you can get.

MEMBER RICHARDSON: All right. 2 3 DR. NETON: Ι think it was probably flying over a lot of sites looking 4 5 for residual contamination, rather -б MEMBER RICHARDSON: Right. 7 DR. NETON: -- than, you know, going to each one individually, triaging the 8 various sites. 9 10 MEMBER RICHARDSON: Okay. More than likely, it 11 DR. NETON: 12 was storage piles that probably were detected. I don't know that but four acres of raffinate 13 14 from processing of -- what did they say --15 1,000 tons of monazite sand. It probably 16 still had some fairly high residual radioactivity. 17 18 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Any other 19 questions? Phil? 20 MEMBER SCHOFIELD: I wondered how 21 much data you have --22 DR. NETON: How much what, Phil?

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1 MEMBER SCHOFIELD: How much data 2 do you have like on urine samples and things 3 from the residual period? DR. NETON: None. None. 4 SCHOFIELD: Absolutely 5 MEMBER б none, but you're saying you can calculate their internal dose without any data? 7 DR. NETON: If there were someone 8 walking about and we believe we can bound the 9 10 amount of airborne thorium and uranium that 11 were there, yes. 12 Based the of on amount _ _ remember, all that's left there is surface 13 contamination of uranium and thorium. 14 So 15 based on resuspension factors and people 16 walking around and knowing how much of that material actually gets kicked up when people 17 walked around and how much the ventilation 18 19 system may pick up, we believe we can put an 20 upper bound on that value, yes.

21 It is something that we have done 22 at many, many of these AWE facilities. I

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1 mean, the contract is over. There is no reason for them to be monitoring the workers 2 3 at that point. CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Josie? 4 5 BEACH: Quick question. MEMBER б Just a brief question on OTIB-60. Did you use that during the early time frame 7 or the residual time period? 8 9 DR. NETON: You mean OTIB-70? 10 MEMBER BEACH: No. OTIB-60 is listed. 11 12 MEMBER RICHARDSON: Six thousand? MEMBER BEACH: Or 6,000. 13 I'm sorry. Thank you. 14 DR. NETON: TBD-6000? 15 16 MEMBER BEACH: TBD-6000, yes. It's listed under the Site Profiles. 17 18 DR. NETON: Yes. I am not sure 19 that used TBD-6000 in our dose we 20 reconstruction approach. MEMBER BEACH: 21 That's why I have the question, because it's listed, but it --22

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Well, I think it's 1 DR. NETON: 2 listed maybe as a reference available to us 3 for processing, but this is thorium а facility. And TBD-6000 wouldn't really apply 4 since it's not thorium. TBD-6000 is 5 б specifically for uranium machining operations. MEMBER BEACH: That's why I had 7 the question, because it is listed. 8 9 DR. NETON: Yes. It may just be 10 in there generically, but I honestly can't think of where it was used in this dose 11 12 reconstruction. 13 MEMBER BEACH: Okay. Thanks. 14 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: If I could, I had just one more comment on the residual 15 16 period. Jim and I have been emailing back and forth on a different site, so the same issue. 17 There are no claimants during this 18 19 period. 20 Well, actually, DR. NETON: the has -- I don't want to get 21 claimant too specific with claimants. 22

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1CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay.2DR. NETON: But it does extend,

3 the employment for --

4 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: There's still I think if a claimant shows up later, 5 one. б that there is unusual activity or they find 7 out more, I mean, you just don't know much about the site. Then maybe you reconsider. 8 Maybe you can't do dose reconstruction given 9 10 these methods and the limited amount of data, but I think it's very hard to do it in the 11 12 abstract.

13 Ι mean, I think, at least 14 personally to me, it sounds like a reasonable 15 method to use, given what facts we have now. 16 If the facts change based on getting more 17 information from claimants or other information about the site, then I think maybe 18 19 you reconsider it at that point in time. But if we have sort of an abstract discussion of 20 it, I think it's very hard to say, you know, 21 we can think of a scenario where it might be 22

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1 somewhat different.

We can think of scenarios where 2 3 that's acceptable. And without a lot of information, without a lot of claimants or 4 other sources of information, I just think 5 б it's difficult to assess. 7 Any other questions or comments from anybody? 8 9 (No response.) 10 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Do Ι hear а recommendation, a motion? Wanda, I knew I 11 12 could count on you. 13 MEMBER MUNN: I recommend that we 14 accept NIOSH's recommendation for the proposed 15 Class of workers whose work history can meet 16 the qualifications at W.R. Grace and Company in Curtis Bay, Maryland from May 1, 1956 17 through January 31, 1958 as a Special Exposure 18 19 Cohort. 20 MEMBER CLAWSON: I second it. That's a second 21 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: from Brad. Any other, further discussion? 22 NEAL R. GROSS

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(No	response.)
	TESNOUSE.	

2 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Ted, do 3 the roll call.

Thank you. So I am not 4 MR. KATZ: going to attempt to do roll call for Bob 5 б Presley, who was on the line, and Mike Gibson, who might have been on the line since we don't 7 have a connection right now. And we will 8 collect their votes after this meeting or 9 10 later in the meeting, possibly. We may have a 11 better system.

12 So, Dr. Anderson.

13 MEMBER ANDERSON: Yes.

14 MR. KATZ: Ms. Beach.

15 MEMBER BEACH: Yes.

16 MR. KATZ: Mr. Clawson.

17 MEMBER CLAWSON: Yes.

18 MR. KATZ: Dr. Field.

19 MEMBER FIELD: Yes.

20 MR. KATZ: Mr. Griffin.

21 MEMBER GRIFFIN: Yes.

22 MR. KATZ: Doctor -- hold on -- Dr.

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2	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes.
3	MR. KATZ: Ms. Munn.
4	MEMBER MUNN: Yes.
5	MR. KATZ: Dr. Poston.
6	MEMBER POSTON: Yes.
7	MR. KATZ: Miss Dr. Richardson.
8	MEMBER RICHARDSON: Yes.
9	MR. KATZ: Dr. Roessler.
10	MEMBER ROESSLER: Yes.
11	MR. KATZ: Mr. Schofield.
12	MEMBER SCHOFIELD: Yes.
13	MR. KATZ: And Dr. Ziemer.
14	MEMBER ZIEMER: Yes.
15	MR. KATZ: So it's unanimous. The
16	motion passes. And I will collect the absent
17	votes later.
18	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Thank you. Ted,
19	I wasn't sure if you weren't sure about the
20	doctor or about the name, but I want to ask
21	for clarification.
22	We are scheduled to take a break

now. We're running ahead of schedule, but we
 have had a long morning. Why don't we break
 and return at 11:30. And we will take up
 Y-12.

5 They are working on trying to fix 6 the audio system, not sure it will be ready by 7 the time we come back, but there are steps 8 being taken.

9 (Whereupon, the above-entitled 10 matter went off the record at 10:50 a.m. and 11 resumed at 11:34 a.m.)

12 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: LaVon, now that 13 we're all rested and ready with lots of 14 questions, get ready.

15 MR. RUTHERFORD: I'm LaVon 16 Rutherford. I'm going to talk about the 17 Special Exposure Cohort petition for the Y-12 18 facility.

We have identified a claim that we were unable to reconstruct the dose. It was an existing Y-12 claim. On April 13th of this year, we notified the claimant of that and

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provided a copy of our Special Exposure Cohort
 Petition Form A.

3 notified them that we We were their 4 unable to reconstruct dose. That claimant provided us a petition on April 22nd. 5 б And we completed our evaluation on July 19th, a pre-DAR evaluation on July 19th, of this 7 8 year.

9 Aqain, this is an 83.14. And 10 we're proposing a Class of all employees of 11 the Department of Energy, its predecessor 12 agency and DOE contractors or subcontractors 13 who worked at the Y-12 facility in Oak Ridge, Tennessee during the period from January 1, 14 through December 15 1948 31, 1957 and the 16 standard language that follows.

17 little background on the Y-12 Α operations during this time period. 18 This 1948 19 to 1957 period is considered the second era of 20 operations at Y-12. The first era, up to 1947. 21 focused uranium enrichment on Those operations were shifted to 22 operations.

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1 K-25.

2 Uranium operations during the 3 second era included recycling, salvage, machining and component assembly. Other work 4 included lithium isotope separation, thorium 5 There were a number of activities, б studies. 7 co-precipitation. Thorium was used as a co-precipitation medium for uranium recovery. 8 There was also thorium used in the isotopic 9 10 separation program.

There was research and development 11 12 work that involved thorium, some of it, 13 actually, the work picked up in 1958 after 14 this period and major production was 15 activities at Y-12.

16 ORNL research and development. ORNL used a number of the facilities at Y-12. 17 After the major production activities stopped 18 19 in 1947, some facilities became available at ORNL picked up those facilities to do 20 Y-12. some research. 21

22 There is waste disposal. And,

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again, the ORNL work I just talked about at 1 2 Y-12, a little more information, production of 3 stable and radioactive isotopes for medical research using the Y-12 calutrons. 4 So the production work for uranium enrichment 5 had stopped with the Y-12 calutrons, but there was б some continuing work with them after the 1947 7 period, into this second era. 8

9 plutonium isotopic There was 10 separation, operation of an 86-inch cyclotron for isotope production and nuclear physics 11 12 work. There critical experiments was а facility and a Van de Graaff accelerator. 13 14 There assembly was also weapons and disassembly. 15

16 I want to talk a little bit about the past petitions that we have had and 17 actually what drove us to get to this SEC-186, 18 19 this 83.14 that we're recommending today. 20 SEC-18 was the original one of petitions that first through the 21 went 22 evaluation process, and we recommended а

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1 Class. It was a time period when we did not 2 send our Class Definitions to DOL. Ultimately 3 it became a lessons learned from this that we 4 did.

first Class 5 The we recommended, б SEC-18 was focused on uranium enrichment 7 workers and other radiological activities. DOL to implement this 8 When went Class 9 Definition, they had difficulties. some Ultimately we were getting claims that we felt 10 should have been included in the Class that 11 12 were not.

13 So SEC-98, an 83.14, was we 14 implemented SEC-98, all workers for 1943 to 15 1947 period to correct that Class Definition.

16 SEC-28 is another one that was 17 early on. It was an 83.13. It was very 18 specific to buildings and certain operations.

19 SEC-186, which is the one we're 20 discussing today, is actually, we're working 21 through this evaluation and making this 22 presentation of a Class to actually correct

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1 the Class Definition for SEC-28.

2 Okav. The Board will remember we 3 did a Class Definition review in November of last year. We issued our report. 4 We actually back, looked at the 5 went and we Class б Definitions from the beginning from when the 7 rule was promulgated, our first Class Definitions with Mallinckrodt all the way up 8 9 through to our recent Class Definitions. 10 We were looking at how the Class Definitions were defined early on and what 11

parameters were defined early on and what parameters were used, the criteria that was used. We looked at the evaluation. And then we went through to today how we're defining our Classes based on the feasibility, the time period and so on.

looked 17 We at consistency, We also looked at whether any 18 applicability. 19 of the Classes that were previously defined 20 should be redefined. And our criteria for making that determination was, do we have 21 22 claims that we think that from these early

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1 Class Definitions that were left out that 2 should have been included? And so if we came 3 across that situation, that would drive us to 4 do an 83.14 to correct that Class Definition.

The report findings, most of the 5 б issues and discrepancies identified in the report were associated with the evolution of 7 the process. If you look at when the rule was 8 promulgated in May of 2004 to today, just with 9 10 any process, there is a learning process defining the Classes, doing the evaluation, 11 12 Our early Classes were closely and so on. 13 related to a petitioner-proposed Class.

14 If you looked at the Mallinckrodt,
15 just the terminology was very consistent with
16 the proposed Class by the petitioner.

Our early Classes were also established based on perceived limitations and sometimes without review by DOL. Perfect case is SEC-28. We limited it to facilities or, actually, buildings within Y-12.

22 And this Class Definition was not

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1 originally reviewed by the Department of 2 Labor. Ιt was, aqain, after SEC-18 and 3 SEC-28, really SEC-18, that with our interactions with the Department of Labor that 4 we recognized that we need to start sending 5 6 these Class Definitions to them to review them 7 to ensure that they can implement them.

So again, over time the need to 8 expand and/or adjust the proposed SEC Class to 9 10 address DOL Class implementation issues was claimants 11 recognized to ensure were not 12 inadvertently excluded.

SEC-28 Class Definition. 13 The Work 14 Group and our staff worked very hard on this, 15 but it's a complicated Class Definition. It 16 has a number of things that we don't include now; for example, employees who were monitored 17 or should have been monitored -- we stopped 18 19 using that terminology -- thorium exposures 20 while working in buildings, so on. So it is very specific, thorium exposures. And it's 21 also building-specific as listed there. 22

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1 And it's also if you go down in 2 the Class Definition, it into, gets or 3 radionuclide associated with exposures cyclotron operations. 4 So again now it's operations-specific in a building. 5

6 And I've got to give a little 7 kudos to the Department of Labor. I read 8 their circular again on this just recently. 9 And you can see the if-thens in this circular, 10 them trying to put people into this Class 11 Definition.

12 So the Class current as 13 recommended, that SEC-186, the Class we're 14 recommending today is to remove the 15 restrictions on the Class Definition of 16 SEC-28. SEC-28 Class Definition again is specific to work locations and operations. 17 As we look, available employment records do not 18 19 generally indicate work location.

If you look at the employment records, even the dosimetry records, which we are using in another Class Definition, the

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dosimetry records associated with Y-12 1 are 2 department-specific; they're not 3 area-specific, as well as the other employment So you can't put them in certain 4 records. Also, worker movements across 5 places. the site are undocumented. б

The feasibility determination for 7 this is it mirrors SEC-28. NIOSH lacks 8 9 sufficient monitoring, process or source information for various Y-12 operations to 10 estimate internal radiation doses to Y-12 11 employees for the period of January 1, 1948 12 13 through December 31, 1957.

14 SEC-28 infeasibility was driven by 15 the inability to bound internal exposures from 16 thorium operations and cyclotron operations.

As with most of our Classes, we recommend NIOSH will use any internal and external personal monitoring data for partial dose reconstructions as appropriate.

Again, our feasibility summary.
We cannot reconstruct internal dose. We can

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1 external.

2	Health endangerment. Evidence
3	reviewed in this evaluation indicates some
4	workers in the Class may have accumulated
5	chronic radiation exposures through intakes of
6	radionuclides and direct exposures to
7	radioactive materials. Consequently, we feel
8	health was endangered.
9	And then our recommendation again.
10	And that's it.
11	Questions?
12	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Anybody have any
13	questions for LaVon? David?
14	MEMBER RICHARDSON: I think it is
15	a really well prepared report. Thank you, and
16	the presentation was really clear as well.
17	I really don't have any issues
18	with the suggestion for expansion of the
19	Class. My one question is, it seems to me
20	likely that we may come back to this again
21	with expansion of the Class Definition moving
22	forward from 1957 up until like 1961, for

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example, when the monitoring data actually
 look substantially complete than prior to
 that.

4 So I guess what's the logic in 5 ending in '57?

б MR. RUTHERFORD: Well, and, 7 actually, Mark Griffon, who was Work Group Chair, may have some comments on this, too. 8 But what we looked at in 1957, the reason why 9 10 we stopped there was we actually pick up, some personal monitoring data kicks up in 1958, 11 12 thorium monitoring, actually air monitoring data as well, a lot of air monitoring data. 13

The actual main thorium operations 14 that drove production actually at Y-12 did not 15 16 kick in heavily until 1960. There was pilot-scale work that began in '58, but that's 17 also right when we get the increase in air 18 19 monitoring data. So right now we stop the 20 operations there.

21 Now, the other question is 22 cyclotron operations. That's the other part

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of this Class Definition. We are still
 evaluating cyclotron operations.

And we are back and forth on whether 1957 is a good date for cyclotron operations. I will say that we will have a final determination on that very soon. We have been working with our contractor closely on that.

9 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Mark, any 10 comments?

11 MEMBER GRIFFON: No. It has been 12 a while since we --

13 MR. RUTHERFORD: Yes.

14 MEMBER GRIFFON: This was the 15 second one, I think, overall that we made a 16 decision on, but --

MR. RUTHERFORD: Yes. Actually -MEMBER GRIFFON: I generally
remember the discussion, but I don't remember
the cutoffs and why we came up with '57.
MR. RUTHERFORD: Yes. I actually

22 went back and looked at that. And, actually,

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1 if you read the report, it describes why. And 2 a portion of the actual, the original report, 3 go back and look at SEC-28 Evaluation Report. It describes why the '57 period was chosen 4 for thorium. And it's because of the actual 5 б -- we pick up monitoring data in '58. And 7 then the pilot work begins. And then you see a large increase of air sampling as well at 8 that time period. 9 10 But the cyclotron operations are still open, and we are still looking at that 11 12 right now. 13 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: I believe Dr. 14 Lemen has a --This is a generic 15 MEMBER LEMEN: 16 Ι don't have any real strong comment. comments about your presentation. 17 I thought it was very good. 18 19 But I brought this up before, and 20 since the last meeting I've been trying to

22 of 250 work-days. Now, I know that that is in

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figure out why we still have this restriction

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the regs, but I cannot find any scientific justification why we cut things off below 250 days because with radiation exposure, people can get cancers with less than 250 days.

5 I know the Board may have talked 6 about this before I came on the Board, but I 7 really do think it needs to be revisited again 8 because I think it is a totally unscientific 9 determination and ridiculous.

Well, yes. 10 DR. NETON: It is in the regulations, and this was debated guite a 11 12 bit when the regulations were being put The fact of the matter is that 13 together. there was no other valid scientific way that 14 15 it could be determined to bound it to be 16 something less than 250 days. It's also 17 consistent with what the original congressionally mandated SEC Class is used to 18 19 establish their time frame. So there is a couple of things that dovetailed there that 20 seemed to make it a reasonable approach. 21

22 And 250 days was sort of just to

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1 give it the sense that there was some 2 potential for exposure over a period of time 3 to endanger health. If you start trying to wheedle it down to less than 250 days, then 4 you get into automatically trying to have to 5 do some sort of a health endangerment based on 6 a Probability of Causation-type calculation, 7 which you have already admitted you can't do. 8 So you sort of get in the circular argument 9 10 that just won't work.

11 So, good or bad, that's where it 12 ended up. And that's what the regulation 13 calls for right now.

MEMBER LEMEN: It is still my contention that you are eliminating a large group of workers that are still at risk of developing cancer related to their work in this area.

19 I don't know where you saw the 20 congressional mandate for 250 days. I didn't 21 see that.

22 DR. NETON: Well, the original SEC

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1 _ _ 2 MEMBER LEMEN: Please show it to 3 me. The original 4 DR. NETON: SEC 5 Classes that added the were at qaseous б diffusion plants required 250 days' exposure. 7 MEMBER LEMEN: But who came up with that? 8 9 DR. NETON: Ιt in the was 10 congressional --It was in the EEOICPA 11 MS. LIN: 12 statute. We will be happy to show it to you after the break. 13 I still think it is 14 MEMBER LEMEN: a ridiculous cutoff, and I will keep saying 15 16 that. DR. NETON: I would say we would 17 be happy to entertain any arguments that would 18 19 allow us to do something different and 20 consider it, but up to this point, we have not heard any compelling way that's any better 21 than what we're doing right now. 22

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1 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Henry? 2 MEMBER ANDERSON: Yes. I was just 3 wondering, do you have any estimate of how many claims this change will impact? 4 5 RUTHERFORD: I can give you MR. internally it's only active claims that we б 7 have. There are eight claims. However, there are 300 claims for the period that are with 8 9 the Department of Labor. I cannot say all 300 10 of those claims will get, you know, the SEC, but a large portion of those will. 11 Okay. 12 MEMBER ANDERSON: Thank 13 you. CHAIRMAN 14 Any other MELIUS: questions or comments on Y-12? 15 16 (No response.) 17 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. If not, do I hear a recommendation? Gee, I wonder. 18 19 Wanda? Yes. 20 MEMBER MUNN: I recommend that we accept the NIOSH recommendation for 83.14 SEC 21 Class for the contractors and subcontractors 22

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who worked at the Y-12 facility in Oak Ridge, 1 January 1, 1948 2 Tennessee from through 3 December 31, 1957. MEMBER CLAWSON: 4 Second. 5 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Second from Brad б again. Any further discussion? 7 (No response.) CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Ted? 8 MR. KATZ: Dr. Anderson. 9 10 MEMBER ANDERSON: Yes. MR. KATZ: Ms. Beach. 11 12 MEMBER BEACH: Yes. 13 MR. KATZ: Mr. Clawson. 14 MEMBER CLAWSON: Yes. 15 MR. KATZ: Dr. Field. 16 MEMBER FIELD: Yes. 17 MR. KATZ: Mr. Griffon. MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes. 18 19 MR. KATZ: Dr. Lemen. 20 MEMBER LEMEN: Yes. 21 MR. KATZ: Dr. Melius. 22 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes.

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3 MR. KATZ: Dr. Richardson. MEMBER RICHARDSON: Yes. 4 MR. KATZ: Dr. Roessler. 5 б MEMBER ROESSLER: Yes. MR. KATZ: Mr. Schofield. 7 MEMBER SCHOFIELD: Yes. 8 MR. KATZ: Dr. Ziemer. 9 10 MEMBER ZIEMER: Yes. 11 MR. KATZ: Okay, that is all in favor who could vote. 12 The motion passes. There are a number of people absent. 13 collect their votes afterwards, three Members. 14 15 And I should note also for the record that 16 Dr. Poston recused himself from this session. 17 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: My understanding is they're going to try to fix the telephone 18 19 connection over lunchtime. So, even though we're running a little bit early, I suggest 20 that we break early for lunch and come back at 21 the scheduled time, two o'clock. 22 **NEAL R. GROSS** COURT REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS 1323 RHODE ISLAND AVE., N.W. (202) 234-4433 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3701

MR. KATZ: Ms. Munn.

MEMBER MUNN: Yes.

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Hopefully

I will

that will give them enough time to make the 1 fix, and then we'll be back live for people 2 3 calling in, including Board Members. So let's adjourn now. Return here 4 at two o'clock, as scheduled. 5 (Whereupon, the above-entitled б 7 matter went off the record at 11:54 a.m. and resumed at 2:04 p.m.) 8 9

1 A-F-T-E-R-N-O-O-N S-E-S-S-I-O-N (2:04 p.m.) 2 3 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: If everyone will get seated, we will get started. 4 So now we are going to reconvene and we're going to talk 5 б about Piqua. Ted, do you want to make a --I would like to 7 MR. KATZ: Yes. just check on the phone lines and see which 8 Board Members we have on the phone line. 9 Bob? 10 (No response.) MR. KATZ: I need to know if the 11 12 line in from the people on the telephone -- I 13 expect we can't hear them yet there. Okay. 14 So, folks on the phone line, I'm 15 asking for Board Members who may be attending 16 at this point. So either Bob Presley or Mike 17 Gibson? 18 (No response.) 19 MR. KATZ: Okay. I don't hear Was that Bob or 20 them at this point. Hello? Mike? 21 22 (No response.)

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1 MR. KATZ: Okay. Then let me just 2 ask somebody on the phone line to speak up and 3 so we know we are being heard. DR. CHEW: Ted, this is Mel. 4 5 MR. KATZ: Okay. So someone is б hearing us. Can you repeat what you were 7 saying? DR. CHEW: Ted, this is Mel, loud 8 and clear. 9 That is great. You're 10 MR. KATZ: 11 clear, too. 12 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Piqua, 13 John? 14 MEMBER POSTON: Thank you, Mr. 15 Chairman. I wanted to present the Working 16 Group report on the Piqua organic moderator 17 Just a quick look at the Committee. reactor. It was a small Working Group: Dr. Field, Mr. 18 19 Schofield and myself. And John Mauro was our 20 SC&A contact. And Charles Nelson and James Neton were the NIOSH folks. 21

22 A little background. The Piqua

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1 reactor was a demonstration project in Piqua, 2 Ohio. The reactor was designed to operate at 3 a maximum power of 45 megawatts. It was organically cooled and moderated. 4 It began operation in 1963, and the 5 operation was there б terminated in 1966. And was а decommissioning period between '66 and '69. 7

8 The Evaluation Report was issued 9 in September of 2009. There was no Site 10 Profile written for this particular site. And 11 NIOSH made their presentation to the Board in 12 October of 2009.

Basically, we voted to approve the recommendations of NIOSH for the post-operational period, but the operational period was still under question and so the Working Group was formed.

reiterate what 18 Just to Ι just 19 said, NIOSH's position was it was feasible to 20 during the reconstruct doses reactor operational period, which was 1963-66 and was 21 not feasible to reconstruct doses during the 22

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decommissioning period. We then looked at the 1 2 operational period in great detail. 3 The first meeting was on my birthday in 2010. I was lucky to be 21 years 4 5 old at the time. б (Laughter.) 7 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: And old enough to chair a Work Group. 8 9 MEMBER POSTON: Yes. So, as I said, there's no Site Profile available. 10 And only the Evaluation Report 11 was available. 12 And, as I recall, at that particular time SC&A 13 had only been instructed to read the 14 Evaluation Report. 15 The goal of this meeting, which 16

16 was a face-to-face meeting, was to consider 17 the issues that were in people's minds about 18 this particular site and get some action in 19 terms of discussing those and so forth.

20 So in our discussion, we generated 21 a lot of issues. And those resulted in the 22 generation of White Papers which were prepared

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1 by NIOSH and reviewed by SC&A.

2 Here are some of the issues. The 3 volatility of the organic coolant/moderator was in guestion. We were concerned about the 4 tritium to carbon-14 ratio. We were concerned 5 б about the exposure of workers during 7 maintenance.

potential for carryover 8 The of nitrogen-16 from the reactor into the turbine 9 10 generator was also discussed; the availability of bioassay data; the records on activity, air 11 12 activitv levels in the facility; and consideration of neutron dose to the workers. 13 So those were basically the issues that we 14 15 were going to explore as the Working Group.

16 The two major reports that were 17 issued were these: NIOSH White Paper on 18 tritium and carbon-14 and then a second paper 19 in March of 2011 on neutron exposures at the 20 Piqua reactor.

21 Some of the other issues were 22 dismissed relatively easily. For example, the

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1 nitrogen-16 carryover to the turbine. The reactor was on one side of the river. 2 The 3 turbine was on the other side of the river. And the steam is transported under the river 4 to the turbine. Nitrogen-16 has a 5 short б half-life. So it decays pretty quickly and 7 was not really a concern to exposing the workers around the reactor because the turbine 8 9 was not anywhere near the reactor.

We had a second meeting in April of `11. We had an opportunity to discuss these White Papers with the NIOSH folks as well as the responses to those White Papers prepared by SC&A.

15 concluded that many of We the 16 issues raised during the initial meeting had no real impact on NIOSH's approach to dose 17 And the Working Group agreed 18 reconstruction. 19 that all of the concerns, after our 20 discussion, all of the concerns, that had been raised in the first meeting had been addressed 21 22 sufficiently.

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1 So the Working Group voted 2 unanimously to accept the NIOSH position that 3 dose reconstruction was feasible during the operational period. 4 And so it was our recommendation that the SEC Petition for the 5 б operational period should be denied.

7 I think that concludes my
8 presentation. I would be happy to address any
9 comments or if Bill or Phil have anything they
10 would like to say.

11 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: No? Okay.
12 Anybody, Board Members, with questions?

13 (No response.)

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14 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Quiet group 15 today. Does NIOSH have anything to add? 16 First, David. I guess, David, you had a 17 question.

18 MEMBER RICHARDSON: Could you talk 19 a little bit more about potential for tritium 20 exposure and the availability of tritium 21 bioassay data?

22 MEMBER POSTON: I can talk about

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1 the first one. Remember, this is an 2 organically cooled reactor. And when the 3 temperature in the reactor gets below 300 basically everything turns 4 degrees, to а solid. And so it was concluded that both the 5 б tritium and the carbon-14 were bound up in the 7 moderator and were not available, as they might have been if they were tritium gas or 8 CO2. 9

10 The other situation was that the 11 reactor was refueled during operation. So it 12 was not the traditional taking off the head of 13 the reactor and replacing the fuel.

14 So, even that operation, refueling 15 the reactor, was not considered to be a 16 situation in which people were being exposed 17 to those materials.

I just briefly 18 MEMBER RICHARDSON: 19 note that there were issues related to 20 crumpled fuel elements, weren't there, like buckling or cracking of --21

22 MEMBER POSTON: Yes.

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1 MEMBER RICHARDSON: So would that 2 be a situation in which there would be 3 intakes?

Well. 4 MEMBER POSTON: aqain because of the refuel while the reactor was 5 б online, it's my understanding -- and I could 7 be corrected, but my understanding is that the fuel elements really don't come out of the 8 They're simply moved to another 9 reactor. 10 location. So they're not available.

Again, not the traditional kind of thing, where in a pressurized water reactor, boiling water reactor, you move the fuel to a fuel pool, which is separate from the reactor. But I don't know if Charlie or Jim wants to comment on that. I'm a little bit

17 weak on that.

DR. NETON: I don't believe they actually refueled the reactor. I think the problem surfaced early enough where they shut the reactor down because of this buckling problem. And then when they started to take

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1 it apart during the decommissioning period,
2 that's when we said we couldn't reconstruct
3 doses, because they were actually in there
4 with the core exposed.

MEMBER RICHARDSON: Maybe I just 5 б need kind of help in thinking about the 7 configuration. Ι mean, they found the problem. The fuel rods had buckled when they 8 9 began to take it apart.

10 DR. NETON: Right.

11 MEMBER RICHARDSON: But if you 12 were working around the reactor and you had 13 broken fuel rods, the reactor --

DR. NETON: Okay. There's a little more to the scenario. I think what we said was that we could bound the ambient airborne exposure in the facility, based on the air-monitoring program that was in place.

19 There were CAM alarms that were 20 set to go off at one maximum permissible 21 concentration in air, one MPC. And we had 22 statements from workers that said they never

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1 alarmed, you know, they were set to go off.

2 So then we picked the most 3 limiting radionuclide dosimetrically at one MPC that would bound those exposures. 4 But there was some concern on SC&A's part that 5 б tritium and carbon-14 could be in qaseous 7 form, and they may not be in the same ratios in the air as they would have existed in the 8 coolant. 9

10 But then once we demonstrated that as soon as there was any kind of a coolant 11 leak, it would have just solidified, it would 12 13 not release it, it was accepted that the ratio of tritium in the reactor circulating coolant 14 15 was a good value. We're using the ratio of 16 tritium and carbon-14 in the coolant to the overall isotopic mix to bound the exposures in 17 18 air.

MEMBER POSTON: You can think of these as basically freezing up. When they get below 300 degrees, they just freeze. They become a solid. And this is common to many of

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the molten salts and other kinds of reactors. 1 2 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Any other 3 questions? Any further comment from NIOSH? (No response.) 4 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: So I think this 5 б is the Work Group recommendation. Correct, John? 7 MEMBER POSTON: 8 Yes. CHAIRMAN MELIUS: 9 So it is а 10 motion. And do we have a second? MEMBER MUNN: Second. 11 12 (Simultaneous speaking.) 13 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: This is an 14 earlier petition. So it's right before, so to 15 speak. And that was reviewed. 16 Do you have the timeline up there? 17 DR. NETON: presented We the petition at the October 2009 meeting. 18 19 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Meeting, yes. And the petitioner does not want to address 20 this, if that was your question. 21 22 MEMBER FIELD: Yes.

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CHAIRMAN MELIUS: I missed the ER 1 2 on the petition. Okay. So we have a second. 3 Okay. Any further discussion or questions? 4 (No response.) CHAIRMAN MELIUS: If not, Ted, go 5 б ahead. 7 MR. KATZ: Okay. And with roll, I'll also name the Members that are missing 8 because they may have joined the phone call 9 10 since. So, Dr. Anderson? MEMBER ANDERSON: Yes. 11 12 MR. KATZ: Ms. Beach? 13 MEMBER BEACH: Yes. MR. KATZ: Mr. Clawson? 14 MEMBER CLAWSON: Yes. 15 16 MR. KATZ: Dr. Field? MEMBER FIELD: Yes. 17 MR. KATZ: Mike Gibson, are you on 18 19 the line? Okay, I'll continue on. Mr. Griffon? 20 MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes. 21 MR. KATZ: Dr. Lemen? 22 MEMBER LEMEN: Yes.

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1	MR. KATZ: Dr. Melius?
2	MEMBER MELIUS: Yes.
3	MR. KATZ: Ms. Munn?
4	MEMBER MUNN: Yes.
5	MR. KATZ: Dr. Poston?
6	MEMBER POSTON: Yes.
7	MR. KATZ: Bob Presley, are you on
8	the line? Okay, I'll continue on. Dr.
9	Richardson?
10	MEMBER RICHARDSON: Yes.
11	MR. KATZ: Dr. Roessler?
12	MEMBER ROESSLER: Yes.
13	MR. KATZ: Mr. Schofield?
14	MEMBER SCHOFIELD: Yes.
15	MR. KATZ: And Mr. Ziemer?
16	MEMBER ZIEMER: Yes.
17	MR. KATZ: So it's unanimous. The
18	motion passes. I will collect votes from the
19	absentee Members subsequently.
20	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: And I would just
21	like to thank essentially the Work Group and
22	NIOSH, SC&A. I thought it was a very good,

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1 focused review on this issue, a little 2 different than our other issues and done very 3 well.

Okay. Our next agenda item in
terms of SECs is not until 4:15. And that is
scheduled. We believe we have a petitioner
who may want to comment on that.

8 So we have a Board work session 9 now. And I know, Ted, you need to do some 10 things.

11 MR. KATZ: Thank you, Jim.

12 So at the teleconference on July 13 11th, we had an SEC petition for us for GE 14 Evendale and voted to approve that petition 15 and NIOSH's recommendation to add that Class.

16 There were four Board Members And so it is the tradition of this 17 absent. Board to record the votes of the absentee 18 19 Members. And it was Dr. Lemen, Mr. Gibson, Mr. Griffon, and Dr. Poston were absent. 20 And they all voted in favor to add that Class by 21 So it was unanimous, the entire 22 July 20th.

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1 Board.

2 Thank you. 3 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Why don't we Subcommittee 4 start on our and Work Group Mark, do you have any preference on 5 reports? dealing with the case selection and so forth б or would you rather wait and hold that off 7 until tomorrow or do we -- okay. Okay. 8 So 9 I'm trying to see what we can get accomplished 10 here now and do that. 11 I would note that on the annotated 12 agenda, Ted does have some suggested dates for 13 future meetings. I would just ask people to their calendars. We'll 14 check do that 15 But just tonight or whenever or tomorrow. 16 tomorrow, check out those dates so we're ready 17 when we do talk about that tomorrow and do that. 18 19 Okay. Wanda, the Procedures Work

21 MEMBER MUNN: Thank you,

Group, since Mark deferred?

22 believe.

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1 The Procedures Work Group had a 2 hiatus of a couple of months prior to its last 3 meeting. We met in mid-July, on the 14th, 4 with a fairly full agenda, as usual.

revisions to our electronic 5 Our б database had been for the most part completed. 7 We used it extensively and worked fairly There are one or two points that we 8 well. need to revise and expand a little bit, but, 9 10 all in all, it is looking better and is 11 operating fairly smoothly.

I think most of us were pleased with it. We have one more session where we expect some of the additions that we had asked for to be incorporated. And then I think we will be in good shape.

We spent a significant amount of time discussing the outstanding issues with Norton Company, which you will hear about tomorrow at that prescribed time. And we had a considerable number of carryover items from our preceding meeting, which were addressed,

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one or two action items closed, but many of them still in process and will be carried over to our upcoming meeting next month, which is scheduled for September -- I have to look it up to see myself -- the 19th. Monday, the 19th of September will be our next meeting.

We have a great deal of work to do 7 yet on our two-pagers. A part of that is the 8 fault of the Chair of the Committee, who had 9 not completed her responsibilities in getting 10 all of those current two-page summaries out to 11 12 the Committee for the Subcommittee's approval 13 before we bring it to you. That will, with any luck at all, occur in the immediately 14 15 foreseeable future.

Other than that, I believe we havecovered it reasonably well.

18 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Very good. Any 19 Board Members have questions for Wanda or any 20 of the other Work Group Members have comments?

21 (No response.)

22 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Next on

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1 my list is Brookhaven.

2	MEMBER BEACH: I don't have
3	anything new to report for Brookhaven, other
4	than what I reported last July. The Work
5	Group is still awaiting NIOSH's work to be
6	completed, and we will report as soon as we
7	have that.
8	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Do you have an
9	expected date for that?
10	MEMBER BEACH: At this time I
11	don't, no. I checked with Grady last week,
12	and they're still struggling with dates. So I
13	don't.
14	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Stu or Jim,
15	could you enlighten us?
16	MR. HINNEFELD: Well, I can say
17	that we feel the pressure of this. I was
18	hoping to find a date on our schedule, but
19	it's not there. It seems likely that we will
20	come forward with an 83.14 action of some sort
21	to extend the Class that has already been
22	proposed, just because of the state of the

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1 records we're encountering there.

2 So it's likely that that is what 3 is going to happen. And I think the issue is kind of deciding on an end period for them. 4 That is what is causing the delay in the work. 5 б So I don't have anything to offer 7 now. We can try to be in communication before the teleconference with the Work Group and 8 whoever you like to make sure we see what we 9 10 can come up with in terms of deliveries. Well, a mandate 11 MEMBER BEACH: 12 will be important to the Work Group, depending 13 on where it ends up. So we may have more work 14 to do, and we may not. 15 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Yes. So 16 if had update before the you an teleconference, then, if needed, for another 17 Work Group meeting? 18 19 Fernald we're going to hear from tomorrow with Brad. Hanford we will also hear 20 from tomorrow. With that, Idaho? 21 Phil? 22 MEMBER SCHOFIELD: We met on June

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21st, got quite a bit accomplished there. 1 2 Both NIOSH and SC&A have issues on some of the 3 matrix items to work on. Then once those are done, we will schedule another meeting. 4 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. I forget 5 the official name of this, but I have it on my б list as the "K-25 et al. Work Group." 7 Ι didn't bring my official list. 8 9 SCHOFIELD: MEMBER Gaseous 10 Diffusion Plants? 11 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. 12 SCHOFIELD: MEMBER We have 13 actually gone through all three of them now. So there are outstanding issues on all three 14 15 of them. And hopefully we can get them all 16 combined and at the next meeting get through those So, lot 17 issues. а has been accomplished. 18 19 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Work Group, do you have another meeting scheduled or --20 21 MEMBER SCHOFIELD: Not yet.

22 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Not yet? Okay.

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1 Lawrence Berkeley? Bill? Excuse 2 Bill's conflicted. I've got that. me. Paul? 3 MEMBER ZIEMER: Nothing to report 4 on Lawrence Berkeley. Gen? CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Linde? 5 б MEMBER ROESSLER: The Linde Work 7 Group met August 15th. This was the 14th meeting of the Work Group, the first one to 8 discuss SEC Petition 00154, which calls for 9 10 adding all employees who worked in any area at Linde Ceramics from November 1st, 1947 through 11 12 December 31st, 1953. 13 The Work Group, NIOSH, and SC&A 14 discussed NIOSH's revised TBD, which was 15 posted on July 15th, 2011. 16 SEC had questions about a table and an attachment in the new TBD. They hadn't 17

really had a chance to look at it much before the meeting. Their questions dealt with raffinates, specifically the method used to determine the uranium progeny ratios. NIOSH presented the ER for this SEC period, and SC&A

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1 presented its review.

2 Three issues dealt with 3 worker-identified concerns and three with SC&A-identified concerns. 4 Although SC&A agreed that NIOSH's approach to bounding all 5 dose scenarios is valid, questions still exist б 7 with one Work Group Member and the Linde to whether any contaminated 8 petitioner as tunnels were present during this SEC period. 9 10 It was agreed that this is not an but, 11 SEC issue rather, dose а TBD or 12 reconstruction issue. Nevertheless -- and you

14 lot before -- we decided that this question 15 deserved further evaluation.

know that we have discussed tunnels at Linde a

16 Also, because Work Group one Member was not present for the deliberation, 17 it was decided that the Work Group would hold 18 19 another meeting by teleconference in late October and plan to report its recommendations 20 on this SEC to the Board at the December 21 22 meeting in Tampa.

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To take care of all of the remaining questions, SC&A was tasked with the following, and they are going to report to the Work Group by the teleconference:

Number SC&A is 5 one, qoinq to 6 review the new TBD to see if there's anything new in it that would relate to an SEC-00154 7 They had not had a chance to do that. 8 issue. So they'll do that. 9

10 Number two, study some supporting 11 data for a table in an attachment in the TBD 12 where they had questions to determine if the 13 uranium progeny data ratios developed by NIOSH 14 are scientifically based and applied in a 15 sound manner.

16 And then, number three, look at all the drawings, documents, 17 and correspondence with regard to the utility 18 19 tunnels to determine when, which tunnels were 20 built, how the tunnel exposures were assigned in different time periods, and when and where 21 the soil might have been contaminated with 22

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1 radium-226.

2 So we will then talk about those 3 issues and meet in late October. And we haven't scheduled the meeting yet. 4 5 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Thank б you. Any other Work Group Members have 7 questions or Work Group Members have comments 8 on that? 9 10 (No response.) 11 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Very thorough 12 Thanks. report. 13 You're up. Los Alamos? I was going to draft LaVon, but I guess you took him 14 off the hook. 15 16 MEMBER GRIFFON: Los Alamos. Ι don't have any update from the last meeting's 17 18 update. 19 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Mound, Josie? 20 MEMBER BEACH: For Mound, our last 21 Work Group meeting was a teleconference on May 22

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13th. And our last face-to-face meeting was
 in January, the 5th and 6th. At the
 teleconference, we went over the radon issue.

four items left 4 We have to complete for this Work Group. 5 And we are б waiting still for the radon paper, and I don't have an end date for that. Maybe Stu can give 7 us an update on that. 8

The last one that NIOSH has got is 9 Once that is in our 10 the tritium swipe data. hands, we have sent out some dates for early 11 12 to mid-November. And I think we're getting 13 close to having a date for our next Work Group 14 meeting. And I'm hoping to report out at the 15 December meeting in Tampa for Mound, on 16 probably all of the issues except the very last one, "data adequacy and completeness." 17 That may take us a little more time than 18 19 December.

20 And, oh, the tritium data is due 21 September 5th. So we're hoping to have that, 22 right? I know that's been pushed back a

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couple of times. So hopefully that end date 1 2 is going to be a good date for us. 3 MR. HINNEFELD: Yes. We think that is a pretty good date on the tritium. 4 5 You know, it's wrapping up internally. б Did you ask about a radon? That is an internal as well. 7 I mean, there is a product now that's going on internal review. 8 we're getting close to both of 9 them, So 10 kicking both of them out. MEMBER BEACH: So November 7th. 11 12 MR. HINNEFELD: Yes. I think we 13 should be on schedule for doing that. 14 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: And there are 15 also some Class Definition issues? 16 MEMBER BEACH: That is the radon. 17 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Radon issue. That's what I thought. I just wanted 18 Okay. 19 to make sure it was the same, same issue. 20 Anyone have questions for Josie or Work Okay. Group Members have comments? 21

22 (No response.)

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1 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Pantex we'll hear from on Friday -- or, excuse me, 2 3 Thursday. I hope we're still not hearing from it on Friday. 4 5 Pinellas? Phil? б MEMBER SCHOFIELD: Everything except the medical TBD has been updated and 7 signed off. We're still waiting for a 8 signature on that. And we will schedule a 9 10 Work Group meeting on it. The SEC that has been filed for it was denied at this point, 11 SEC Petition. 12 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: So will that be 13 14 completed and ready for -- we'll be in Tampa 15 in December. 16 MEMBER SCHOFIELD: Yes. 17 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Good. Anybody have questions for Phil or comments? 18

19 NIOSH have any comments?

20 MR. KATZ: Yes. I have a

21 question.

22 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes?

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1 MR. KATZ: Because I don't know. 2 Phil, maybe you could remind me or Joe. So we 3 have updated TBDs, is that what you're saying? MEMBER SCHOFIELD: Yes, all except 4 5 for the medical. б MR. KATZ: Okay. 7 MEMBER SCHOFIELD: Once it's signed off, we'll send those out to everybody 8 with updates. 9 So, then, the 10 MR. KATZ: Okay. other t we need to cross is to have SC&A look 11 12 at the updates in preparation for that. That 13 would be nice to get that done so that we can 14 have a really productive Work Group meeting 15 there. 16 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Good. Okay. Mark? Rocky Flats? 17 18 MEMBER GRIFFON: No update, no 19 meetings have occurred between the last 20 We are tentatively planning a Work meeting. Group meeting, probably toward the end of 21 September, to pick up the Site Profile issues 22

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1 that remain.

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2	And also hopefully, given DOL's
3	presence here today, we can at least update.
4	I know the petitioner is very interested in
5	this implementation of a Class that's
6	established. So we'll have those two topics
7	on the next agenda.
8	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Good. Any
9	questions for Mark?
10	(No response.)
11	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Santa
12	Susana. Mike's not here.
13	Savannah River we will hear about
14	tomorrow, an update. SEC Issues, there's
15	nothing since the last meeting.
16	TBD-6000, Paul?
17	MEMBER ZIEMER: The main focus of
18	TBD-6000 right now is on General Steel
19	Industries. We received earlier this month
20	from NIOSH a White Paper dealing with the
21	radiography sources and the portable X-ray
22	radiography sources and the cobalt. And that

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is radium, X-ray and cobalt radiography
 sources.

3 The contractor, SC&A, has been already tasked to review that White Paper. 4 And SC&A has a target date for delivering 5 their review to 6 us on September 12th, I believe is the date I have, Joe. 7 I think that is still on target. 8

And then we are scheduled to meet 9 10 on September 22nd to review the issues relating to that White Paper, both as they 11 pertain to the SEC Petition as well as to the 12 main document itself on sort of the equivalent 13 of a Site Profile for GSI. 14

15 Also on the docket is a second 16 White Paper, which will focus mainly on the 17 exposures from the betatrons at that facility. White Paper is scheduled 18 And that for 19 completion by NIOSH at the end of December. And then we'll have to have a review of that 20 as well by our contractor. 21

22 So the bottom line is, right now

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the General Steel Industries' petition is
 stretched out, as it were, until into
 certainly the early part of next year.

4 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: February meeting 5 or after.

6 MEMBER ZIEMER: Well, if we get that paper, which is scheduled for December 7 And the Chair does not plan to spend 8 30th. New Year's Day reading it. So I believe that 9 10 if the Board's contractor is able to jump on 11 that early in January, by mid-January, 12 hopefully, we'll have a response. And then 13 we'll be into early February for a meeting, I 14 would guess.

15 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. I would
16 hope the Board's contractor would start to
17 work immediately on January 1st.

MEMBER ZIEMER: Well, we don't want them to work on January 1st. Their rates are high enough without the overtime.

21 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: I don't remember 22 seeing that in the contract. What's this

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about overtime? 1

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(Laughter.) 3 MR. KATZ: Paul, I thought I heard you say September 22nd, but the meeting is 4 5 September 20th. б MEMBER ZIEMER: I will try to show up earlier, then. 7 (Laughter.) 8 ZIEMER: confirm 9 Let MEMBER me my calendar here very 10 that as I boot up quickly. September 20th is the correct date. 11 12 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Any comments 13 from Work Group Members or questions from Board Members on that? 14 15 (No response.) 16 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Thanks. TBD-6001? 17 MEMBER ANDERSON: Tomorrow we will 18 19 be sharing our recommendations on the Hooker 20 SEC. We have other SEC is one that progressing along, and that is Electromet. 21 We had 22 sent the letter DOE asking for to

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information they might have on the volume of
 uranium process there as well.

3 Questions raised about were After considerable waiting, we did 4 thorium. get a letter back from them the end of July 5 indicating they really couldn't give us an б estimate of the amount of uranium ore that 7 was processed there. There is evidence it was 8 processed there. So it remains a site. 9

10 And there is no indication that 11 thorium was used there, but an exposure to 12 thorium from the ore, since the ore came from 13 the Belgian Congo, is an option.

14 So NIOSH on the basis of this is 15 now re-looking at their approach to dose 16 reconstruction and maybe giving us a new set 17 of recommendations for how to handle the SEC.

We're hoping to get that back by the end of October, first part of November, I think, in time for us to meet before the next Board meeting to try to bring that one to a close.

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1 We have, I think, three other, 2 four, was it? Three other TBDs and Site 3 Profiles that we're working United on, We've spent a fair amount of time 4 Nuclear. identifying the matrix and issues. 5

6 We're also working on DuPont 7 Deepwater as well as Baker-Perkins. Those are 8 chugging along, but we haven't spent as much 9 time on them on them because we wanted to 10 close out the SEC.

11 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Good. Thank you. 12 Are we still on, NIOSH still on, target for 13 October, November? Jim Neton's nodding his 14 head.

15 MEMBER ANDERSON: We just met last 16 week. We spent the time getting ready for 17 this meeting.

18 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Anybody19 have questions or comments on that?

20 (No response.)

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21 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Weldon Spring,

22 we have a -- Mike is not here.

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1 MR. KATZ: Yes. Mike is the 2 Chair. He's not here. But we have a meeting 3 set for September 13th, Work Group meeting. CHAIRMAN MELIUS: 4 Okay. MEMBER LEMEN: I could add that we 5 б have received the SC&A reports for Weldon 7 Spring, and there'll be a discussion there for the meeting on the 13th. 8 9 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: And according to the NIOSH update, NIOSH has two reports due 10 for completion in early next month on Weldon 11 12 Spring. Yes. Okay. 13 MR. HINNEFELD: We went through 14 our project plan for the second one of these. 15 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. 16 MR. HINNEFELD: You remember we sent out one and we sent a revision. 17 18 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. 19 MR. HINNEFELD: For the second one 20 of these, we went through our project plan and tried to get it as up to date as we could 21 22 based on our current project plan. Those

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dates were subject to interference and things 1 2 like that, but we tried to hit those dates. 3 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Good. This time Jim didn't nod. He turned his head 4 towards you, Stu. Thanks. 5 б So Worker Outreach? Josie, did I 7 understand you --I prepared a 8 MEMBER BEACH: 9 report. 10 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Thank 11 you. 12 February of MEMBER BEACH: In 13 2011, SC&A was directed to pause work on the 14 Rocky Flats outreach pilot study. That's part 15 of our objective 3, where we started. Until 16 SC&A could meet with the Work Group and receive further direction, the work continued 17 other tasks assigned to SC&A by the Work 18 on 19 Group, and those included the issues resolution related to PR-12, updating the 20 issues matrix, and identification of sites 21 where worker outreach meetings had not been 22

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1 held.

2 A Work Group meeting was held on 3 June 29th, 2011, and we discussed the Rocky Flats outreach pilot study and the 4 issues 5 resolution status of PR-12. б During this Work Group meeting, the Work Group provided additional direction 7 for Rocky Flats, the outreach pilot study. 8 9 That's what SC&A was lacking to get them 10 started again. tasked SC&A with 11 And then we 12 preparing a sampling plan. The sampling plan 13 was prepared and distributed to the Work Group in preparation for a teleconference that we 14 15 held on July 28th, 2011. 16 SC&A at that time qiven was further direction by the Work Group on the 17 sampling approach and asked to revise 18 the 19 sampling plan. SC&A is currently working on 20 the revision of that sampling plan, which is expected to be submitted to the Work Group by 21 22 September 2nd. Once that revised sampling

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plan has been agreed upon, the Work Group will
 reactivate the work on Rocky Flats.

3 At this time there is no teleconference scheduled. So we'll have to 4 get with Mike and see if once we have that 5 б sampling plan, that it should just be a phone call -- or I quess we decided to do that by 7 email, so maybe it's just an email. 8

9 That's all I have.

10CHAIRMAN MELIUS:Any further11additions to that, comments?

12 (No response.)

13 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Mark, I14 think we're ready for you.

15 MEMBER GRIFFON: The DR 16 Subcommittee. I'll just briefly say we had a meeting in mid-July, and we focused on our 17 normal operations, which is to go through all 18 19 the cases that are in review. In addition to 20 discussion that, we had а on the NIOSH ten-year review report. 21

22 And, actually, I had an action

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1 items to produce a memo for the Subcommittee 2 to bring to this Board, which I was to 3 circulate to the Members prior this to meeting, none of which happened. 4 I haven't finished the memo, and I haven't circulated 5 б it.

But, just to add onto what Stu said earlier -- and I will get that to the full Board -- the idea was that we were to review the sections in the ten-year review plan, focusing on the dose reconstruction and quality assurance initiatives, since a lot of that has come up in our Subcommittee.

And one thing Stu correctly reports is that we did talk about the need to establish a baseline for the QA/QC analysis. And I think we had a couple of different options came out of the discussion.

19 So I know Stu mentioned one option 20 that they seemed to be pursuing, which is this 21 blind analysis. I think there was another one 22 that talked about doing cases a number of

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times, ten times with ten different people, to
 look at variability as a way to sort of assess
 the quality assurance problems.

So we have a number of things there. I think next up for the Subcommittee is to draft a memo and bring it back to this full Board, just for a discussion on the full Board.

9 I'm not sure it's a report that 10 would go anywhere, other than back to the full Board for discussion. And I think in most 11 12 it will be consistent with NIOSH's cases, 13 action plan or supportive of NIOSH's action I think that's our next -- we do want 14 plan. 15 to deliver that product to the Board.

16 Let's see. The other item, other than going through our normal caseload, was to 17 look at the next round of cases for selection 18 19 for SC&A. And in the handouts, we have a I don't know if everyone has 20 spreadsheet. looked at it yet. There are 50 cases on 21 22 there.

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1 And these cases, just as а 2 reminder, we went through a sort of triage 3 process on the Subcommittee. I think NIOSH gave us actually quite a large list this time. 4 I believe Stu may have the number, but I 5 б think it was a couple of hundred or 300, a 7 couple of hundred cases.

out of those, we did the 8 And normal process. We picked 50 cases. 9 And then 10 we asked NIOSH to go and get additional information on those cases, such as the last 11 12 columns in the spreadsheet, if you recall, are 13 whether they were done by best estimate, by overestimate, whether they included neutrons, 14 15 et cetera.

16 So this is the product to bring 17 back to the Board. And now as a full Board, 18 we would like to select out of those. It can 19 be all 50 if we want to take some out. And 20 this will be our final group that we task SC&A 21 with reviewing.

So if we want to start going down

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1 them in order? Jim, I don't know how you want 2 to proceed here.

3 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Why don't you 4 just go in order?

5 MEMBER GRIFFON: Go through the 6 list?

7 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. Paul, do 8 you have -- sure, go ahead.

9 MEMBER ZIEMER: Mark, I have two 10 questions. The first one, could you just --11 it's more of a request. Could you remind us 12 as to where we stand on blind reviews by our 13 contractor?

MEMBER GRIFFON: Right. That is another item, actually, that we did discuss at the last meeting. I believe we only tasked them with doing two blind reviews.

MEMBER ZIEMER: Right.
MEMBER GRIFFON: And they did both
of those reviews. And we discussed them. It
was at the last meeting, I believe. And at
this point -- and internally SC&A looked at

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them. They had two different individuals look
 at the cases.

One of them, one person, used the NIOSH procedures to go through and reconstruct the dose. The other person, whom you might guess, did more of a basically a hand, first principles, you know, went through and did a hand calculation.

sort of discussed 9 the And we 10 differences. There was quite а bit of variation in the final numbers 11 that they 12 produced, doing it that way by hand versus by 13 the NIOSH protocol.

What we haven't done is we haven't compared it to NIOSH's. NIOSH now has that, and they have taken that to compare. Is that right? I'm trying to recall. Yes. Stu, is that correct?

- 19 MR. HINNEFELD: That is my
- 20 recollection.

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- 21 MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes.
- 22 MR. HINNEFELD: We, in the last

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meeting, compared. And there were like the
 components of the doses --

3 MEMBER GRIFFON: Right. 4 MR. HINNEFELD: _ _ that were 5 broken out. We kind of compared. SC&A б actually did a really nice comparison. 7 MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes. MR. HINNEFELD: And our action was 8 to kind of go back and figure it out. 9 You 10 know, sitting there in the room we weren't really equipped to spend the time to explain 11 why SC&A came up with this number and we came 12 up with this other number. 13 14 MEMBER GRIFFON: Right. 15 MR. HINNEFELD: But that's the 16 kind of --17 MEMBER GRIFFON: That's the next 18 step we're going to take, yes. 19 MR. HINNEFELD: -- path we're going to follow on that. 20 21 MEMBER ZIEMER: Okay. Good. Ι

22 appreciate hearing that. And perhaps by our

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next meeting, you will be able to sort of
 report to the Board --

MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes. Hopefully.
MEMBER ZIEMER: -- not only what
the results are, but any recommendations you
have relating to that.

My second question is to ask whether or not -- I forget how many cases now we have completed and closed out. We're over 200 now, aren't we?

I'm really asking, are we in a position to give the Secretary a sort of a 200-case summary, sort of analogous to our 14 100-case? I don't know that there has been 15 any commitment to that, but I'm just raising 16 that.

17 It seems to me at some point we're 18 due to again report to the Secretary because, 19 in essence, what we are doing is to assess 20 whether or not dose reconstructions are 21 scientifically valid, in a sense.

22 And after, say, we had a report

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after the first 100 audits or cases, it seems to me we may be close to being due for another assessment. And do we conclude anything different or the same or what?

MEMBER GRIFFON: Right. 5 And I б don't know the count, but we're on the -- I don't know if we have reached two. 7 Did we reach 200 yet? I mean, we're on the ninth 8 set, and we're still closing out some findings 9 10 in the eighth and ninth set. I don't know if -- sometimes they have more than 20 per set, I 11 think. 12

13 MR. HINNEFELD: Right. I don't 14 have a count right now. I can have it later 15 on in the meeting.

16 MEMBER GRIFFON: Right.

17 (Simultaneous speaking.)

18 MR. HINNEFELD: Yes. Those
19 reports generally are summaries after the
20 conclusion of the resolutions.

21 MEMBER GRIFFON: Right.

22 MR. HINNEFELD: And, as Mark said,

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we're working on the ninth set. 1 The 10th, 2 11th, and 12th sets have all been delivered 3 and some of which Ι think some initial response has been made but not all. So by the 4 time we get through ninth, we might be at 200, 5 б but I don't have any --7 MEMBER ZIEMER: Or close. Yes, or close. 8 MEMBER GRIFFON: We are close. 9 10 MR. HINNEFELD: But we haven't resolved all ninth yet. 11 12 MEMBER GRIFFON: I mean, the other 13 thing I think we have discussed is that the Subcommittee is falling quite far behind SC&A. 14 15 And I think -- I note that one of the actions 16 for NIOSH was to look at sort of resource 17 management issues because I think one of the 18 dilemmas we have, it's not always the

19 Subcommittee is slowing things up. A lot of 20 times we don't have NIOSH responses to even 21 discuss. So have been putting we

22 meetings.

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And I know it's often because they have other commitments where the SEC -- you know, other work commitments. But at some point we would like to catch up on this backlog for a couple of key reasons, I think.

6 One, the most important, is that 7 we're looking at cases that NIOSH has already 8 changed a lot of their internal procedures. 9 So our comments are sort of commenting on the 10 past. And we would like to be at least sort 11 of where they are, especially relative to 12 QA/QC.

13 They have made a lot of changes in 14 how they handle that. And we're still looking 15 at some of the older cases. So we want to 16 keep things relevant.

MEMBER ZIEMER: And I understand that. And, in fact, you know, the ten-year review raised the issue of why NIOSH didn't find some of the issues that were raised by our contractor. But I think we have to be careful not to lose sight of why we're doing

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this to start with and not focus on those individual findings that somebody did this with the wrong worksheet or something and say, "Are we accomplishing what the Secretary has asked us to accomplish?"

6 And that is, to do dose reconstruction in a scientifically defendable 7 way and make sure we are answering the big 8 9 question beyond the little details. So I just 10 sort of want to keep us focused on that, if I can take the liberty to do that. 11

MEMBER GRIFFON: We will at least discuss that at the next Subcommittee and see where we're at with the cases. And I think it's a good point. So we should discuss it more at the Subcommittee to see if it makes sense to do a report.

I mean, I think you are probably right that that might be a good benchmark. I want to look at maybe some of the details of --

MEMBER ZIEMER: Well, you and I

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discussed what the big question is ultimately. 1 2 MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes. 3 MEMBER ZIEMER: And that is the hard question to answer. 4 5 MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes. б MEMBER ZIEMER: It's easy to tabulate little errors that have been made 7 along the way. It's harder to answer the big 8 9 question. But I think we have to struggle 10 with it. CHAIRMAN MELIUS: I would just add 11 12 that I think the -- maybe after this set of Case selection, maybe we want to --13 cases. 14 you know, before we do another set, to sort of 15 step back a little bit, see where we are. 16 It'll be a while before we even get this set resolved, so to speak --17 MEMBER ZIEMER: Right, right. 18 19 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: -- a period of And is there some different -- we 20 time. really sort of stayed with the same focus 21 since we started, initially started, 22 and I

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1 think there have been adjustments also along 2 the way in terms of case selection, some, I 3 think, in terms of the way the reviews are 4 done.

Maybe it is also time to sort of 5 б think about that, particularly where NIOSH is 7 going through the ten-year review, they're making some adjustments. And I think over all 8 of this, that we also have this sort of issue 9 10 of resource management with lots of competing priorities to deal with. And I think this is 11 12 one of our key functions.

13 So I don't think it should be a 14 low priority or a lower priority, but I think 15 we need to think of some way that we could 16 make this a better process, also based on that 17 experience.

And I think it's hard. As Mark said, I would hate to try to do a 200 report and leave out what probably may be the more difficult cases to resolve in the eighth and ninth set, simply because they just take more

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effort and so forth. So I don't think there's any easy answer here, but it's something to think about and something, actually, maybe for the Subcommittee, who is closer to this, to think about and report back at the next meeting.

Any other Board Members have more
general -- I'm sorry, Wanda. Go ahead.

When we think about 9 MEMBER MUNN: 10 weighing priorities appropriately, it would be wise, I think, to pay special attention to 11 12 Mark's comment about incorporating current 13 practices, more current practices, in any 14 report that we send to the Secretary. It is 15 difficult to see how much value could be 16 placed on actions that were taking place four years ago, as opposed to how we are doing 17 things more recently. 18 And that piece of 19 information is key to identifying what changes 20 have transpired.

21 If we have no real emphasis on 22 current or more current actions, then we're

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simply reporting: "Meanwhile, six years ago,
 this is what happened."

3 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. Yes, we4 agree.

5 MEMBER GRIFFON: I think that is a 6 valid point, although I think a lot of cases 7 were dispositioned under those previous 8 methods, so I don't think we should just 9 dismiss that. I mean, you know.

10 MEMBER MUNN: Oh, no. I wasn't 11 suggesting that we ignore previous activities. 12 I am just saying that --

13 MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes.

14 MEMBER MUNN: -- without 15 incorporating more current activities, then 16 there really is no depth of evaluation between 17 our original report and the one upcoming.

18 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Case selection.
19 MEMBER GRIFFON: Case selection.
20 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: We might want to
21 take a couple of minutes and look through. I
22 think the question is more, it's about what

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the Subcommittee has selected and people have objections or I guess more by elimination than by -- it may be more efficient than looking at it by selecting, you know, reselecting among these.

6 If there are some that shouldn't 7 be in there or one has questions about it, why 8 don't we all take five minutes or so, look 9 through and see if that process will work?

10 MEMBER **GRIFFON:** And, aqain, I should say that this Subcommittee preselected, 11 meaning that we didn't have the last three 12 13 columns of information. So sometimes something may look like it was a best estimate 14 15 and we thought it was an interesting case for 16 that reason. But then when we get this detail, it turns out it was a site-wide model 17 18 whatever, SO it might not be or as 19 interesting.

20 So all of the information is there 21 now. So we should look it over.

22 MR. KATZ: And also, Board

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Members, just keep in mind as well your sites
 for which you are conflicted. Of course, you
 won't want to speak to those cases.

4 MEMBER GRIFFON: I think the idea 5 was, they can probably - we're a little behind 6 on tasking them with cases, so they can take 7 as many as we can get out of this 50.

8 The one thing I can add in our 9 preselection, we did try to emphasize a little 10 more on the 1980s and 1990s, because, in 11 looking at our summary statistics that the 12 SC&A group put together, we realized that we 13 were lacking quite a bit in that.

You know, we intended to focus on a lot of the cases, but a lot of years were from the '50s and the '60s. We didn't have as many cases from the '80s and '90s. So that's why some of these are on there.

MEMBER ZIEMER: I don't see many 20 '80s and '90s on there.

21 MEMBER GRIFFON: Not that many,22 but more than in the past, I think.

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1 MEMBER ZIEMER: I only see one or 2 two. 3 MEMBER ANDERSON: A few '70s. 4 MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes. There's three at least, four. 5 б MEMBER MUNN: So many of these 7 people had such a long --MEMBER GRIFFON: 8 Yes. 9 -- period MEMBER MUNN: of 10 employment. Remember that decade is just when 11 they started. 12 MEMBER ANDERSON: Just a quick 13 question. For number 44, is that PoC of one? 14 Is that correct? 15 MEMBER GRIFFON: That is correct. 16 Actually, it's 1.01. 17 (Laughter.) CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes? Go ahead. 18 19 MEMBER GRIFFON: The reason we 20 selected that was the facility, really, I think. It's probably one size fits all. 21 22 MEMBER ANDERSON: Just say it was

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1 full internal and external.

2	MR. KATZ: I was going to say for
3	everyone, when you talk about these cases or
4	have questions about them, whatever, we have
5	to be careful because you have enough pieces
б	of information that you actually have more
7	than the Privacy Act would cover to be spoken.
8	So the way to do it, I think, is
9	to just refer your fellow Board Members to the
10	page number and then the number on the left,
11	the first number, the identifier number, so
12	that you can direct your fellow Board Members
13	to the right case. And then just be
14	circumspect about how much you say about the
15	details on the other columns. Thanks.
16	MEMBER ZIEMER: Mark, I gather
17	from the previous question that the
18	Subcommittee has already looked over all of
19	the facilities here and matched them against

20 sort of our original targets on numbers. So
21 these fit in correctly with, you know, what
22 sites haven't we looked at enough or which

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ones have we looked at too much. So the --1 2 MEMBER GRIFFON: I mean, for 3 instance, even though you see Savannah River, a number of Savannah River cases again --4 MEMBER ZIEMER: It's a big site. 5 MEMBER GRIFFON: б It's a big site, a lot of claims. 7 MEMBER ZIEMER: Right. 8 So you have addressed all of those? 9 10 MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes. 11 MEMBER ZIEMER: And the same question on types of cancers. We're making 12 13 sure we cover those. 14 MEMBER GRIFFON: Right. And we 15 did. You know, like I said, we did. I know 16 there aren't that many, but I think I counted four that are in the '80s or '90s. And there 17 just aren't as many that are available to pick 18 19 from. But we did try to focus on that. 20 of And then, some these very unique facilities, in most cases we only want 21 to do probably one claim, especially where 22

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there's usually a site-wide model or a one-size-fits- all approach. We figured, even if the PoC is very low, at least we're reviewing the site.

Can I just add 5 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: б back to the earlier comment about some of 7 these may have become SECs or could become? I don't think necessarily have 8 we enough 9 information, probably because some of these 10 SECs we're going to be discussing in the next 11 two days.

And so, I mean, I think can we sort of agree to leave it to the Work Group Chair to work to identify and if there are some that don't make sense to review to handle accordingly.

MEMBER GRIFFON: We have done thatin the past.

19CHAIRMAN MELIUS:Yes.And I20think that is, rather than us try to guess21who, which ones should or if there's --

22 MEMBER ANDERSON: Do we refill it,

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1 then, or no?

2 MEMBER GRIFFON: Usually not, 3 because there are enough cases. CHAIRMAN MELIUS: 4 There are enough I don't --5 cases, yes. б MEMBER ANDERSON: Yes. But I will work 7 MEMBER GRIFFON: with Stu. We have done this in the past where 8 9 if we identify one that falls into an SEC, he 10 will let me know. And then we can decide whether to include it or not. 11 In some cases, 12 it may be useful to include it because you can 13 still do the partial dose reconstruction. CHAIRMAN MELIUS: 14 That is what I 15 was going to say. I reviewed one that was 16 like that. 17 MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes, yes. it. 18 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: And was 19 actually, I thought, a helpful review --20 MEMBER GRIFFON: Right. CHAIRMAN MELIUS: -- or I should 21 22 say maybe appropriate review.

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MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes. And I think
 it --

3 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: I don't know if4 NIOSH found it helpful.

5 MEMBER GRIFFON: I think in some 6 cases for Rocky Flats even, I think we had put 7 a few and you -- I think it's in this set that 8 we did select one that would have been a 9 partial, you know, didn't fit into the SEC 10 years but it would have been a partial dose 11 reconstruction.

12 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Anybody else 13 have questions on --

14 MEMBER CLAWSON: I've got a 15 question for you. On the Hanford site, is 16 Pacific Northwest Labs covered under the 17 Hanford site?

I thought I heard something that it was trying to be separated out. I was just wondering if they were one and the same.

21 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Stu, we have 22 been discussing that issue.

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1 MR. HINNEFELD: I can tell you our 2 perspective on that right now is that it 3 appears to us that PNNL or Battelle is one of 4 several contractors who work on Hanford. They 5 also work off Hanford.

6 So it would seem to us that -- and 7 someone who was a PNNLemployee who was working on Hanford, it would seem to us that 8 that is a Hanford claim. And if they worked 9 10 at the PNNL facilities which are not on Hanford, which we understand is a fairly 11 12 recent acquisition in the history of the 13 program, that that would then be a PNNL thing. 14 I mean, that to us makes sense.

15 Т don't think things have been 16 done that way up to now. And so chances are, 17 for someone who has been categorized as a PNNL employee up to now, whether they worked on the 18 19 Hanford site or whatever, chances are they may 20 have been referred as PNNL. And so they would appear in our database as a PNNL employee. 21

22 So I think, to get back to this

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list of employees, someone on here who is
 identified as a PNNL employee could very well
 have worked on the Hanford facility.

4 MEMBER CLAWSON: Being on the 5 Hanford Work Group, I've seen us going back 6 and forth. I know that some of these were 7 covered under the earlier SEC, so I was just 8 wondering how that worked.

9 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Any other 10 comments or questions?

MEMBER GRIFFON: Or any that you recommend dropping --

13 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes.

MEMBER GRIFFON: -- off this list?
Do you want to go down them one at a time,
Jim, or you don't?

17 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: I don't think
18 that is --

MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes. I mean, I have a question maybe for Stu here. It's case number 367. And the question I have is, it says for -- do you have that? It's line 40 in

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1 the spreadsheet.

2	MR. HINNEFELD: Yes.
3	MEMBER GRIFFON: And the question
4	I have is it says, "X-ray only" and then
5	"partial estimate." In the "Internal" column,
6	it says, "Partial estimate for site TBD SEC,
7	not reconstructed."
8	So I think it means that all you
9	did on this case was X-rays, no internal dose
10	because of the SEC. The SEC said we couldn't
11	do internal, right?
12	MR. HINNEFELD: Yes. If I am not
13	mistaken, I am not exactly sure what the
14	entirety of the partial approach is for the
15	Los Alamos.
16	MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes. Neither am
17	I.
18	MR. HINNEFELD: I'm not entirely
19	sure. It sounds as if this person may not
20	have we may not have gotten an exposure
21	record from this person.
22	Now, either, you know, they were

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not monitored or we didn't get an exposure
 record. They would be in the Class
 Definition. And I didn't look at the cancer
 to see if it would be an SEC cancer or not.

5 So then, if we had it to do for б dose reconstruction post-SEC, which we 7 apparently did, so it's either a non-SEC cancer or we got it for medical benefits for a 8 non-SEC cancer. 9

That is what -- we didn't get an 10 assigned medical 11 exposure record, so we 12 And the SEC precludes several kinds X-ravs. And I don't believe we 13 of internal doses. 14 felt like had enough for a coworker we 15 information. In other words, if the person 16 didn't have their own data, then we had nothing to reconstruct. 17

18 I think that's probably what that 19 means.

20 MEMBER GRIFFON: I think, you 21 know, some of these, that's one that stuck out 22 at me as to whether we should still do it. It

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is unique in that it is a very short time
 period on the site and a very early decade.
 So I think that's part of the reason we
 selected with a fairly high PoC for stomach
 cancer, you know, for that.

б MEMBER RICHARDSON: Ι had а question just about clarification. Column G 7 consistently -- most of that's full 8 is 9 internal and external. And, yet, when you look at columns L and M, like this case and 10 many other cases, there's actually partial in 11 there. 12

13 MEMBER GRIFFON: Right.

MEMBER RICHARDSON: Is there any useful information in that column or --

MEMBER GRIFFON: That is why we started doing those later columns, because they're -- I forget when, but fairly early on, we found out that, you know --

20 MEMBER RICHARDSON: Column G is 21 just boilerplate?

22 MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes, it's kind of

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1 boilerplate. And it's sort of up to the dose 2 reconstructor. They check it off is my 3 understanding. And then, to really understand, you have to pull the whole record 4 and look at how they did it, right, Stu? 5 It's б not --7 MR. HINNEFELD: Yes. Column G, the one that says "full internal and external" 8 9 _ _ 10 MEMBER GRIFFON: Yes. 11 MR. HINNEFELD: that is _ _ 12 actually picked by our reviewer, our HPreviewer of the dose reconstruction. 13 14 MEMBER GRIFFON: Right. 15 MR. HINNEFELD: And Ι think 16 probably over time there has been varying or maybe not very direct guidance on what makes 17 you select this. 18 19 As general rule, if it's а 20 everything we can reconstruct, even if it's a partial and we have included everything that 21 the partial allows us to do, we would likely 22

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1 check that "full internal and external."

2	MEMBER GRIFFON: Full. Right.
3	MR. HINNEFELD: And the other
4	options are things like overestimate,
5	primarily internal overestimate, primarily
6	external underestimate, primarily internal.
7	So it's a handful of items on a
8	pick list. And so the dose reconstructor has
9	to make some sort of judgment about what
10	category to put it in. It's a rough cut, at
11	best, in terms of categorizing these.
12	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Any other
13	comments or questions?
14	(No response.)
15	MEMBER ZIEMER: May I propose
16	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes, Paul?
17	MEMBER ZIEMER: Not a proposal for
18	removal, just a practical question. Is it the
19	plan that we would have two-person teams again
20	reviewing these?
21	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes.
22	MEMBER ZIEMER: So we would have

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1 like eight teams. I'm just thinking in terms 2 of if we were to approve this whole list, 3 we're talking about six cases per team, which seems reasonable to me. 4 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: 5 Yes. б MEMBER ZIEMER: You know, we have 7 more Board Members than we used to have when we did --8 9 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. 10 MEMBER ZIEMER: -- 20 or 30 cases. 11 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. 12 MEMBER ZIEMER: So we used to do 13 like three or four cases per team, but I think we could do six and cover these if SC&A is 14 15 prepared to go ahead and no reason not to accept the whole list as far as I can see. 16 And T 17 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. No. just assigned -- I can't remember which set it 18 19 was, but it was in the last couple of weeks. 20 And I think it averaged about two or three per So that was a smaller list. 21 team. I've generally been keeping 22 And

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the same teams that we did when the new Board 1 2 Members joined us. 3 MEMBER ZIEMER: Yes. I think this 4 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: comes as a motion from the Subcommittee to the 5 б Second, whatever 7 MEMBER ANDERSON: it is. 8 9 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Whatever it is. 10 Yes, second. So I think we can now do this on a voice vote. So all in favor say, "Aye." 11 12 (Chorus of ayes.) 13 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Opposed? 14 (No response.) 15 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Great. 16 We're going to do another piece of business, keep up with our letters. So Ted is going to 17 pass out, it's just two letters. We'll keep 18 19 them small. Some of the letters will have the 20 new letterhead. Some will just be plain old 21 And then there is the boilerplate 22 letter.

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about records and so forth. We can do that.
 Okay.

I was going to do the W.R. Grace first. And I think, Dick, you need to leave the room.

6 MR. KATZ: I think it is all 7 right. As long as you don't comment on the 8 letter, I think we're okay. The motion has 9 already passed.

10 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay.
11 MR. KATZ: Is that fine, Michael?
12 Okay. Thank you.

13 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Thanks.14 We would rather have you in the room.

15 MEMBER LEMEN: I am not sure 16 that's true.

17 (Laughter.)

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18 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. "The 19 Advisory Board on Radiation and Worker Health, 20 the Board, has evaluated a Special Exposure 21 Cohort, SEC, Petition 00182 concerning workers 22 at W.R. Grace and Company in Curtis Bay,

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1 Maryland, under the statutory requirements 2 established by the Energy Employees 3 Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act 4 of 2000, EEOICPA, and incorporated into 42 CFR 5 83.13.

"The Board respectfully recommends б that SEC status be accorded to quote, 'all 7 Atomic Weapons Employees who worked in any 8 building or area at the facility owned by the 9 10 W.R. Grace and Company in Curtis Bay, Maryland for the operational period from May 1, 1956 11 through January 31st, 1958, for a number of 12 13 work-days aggregating at least 250 work-days, occurring either solely under this employment 14 15 or in combination with work-days within the 16 parameters established for one or more other Classes of employees included in the SEC,' 17 18 close quotes.

19 "This recommendation is based on 20 the following factors: individuals working at 21 the W.R. Grace and Company facility in Curtis 22 Bay, Maryland during the time period in

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question, worked on the processing of monazite
 ore to produce thorium for use in nuclear
 weapons production and related operations.

"Two, the National Institute for 4 Occupational Safety and Health, NIOSH, review 5 6 of available monitoring data as well as 7 available process and source-term information for various production activities at the W.R. 8 Grace and Company facility in Curtis Bay, 9 10 Maryland found that NIOSH lacked adequate information necessary to complete individual 11 dose reconstructions with sufficient accuracy 12 for both external and internal doses during 13 14 the operational time period in question. The 15 Board concurs with this determination.

16 "Three, NIOSH determined that 17 health may have been endangered for these W.R. 18 Grace and Company employees during the time 19 period in question. Board also concurs with 20 this determination.

21 "Based on these considerations and22 discussions at the August 23rd through 25th,

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1 2011 Board meeting held in Richland, 2 Washington, the Board recommends that this 3 Class be added to the SEC." I saw Paul. 4 MEMBER ZIEMER: I am not asking 5 б for an amendment, but normally we also add --7 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. MEMBER 8 ZIEMER: -- a paragraph about appending some additional materials to 9 10 the document. And I assume that will be added 11 and that the motion, as originally given, 12 includes the instruction to the Chair to 13 promulgate this or to send this to the 14 Secretary within 30 days. CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Correct. 15 For 16 some reason, these got cut off. 17 MR. HINNEFELD: This is Stu I just want to make sure we're 18 Hinnefeld. 19 clear on the action, because our Evaluation 20 Report recommended adding a Class up through January of '58 and further determined that we 21 believe dose reconstruction is feasible for 22

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1 the period after that.

2	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes.
3	MR. HINNEFELD: Now, from the
4	discussion this morning, it sounded to me as
5	if the Board concurred with the operational
6	period but didn't necessarily go ahead and
7	concur with the residual.
8	Dr. Melius, you made the comment
9	that this won't affect anybody at this time.
10	We may get claimants later on who fall into
11	the residual period and allow us to obtain
12	additional information that would help us make
13	that decision.
14	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes.
15	MR. HINNEFELD: So my only thought
16	is if, in fact, I interpreted this morning's
17	discussion correctly, it might be worth saying
18	in the letter or on the record that the Board
19	withholds judgment for the period following
20	January 1958, or however you want to do it. I
21	just want to make sure there is no confusion
22	because we were discussing what exactly does

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1 it mean, and we weren't entirely sure.

2	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Well, that is a
3	good point, Stu. I think traditionally, I
4	guess, to the extent we have traditions here,
5	we have normally not tried to comment in the
6	affirmative in this case where it's sort of a
7	split
8	MR. HINNEFELD: Right.
9	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: partly
10	because you don't always fill your SEC

because you don't always fill -- your SEC always complete 11 reports aren't that, on 12 because, like once you get internal, you don't worry about external or something like that. 13 So it's a little awkward or also if we have 14 questions on these issues, then there's often 15 16 sort of not time to address those. We don't 17 want to delay things.

have not and, 18 So we at least 19 personally in this case, I don't feel it is necessary to reserve sort of need for further 20 I think if there's a case that came 21 action. forward, you would bring it to our attention. 22

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1 If not, we are assuming you can, 2 at least I would assume you can do dose 3 reconstruction on that residual period. MR. HINNEFELD: You would assume -4 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: 5 Yes. That was б my personal interpretation, I think --7 MR. HINNEFELD: Okay. CHAIRMAN MELIUS: -- and the other 8 And I think that with the 9 Board Members. 10 assumption that if you find further information and either based on a new case 11 12 coming in. Again, with only one claim, it's sort of --13 Right. It doesn't 14 MR. HINNEFELD: 15 affect anything today. 16 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes, yes, yes. 17 MR. HINNEFELD: It doesn't affect anything today. 18 19 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Right. I don't know if other Board Members --20 MEMBER ZIEMER: Well, I am trying 21 to understand what you just said, Jim. 22 Ι

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think you're saying that you concurred with -the recommendation was that they can do dose
reconstruction in the residual period. I know
in the past, we have often made the comment, I
believe, that we reserved, something to the
effect that we were not making a judgment on
the following period.

8 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: We can --

9 MEMBER ZIEMER: I'm wondering if 10 the silence has any particular meaning one way 11 or the other.

12 Normally, CHAIRMAN MELIUS: we 13 have been silent. I think when we have a 14 specific -- I believe if you go through the 15 letters, you will find that, and that if we 16 have a particular concern about an issue and want to reserve further action on it, then we 17 18 say so.

19 It somewhat depends on the 20 circumstance of the -- in the 83.14, I think 21 there are some issues --

22 MEMBER ZIEMER: Yes.

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1 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: -- doing it with 2 those. 3 MEMBER ZIEMER: I quess if NIOSH had recommended an SEC on both and we weren't 4 sure of the second part --5 б CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes, yes. 7 MEMBER ZIEMER: _ _ then we wouldn't comment. 8 9 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes, reserve. 10 MEMBER ZIEMER: So what you are saying here is we haven't disagreed with what 11 12 they said in the second part. But I'm asking 13 whether the silence implies agreement. Ι don't know if it does. As a practical matter, 14 15 without us saying anything, they will proceed 16 to do dose reconstructions for the other period, since it's not a part of an SEC. 17 18 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. I mean, 19 the motion was to approve the --20 MEMBER ZIEMER: Early. 21 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: the ___ early I certainly didn't hear any issue 22 period.

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1 raised that people wanted to do further review 2 on the residual period. And, in fact, I think 3 that would be difficult without more I mean, it's -- we can do it 4 information. either way. I doesn't --5

6 MEMBER GRIFFON: I guess I was 7 swayed to not go down the path of further 8 review, only because of the lack of claimants 9 in that --

10 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes.

MEMBER GRIFFON: -- and the fact 11 that there is nobody really in that time 12 13 period. I am not convinced that they can use that method, the TIB-70 approach. I mean, I 14 15 think part of that depends on what date is 16 there, and I haven't really examined that, that operational data versus the remediation 17 I'm a little reluctant to go that far, 18 data. 19 but I will say that it would certainly not be a priority to go chasing after this one when 20 there are no claimants in that time frame. 21

22 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Exactly. And I

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1 would just add to that, I mean, there is also 2 the individual dose reconstruction review that 3 would catch that. I think it is sort of an individual circumstance. 4 I'm good. 5 MEMBER ZIEMER: Thank б you. 7 MEMBER BEACH: Yes. Jim? CHAIRMAN MELIUS: 8 Yes? 9 MEMBER BEACH: I just want to say 10 I agree with what Mark said. I thought we would put a Work Group together, but based on 11 12 the fact that there are no claimants, there 13 was really no point at this time. 14 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. 15 MEMBER ANDERSON: We have enough 16 to do. CHAIRMAN MELIUS: That's it. We 17 have a lot to do. And it's not --18 19 MEMBER BEACH: Yes. CHAIRMAN MELIUS: -- to that end. 20 Okay. Any other comments on that letter? 21 Ιf you have typos or minor things, let me know 22

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1 and I will --

2	(No response.)
3	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: We'll go on to
4	the next letter. So the Y-12. "The Advisory
5	Board on Radiation and Worker Health,
6	parentheses, (the Board), close parentheses,
7	has evaluated a Special Exposure Cohort, SEC,
8	Petition 00186 concerning workers at the Y-12
9	plant in Oak Ridge, Tennessee, under the
10	statutory requirements established by the
11	Energy Employees Occupational Illness
12	Compensation Program Act of 2000, EEOICPA, and
13	incorporated into 42 CFR 83.13.
14	"The Board respectfully recommends
15	that SEC status be accorded to, quote, `all
16	workers potentially exposed to radioactive
17	materials while working at the Y-12 plant
18	during the period from January 1st, 1948
19	through December 31st, 1957 for a number of
20	work-days aggregating at least 250 work-days,
21	occurring either solely under this employment
22	or in combination with work-days within the

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2 Classes of employees included in the SEC.' 3 "This recommendation is based on the following factors: Individuals working at 4 the Y-12 facility during the time period in 5 б question worked on the production of materials 7 for nuclear weapons. "Two, the National Institute for 8 Occupational Safety and Health, NIOSH, review 9 10 of available monitoring data as well as available process and source-term information 11 for various production activities at the Y-12 12 13 facility found that NIOSH lacked adequate information necessary to complete individual 14 dose reconstructions with sufficient accuracy 15 16 for internal radiological exposures due to thorium and other radionuclides during the 17 time period in question. 18 The Board concurs 19 with this determination. 20 NIOSH determined "Three, that health may have been endangered for these Y-12 21 plant employees during the time period in 22

parameters established for one or more other

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question. Board also concurs with this
 determination.

3 "Based on these considerations and discussions at the August 23rd through 25th, 4 2011 Board meeting held Richland, 5 in б Washington, the Board recommends that this Class be added to the SEC." 7

8 This also would include the 9 boilerplate on the 30 days and also on the 10 materials from this and other meetings.

11 Any comments? Yes?

12 MEMBER MUNN: Isn't this an 83.14? 13 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes, but Ι 14 believe that the -- Jenny, you can correct --15 that are only referring now we to the 16 regulations as 83.13. In fact, I believe that they corrected me because I actually put 83.13 17 and 83.14 in my draft that I prepared earlier. 18 19 MS. LIN: Right. If you look in

20 -- sorry.

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21 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Go ahead.

22 MS. LIN: I love track changes.

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1 So I use that profusely.

2	Anyway, if you look at 83.14
3	section, it says, "We incorporate 83.13's
4	procedure and process." And that's why we
5	cite only 83.13 in the letter.
б	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. Okay. So
7	they're saying legally 83.13 is enough, covers
8	it all. So we're all set. But, Wanda, I
9	raised the same issue as you did, as usual.
10	MR. KATZ: 83.14 refers back to
11	83.13. That's why.
12	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay.
13	MEMBER RICHARDSON: Can I ask a
14	question? This is probably for Department of
15	Labor or somebody. And maybe somebody who
16	is familiar with the workings at Y-12 would
17	make better sense of this, but has there been
18	any problem administering this Class, Class of
19	Y-12 workers so far? I'm asking because my
20	recollection is the idea of somebody, the idea
21	of a Y-12 worker at a multi-facility plant is
22	sometimes a little ambiguous.

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1 Ι think that there were X-10 2 people who would work over in Y-12. And the 3 way we have described this, people, workers potentially exposed to material while working 4 at Y-12 during this period, I can imagine 5 б there being X-10 workers who do that. How do 7 you administer that?

8 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: LaVon is just 9 waiting.

10 MR. RUTHERFORD: Yes. Ι can 11 actually answer that question. The Y-12 12 circular actually identifies that when 13 reviewing claims, they should look at ORNL claims as well. And if ORNL claims indicate 14 15 that the workers worked at Y-12 during the 16 existing Class period, they should be included in the SEC. 17

18 MEMBER RICHARDSON: Okay. So they 19 would --

20 MR. RUTHERFORD: So it is in the 21 circular. I actually -- you brought that up. 22 And I looked into that last week because just

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reviewing this information, I thought that
 question might actually come up.

Now Department of Labor is not -well, there is Jeff right there, but it is in the circular. And I am not speaking for the Department of Labor, but it is in that circular that way.

8 MEMBER RICHARDSON: So an X-10 9 worker doesn't have a problem getting covered 10 under this?

11 MR. RUTHERFORD: Yes.

12 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: I am assuming 13 the Department of Labor was -- I can't see 14 behind the podium -- agrees and doesn't really 15 need to speak to that. So thank you.

16 And thank you for being prepared,17 LaVon.

18 Any other comments?

19 (No response.)

20 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: We are scheduled 21 to take a break. We will give ourselves a 22 longer break. At 4:15, I believe we have a

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petitioner on the line to talk about Hangar
 481. So we need to start right at 4:15.

3 The public comment period is scheduled for 5:00 o'clock. I believe we can 4 start it earlier if we need for people. So if 5 we finish up with 481, I thought we would go б directly into public comment period for people 7 that are already here. And then we would 8 obviously continue past 5:00 o'clock for other 9 10 people that come in or that call in.

11 But for Board Members, be prepared 12 when you come back, I quess.

13 (Whereupon, the above-entitled 14 matter went off the record at 3:37 p.m. and 15 resumed at 4:18 p.m.)

16 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Welcome back.17 Do you want to check the phones?

18 MR. KATZ: Let me just check on 19 the lines to see whether we have our Board 20 Members on the lines? Bob Presley or Mike

21 Gibson?

22 (No response.)

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1MR. KATZ: Okay. Apparently not.2CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Do you want to3check?

4 MR. KATZ: Oh, yes. Right. And 5 also, then, we have now a presentation on б Hangar 481. And we have a petitioner, a 7 petitioner representative we expect to be on the line for this presentation. Can I check 8 and see if he's on the line? 9

10 MR. ARMIJO: This is Bob Armijo. I'm the attorney for the petitioner. And I am 11 12 on the line. We had pointed out we had just 13 received our paperwork on Friday and asked that since we had just gotten notice of this 14 so quickly that action not be taken. 15 And I'm 16 understanding that that is the case.

17 Mr. Armijo, we MR. KATZ: Yes. 18 were going to make an announcement to that 19 effect. We will have Board discussion and so 20 on, but there will be no Board action taken on this petition at this meeting to respect your 21 22 right to have time to review the report.

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1 MR. ARMIJO: Yes. That is my 2 understanding as well. Mr. Glover briefed me 3 about that earlier today. So I will be listening then, but I understand there will be 4 discussion but no action today so that we can 5 б supplement if necessary. 7 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Thank you.

1

8

9 DR. GLOVER: Sam Glover. I'm 10 going to discuss briefly the Petition 11 Evaluation Report update for Hangar 481.

And, Sam, do you want to --

12 So just very briefly to go back to where the site is, it's located at Kirtland 13 14 Air Force Base in Albuquerque, New Mexico. Ιt 15 is operated by Ross Aviation, the operational 16 period under contractual agreement with the of Energy. There 17 Department were some questions last time about under which site it 18 19 was. It is a DOE facility.

20 They provided air transportation 21 of personnel and equipment as -- using 22 government-owned aircraft at government-owned

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1 facilities associated with DOE operations at 2 the Sandia National Laboratories at 3 Albuquerque, New Mexico. They transported including 4 equipment, packages including radioactive materials associated with atomic 5 weapons programs. б

7 Just briefly the petition 2009, February 27th of 8 overview. In we 9 received 83.13. September 8th, an the 10 petition qualified for evaluation. And December 18, an Evaluation Report was issued. 11

12 The original Evaluation Report was 13 presented at the Advisory Board of February 14 2010. A delay was requested by the petitioner 15 until Freedom of Information material could be 16 provided.

17 July 2010, the In FOIA was That was a DOE and NIOSH FOIA. 18 completed. 19 September 23rd, a revised Evaluation Report 20 was issued. These updated only photos that There was a change in where were provided. 21 22 the hangar was located. And we actually had a

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1 previous photograph.

2 November 2010, the Evaluation 3 Report was re-presented at the Advisory Board. There were questions at that point in time. 4 And so NIOSH was asked to follow up. 5 6 January 2011, NIOSH and the 7 petitioners were able to tour the Hangar 481 facilities, and we provided list 8 а of follow-up questions to the Office of Secure 9 10 Transport of DOE, so the OST department. They were able to respond in June of 2011. And in 11 12 August of 2011, an addendum was reissued by 13 ourselves.

14 would like to So summary. I summarize the petitioner's concerns. 15 They 16 propose that -- or the raw data was lacking or 17 unavailable. Secondary summary data was used for the evaluation. They also said that 18 19 contracts had existed back to 1970. And they 20 felt covered period should that the be 21 extended.

22 They also felt that newly

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1 available documents had not been properly 2 evaluated. They also asserted that 3 radioactive shipments were delivered to the Hangar 481 building and stored at the 4 hot Pads were used to load explosives. 5 pads. By б hot pad, that is a facility off the main hangar, where they were doing the loading and 7 unloading operations. They refer to these as 8 hot pads. 9

10 Reliance on an interview with one 11 former worker as the basis for determination 12 that all radioactive shipments were handled at 13 the hot pads was criticized.

They also said that radioactive shipments were made using the AL-R8 containers, which they said in 1991 were found to be inadequate to shield the contents.

Evaluation Report's ambient 18 The 19 external methods were not bounding. They also 20 felt that individual stated that _ _ one barrels were stacked at the hangar which may 21 have been nuclear waste and where there was no 22

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1 indication.

2 They said sweeps -- I believe they 3 probably meant swipes -- were done at the hangar building or in adjacent areas. 4 They also said that one pilot left 5 б his dosimeter in his locker and had an 7 abnormally high dose reading when the badge was processed. 8 So the follow-up actions. 9 At the 10 time when we prepared the Evaluation Report, DOE did not have the records for the Ross 11 12 Aviation personnel. We had gone to the REIRS 13 reports to get -- we actually had individual -- something I did misspeak last time, we had 14 the individual doses. 15 From the REIRS, you 16 report the individual, but we didn't have the individual things that came from Landauer, the 17 actual readings. We had summary data annually 18 19 that was provided to the reporting agency for 20 those people. And then we also had the overall listing of their dosimetry. 21

So at the time we were able to

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1 work with -- since then, we were able to work 2 with Landauer, who is the holder of Eberline. 3 Eberline was the actual -- they conducted the dosimetry for the site during this time frame. 4 able to obtain the 5 And we were actual б individual results, rather than the summary data from REIRS. 7

So we compared the data to the 8 REIRS database. And we have a complete match 9 10 except for one year. And 1994 -- I'll show 11 you the chart -- was abnormally high. You 12 quys actually asked about it, why. And we 13 didn't know why.

14 The reason why is that when the 15 folks at REIRS entered the data, rather than 16 including the annual data, they input the person's lifetime cumulative dose. And so it. 17 made it look like that year was abnormally 18 19 high when it's actually a typographical error. 20 actually looked at the We data that was entered and were able to confirm that 21 22 the wrong data from the sheet was entered into

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the REIRS database. We confirmed that and worked with the program manager for the Occupational Exposure and Worker Health, the Center for the Epidemiological Research, as we reviewed that data.

6 So our follow-up, of course in 7 January of 2011, the OST hosted us and gave us 8 a very detailed, thorough tour of the entire 9 compound of Hangar 481.

10 In March of 2011, we actually received the data from Landauer, who now owns 11 12 the Eberline dosimetry data. We have provided 13 of this to the Department of Energy so that they now have a copy of the original Eberline 14 15 data, which they did not possess.

June 2011, we have the responses by the Office of Secure Transport. This seems to be a replicate.

19 So we did update the number of 20 claims. At the time of the November 2011 21 Board meeting, we had one claim. Now there 22 are three claims at NIOSH. Two of those

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claims have external dosimetry. None have
 internal. One dose reconstruction has been
 completed as of July 26, 2011.

So in addition to being able to 4 see the facility, the kind of activities, the 5 б relationship to the hangar and the hot pads, they also allowed us to -- what they preferred 7 is to respond to all questions in writing. 8 They didn't want to really respond to a lot of 9 10 questions on the fly. The Office of Secure Transport requested that all things be able to 11 12 be responded officially.

And so we, in addition to the petitioner, assembled a complete questionnaire and provided that the topic addressed included facility information, radiological activities, external dosimetry program, and the internal dosimetry program.

And the following slides summarize the results. We did not include the entire report, but it is available in the SRDB to the Board.

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I don't have a laser pointer. I guess they don't trust us with those right here. But you can see I try to highlight in red the different things we have.

You can see the aviation facility 5 б and the two hot pads, which are located I think on the order of several kilometers away 7 from the facility where actual -- so they 8 9 would do maintenance at the Hangar 481 10 facility, the circle at the top. And they would be able to clean the plane. 11 That's That's where you 12 where the pilots would be. 13 have passengers loading. And at the other facilities, that's where they would actually 14 15 load the cargo. That's where the radioactive 16 materials would be loaded. That's where explosives would be loaded. 17 So those were done away from the facility. 18

19 These are the Office of Secure 20 Transport's photographs that they provided as 21 part of the update. They provided a building 22 layout. They showed where badges were stored

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1 when people weren't using them. They showed 2 the pilot lockers, the crew's lockers. They 3 also indicated where they did do some nondestructive testing of the planes. 4 They came in and X-rayed them off hours. 5

б And so you will see in one of the 7 responses where a person who left their badge in a locker, they received an elevated dose. 8 9 Inside the hangar compound is where the 10 nondestructive testing occurred. So it's in the vicinity of the planes and could have been 11 subjected to a higher field. 12

13 We have some pictures. They 14 allowed us to photograph the facility. We 15 were given free access to wander around. Here 16 is the interior, kind of give you an idea of 17 this is one of the planes in the facility. You can see here is a series of the pilot's 18 19 lockers. So this is all in this main 20 compound.

21 So these are the OST responses 22 sort of by category. And this is not all of

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1 them, kind of a flavor. So facility 2 information. The contracted activities began 3 around 1970 and remained essentially unchanged throughout the time frame. 4 Department of Labor determines the covered period to be 5 б March 1st, 1989 through February 29th, 1996.

7 Ross Aviation operations were actually relocated from a different facility 8 to Hangar 481 in April of 1984. 9 So there was 10 a true facility change. And I showed you in the previous picture the separate hot pads are 11 12 shown to be separate from Hangar 481.

13 Drawings provided show the hangar 14 facility, hot pads, personnel lockers, locations where the non-destructive testing 15 16 performed. Beginning in 1985, the was facility was operated 24 hours a day, 7 days a 17 week, with about 200 employees. Per the OST 18 19 response, administrative personnel were 20 limited to only day shift with no overtime. 1987, operations After 2 21 were

22 shifts per day, about 5 days per week, with

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staffing levels reducing to about 80 employees
 by 1996.

In radiological activities, they reaffirmed the reports, the interviews that we had conducted that no radiological activities were performed in the Hangar 481 other than the nondestructive testing.

Radiological packages were handled 8 and loaded only at hot pads 2 and 5. 9 10 Unmonitored personnel were not allowed to come with 11 in contact the packages. the And 12 packages contained predominately tritium.

13 Nondestructive of the planes was conducted once per year 14 for a very short 15 duration, as previously discussed. We did not 16 reiterate all of these components from our previous report. You will see that 17 even sections are not sequentially numbered. 18 They 19 relate back to the original. So this is an 20 by section. So if addendum you were interested in looking at section 4.2, it would 21 22 update that.

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describes strict 1 So OST access 2 controls and also that they were done only at 3 night. And that was reiterated in interviews. that 4 OST stated Ross Aviation dosimetry programs were developed and managed 5 б by Eberline and Sandia. No area dosimetry was performed at Hangar 481. 7 They had never performed neutron dosimetry. They also stated 8 X-rays for medical purposes 9 that no were 10 conducted at the hangar. So, as you know, medical X-rays have to be conducted at the 11 12 facility for us to include them.

13 For internal dosimetry, they say 14 that no bioassay program was ever implemented 15 Hangar 481. No Ross facilities were at 16 monitored for contamination. They did monitor the planes annually. And so we have records 17 of the annual planes but not the Hangar 481 18 19 facility.

They said there was no need to perform surveys due to lack of use/storage of radioactive materials at the facility.

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Surveys were performed off site at the hot 1 2 pads where radioactive materials were handled. 3 OST -- no radiological accidents occurred at Hangar 481. And they further 4 indicated because we were very specific and 5 б asked the question regarding the thoriated, 7 whether any thoriated materials or welding that were not used or present ever at Ross 8 facilities. 9

10 Some general questions. The highest exposed were monitored for external 11 12 dose. These included cabin security 13 specialists and pilots who actually handled the radiological materials. 14

15 No radioactive containers were 16 ever delivered to the flight line, which is the adjacent area right outside of Hangar 481, 17 and that the containers had to be -- were 18 19 required to be under control of Air Force and 20 Sandia personnel until they were loaded at the hot pads. Any other delivery would have been 21 a security violation. 22

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1 No radiation monitoring was 2 performed inside Hangar 481 or the adjacent 3 flight line. And the circumstances and locations related to the pilots' lockers and 4 radiographic activities provide 5 the only б available explanation for the available dosimeter reading, the elevated reading. 7

8 So one of the documents that the 9 Transport Safety Division provided on August 10 7th, 1997, they had a technical basis for 11 radioactive material intake potential 12 regarding activities by Ross Aviation.

13 They said based on the special agents' tasks, which included no contact with 14 15 the package contents, the TSD's operational 16 history with confirmatory surveys showing that no package breach or leakage occurred; the use 17 DOT-compliant 18 of shipping packages and 19 programs, they concluded that there is no credible pathway. This is a reiteration of --20 I just wanted to reiterate this path, that 21 there is no credible path for an intake of 22

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radioactive materials during normal
 operations.

3 So this is the tables that I discussed. This is the table 7.1 that you see 4 in our original report. You see the year 5 6 1994. It showed a maximum individual deep dose of 172 millirem. 7 And after we have looked at the data and corrected that for, 8 instead of their cumulative lifetime dose, it 9 10 looks much more in keeping with all of the other years, 49 millirem being the highest 11 12 maximum, the highest dose. This is millirem. 13 And the total person millirem for the entire facility is 224 millirem. For that year, 66 14 15 persons were monitored.

16 So summary of external dose feasibility. External dose records exist for 17 many Ross Aviation personnel and have the --18 19 and the REIRS-reported data have been verified using Eberline data from 1990 to 1994. 20 We did not receive the 1995 data from Eberline. 21

22 Data from the 1994 REIRS report

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was found to be incorrectly entered into the
 database. And this has been corrected in the
 addendum. And Department of Energy has been
 notified.

individual results of 5 The these б records or the use of the highest dose 7 received by monitored personnel can be used to bound the unmonitored worker external dose. 8

Data from 1996 were not included 9 10 in REIRS. There is a two-month period that wasn't part of REIRS. And we're going to use 11 12 the highest annual dose from the previous year 13 for this two-month period. They said that the 14 activity had ceased. And they didn't so 15 continue monitoring.

16 NIOSH will use the highest dose received in the entire year previous to bound 17 any external doses for all employees. 18 The 19 circumstances and locations related to the lockers and radiographic activities 20 pilots' done only during off hours provide the only 21 available 22 explanation for the elevated

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personnel dosimeter readings, as described by
 the petitioner

3 There discussion in was а а previous meeting about neutron dose. 4 Based on the package contents, really, 5 we see no б credible pathway for neutron exposures.

7 We also see that because of the people who -- they were confirmed it was on 8 the list of personnel who were monitored, the 9 radiographic folks. 10 Potential doses for off-hour radiographic testing was included in 11 12 the reported personal monitoring data. And that's being used for unmonitored workers as 13 well. 14

15 So ambient environmental external 16 doses are included because we're going to use existing personnel external monitoring 17 the data in sort of a coworker approach. 18 So we 19 are using the monitored dose to apply that to all the unmonitored workers as well because 20 X-ray examinations qoinq 21 are not to be 22 included because medical X-rays were not

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1 performed on-site.

2 Regarding internal dose, no 3 radioactivity was stored or handled at Hangar Radioactive materials handled by workers 4 481. at the Hangar 481 were in sealed DOT-compliant 5 containers and were monitored in accordance б with DOT regulations to verify radiation and 7 contamination levels on package exteriors. 8 Results of available radiological 9 surveys 10 performed on the packages and in the transport airport support this premise. 11

Based on the available information 12 13 on the radiological program and potential for 14 internal exposures, NIOSH concludes that 15 internal radiological exposures to Ross 16 Aviation employees resulting from services rendered for the DOE 481 17 at Hanqar are unlikely to have occurred. 18

19 Sandia National Laboratory, being 20 an adjacent facility, was used to provide a 21 bounding estimate of the dose from ambient 22 environmental internal dose during the covered

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1 period.

2	And we summarize our feasibility
3	summary. We say that we can do internal dose
4	as well as beta-gamma dosimetry. We don't
5	feel that neutron dosimetry is applicable, nor
6	is occupational medical X-rays.
7	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Thank you, Sam.
8	Board Members have questions?
9	Brad?
10	MEMBER CLAWSON: My question is
11	coming back to we're just looking at Hangar
12	481, correct, or are we looking at the
13	airplanes and the transit part of it?
14	DR. GLOVER: Hangar 481 is the
15	covered facility.
16	MEMBER CLAWSON: And that is it?
17	DR. GLOVER: Yes, sir.
18	MEMBER CLAWSON: So in this, it
19	looks like I guess my question is, how are
20	the planes being handled? Because I can look
21	at the petitioner. They're using 481 because
22	it encompassed the planes that they flew with.

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Now is that an issue that they
 need to resolve in refiling for it or how
 would they do that?

DR. GLOVER: I can not speak yet for the planes because, you know, we were down at facilities talking about it. This is sort of a courier issue. However, I will say that the pilots, their dosimeter that they wore as they flew and handled packages is included in our data set.

that dose 11 And that they -so 12 we're not trying to distinguish that from what 13 happened at Hangar 481. So we're including that dose to treat all -- we're using that 14 15 highest dose from any year to do the dosimetry 16 for these people.

17 So the dose that has most likely 18 occurred as they are flying or handling stuff 19 at these hot pads, we're including that.

20 MEMBER CLAWSON: Well, part of my 21 thing I was getting into in your one slide 22 here, number 5, it says, "Radioactive

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shipments were made using an AL-R8 container."
You and I both know what type of container
that was. That was a Pantex container, it was
a container. And it was found not to shield
from alpha or beta.

б We also interviewed at Pantex. 7 They ended up having to grab RadCon from Pantex to fly with them because of issues. 8 And in the interview with one of them, went on 9 10 quite a flight and everything else like that talking about it because they had no -- they 11 12 weren't checking for anything leaking.

13 I'm looking at this. And in your 14 own slides, it says in '91 it was found that 15 it was inadequate for alpha or beta. On 481, 16 I understand what you are saying. The covered 17 facility is 481. But I'm trying to figure how 18 they can -- because the pilots and everything 19 else, their whole issue was flying around.

And those planes were DOE planes, owned by DOE, run by Ross Aviation. And I think that's a lot of confusion. Me and you

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have talked about it. Like you say, all we 1 2 can do is go by the covered facility. But I 3 have a hard time with this one. I really do. What 4 DR. GLOVER: I would just like to point out very briefly is that those 5 б are the allegations provided by the claimant about the -- that wasn't part of our report. 7 I was just providing the concerns that had 8 been expressed by the petitioner and so that 9 10 -- the packaging for that. 11 MEMBER CLAWSON: And you are

11 MEMBER CLAWSON. And you are 12 absolutely right. I am just thinking back 13 when they came in because when they brought 14 that up, we Googled it. And, lo and behold, 15 that's what came up.

16 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Paul?

17 MEMBER ZIEMER: Just а clarification point 18 on your feasibility 19 summary. I think in your report, you are 20 saying that there was no internal dose to be considered. But you are saying that dose 21 reconstruction for internal is feasible. 22 Why

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wouldn't it be not applicable as for the
 beta-gamma or as for the neutron?

Are you really saying that you can reconstruct internal dose or do you even have to consider it? I thought that you said you didn't need to consider it, but your chart says you can reconstruct.

DR. GLOVER: I apologize for not 8 being more clear with it. We're using the 9 10 dose from the Sandia Site Profile for the environmental internal dosimetry, the airborne 11 that would have been monitored at the edge of 12 13 Sandia because they are located almost 14 adjacent to Hangar 481. So we're using their 15 internal dose, the ambient internal.

16 MEMBER ZIEMER: Oh, got you. Got

17 you.

18 DR. GLOVER: Yes, sir.

19 MEMBER ZIEMER: Yes.

20 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes, David?

21 MEMBER RICHARDSON: I had a couple

22 questions. One was, have the REIRS data been

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1 used in the past for any other, in any other
2 evaluations?

3 DR. GLOVER: In this case, we have 4 actually found all the years except for one, 5 which is the 1995 data. I don't know. I 6 would have to ask my colleagues if there have 7 been any use - - that we have had to rely on 8 REIRS. I can't answer that.

9 DR. NETON: We have proposed it at 10 certain sites. I know, for example, at Mound, 11 we're proposing to use it for internal dose 12 reconstructions.

13 But I can't honestly recall right now a site where we have actually -- well, I 14 15 don't know, Ι guess. Ι mean, we have 16 definitely proposed it. There probably are some sites out there, but I can't think of 17 them off the top of my head. 18

But I don't think -- we're not using the REIRS data, though. That's the point. We have the actual data now.

22 MEMBER RICHARDSON: That is the

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point about this one. I guess my point, my concern was I had previously naively gone into this thinking the REIRS would provide what I expected to be a clean transfer of data and a dose of record.

6 DR. NETON: Right.

7 MEMBER RICHARDSON: And on a very small evaluation of, let's say n is 60 or 70 8 workers, we have looked at the REIRS data. 9 10 And you have identified something which appears to be a key puncher in the 11 REIRS 12 database, which raises for me a question about 13 data entry protocols in the REIRS system. Τf I pulled out less than 100 records and I find 14 15 an error with them, it's a real concern.

16 DR. NETON: This particular 17 instance was an overestimate, but it is there, 18 nonetheless. I understand your point.

MEMBER RICHARDSON: A data entry problem. It suggests that REIRS isn't doing double entry, for example. I don't know how else this could have happened.

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1	DR. NETON: I don't know.
2	DR. GLOVER: My colleagues
3	reviewed the data set, ORAU. Apparently the
4	Eberline form is a fairly complicated form.
5	It's easy to have they looked at the wrong
6	field when they entered the data. And they
7	did that for all of the people.
8	We are now using the Eberline. We
9	found there's a 100 percent match. We did a
10	100 percent V&V from '89 through '94. We do
11	not have the '95 data.
12	MEMBER RICHARDSON: So the ORAU
13	CER group that you have been corresponding
14	with about the entry of information of the
15	REIRS, is it the same? Is this the same group
16	which is contracted to do data entry for OCAS
17	for worker claims?
18	DR. GLOVER: No, that would not be
19	the same people.
20	MEMBER RICHARDSON: So although
21	it's CER, it's not under the organizational

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1 DR. NETON: No, it wasn't. Ι 2 don't think CER is entering the REIRS data. 3 Are they, Sam? I thought that was --4 MEMBER RICHARDSON: That was what was described in here as --5 б DR. NETON: Yes. I don't know 7 that it was the Center for Epidemiologic Research is doing the REIRS entry, although I 8 could be wrong. I didn't --9 MEMBER RICHARDSON: Well, it's --10 11 DR. NETON: Ι thought it was 12 another contractor in my opinion that was 13 doing that, but --14 The DR. GLOVER: person we 15 contacted was program manager for а the 16 Occupational Exposure and Worker Health, the Center for the Epidemiological Research. 17 So it would be in CER, 18 DR. NETON: 19 but it would not be the same people that are 20 working on our program. We don't have anyone in our program directly working for the Center 21 22 for Epidemiologic Research.

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1 MEMBER RICHARDSON: Possibly it's 2 the same people, but it's under a different 3 group of contracts? I mean --DR. NETON: I don't know. 4 HINNEFELD: The data 5 MR. entry б people who are entering data for our program were hired on this project. They may not even 7 be ORAU people. They may be Dade Moeller or 8 MJW people. But they work on our project. 9 10 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Any other 11 questions? 12 MEMBER RICHARDSON: Yes. I had a couple of --13 14 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Sure. 15 MEMBER RICHARDSON: ___ other 16 questions. One was if you could talk me 17 through table 7.1. I trying was to And this is just to help me 18 understand. 19 understand what the correction -- table 7.2 20 has got the correct information. I think it all makes sense in the 21 22 biq picture that they were entering in

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aggregate sums. But I was trying to
 understand how the total person millirem,
 which I took to be this gray bar at 1,501.

You're saying it is the sum of the 4 recorded doses over the lifetime history for 5 б the 66 people. So that would be the sum of the doses up to 1994 for the 66 workers. 7 And then what entered was their 8 was total 9 exposure, rather than the annual exposure for 10 1994 for those 66 people. Is that right?

11 DR. GLOVER: That is correct.

MEMBER RICHARDSON: And so those 66 people, some of them, they're a subset of the earlier years. They were also accruing doses, maybe in '93 and '92 and '91.

DR. GLOVER: They may not go all the way back. So there may not be -- they may be a subset. That's correct.

19 MEMBER RICHARDSON: So I was 20 trying to figure out how if you summed up the 21 total person rems for that subset plus a 22 larger group plus the 224, you get a value

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much less than 1,501. It seemed like it
 should be a much smaller value.

The 1,501 somehow -- somehow the numbers don't work out, but you would take the prior history of the subset of people plus the additional people. And then add in the 224, I thought I should get someplace around 1,501. And I end up with like 1,200.

9 DR. GLOVER: They also may go past 1989. 10 Remember, this activity began for the facility in 1970. And so the covered period, 11 12 you know, at this facility, actually starts in '84. 13 And so there's dosimetry that precedes 14 this. And so those personnel are still the 15 They're just under a different flavor same. 16 of contract with the Department of Energy.

17 MEMBER RICHARDSON: Okay.

DR. GLOVER: So I cannot ascertain whether there's a -- whether I can do a true sum. I understand what you are saying. You think that there's be eight or nine hundred millirems should be the cumulative. But that

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1 may not quite work out here.

2	MEMBER RICHARDSON: Okay. So
3	there's radiological exposures that were
4	recorded by Landauer for these people prior to
5	1989?
6	DR. GLOVER: I didn't I didn't
7	try to do a cum. sum on it, but there is
8	additional potential for you know, it does
9	not have to add up.
10	MEMBER RICHARDSON: Okay. Thanks.
11	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes, Brad?
12	MEMBER CLAWSON: Sam, on the TLDs
13	and stuff, did they would they show neutron
14	or were they just so they had
15	DR. GLOVER: There was no neutron
16	monitoring conducted for Ross Aviation
17	personnel.
18	MEMBER CLAWSON: Okay. Thank you.
19	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Any other
20	questions? Yes, Bill?
21	MEMBER FIELD: Can you go to slide
22	

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1 DR. GLOVER: They are not 2 numbered. Is that near the end? 3 MEMBER FIELD: Yes, three from the end, where it says, "Summary of Internal." 4 5 DR. GLOVER: Here? б MEMBER FIELD: No. Maybe the next 7 one. Yes. DR. GLOVER: Okay. 8 MEMBER FIELD: That one, that one 9 I'm just trying to get clarification. 10 there. For the first one, it says, "No radioactivity 11 stored or handled." Does that mean 12 was radioactive materials from the drums? 13 14 DR. GLOVER: Nothing was brought 15 into the facility. That's correct, sir. 16 MEMBER FIELD: Okay. And I'm just wondering. It says, "Radioactive materials 17 handled by workers at the hangar." First, it 18 19 says there was nothing handled. Then it says 20 that was handled. I'm just trying to get the difference there. 21 The packages were 22 DR. GLOVER:

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1 handled at the hot pads. And so where the 2 Ross -- it actually would be more appropriate 3 to have said, "Handled by workers of Ross 4 Aviation." It is my misnomer. I've included 5 that.

6 MEMBER FIELD: Okay. Thanks. 7 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Any other 8 questions?

9 (No response.)

10 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: So we will give time 11 for the petitioner and petitioner 12 representative to review the recent report, 13 ask them to keep in contact with NIOSH, 14 probably Sam Glover as the contact. And then 15 we will sort of monitor that and then decide 16 what is the appropriate timing for bringing this back to the Board. 17

It would either be our conference 18 19 call --I forget the schedule -- or our 20 December meeting. So either October 20th or December 7th through 9th would be our meeting. 21 22 if could Sam, you keep us

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1 informed? Good.

2	MR. ARMIJO: Can I interrupt?
3	This is Bob Armijo. I wanted to thank you.
4	And is my contact, then, to be Mr. Glover?
5	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Correct, I think
6	that's the because if you have questions, I
7	think he would be the best one to relay those
8	and keep in contact with you.
9	MR. ARMIJO: Fair enough. Thank
10	you.
11	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Thank you.
12	Okay.
13	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: We're a little
14	early on the public comment period. Is there
15	anybody in the audience who signed up for
16	public comment? Dr. Knut. Okay. When Ted
17	comes back, I think you were the first on the
18	list.
19	PARTICIPANT: May I ask a
20	question?
21	CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Not now. We do
22	it in order. And I think we'll get to the

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phone in a second, a little while, but we have 1 2 some other people signed up here first. 3 And do you want to do your intro? Knut is here. 4 So for public 5 MR. KATZ: Sure. б commenters, just to notify you, the Board 7 meetings are all fully transcribed. That includes the public comment session. 8 So whatever comments you make will be transcribed 9 10 verbatim. And all of the Board's transcripts 11 12 are put on the NIOSH website, available for 13 the entire public. So all of that will be 14 captured there. If you give any private information about yourself, that will be made 15 16 public on that transcript. So just be advised of that. 17

Also, however, if you give private information about another party, that private information or some amount of it will be redacted from the transcript sufficient so that that person's identity isn't revealed to

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1 the public. So that's the main advice.

This policy, Redaction Policy, as it's called, is both on the table in the room if you want to see the details. It's also on the NIOSH website under the Board meeting section. So you can see it in detail there if you're out there on the phone.

8 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: And I would add 9 that the public comments are limited to no 10 more than ten minutes. And at that point, if 11 anybody is going longer, we will stop the 12 comments, ask you to stop, politely.

13 The first person that is signed 14 up, I believe he is here, is Knut Ringen from 15 Center to Protect Workers' Rights. Dr. 16 Ringen?

DR. RINGEN: Thank you very much for letting me come before you again. This is the fifth time I have been here.

20 My name is Knut Ringen. I am the 21 Senior Science Adviser for CPWR, the Center 22 for Construction Research and Training, Mr.

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Chairman. And I am also representing the
 Building and Construction Trades Department of
 the AFL-CIO today.

I am the PI on the Building Trades 4 National Medical Program, which is part of the 5 6 DOE Former Worker Program that Greg Lewis described earlier. since will 7 And Т be discussing SRS in a minute, I should note that 8 we have examined over 4,000 workers at SRS and 9 10 conducted detailed work history interviews with them. 11

12 So I thank you for your 13 hospitality and patience with me. I know it's 14 been trying at times.

15 Today I am going to address two 16 issues. First is the ten-year review that you 17 heard Lew Wade talk about earlier today and that Dr. Hinnefeld responded to and told you a 18 19 little bit about what they plan to do with it. 20 And the second is the Savannah River SEC evaluation that you are going to consider 21 22 tomorrow.

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1 First, the ten-year review. Ι 2 have three specific points. The issues 3 identified in the review and the recommended actions of the review have been presented 4 numerous times before this review was done in 5 comments on the rules that NIOSH established б and also in many, many public comments before 7 this Board over the years. 8

really should not have taken 9 It 10 NIOSH ten years to do this review. It should have been fully aware that this review was 11 12 needed at least five years ago and should have conducted it then. And this Board should have 13 been more forceful in requiring NIOSH to do 14 So in that sense, I think the Board has 15 so. 16 been complicit in this failure to evaluate that quickly. 17

18 Secondly, the most important 19 finding, at least in my opinion, in this 20 evaluation is found in the SEC section of it. 21 And it deals with the issue of what is meant 22 by sufficient accuracy.

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many others have 1 We and been 2 asking for this definition for years, 3 including comments the original dose on reconstruction rule and on the SEC rule, which 4 derivative of the original 5 is а dose б reconstruction rule.

NIOSH has consistently refused to 7 respond to and, in fact, has stonewalled our 8 request for a definition of this provision. 9 10 So I am very glad to find that NIOSH now agrees that this needs to be done. 11 And the fact that Dr. Hinnefeld today suggested at 12 13 least that NIOSH is not sure how it is going to be able to define it certainly indicates 14 15 strongly the need for such a definition.

16 The fact that NIOSH has operated for ten years without this definition has cast 17 doubt, 18 serious both upon its dose 19 reconstruction determinations and its SEC 20 evaluations.

21 So I ask you as the Board to 22 establish a Working Group to evaluate the

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implementation of the actions that NIOSH is 1 2 taking in response to this ten-year review and 3 become more active in your evaluation of the of 4 performance NIOSH's operations. Specifically, within that, I hope that you 5 will work hard on reviewing how NIOSH defines 6 7 sufficient accuracy.

8 This is a duty of this Board as 9 defined under paragraph 7384q of the Act that 10 deals with your responsibilities.

11 Third, I was very pleased to hear 12 Dr. Hinnefeld say that he has decided to 13 conduct a validation study of the dose 14 reconstruction determinations and how valid 15 they are.

16 Over the years, we have proposed a plan for such a study. And in specific 17 comments, we laid it out in the comments that 18 19 we submitted in response to the ten-year 20 review. So at least NIOSH has our proposal for how such a study should be done. 21

22 NIOSH proposes to begin this I

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1 heard today at Savannah River. And that may 2 or may not make sense. Savannah River is in 3 some ways a best case example. There is probably not a facility that we have better 4 dose records than at Savannah River. 5 So in б that sense, starting the review there will certainly be easier, but it's not necessarily 7 the worst-case example where you would want to 8 do such a review. So that needs to be taken 9 10 into account.

So I ask the Board to participate 11 actively in this and to establish a Working 12 Group and to select its best statisticians and 13 epidemiologists to work on reviewing how this 14 15 validation study is to be done since it will 16 be a statistical study. At least I think it is going to be a statistical study. It should 17 be a statistical study. 18

Let me turn briefly to the SRS SEC evaluation. Tomorrow you are going to consider addendum 2 to this SEC evaluation. And it's critical for you to keep in mind that

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addendum 2 has to be reviewed in the context of addendum 1 and in the context of the original application. So don't lose sight of that there are two other pieces to this than the addendum 2 that has been submitted to you.

I want to remind you that under paragraph 7384q of the Act, it is the duty of this Board to recommend SEC additions to the President. The duty is yours, not NIOSH's. So however that is done is up to you.

I only got access to addendum 2 11 12 this morning. So I am a little bit at a 13 disadvantage. And the petitioners onlv 14 received it last night. So they are at an 15 equally bad disadvantage.

16 Ι had a chance to review today 17 during the group and also to look at what happened at the -- I believe it was the August 18 19 12 meeting of the Working Group, but the 20 Working Group also only received this document the night before their meeting. And it's 21 22 clear from what transpired at the meeting that

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1 the Members were very poorly informed and 2 unable to have a very meaningful discussion of 3 the evaluation documents because they had not had a chance to prepare for it. 4

It is now almost four years since 5 б the application for the SEC was submitted. NIOSH has undertaken what I would characterize 7 an absolutely torturous process to get to 8 where today. And that is 9 we are not 10 necessarily in such a good place.

Ι to focus 11 want on the Class 12 Definition specifically to demonstrate to you 13 how unduly complex the result that NIOSH has come up with is. The exposure for which NIOSH 14 cannot produce dose reconstruction involves 15 thorium but 16 not all aspects of thorium operations. 17

The Class Definition consists of a 18 19 combination of a worker having a specific 20 badge that is related to some operation within the SRS site and also, and also, having worked 21 22 in a specific building where there was a

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thorium operation, for which NIOSH says it
 cannot do a dose reconstruction. As I said,
 that doesn't involve all of them.

The time frame is from 1-1-53 to 4 9-30-72. The problems you should consider are 5 6 these. NIOSH assumes that all eligible Class members wore a radiation badge. 7 I would say in response to Stu's comments earlier today 8 about the biases of health physics that one of 9 10 them is very strongly that it assumes that all workers had to wear a badge if they were in 11 12 the regulated area.

13 But as NIOSH knows very well from a number of focus groups and interviews with 14 15 workers and so on, Savannah River, there were 16 times when workers did not have badges or did not wear them. NIOSH is fully aware of that. 17 We have helped to organize some of the focus 18 19 groups with both NIOSH and SC&A. So they have 20 ample evidence that badging was not complete at Savannah River. This has to be corrected. 21

22 Not all thorium operations are

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included, as I said, which I find strange. 1 2 For instance, the 300M area is excluded. That 3 is where they did thorium manufacturing and reprocessing, and the reprocessing operation, 4 which Т think was the first attempt at 5 reprocessing within the AEC complex. I could б be wrong about that, but I believe it's the 7 first, had tremendous potential for exposures 8 within it. 9

10 So Ι don't know why that is specifically excluded. And it does not make 11 clear in the text why it is excluded. 12 The exclusions you can find in table 7.4 and 7.5 13 and inclusions also. 14

15 The time period is not adequately 16 justified, particularly on the back end. NIOSH proposes 9-30, even though in table 5.5, 17 it suggests that, at least in area 773A, 18 19 thorium could have been present through 12-31; in other words, at least 3 additional months. 20 But, more importantly, the report 21 makes no allowance for possible contamination 22

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1 of these areas, which were subsequently 2 cleaned up after operations ceased. And 3 whether there could have been -- contamination is not clear, even though the thorium used in 4 these areas were totally unencapsulated. 5

Lastly, б the requirement that 7 workers prove they were in а particular building is unenforceable. Because there were 8 9 no access requirements or access logs in those 10 buildings, you don't know who walked into one and out of one at any given time. And for a 11 12 worker to prove that he was in that building, 13 the documentation is lacking.

And DOL has made clear that this 14 15 is the case and that it will not be able to 16 administer that part of the Class Definition. This is particularly critical for transient 17 workers, such as construction workers, 18 who 19 have gone in and out of these buildings all the time. 20 And to ask them to accumulate 250 davs of such work in these particular 21 buildings is just about impossible. 22

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1 So in this respect, NIOSH has 2 created a torturous and very difficult Class 3 Definition that cannot be administered. So it seems to me that there is no way that this 4 Board can deal with this petition or 5 this б evaluation without vastly expanding the Definition of the Class. 7

8 Finally, I would like to comment 9 briefly on health endangerment. This 10 evaluation also, like all of the others, SEC 11 evaluations, stipulates a period of 250 days 12 because that is what the SEC rule requires.

As I said, for transient workers, this makes no sense in the situation and, therefore, should not have been included in the way that it has been.

Dr. Lemen today appropriately called into question the 250-day rule. Your counsel said the Act requires this, but in this respect, she and NIOSH are wrong.

The SEC is defined in paragraph 73841 and subsection 14(c) of that paragraph.

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has three additional subsections. 1 And it 2 Subsection A deals with the gaseous diffusion 3 plants, where there is а 250-day limit. Section B deals with Amchitka, where there is 4 no limit. And section C deals with your 5 б responsibility to recommend to the President new members of the Class. And it has no time 7 limit. It's up to you to decide that time 8 limit. 9

We have long said that the 250-day provision is arbitrary. Three is no basis for it in any science, in any biology that I know of or even in any of the radiation data that we have, including the Japanese bomb survivors data.

16 So I don't know where the 250 days came from other than in one case Congress 17 defined it that way. 18 And I don't know why 19 NIOSH latched onto it, but it's not а 20 requirement.

21 Thank you very much.

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22 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Thank you, Dr.

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1 Ringen.

2 The next person I have listed for 3 public comment is Faye Vlieger, I believe. And I apologize again. I have trouble with 4 your name. I never get it right. 5 б MS. VLIEGER: Okay. Thank you 7 very much for letting me address you. Ι appreciate the work that you have put in. 8 listened in 9 Ι the Hanford on Working Group meeting last week. 10 And some of my comments will address that. 11 Other than that, let me tell you 12 that I am here on behalf of ANWAG and also 13 Cold War Patriots. I also advocate for a 14 15 number of claimants. And I am going to be 16 talking about some of what I am seeing and 17 things not addressed by NIOSH and not addressed by the Board. 18 19 In the Working Group meeting last 20 week, very blithely NIOSH said, "Oh, we can calculate that" when it came up that there was 21 for different 22 data number of the no а

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radionuclide processes at the Hanford site.
 They also said they couldn't make any
 statements at that time about what they were
 going to do about the recommendations from the
 White Paper that was presented.

6 Ι was a little aghast at them saying very blithely "Oh, we can make those 7 numbers. We can do those numbers up" when, on 8 the other hand, they've said they wouldn't 9 10 make any statements for the Working Group at It calls into question whether or 11 the time. not there is a limit on how many fallacies and 12 13 fictions they can create when creating 14 surrogate and coworker data.

What is the limit? Fifty percent of the time there is no paperwork and then it's okay to create the data or is it 75 percent and then it's an SEC?

19 There doesn't seem to be any rhyme 20 or reason to it. And I hate to use the word 21 "capricious," but it seems capricious when 22 these processes happened independently and

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1 concurrently with other processes at the site. 2 And, as the previous speaker 3 noted, people walked in and out. People were You know, people were making 4 trenching. additions to the tank farms, making additions 5 б to the 300 area.

So to blithely say that you can 7 create coworker or surrogate data that would 8 cover those people when the report by SC&A 9 10 strictly said, "There is no data. There is no thorium data. There is no thorium pellet 11 12 There is no -- neptunium data. data. There 13 were a number of the plutonium nitrides that 14 were not represented in any data that was 15 collected. There was an entire year's audit 16 that wasn't there," so I'm concerned about the tipping point. 17

18 Where is the tipping point for 19 saying, "Okay, NIOSH, do the best you can. 20 Give us a whiz-bang number?" And I hate to 21 call it a "wag" or even a "swag." And you all

22 know what that means.

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sure what it sounds 1 But that's 2 like to us as the advocates and also to the 3 claimants when they these numbers see Every time it goes back for dose 4 diminish. reconstruction, their dose number gets lower 5 б and lower and lower. It is because of some fiction that has been created at NIOSH to 7 account for some surrogate or coworker data. 8

9 The other thing I want to talk to 10 you about is the conflict of interest that 11 seems to be popping up with the people that do 12 dose reconstruction work and dose 13 reconstruction consulting for NIOSH.

14 In particular, Dade Moeller uses 15 people on a part-time basis that in their 16 full-time job, they collect the data and make decisions about what data will be included in 17 the information provided to DOL. 18 And on the 19 other side of that person's same full-time 20 job, they sit at the Board of Industrial Insurance Appeals on the other side of the 21 table from the worker who is trying to get 22

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their radiation-caused cancer accepted and saying, "Well, there is no way in the world you could have possibly had enough of a dose." I have a problem with those people doing Hanford dose reconstructions. So that's the first conflict of interest issue I have with you.

other is there 8 The is iob а announcement from Dade Moeller for a full-time 9 10 position that specifically says they're looking for someone with Hanford background to 11 do dose reconstruction consultation for NIOSH 12 as one of the contractors for NIOSH. I have a 13 It reeks of conflict of 14 problem with that. 15 interest.

16 I know you back up and say, "Well, they never had any effect on the policies that 17 are being implemented." I was a lowly planner 18 19 at the site. They came to ask me my opinion about policy and stuff all the time. 20 I wasn't a supervisor, very hard to get away from that 21 22 not involved in policy decisions.

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1 And the fact that it wasn't 2 documented that they were a supervisor or 3 involved in policy letters doesn't mean that they weren't. 4

ORAU conflict of interest 5 The б statements on their site, the number of 7 subcontractors that they use, there again I believe that needs a little whitewashing. On 8 ORAU's site, on their conflict of interest 9 10 policy statement, it says that they will include the name of the reviewer and the 11 12 reviewer's expertise and a little biography of the reviewer at the bottom of their dose 13 14 reconstructions. And I haven't seen that 15 happen.

16 I know that some of the ORAU dose reconstructions I have seen were done by ORAU, 17 but I don't know if NIOSH pulls that off. But 18 19 on the bottom of Oak Ridge's conflict of 20 policy statement concerning dose interest reconstructions, it says that they do that. 21 22 And Ι haven't bibliography seen any or

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signature by an ORAU contractor on any of the
 ones I have done.

3 The other thing I want to talk to you about is the CDC cancer clusters and why 4 that information isn't being 5 used to substantiate the fact that, as the previous б speaker said, the 250-day rule is really not 7 applicable here at the site. 8

represent the widows 9 of Ι two 10 claimants who died from pancreatic cancer. It's a horrible death. It wasn't bad enough 11 12 that though one man was dying from pancreatic cancer, but his son, who had worked with him 13 in the 300 area trenches when they did the 14 15 steam refit in the area, died a few years ago 16 of testicular cancer. And they didn't even apply for his claim because he worked right 17 alongside his dad. His dad's was turned down. 18 Like I said, I have two pancreatic 19 20 And they were both laborers, cancer cases. mostly unmonitored, in the 300 area. 21 And, as you know now, building 324 and 325 can't be 22

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demolished as quickly as they wanted because
 of the contamination found under the
 buildings.

In March of this year, there was 4 an interview set done with workers. 5 And it б uncovered a lot of things that went on in 324. 7 We know that there was a problem under 324. evidently a 8 There's DOE paper that was And they knew that one of the drains 9 written. 10 was leaking. And, instead of digging it up and taking care of the problem because it was 11 12 under the high bay, they grouted it off, concreted the drain off, and didn't use that 13 14 retrieval tank anymore.

However, that amount that was in the ground was there and started leeching around the building. So they found that now. And that's what the March interviews were for.

I would encourage you to take a look at how much people who weren't process people were actually exposed because there was

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a lot of construction and trenching,
 rebuilding, renewing, redoing piping in the
 300 area that people were exposed to for quite
 a number of years.

The quantity of cancers that I see 5 б as a lowly authorized rep -- and I don't have 7 that many claimants that I see that are outside the SEC -- seems kind of high to me. 8 I would expect to see the number of chemical 9 exposures I see under the part E side because 10 of the ongoing nature of the work that are 11 12 outside the SEC, but I see a lot of cancers 13 that are not covered because they are not part 14 of the SEC. If they were part of the SEC, they would be covered. That kind of concerns 15 16 me.

17 And Т would think that if we compared the CDC cancer cluster information 18 19 just for the area here and you saw that there 20 is a high rate of cancer, we have such a high rate of cancer. We have our own thriving 21 22 center in the Tri-Cities, cancer here

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1 absolutely thriving.

2 One of the other issues with this 3 250-day and not processor work data that is being bandied about, security officers, even 4 though their job required them to patrol next 5 б to the areas and were near releases and 7 spills, first responders to spills are not covered. 8 I have a widow of a claimant who 9 10 died from lung cancer. In his own witness statement, he told NIOSH "I was the first 11 responder when one of the casks fell off a 12 truck. I cordoned off the area." 13 NIOSH used his witness statement 14 15 against him because he said that he didn't get 16 touched by anything. He the first was responder on site, cordoned off 17 the area, didn't always stand upwind from the spill, and 18 19 he didn't have any kind of dosimetry or

21 NIOSH used that against him to say, "Couldn't

radiation detection equipment with him.

22 possibly have been exposed."

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But

1 So as an advocate and a member of 2 a number of the nationwide advocacy groups, it 3 touches me whenever I talk to the claimants. 4 It bothers me that they worked really hard, 5 they showed up to work.

б And maybe you people think, "Well, if they were stupid enough to show up at a 7 site that they didn't now what the hazards 8 9 I can tell you as a planner, I wasn't were." 10 told what all the hazards were. And I I did work packages. I blithely did 11 planned. 12 what the company told me to do.

13 And whether you know it or not, the workers that are out there are still 14 15 afraid to come talk to you about anything. 16 When the March interviews were here, the widow of one of my pancreatic cancer cases refused 17 to go talk to them because she was afraid for 18 19 job attribution, retribution back at the site. 20 She afraid that was she would have repercussions from talking to anybody about 21 what went on. 22

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1 So you need to know that Hanford 2 is still a company town, this area. It's 3 still hard for people to come and talk about. ongoing. And they still find 4 It's interesting things when they remediate digs 5 and cribs in different lagoons. б So I would encourage you to listen 7 to everybody. A lot of times their jobs are 8 9 in peril when they are up here talking to you. 10 Thank you. 11 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Thank you. I believe we have a Therese Howe. 12 13 Okay. Fine. We'll keep you on the list for 14 Thank you. tomorrow. 15 I believe Terrie Barrie may be on 16 the line and wish to comment tonight. 17 Yes. Well, thank you MS. BARRIE: for call in my comments 18 allowing me to 19 tonight. My name is Terrie Barrie. And I am with the Alliance of Nuclear Worker Advocacy 20 Groups. 21

I have a few issues also that I

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would like to bring to the Board's attention.
First, I want to make everyone aware that an
SEC petition has been filed for the Rocky
Flats plant. I realize that NIOSH will need
to qualify it, but if anyone would care for a
copy of it, I would be happy to give it to
them.

8 There are a couple of typos that 9 someone brought to my attention. So I will 10 need to send a revised version of it. There 11 are only two typos.

12 The Rocky Flats claimants have 13 been promised for a year or more that the Work 14 Group would look into these issues. And 15 hopefully filing this petition will jumpstart 16 that discussion.

17 One issue in the petition is the Ruttenber database. I understand, although I 18 19 did not hear and I thank Faye for relaying the 20 information to me, that DOL has finally resolved how they will use this database to 21 qualify claimants for the SEC petition. And I 22

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am looking forward to a speedy release of
 DOL's final bulletin.

Earlier this week in doing some research for another advocate, I stumbled upon NIOSH's radiation dose reconstruction page. There's a section on that page titled simply "EG&G."

This section identifies the scope 8 of the work that EG&G is doing for NIOSH. 9 And 10 some of these activities include the -- I'm quoting here -- "the application of new and 11 biokinetic 12 existing ICRP models; the 13 characterization of the distribution and uncertainty associated with the internal and 14 15 external radiation dose estimates; ongoing 16 evaluation of radiobiological factors related the interpretation of radiation dose; 17 to 18 assist in the evaluation of radiological 19 characteristics of sites covered under lastly, 20 EEOICPA; and, review the appropriateness of radiation risk models used 21 in EEOICPA in light of emerging scientific 22

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1 studies."

2 EG&G operated Rocky Flats for a 3 few years. And they were also involved in other sites, like the Nevada Test Site and, I 4 believe, Mound. 5 б Now, mind you, I have never heard anything negative about EG&G, but is it proper 7 for a DOE contractor to be involved who was 8 responsible for the records, to be involved 9 10 with the dose reconstruction process? I also have concerns about Work 11 12 Group meetings in general. And both Faye and Dr. 13 I quess Ringen mentioned this also. 14 Recently contacted by the Hooker Ι was 15 Chemical petitioner for assistance. And I 16 thought the best to provide that way assistance was to review the last meeting's 17 transcript, which was May 16th, I think. 18 19 It was not posted to the website, 20 and I made an inquiry. I did not receive the transcript until a half-hour before the 21 Working Group meeting. I'm a fast reader, but 22

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there was no way I could digest some 80-some pages in that time and offer the petitioner any suggestions.

The petitioner also informed me 4 that she did not receive a copy of the White 5 б Paper until two days after the Work Group This lack of access to information 7 meeting. bv the petitioner prevented 8 her from contributing to the discussion. 9

10 One could compare this to due process in a court of law. A defendant must 11 be provided with all of the evidence. 12 SEC 13 petitioners should be provided with all of the non-classified research and White Papers. 14 And in this day and age, it should be preferably 15 16 provided in a searchable electronic format for 17 those petitioners with internet access and not overnighted by FedEx. That is very costly to 18 19 do that.

20 Petitioners also need to access 21 the O: drive. Stu Hinnefeld and I briefly 22 discussed this issue a month or so ago. It is

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obvious that the amount of information that
 NIOSH needs to sift through can be
 overwhelming.

I understand the security issues. However, if the petitioners had a person with the proper clearance to research the O: drive and then provide the petitioners with the redacted documents, that will go a long way in ensuring that all of the information was reviewed before an SEC vote by the Board.

final 11 comment My concerns 12 surrogate data. I don't understand how NIOSH 13 or the Board determines when to use surrogate The reason I ask this again is because 14 data. 15 Hooker Chemical is having surrogate data used 16 for their dose reconstruction. But it was not considered for the W.R. Grace site today. 17 Т don't understand, and it is not clear to me 18 19 when NIOSH considers the use of surrogate data is proper and when it is not. If someone can 20 point me to the document that lays this out, I 21 would really appreciate it. 22

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I also don't understand how data 1 2 from Mallinckrodt can be used for Hooker 3 Chemical. If NIOSH and the Board decided that the data was not sufficient to reconstruct 4 dose for Mallinckrodt claimants, why is it 5 sufficient for the Hooker Chemical claimants? б Now, I also realize that you don't 7 have the time to answer me tonight, but I 8 really would appreciate a response from NIOSH 9 10 or the Board or who is ever responsible for 11 these questions. And again I thank you for allowing 12 13 me to call in these public comments. 14 Thank CHAIRMAN MELIUS: you, 15 Terrie. 16 I think I can address one of your questions, just to say that we did discuss 17 this morning this issue with White Papers and 18 19 timeliness for petitioners and others involved in Work Groups and agree that everyone will 20 job of getting do а better 21 try to that 22 information to you and to other petitioners

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and other interested parties in time before
the Work Group meetings. It's not always
possible, but as much as possible to do that.
So we are aware of that.
And I also believe some of the
backlog on some of the transcripts becoming

available, that's being addressed also and has
gotten much better recently. And they're
catching up with that backlog.

10 But thank you.

11 MS. BARRIE: Okay. Well, thank 12 you. There was trouble with the phone line 13 today.

14 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. I know. 15 You wouldn't have been able to. That's why I 16 wanted to mention it to you.

MS. BARRIE: Well, I appreciate
that.
CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Thank

20 you.

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21 First, is there anybody else in 22 the room who would like to make public

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1 comments?

2 MR. ROWE: My name is Gordon Rowe. 3 I'm the petitioner for the Savannah River site petition. would like 4 Ι to make а 5 comment, if I can. б CHAIRMAN MELIUS: What site again? 7 What was your name again so we make sure we have it down. 8 9 MR. ROWE: Gordon Rowe. 10 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Mr. Rowe, 11 I know who you are now. Thank you. Go ahead. First of all, I would 12 MR. ROWE: 13 like to request that the information on these meetings and the addendums and so forth be 14 sent out in a more timely manner. 15 16 I didn't get this information. Ι got a FedEx yesterday evening about 5:15. And 17 there's really not ample time to study it and 18 19 qo over it before the discussion at the 20 meeting. 21 the question, And next next comment I would like to make, since I am the 22

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petitioner on this SEC-103, I wonder what authority or who gives NIOSH the authority to add this thorium to the petition without consulting me or contacting me first.

my opinion, that's going to 5 In б slow the petition down, the results of it, or And I think that thorium should 7 finalizing. separate issue from the 8 be а original And at least if they are going to petition. 9 10 add something or change, I think they at least ought to contact the petitioners and check 11 about it before they change 12 with us the 13 petition that I sent in.

14Do you understand what I'm asking?15CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes, I16understand. Do you have any further comments?17MR. ROWE: No.

18 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay.

MR. ROWE: I would like, if I can,
if somebody could give me an answer to that
question.

22 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Sure. I will

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1 try in general and may ask NIOSH to also. But 2 in reviewing the original petition, NIOSH set 3 a scope for their review, which included the 4 thorium, I believe, those areas. So that has 5 been one of the areas under review.

And it's also NIOSH under their regulations have the right to modify your original Class that you have offered when you entered your petition.

MR. ROWE: They have the right todo that without contacting me first?

12 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Well, ves. Ι 13 think this has been part of it all along. And they also have the right to then offer up a 14 15 new Class Definition. This covers maybe just 16 part of the scope of the review for your petition. 17

18 MR. ROWE: All right. Thank you.
19 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Anybody
20 else in the audience or on the line that would
21 like to --

22 MR. FROWISS: Yes.

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CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Yes. Please
 identify yourself.

3 MR. FROWISS: Yes. My name is 4 Albert Frowiss in Rancho Santa Fe. I am an 5 advocate for claimants all over the country, 6 on SECs principally. And I just have four 7 basic short questions.

that 8 One, Ι know your Board endorsed the CLL rule. And I am wondering if 9 10 somebody could update me on where it stands now that the comments are closed, et cetera, 11 12 in terms of what the status is. That's one 13 question.

earlier 14 Another is today you 15 discussed the Brookhaven issues and indicated 16 that an 83.14 action to extend will probably be coming forth soon. Can anybody tell me 17 what the approximate years of extension might 18 19 be? I assume into the '80s if not the early 20 '90s based on the transcript that I read earlier in the year. There are lots of people 21 stacked up that are in that pickle that I 22

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represent. That's the second question.

2 The third and fourth questions are 3 kind of related. And that is in relation to the Albuquerque Operations Office and Division 4 which Ι believe perhaps 5 Z, was the б nomenclature for the original New Mexico Operations Office when it was either at Los 7 Alamos or Santa Fe and then moved down to 8 9 Albuquerque. 10 And Ι was wondering whether Division Z or Albuquerque Operations Office at 11 any of those locations will be covered in 12 either of the SECs, the Sandia SEC, or Los 13 14 Alamos SECs. I assume perhaps Sandia. 15 But that is basically the 16 questions that I have. 17 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Thank you. I don't know if, Stu or Jim, you 18 19 want to address at least maybe the first two 20 you sort of mentioned this morning I think I 21 _ _ 22

This is Stu MR. HINNEFELD: Yes.

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1 Hinnefeld, the Director of DCAS.

2 I reported this morning the CLL 3 rule is with Health and Human Services to proceed determine whether 4 to with the publication of a final rule. And if, in fact, 5 б the Department decides to proceed to a final rule, it will appear in the Federal Register. 7 And there is an effective period. 8 The effective date will be some period after that. 9 So that is the status of where the CLL rule 10 is. 11 Do you want to add something, Ted? 12 MR. KATZ: I can just add that the 13 schedule that is being shot for by HHS is to 14 15 publish that by the end of the year. So that 16 is the aim. 17 Okav. MR. HINNEFELD: With

18 respect to the Brookhaven Class, potential 19 Class, I don't want to give anybody the clear 20 indication that that will happen. It might 21 happen. The end date is not determined yet, 22 and I am afraid I can't provide any more

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specific information than what the questioner
 already has on that.

3 And then with respect to Division Z, I actually can speak to that. Division Z 4 is the predecessor to Sandia. 5 We ran into б this issue I think that the questioner is 7 talking about because these cases were referred Los Alamos National 8 to us as Laboratory Division Z starting from about 1945 9 10 to 1949 or thereabouts.

And the effective date of Sandia 11 then starts in 1949. So there is kind of this 12 13 question, "Well, are they Los Alamos but 14 they're Los Alamos, they're not at in 15 Albuquerque, or are they Sandia?"

16 And have been corresponding we with the other agencies. And what we believe 17 will happen shortly is that the covered period 18 19 for Sandia will be moved forward to include 20 the beginning of Division Z. And they will be considered part of Sandia employees and then 21 would fall into the existing Sandia treatment. 22

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CHAIRMAN MELIUS: Okay. Thanks 1 for the clarification. 2 3 Does anybody else on the line or in the audience wish to make public comment? 4 5 (No response.) 6 CHAIRMAN MELIUS: We thank everybody, then. And we will reconvene at 7 8:15 tomorrow morning. 8 9 (Whereupon, the above-entitled 10 matter went off the record at 5:36 p.m.) 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

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