National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases



National Healthcare Safety Network

2019 Long-term Care Facility Component Annual Updates and Annual Facility Survey Review

January 9, 2019 January 30, 2019

Where can I find a list of the updates?

- December newsletter
- LTCF module web-pages under the protocol tab
- Blast e-mail sent to NHSN users
- NHSN version 9.2 Release Notes (12/12/18)

| Impacted Infection Event/Module | Summary of Modifications |
|--|---|
| General | Clostridium difficile infection (CDI), also known as C. difficile infection, has been reclassified as Clostridioides difficile (CDI), also known as C. difficile infection. Note: Currently, the update is only reflected in the NHSN protocols, forms, and table of instructions. |
| Annual Facility Survey | To assist in improving data quality, a pop-up message will appear as a reminder to verify the primary testing method for <i>C. difficile</i> when: An uncommon <i>C. difficile</i> testing method is selected (specifically, culture or cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay) OR "Other" is selected and the testing method that is manually typed in the space is equivalent to one of the provided testing methods. |
| Event Reporting - All Modules | To assist in improving data quality, a pop-up message will appear on the Event Page if the selected Resident Type (Short Stay [SS] or Long Stay [LS]) does not meet the NHSN definition based on the date of first admission and the event date. |
| Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Event Module | Urine culture requirements are no longer based on specimen collection method. The following changes were made: Specimen collected from in/out straight catheter and a positive culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of ≥ 10⁶ CFU/ml Specimen collected from indwelling catheter and a positive culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of ≥ 10⁶ CFU/ml |
| Laboratory-identified (LabID) Event Module | No significant protocol changes made to the module. |
| Prevention Process Measures Module | No significant protocol changes made to the module. |
| CDI Denominator Monthly Summary Data and Denominators for LTCF | Added a new required variable called "CDI Treatment Starts" to enable an estimate of CDI burden in a facility when empiric treatment for CDI occurs in the absence of confirmatory testing. |
| Analysis | In the NHSN line listing and rate tables, the column titles were updated to reflect the descriptive variable names as the default instead of the variable names. The following additional variables added as columns to the default <i>Line Listing – All CDI LabID Events:</i> (1) CDI Assay; (2) Onset; (3) Onset Description; and (4) Days: Admit to Event. Definitions for incident and recurrent CDI added as footnotes to <i>Line Listing - All CDI LabID Events.</i> |

Name Change for *Clostridium difficile*

- Clostridium difficile infection (CDI), also known as C. difficile infection, has been reclassified as Clostridioides difficile (CDI), also known as C. difficile infection.
 - Note: Currently, the update is only reflected in the NHSN protocols, forms, and table of instructions.

Annual Facility Survey

- Soft alerts will appear when an uncommon testing method is selected for:
 - Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay
 - Culture

3. What is the primary testing method for *C. difficile* used most where your facility's testing is performed? *

- O Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for toxin
- Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay
- Nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT)(e.g., PCR) (e.g.
- NAAT plus EIA, if NAAT positive (2-step algorithm)
- Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen plus EIA fo
- GDH plus NAAT (2-step algorithm)
- GDH plus EIA for toxin, followed by NAAT for discrepant results
- O Culture (C. difficile culture followed by detection of toxins)
- Other (specify)

Alert

This test is not a standard C. diff diagnostic tool, please review selection. If this is correct, press OK to continue or press Cancel to edit.



Annual Facility Survey

- Soft alerts will appear when "Other" is selected as primary testing method and:
 - The testing method typed in the box matches a selection already available

3. What is the primary testing method for *C. difficile* used most often by yc where your facility's testing is performed? *

Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for toxin

Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay

○ Nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT)(e.g., PCR) (e.g., PCR, LAM

○ NAAT plus EIA, if NAAT positive (2-step algorithm)

○ Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen plus EIA for toxin (2-si

OGDH plus NAAT (2-step algorithm)

○ GDH plus EIA for toxin, followed by NAAT for discrepant results

O Culture (C. difficile culture followed by detection of toxins)

Other (specify) PCR

("Other" should not be used to name specific laboratories, reference labor laboratory, refer to the Tables of Instructions for this form, or conduct a sea

Alert

One of the options from the specified testing methods listed above is a better choice. If this is correct, press OK to continue or press Cancel to edit.



Events

 A pop-up message will appear on the Event Page if the selected Resident Type (Short Stay [SS])does not meet the NHSN definition based on the date of first admission and the event date

| Resident Information | | |
|--|---|--|
| Facility ID *: Pike Nursing Home (ID 11106) 🗸 | | |
| Resident ID *: 123456 Find Find Events | Alert | Social Security #: 000-00-0001 |
| | Please verify that you've selected the correct Resident Type. NHSN defines a | (or comparable railroad insurance number): |
| Last Name: PresPos | short-stay resident as having 100 days or | First Name: Test |
| Middle Name: | less between the first admission date and the event date. | |
| Gender *: F - Female 🗸 | | Date of Birth *: 03/06/1945 |
| Ethnicity: NOHISP - Not Hispanic or Not Latino 🗸 | ОК | |
| Race: 🗌 American Indian/Alaska Native 🗌 Asi | | |
| 🗌 Black or African American 👘 Nat | ive Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander | |
| U White | | |
| Resident type *: SS - Short-stay | GREATER THAN 100 | Date of Current Admission |
| to Facility *: Contract of the second s | DAYS | to Facility *: |
| Event Information | | ****** |
| Event Type *: UTI - Urinary Tract Infection | ~ | Date of Event *: 09/05/2018 |

Events

 A pop-up message will appear on the Event Page if the selected Resident Type (Long Stay [LS]) does not meet the NHSN definition based on the date of first admission and the event date



Is the resident Short Stay or Long Stay?

- Do we count residents who have a respite stay, but are not admitted as short stay?
 - If they occupied a bed they should be counted.
- Do the 100 days per calendar year need to be consecutive to count as long-term stay?
 - Only if the resident was discharged for more than 30 consecutive days at a time, in which the "Date of First Admission to Facility" will change. IN this case, the count will start over for determining resident type. If the resident leaves the facility for less than 30 days then the "Date of first admission to facility" would not change and the resident would remain as long stay.

UTI Event

- Urine culture requirements:
 - Regardless of specimen collection method, resident must have at least one positive urine culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of ≥ 10⁵ CFU/ml

Specify Criteria Used * (check all that apply): Signs & Symptoms Laboratory & Diagnostic Testing Specimen collected from clean catch voided urine and a positive culture with no more than 2 Fever: Single temperature > 37.8° C (>100° F) or >37.2°C (>99°F) species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of >= 10^5 CFU/ml on repeated occasions, or an increase of > 1.1°C (>2°F) over baseline Specimen collected from in/out straight catheter and a positive culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of >=10^5CFU/ml Rigors Specimen collected from indwelling catheter and a positive culture with no more than 2 species New onset confusion/functional decline of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of >=10^5CFU/ml New onset hypotension Leukocytosis (> 14,000 cells/mm^3), or Left shift (> 6% or 1,500 bands/mm^3) Acute pain, swelling or tenderness of the testes, epididymis, or Positive blood culture with 1 matching organism in urine culture prostate Acute dvsuria Purulent drainage at catheter insertion site

Example Scenario – Should I Report Case as UTI?

 A resident of a LTC facility was complaining of new onset of dysuria. A urine culture was collected via straight catheter and the culture comes back positive for mixed flora, E. coli, and Candida glabrata 10⁵ CFU/ml.



Applying the NHSN Definition

Specify Criteria Used * (check all that apply):

Signs & Symptoms

- Fever: Single temperature > 37.8° C (>100° F) or >37.2°C (>99°F) on repeated occasions, or an increase of > 1.1°C (>2°F) over baseline
- Rigors
- New onset confusion/functional decline
- New onset hypotension
- Acute pain, swelling or tenderness of the testes, epididymis, or prostate
- Acute dysuria
- Purulent drainage at catheter insertion site

Laboratory & Diagnostic Testing

- Specimen collected from clean catch voided urine and a positive culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of >= 10^5 CFU/ml
- Specimen collected from in/out straight catheter and a positive culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of >=10^5CFU/mI
- Specimen collected from indwelling catheter and a positive culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of >=10^5CFU/ml
- Leukocytosis (> 14,000 cells/mm^3), or Left shift (> 6% or 1,500 bands/mm^3)
- Positive blood culture with 1 matching organism in urine culture

If more than 2 species of microorganisms are present, the resident *does not* meet the urine culture requirement for an NHSN UTI regardless of colony count and how specimen was collected

Monthly Summary Data/Denominators for LTCF

- Added a new required variable called "CDI Treatment Starts"
 - Estimate of CDI burden in a facility when empiric treatment for CDI occurs in the absence of confirmatory testing.
 - Include residents with treatment orders regardless of testing



Should all new treatments for CDI be counted, even if a test for C. difficile was not performed or if a C. difficile test result was negative?



| | DRO & C.DI LabiD Event Reporting | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|--|------|-----|----------------------|------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | Specific C |)rganism Type | | | | |
| | Location Code | | | MRSA | VRE | CephR- Klebsiella | CRE-Ecoli | CRE- Enterobacter | CRE- Klebsiella | C. difficile | MDR- Acinetobacter | |
| Ţ | Facility-wide Inpatient (FacWIDEIn) | Resident Admissions: Resident Days: * Number of Admissions on C. diff Treatment: * Number of residents started on antibiotic treatment for C.diff: * | LabID Event (All specimens) Report No Events | | | | | | | | | Custom Fields |

MDRO & CDI LabID Event Reporting

While a resident is being treated *C. difficile* infection, the provider orders repeat testing which was negative. The provider orders for the resident to continue with the previously ordered treatment. How do I count this?

✓ Count new orders only.

Do **not** count continued treatment as separate counts. Remember, you should only capture **new** medication orders.

Should the number of residents started on antibiotic treatment for C. difficile include only residents with a positive C. difficile lab result?

A. Yes B. No

NO, Number of *C. difficile* treatment starts should only include residents with a new order for treatment irrespective of lab results.



Note—if the resident had a new order for CDI treatment and had a positiv*€. diff* lab result, the resident will be counted once for C. diff treatment start <u>and</u> a CDI LabID Event should be submitted for that resident.

Should the number of residents started on antibiotic treatment include residents receiving empiric treatment?



YES

• Number of *C. difficile* treatment starts should include residents with a new order for treatment irrespective of why the treatment is ordered.

For the "Number of residents started on antibiotic treatment for C. difficile" should I include residents admitted on treatment for C. diff?

NO

There are TWO different monthly summary variables that must be answered for facilities participating in CDI LabID Event Reporting.



MDRO & CDI LabID Event Reporting

- Number of admission on C. difficile treatment: Count only residents who are receiving medication therapy (such as antibiotics) for the treatment of *C. difficile* infection at the time of admission to your facility.
 - Include both new admissions and re-admissions when a resident was out of the facility
 >2 calendar days (change to the Current Admission Date).
 - A resident admitted on CDI treatment should be included in this count even if he/she does not have a CDI LabID event for the LTCF.
- 2. Number of residents started on antibiotic treatment for *C. difficile* : Count residents that have a new medication order for *C. difficile* treatment.
 - Capture all new medication treatments (antibiotic orders), regardless of: (1) results of *C. difficile* testing; or (2) number of doses or days of therapy completed.
 - Remember, this count does NOT include residents admitted to your facility on treatment or with treatment orders.

Analysis

- Line listing and Rate Tables:
 - Column titles updated to reflect the **descriptive** variable names as the default instead of the variable names.

National Healthcare Safety Network Rate Tables for CDI LabID Event Data

As of: December 6, 2018 at 3:21 PM Date Range: All LTCLABID_RATE SCDIF

Facility Org ID=11106

Summary Year/Month Location Total CDI Count Number of Resident Days Total CDI Rate

National Healthcare Safety Network

Line Listing - All LabID Events 🔫

As of: December 4, 2018 at 3:44 PM Date Range: All LTCLABID_EVENTS

 Facility Org ID
 Resident ID
 Date of Current
 Event ID
 Event Date
 Specific Organism
 Specimen Source
 Location
 Transferred from Acute Care Facility in Past 3 Months?
 Transferred from Acute Care Facility in Past 4 Weeks?

Analysis

- Line Listing All CDI LabID
 - Additional variables added

National Healthcare Safety Network Line Listing - All CDI LabID Events

As of: January 9, 2019 at 10:45 AM Date Range: All LTCLABID_EVENTS

| Facility Org ID | Resident ID | Date of Current Admission | Event ID | Event Date | Specific Organism | Specimen Source | Location | Transferred from Acute Care Facility in Past 4 Weeks? | CDI Assay | Onset | Onset Description | Days: Admit to Event |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------|--|--------------|------------|--|----------------------------|
| 39455 | 2468 | 12/25/2014 | 3140 | 01/05/2015 | CDIF | STOOL | 1 D | | Incident | ACT- LO | ACT-LO - Acute Care Transfer-Long-term Care Facility- Onset | 12 |
| 39455 | 44444 | 10/25/2014 | 3179 | 01/10/2015 | CDIF | STOOL | 4 GEN | | Incident | LO | LO - Long-term Care Facility-Onset | 78 |
| 39455 | 111111 | 01/01/2015 | 3134 | 01/15/2015 | CDIF | STOOL | 1 D | | Incident | LO | LO - Long-term Care Facility-Onset | 15 |

2018 ANNUAL FACILITY SURVEY IS DUE



Important Information

- 2018 Annual Facility Surveys are available for completion <u>now</u>!
 Deadline to complete survey is March 1, 2019.
- Most survey questions are based on facility characteristics and practices during the <u>previous</u> calendar year.
- New soft alerts (pop-up messages) added to improve data quality.
- Accuracy is important-responses in the annual survey may be used for future risk adjustment of data.

Important Information, continued

- Recommend collecting all required information using NHSN paper form.
- NHSN provides instructions for completing the form in the Table of Instructions (TOI).
- Surveys may be viewed, edited, and printed anytime after submitting.
- NHSN helpdesk is your friend! nhsn@cdc.gov with "LTCF" in subject line.

Getting Started with your Annual Facility Survey

Before Getting Started!

- Recommend the use of NHSN paper forms and instructions to collect required information
 - Form:

https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/forms/57.137 LTCFSurv BLANK.pdf

– Instructions:

https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/forms/instr/57 .137-toi-annual-facility-survey.pdf

 May review and print your survey completed during previous calendar year (2017) if facility characteristics are similar



Form Approved OMB No. 0920-0666 Exp. Date: xx/xx/20xx www.cdc.gov/nhsn

Long Term Care Facility Component—Annual Facility Survey

| Page 1 of 6 | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| *required for saving | | Tracking #: | |
| Facility ID: | | *Survey Year: | |
| *National Provider ID: | | State Provider #: | |
| Facility Characteristics | | | |
| *Ownership (check one): | | | |
| □ For profit | □ Not for profit, including of | church Government (not VA) | Veterans Affairs |
| 'Certification (check one): | | | |
| Dual Medicare/Medic | aid 🛛 🗆 Medicare only | Medicaid only | State only |
| *Affiliation (check one): | Independent, free-stan | ding 🛛 Independent, continuing | care retirement community |
| Multi-facility organization | tion (chain) 🛛 🗆 Hospital s | ystem, attached 🛛 Hospital system | em, free-standing |
| In the previous calendar ye | ar: | | |
| *Average daily census: | | | |

Getting Started with your Annual Facility Survey

Log-in to SAMS

- 1. Go to <u>https://sams.cdc.gov</u>
- 2. Sign-in using your SAMS Grid card



Getting Started with your Annual Survey

Select NHSN Reporting

 Select NHSN Reporting to access your enrolled facility
 Note: facility that have already enrolled in NHSN should NOT enroll again, even if the NHSN administrator changes



Getting Started with your Annual Survey

Open 2018 Annual Facility Survey



Logout

Assurance of Confidentiality: The voluntarily provided information obtained in this surveillance system that w

Getting Started with your Annual Facility Survey

 To review and/or print a copy of your completed survey for the previous calendar year:

To Access Previously Submitted Survey:

- 1. Click "Surveys"
- 2. Click "Find"
- Select Survey Year "2017"
- 4. Click "Find"

| NHSN Home | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Alerts | | | | | | | | |
| Reporting Plan | • | | | | | | | |
| Resident | • | Enter search criteria and click Find | | | | | | |
| Event | • | More criteria will return a narrower result set | | | | | | |
| Summary Data | • | | | | | | | |
| Import/Export | | Facility ID: 8.8 LTC Facility (ID 14884) V Survey Year: 2017 | | | | | | |
| Surveys | • | Add | | | | | | |
| Analysis | • | Find Find Clear Back | | | | | | |
| Users | • | EN | | | | | | |
| Facility | • | •• | | | | | | |

Getting Started with your Annual Survey

Open 2018 Annual Facility Survey



Logout

Assurance of Confidentiality: The voluntarily provided information obtained in this surveillance system that w

Getting Started with your Annual Survey

Add Required Information

Red *asterisk = required 🍪 Add Annua

| Add Annual Survey | |
|---|--|
| Aandatory fields marked with * | |
| Facility ID *: Angela LTCF Test Facility (ID 39455) 🗸 | ′ Survey Year ★: 2018 ✔ |
| National Provider ID *: | State Provider #: |
| acility Characteristics | |
| Facility ownership *: 🗸 🗸 🗸 | Certificat Curry (O) (Voor |
| Affiliation *: | |
| the previous calendar year, | 2018 |
| Average daily census *: | 2010 |
| Total number of short-stay residents *: | Average length of stay for short-stay residents: |
| Total number of long-stay residents *: | Average length of stay for long-stay residents: |
| Total number of new admissions * : | |
| Total Number of Beds * : | Number of Pediatric Beds (age <21) *: |

Total Number of Short-Stay Residents

| Int | he previous calendar year, Average daily census * : | |
|-----|---|--|
| | Total number of short-stay residents *: | Average length of stay for short-stay residents: |
| | Total number of long-stay residents *: | Average length of stay for long-stay residents: |
| | Total number of new admissions *: | |
| | Total Number of Beds *: | Number of Pediatric Beds (age <21) *: |

Total number of unique residents who stayed ≤ 100 days in the previous calendar year.

Note: If a resident starts off as short stay but converts to long-stay, then count the resident in the total number of long-stay.

Total Number of Long-Stay Residents

| In the previous calendar year, Average daily census *: Total number of short-stay residents *: | Average length of stay for short-stay residents: |
|--|--|
| Total number of long-stay residents *: | Average length of stay for long-stay residents: |
| Total number of new admissions * : Total Number of Beds * : | Number of Pediatric Beds (age <21) *: |

Total number of unique residents who stayed > 100 days in the previous calendar year.

On the day you complete this survey..

Indicate which of the following primary service types are provided by your facility. On the day of this survey, indicate the num receiving those services (list only one service type per resident, i.e. total should sum to resident census on day of survey comp

| Primary Service Type | Service Provided? | Number of residents |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|
| a. Long-term general nursing * : | \checkmark | 47 |
| b. Long-term dementia * : | \checkmark | 20 |
| c. Skilled nursing/Short-term (subacute) rehabilitation *: | \checkmark | 20 |
| d. Long-term psychiatric (non dementia) *: | | |
| e. Ventilator *: | | |
| f. Bariatric *: | | |
| g. Hospice/Palliative *: | \checkmark | 10 |
| h. Other *: | | |
| Fotal Resident Census on Survey Day: | | 97 |

Its Survey Time – What Services are being Provided?

- What should we do if we provide the service but have no one in house on the day of survey, e.g., we provide hospice, but had no hospice residents on the day of survey.
- Check the box to include the service and put a "0" for the count

Indicate which of the following primary service types are provided by your facility. On the day of this survey, indicate the num receiving those services (list only one service type per resident, i.e. total should sum to resident census on day of survey comp

| Primary Service Type | Service Provided? | Number of residents |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|
| a. Long-term general nursing *: | | 47 |
| b. Long-term dementia *: | \checkmark | 20 |
| c. Skilled nursing/Short-term (subacute) rehabilitation *: | \checkmark | 20 |
| d. Long-term psychiatric (non dementia) *: | | |
| e. Ventilator *: | | |
| f. Bariatric *: | | |
| g. Hospice/Palliative *: | \checkmark | 0 |
| h. Other *: | | |
| al Resident Census on Survey Day: | | 97 |

Total Resident Census on Survey Day

Indicate which of the following primary service types are provided by your facility. On the day of this survey, indicate the num receiving those services (list only one service type per resident, i.e. total should sum to resident census on day of survey comp

| Primary Service Type | Service Provided? | Number of residents |
|--|-------------------|--|
| a. Long-term general nursing *: | \checkmark | 47 |
| b. Long-term dementia *: | \checkmark | 20 |
| c. Skilled nursing/Short-term (subacute) rehabilitation *: | \checkmark | 20 |
| d. Long-term psychiatric (non dementia) *: | | |
| e. Ventilator *: | | |
| f. Bariatric *: | | |
| g. Hospice/Palliative *: | | 10 |
| h. Other *: | | |
| Total Resident Census on Survey Day: | | 97 |
| | | In the previous calendar year. |
| Total Resident Census | on Survey | > erage daily census *: 90 |
| Day must be less than o | or equal to | Total number of short-stay residents * : 25 |
| Total Number of Beds μ | provided in | Total number of long stay residents *: 75 |
| previous section of | survey | Total number of new admission of the 20 |
| | | Total Number of Beds * : 100 |

Primary Testing Method for *C. difficile*

3. What is the primary testing method for *C. difficile* used most often by your facility's laboratory or the outside laboratory where your facility's testing is performed? *

O Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for toxin

Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay

O Nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT)(e.g., PCR) (e.g., PCR, LAMP)

O NAAT plus EIA, if NAAT positive (2-step algorithm)

O Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen plus EIA for toxin (2-step algorithm)

GDH plus NAAT (2-step algorithm)

O GDH plus EIA for toxin, followed by NAAT for discrepant results

O Culture (C. difficile culture followed by detection of toxins)

Other (specify)

- Based on practices of diagnostic laboratory in which <u>most</u> resident specimens are sent.
- Contact diagnostic laboratory identify the primary diagnostic testing method for *C. difficile* used

Uncommon Testing Methods for *C. difficile*

3. What is the primary testing method for *C. difficile* used most often by your facility's laboratory or the outside laboratory where your facility's testing is performed? *****

Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for toxin

Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay

O Nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT)(e.g., PCR) (e.g., PCR, LAMP)

O NAAT plus EIA, if NAAT positive (2-step algorithm)

O Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen plus EIA for toxin (2-step algorithm)

O GDH plus NAAT (2-step algorithm)

O GDH plus EIA for toxin, followed by NAAT for discrepant results

Culture (C. difficile culture followed by detection of toxins)

Other (specify)

 Before selecting cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay or culture, verify primary testing method with diagnostic lab.

- Most testing methods can be categorized by selecting from the options provided.
- 'Other' should **not** be used to name specific laboratories, reference laboratories, or the brand names of *C. difficile* tests.

Lab Testing methods

- What if you changed labs this year and the testing methods are different?
- You will add the new lab to next year's survey. Remember, for 2018 survey, you are only including facility characteristics and practices for 2018. If labs changed mid-way through the year, include the primary lab tests your facility used for the majority of 2018.

Remember to SAVE completed survey



EDIT Annual Facility Survey

NHSN - National Healthcare Safety Network



How do I add a new user to NHSN?

- How can our new Infection Control Nurse be added as a NHSN user?
- The NHSN facility administrator must add the new nurse as a user to the NHSN application. Once the new user is added, if he/she is not already registered with SAMS, he/she will receive an e-mail to register with SAMS.
- Please send an e-mail to <u>nhsn@cdc.gov</u> for additional questions or help with adding a new user

ADD NHSN Users

| Alerts Reporting Plan Resident | (| Mandatory fields marked with * User ID *: Up to 32 Prefix: First Name *: | AST NAME x. aanttila Retters and/or numbers, no spaces or special ch |
|---|------|--|--|
| Reporting Plan | [| Mandatory fields marked with * User ID *: Up to 32 Prefix: First Name *: | Pletters and/or numbers, no spaces or special ch |
| Resident 🕨 | | User ID *: Up to 32 Prefix: First Name *: | letters and/or numbers, no spaces or special cha |
| | | Prefix: | |
| | | First Name *: | |
| vent 🕨 | | | |
| | | Middle Name: | User must u |
| Summary Data | | Title: | camo omai |
| uninary Data , | | User Active: Y - Yes 🗸 | Same ema |
| | | User Type: | address for SA |
| ourveys 🕨 | | Phone Number *: | |
| | | Fax Number: | registration |
| Analysis | | E-mail Address *: | |
| | Add | Address, line 1: | |
| Jsers 🕨 🕨 | 7.00 | Address, line 2: | |
| | Find | Address, line 3: | |
| Facility 🕨 🕨 | Find | City: | |
| | | State: | • |
| Group | | Zip Code: | |
| 7-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10- | | Home Phone Number: | |
| ogout | | Beeper: | |
| | | | |

ADD NHSN User Assign and Save Rights

Fac: Angela LTCF Test Facility Facility List: Rights Patient Safety Healthcare Personnel Safety Biovigilance Long Term Care Dialysis Administrator All Rights Analyze Data Add, Edit, Delete View Data Advanced Customize Rights Effective Rights Save Back

User ID: MANTTILA (ID 238556)

How do I add the LTCF Component if I'm already a NHSN user?

- Will I be able to access LTC if I am already enrolled for hospital NHSN data?
 Or do I have to initiate another enrollment? SAMS
- Must enroll in the LTCF Component since it is a different component. It is an abbreviated enrollment where the LTCF annual facility survey must be completed to complete the enrollment.



Access and print hardcopy version of enrollment forms



How do I make a change to our facility name?

How do we update the name of our facility within the NHSN site?



National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases



QUESTIONS ?

Send all questions to nhsn@cdc.gov and type "LTCF" in the subject line