Immunizations to Protect Against Flu, COVID-19 and RSV

	Disease	What Products are Available?	Who Should Use These Products?	What Are the Benefits?	Where Can You Access?	More Information
	Flu	Updated flu vaccines for 2023-2024 are available, including flu shots and a nasal spray flu vaccine	Everyone six months and older should get an updated flu vaccine. People 65 and older should get a high-dose or adjuvanted flu vaccine, if available.	Flu vaccines reduce the risk of flu illness, severe illness, hospitalization, and death.	Visit <u>https://www.vaccines.gov/</u> to find a vaccine.	https://www.cdc.gov/flu/prevent/index. html
	COVID-19	<u>Updated COVID-19</u> <u>vaccines</u> are available for 2023-2024	Everyone six months and older should get an updated vaccine. Some groups may need additional doses to stay <u>up to date</u> .	COVID-19 vaccines are safe and effective at protecting people from serious COVID-19 illness, hospitalization, death, and Long COVID.	Visit <u>www.vaccines.gov</u> to find a pharmacy and check vaccine availability.	https://www.cdc.gov/coronavi- rus/2019-ncov/index.html
	RSV	RSV vaccines	Adults aged 60 and older	Vaccination against RSV can help prevent severe RSV illness, hospitalization, and death.	Talk to your healthcare provider to see if RSV vaccine is right for you.	https://www.cdc.gov/rsv/about/prevention.html Some children aged 8-19 months who are at increased risk for severe RSV may benefit from an additional RSV immunization product.
		RSV vaccine	Women who are 32-36 weeks pregnant during RSV season	Vaccination against RSV while preg- nant can help protect babies from severe RSV illness, hospitalization, and death.	Pregnant women should talk to their doctor about which option may be best.	
		RSV immunization	Infants entering or born during RSV season	Immunization against RSV from monoclonal antibodies can help prevent severe RSV illness, hospitalization, and death.	Parents and expecting parents should talk to their doctor about which option may be best.	

