Current EstimatesFrom the National Health Interview Survey: United States, 1979

Estimates of incidence of acute conditions, prevalence of reported chronic conditions, number of persons reporting limitation of activity, number of persons injured, hospital episodes, disability days, and frequency of dental and physician visits. Based on data collected in the National Health Interview Survey during 1979.

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COOPERATION OF THE U.S. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Under the legislation establishing the National Health Interview Survey, the Public Health Service is authorized to use, insofar as possible, the services or facilities of other Federal, State, or private agencies.

In accordance with specifications established by the Division of Health Interview Statistics, the Bureau of the Census, under a contractual arrangement, participated in planning the survey and collecting the data.

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CURRENT ESTIMATES FROM THE NATIONAL HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY

Susan S. Jack and Peter W. Ries, Division of Health Interview Statistics

INTRODUCTION

This report presents national estimates of acute illnesses and injuries, disability days, limitation of activity due to chronic conditions, prevalence of selected reported chronic conditions, and measures of health care utilization for 1979. These variables represent the basic health items for which data were collected in the 1979 National Health Interview Survey of the U.S. civilian noninstitutionalized population.

The detailed tables in this report contain data limited to age and sex population categories. More detailed analyses of similar data by other social, economic, and demographic categories will be presented in forthcoming reports. The text tables present data that indicate recent trends for major health items collected in 1979 as well as for the 2 previous years. Other Current Estimates reports in Series 10 (Numbers 126 and 130) present detailed data for 1977 and 1978 that are comparable with data shown in this report for 1979.

A major change made in 1979 affects the comparison of 1979 illness data with data from earlier years. In 1979 illness and injuries were coded using the ninth revision of the International Classification of Diseases, 1 rather than the eighth revision used in 1978 and earlier. Caution should therefore be used when comparing data in specific disease categories. Detailed information on the old and new disease category classifications is available from the Interview and Examination Statistics Program of the National Center for Health Statistics.

Although published reports are the primary vehicle for disseminating statistical estimates from the National Health Interview Survey, data are also available in the form of standardized microdata tapes. Questions pertaining to cost, delivery time, and data availability should be directed to the Interview and Examination Statistics Program of the National Center for Health Statistics.

HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE PERIOD

Acute Conditions

Acute conditions are defined as those illnesses and injuries that have lasted less than 3 months and that have involved either medical attention or 1 day or more of restricted activity. However, to counteract the effect of memory decay, which impairs the validity of the estimates, the annual incidence of acute conditions is calculated by including only those conditions that had their onset during the 2 weeks prior to the week of the interview and that caused restricted activity or required medical care during the 2-week period.

During 1979 an estimated 464.5 million acute illnesses and injuries occurred among the civilian noninstitutionalized population of the United States (tables 1 and 2). The incidence rate of 215.3 acute conditions per 100 persons for 1979 is somewhat lower than the rates for the 2 previous years (table A); however, the differences are not statistically significant.

Comparing 1979 rates for the major classifications of acute conditions with 1978 rates shows two significant changes. The higher reported incidence rate for influenza in 1978 appears to be primarily responsible for the fluctuating incidence rate for acute respiratory conditions.^a The higher rate for "all other acute conditions" in 1979 appears to be due primarily to significantly higher rates of genitourinary disorders and diseases of the skin. However, caution should be used when making specific category comparisons between 1979 data and earlier data due to a change from the eighth to the ninth revision of the International Classification of Diseases used for coding. Some apparent changes may be artifacts of changes in coding categories.

During 1979 acute illnesses and injuries caused an average of 9.4 days of restricted activity per person (tables A, 3, and 5)—a rate virtually identical to that of 1977 but significantly lower than that of 1978, with the difference due primarily to a lower rate for influenza. The rate of 4.1 bed-disability days per person for 1979 (tables A, 4, and 6) was also lower than the rate for the previous year, due primarily to the lower bed-day rate for influenza. The rate of 4.8 school-loss days per child aged 6-16 years is similar to the rates for both 1978 and 1977 (tables A and 7). The number of days lost from work because of acute conditions among the currently employed population was similar for 1979 and 1978 (tables A and 8)-about 3½ days per person.

During 1979 approximately 69 million persons were injured (table 9)—a rate of 32.0 persons injured per 100 persons (table A). The rates were highest among those under 6 years of age (38.1), due primarily to accidents in the home, and among the 17-44 year age group (37.3) (table 9). Associated with these injuries were 345.4 days of restricted activity (table 10) and 92.5 days of bed disability (table 11) per 100 persons per year. Although the rate of persons injured tended to decrease with age, the number of restricted-activity and bed-disability days per person per year associated with injuries increased with age.

Table A. Incidence of acute conditions, associated disability days, and persons injured: United States, 1977-79

Item	1977	1978	1979			
Acute conditions	Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year					
All acute conditions	218.8	218.2	215.3			
Infective and parasitic diseases Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions Digestive system conditions Injuries All other acute conditions	27.2 109.7 63.2 40.4 6.2 11.2 36.4 34.2	24.7 115.8 59.1 50.3 6.3 10.7 33.1 33.9	24.4 107.3 60.1 40.5 6.7 11.4 34.5 37.7			
Days of disability associated with acute conditions	Days of disability per 100 persons per year					
Restricted-activity days Bed-disability days Work-loss days (ages 17 years	940.8 417.3	989.7 444.7	939.9 413.4			
and over) 1	346.6 491.2	376.6 480.7	350.6 477.8			
Class of accident	Number of persons injured per 100 persons per year					
All classes of accident	34.8	31.6	32.0			
Moving motor vehicle While at work Home Other	2.4 5.4 13.9 14.8	2.1 4.9 11.9 13.9	2.3 5.6 11.5 14.0			

¹For currently employed population.

Days of Disability

Table B shows days of disability per person per year for both acute and chronic conditions for 1977-79. "Days of disability" refers to both temporary and long-term reduction of a person's activity due to acute or chronic conditions. The four types of disability days (restricted-activity, bed-disability, work-loss, and school-loss days) are reported in the health interview in association with specific acute and chronic conditions. Although it is possible for a particular day of disability to be attributed to multiple conditions, the person-day measure, used in table B, counts each day of disability only once, regardless of the number of conditions causing

^aFor further details and quarterly estimates, see Series 10, Number 130.

Table B. Days of disability per person per year, by type of disability day: United States, 1977-79

<u> </u>					
Type of disability day	1977	1978	1979		
	Days of disability per person per year				
Restricted-activity days Bed-disability days	17.8 6.9	18.8 7.1	19.0 6.7		
Work-loss days (ages 17 years and over) 1	5.0	5.2	5.0		
School-loss days (ages 6-16 years)	5.4	5.4	5.3		

¹For currently employed population,

disability on that day. A day of restricted activity is one during which a person reduces his or her normal activity for all or most of the day because of an illness or injury. Each day spent in bed for all or most of the day is counted as a day of restricted activity. Similarly, each day lost from work or school is a day of restricted activity. Days on which people cut down on the things that they usually do for the whole day, but which were not bed days, work-loss days, or school-loss days, are also counted as restricted-activity days.

In 1979 there were an estimated 19.0 days of restricted activity per person as a result of chronic and acute illnesses or injuries—a rate similar to that of 1978. The number of restricted-activity days per person per year ranged from 11.0 days for children under 17 years of age to 41.9 days for adults 65 years of age and over (table 12). The average number of bed-disability days per person during 1979 (6.7) was not significantly different from that in 1978 and was similar to that in 1977 (table B). There were an estimated 483 million days lost from work due to illness or injury—5.0 days per currently employed person 17 years of age and over per year, a rate similar to that of 1978.

Females reported more restricted-activity, bed-disability, and work-loss days per person than did males during 1979 (table 12), as in previous years.

The number of days lost from school for children 6-16 years of age during 1979 was 5.3 days per child, which is similar to the 1978 rate (tables B and 13).

Limitation of Activity

The concept of limitation of activity used in this report refers to long-term reduction in activity resulting from chronic disease or impairment. The measurement of this concept in the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) permits one to distinguish among (1) persons unable to carry on their usual activity, (2) persons limited in the amount or kind of their usual activity, (3) persons limited but not in their usual activity, and (4) persons not limited. The category of persons limited in their major activity includes those in the first two groups, that is, those unable to carry on the usual activity for their agesex group, whether it is working, keeping house, or going to school, and those restricted in the amount or kind of usual activity for their agesex group. Persons limited but not in their major activity include persons restricted in other activities, such as civic, church, or recreational activities. Table C shows the percent of the population with limitation of activity for 1977-79.

The 1979 NHIS produced an estimate of 14.6 percent of the population as limited in activities as a result of one or more chronic conditions. Although the 1979 estimate appears to extend a trend of an increasing proportion of the population with limitations (see table C), the lower figure for 1977 is due in large part to a procedural change in the interview questionnaire. As indicated in an earlier report (Series 10, Number 126, page 3), the regular NHIS questions on limitation of activity were used to screen respondents according to whether or not they would receive a special supplement on disability.

Table C. Percent of the total population with limitation of activity due to chronic conditions: United States, 1977-79

Limitation of activity	1977	1978	1979		
	Percent of total population				
Limited in activity Limited in major activity ¹ No limitation of activity	13.5 10.4 86.5	14.2 10.6 85.8	14.6 10.9 85.4		

¹Major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or engage in school or preschool activities.

In general, the direction of the relationships between limitation of activity, age, and sex in 1979 (table 14) was similar to the direction observed in earlier years.

Utilization of Medical Services

Measures of the utilization of health services as reported in the NHIS are shown in tables 15-21 and highlighted in table D.

Information was obtained in the NHIS on the hospitalization experience of each household member during the 12-month period prior to the week of the interview. Two measures of hospitalization were derived from this informationhospital discharges and hospital episodes. Differences in the estimating procedures for the two measures are described in appendix I (see "Explanation of hospital recall"). Information on hospital discharges from hospital records is also collected through the National Hospital Discharge Survey (NHDS) conducted by NCHS. Estimates from the NHDS, published in Series 13 of Vital and Health Statistics, are somewhat higher than those presented here because of differences in collection procedures, population sampled, and definitions used. The most recent national estimates of short-stay hospitalizations based on the National Hospital Discharge Survey are summarized in Series 13, No. 46.2

Table D. Selected measures of health care utilization: United States, 1977-79

Measure of utilization	1977	1978	1979
Hospitalization			
Number of discharges per 100	Į		
persons per year	14.0	14.0	13.9
Average length of stay in days Percent of persons with 1 hospital	7.8	7.9	7.8
episode or more	10.4	10.4	10.3
Dental visits			
Number per person per year	1.6	1.6	1.7
Percent of persons with visits in past year	49.7	49.9	50.2
Physician visits			
Number per person per year	4.8	4.8	4.7
Percent of persons with visits in past year	75.1	75.4	75.1

During 1979 there were an estimated 13.9 discharges from short-stay hospitals per 100 persons—similar to the rate for 1978 (tables D and 15). The rate of discharges per 100 persons for those 65 years of age and over (27.0) was about 4 times as high as that for children under 17 years of age (6.5). The average length of stay in days per hospital discharge was 7.8, about the same as reported for the previous years. Persons under 35 years of age experienced hospital stays that averaged about 5½ days. Older persons had increasingly longer stays; those aged 65 years and over averaged about 10.8 days. Except for persons aged 65 years and over, males experienced longer stays than did females.

Approximately 10.3 percent of the population were hospitalized at least once during the year preceding the interview (table 16). About 82 percent of these persons had only one stay in a hospital. In 1979 persons with one hospital episode or more spent an average of 9.6 days per person in the hospital (table 17).

There were an estimated 366.3 million dental visits in 1979 (table 18), or 1.7 visits per person. This is similar to the rate for 1978 (table D). As in the past, females continued to make slightly more dental visits per person than did males—1.8 and 1.6 visits per person per year, respectively (table 18).

The percent of the population with at least one annual dental visit in 1979 was similar to the 1978 proportion—50.2 and 49.9 percent, respectively. Detailed data on the time interval since the last dental visit are shown in table 19.

During 1979 there were approximately 1 billion contacts with medical doctors, excluding visits to inpatients in hospitals—an average of 4.7 visits per person (table 20). This rate is similar to those for the 2 previous years (table D). The number of visits per person per year ranged from 4.1 for children under age 17 years to 6.6 visits for persons aged 75 years and over. For persons aged 17 years and over, females had more physician visits than did males. For those under age 17, the rates were similar for both sexes.

Approximately 75 percent of the civilian noninstitutionalized population contacted a medical doctor at least once during the 12 months preceding the interview (table 21). This percent has changed little over the past 3 years (table D). An estimated 3.5 percent of the

population had not contacted a physician in 5 years or more. More extensive data on physician visits can be found in the report entitled, "Physician Visits: Volume and Interval Since Last Visit, United States, 1975" (Series 10, Number 128). Other estimates of ambulatory medical care services by physicians are provided by data from the National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey (NAMCS). NAMCS is a probability sample survey conducted yearly by NCHS. A summary of 1977 survey results can be found in Series 13, No. 44 of Vital and Health Statistics. 3,4

Prevalence of Reported Chronic Conditions

Chronic conditions are defined as conditions that either (1) were first noticed 3 months or more before the reference date of the interview, or (2) belong to a group of conditions (specified in appendix II) that are considered chronic regardless of when they began. For the purpose of estimating the prevalence of reported chronic conditions, the total NHIS sample was divided into six representative subsamples; each subsample was administered one of six checklists that detailed broad categories of types of chronic conditions. Respondents were asked to indicate the presence or absence of each condition specified on the particular list administered to them. Because the presence or absence of many types of chronic conditions is often ambiguous, several "impact" questions were asked about each condition reported. The questions include whether the person had been taking medicine for the condition, had had surgery or had been hospitalized for the condition, and the number of times he or she had seen a doctor or stayed in bed for the condition during the 12 months prior to the interview.

Table 22 shows the reported prevalence for the conditions associated with each of the six lists where the estimate of the reported prevalence exceeds 1 million persons. Also shown are the proportions of conditions by various impact questions noted in the previous paragraph. Totals for all chronic conditions are not shown because the NHIS does not measure the total number of chronic conditions for each person. It should also be noted that, since a person may have had more than one chronic condition, the sum of

conditions that are counted will exceed the sum of persons having had those conditions.

As seen in table 22, the chronic conditions most often reported are sinusitis, arthritis, and hypertension (with about 28.1 million, 25.9 million, and 23.7 million reported cases, respectively). Among all the conditions with a reported prevalence of more than 1 million, the percent of conditions causing limitation of activity range from a low of 1.0 percent for sinusitis to a high of 70.1 percent for paralysis.

Caution should be exercised when comparing the estimates shown in table 22 with previously published NHIS prevalence estimates of chronic conditions, since the 1979 estimates are the first to be based on the ninth revision of the International Classification of Diseases. This caveat holds also for estimates based on the NHIS impairment codes, which were substantially revised for 1979.

Seasonal Variation

Tables 23-25 present quarterly estimates of acute conditions, persons injured, and disability days. Figures 1-3 show these data for the past 6 years. The quarterly estimates of acute conditions for 1979 resemble the estimates of 1978, 1977, 1976, and 1975, but not those of 1974 (figure 1), because of changes in survey procedures used during 1974.b The high rates consistently shown for persons injured during 1975 (figure 2) probably reflect the greater yield of reported injuries that resulted from the inclusion of an extensive accident probe question in the 1975 questionnaire but which was not included in the questionnaires of the other years shown. However, modifications of the questionnaire do not appear to account for the fact that the 1977 rates of persons injured resemble those for 1975. Restricted-activity days and beddisability days continued to fluctuate in a pattern somewhat similar to that of previous years (figure 3).

^bFor a more detailed explanation of the problem associated with the 1974 data collection procedure for acute conditions, see Series 10, Number 100, page 1, and Series 10, Number 102, pages 2-4.

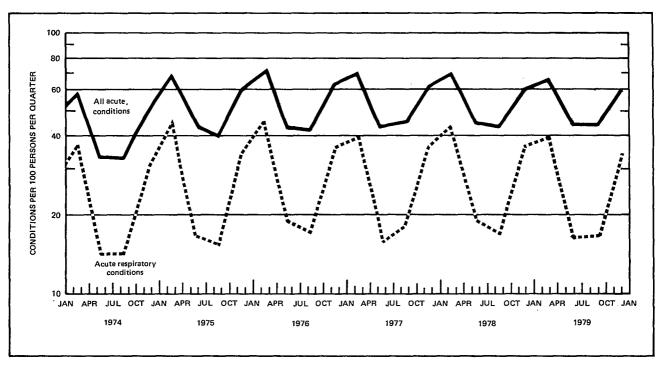


Figure 1. Incidence of all acute conditions and acute respiratory conditions per 100 persons per quarter

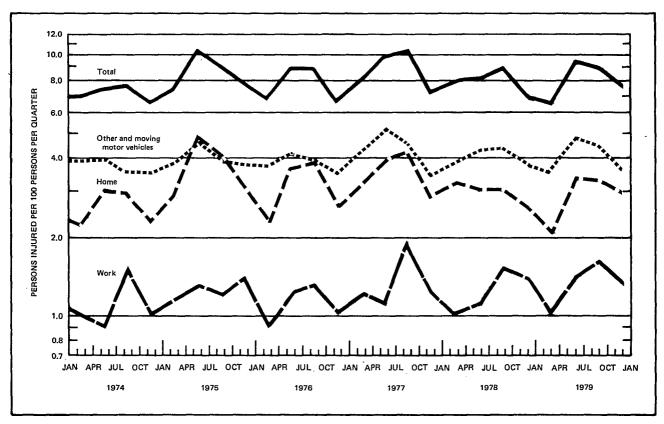


Figure 2. Persons injured per 100 persons per quarter, by class of accident

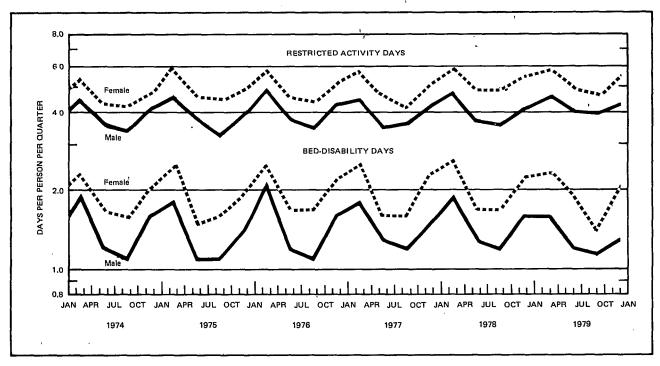


Figure 3. Disability days per person per quarter, by type of disability and sex

CONTENTS OF THE 1979 QUESTIONNAIRE

Data on the incidence of acute conditions, limitation of activity, persons injured, hospitalizations, disability days, dental visits, physician visits, and the prevalence of selected chronic conditions are collected annually in the National Health Interview Survey. A list of publications that contain detailed data on these items for previous years is shown at the end of the text.

The 1979 National Health Interview Survey questionnaire contained several topics for which data are not collected every year. The 1978 and 1979 questionnaires included a supplement on immunization for selected childhood diseases. The 1979 questionnaire also included the following new topics: home care due to disability or a health problem; eye care, including examination, treatment, and/or surgery; residential mobility; and supplemental income.

SOURCES AND LIMITATIONS OF THE DATA

The information from the National Health Interview Survey presented in this report is based on data collected in a continuing nationwide survey by household interviews. Each week a probability sample of households in the civilian noninstitutionalized population of the United States is selected and members interviewed by personnel of the U.S. Bureau of the Census. Information is obtained about the health and other characteristics of each member of the household.

During 52 weeks in 1979 the sample was composed of approximately 42,000 households containing about 111,000 persons living at the time of the interview. The total noninterview rate was about 3.9 percent, of which 2.2 percent was due to respondent refusal, and the remainder was primarily due to the failure to locate an eligible respondent at home after repeated calls.

The population figures used in computing annual rates shown in this report appear in table 26.

A description of the survey design, the methods used in estimation, and general qualifications of the data obtained from the survey are presented in appendix I. Because the estimates shown in this report are based on a sample of the population, they are subject to sampling errors. Therefore, particular attention should be paid to the section titled "Reliability of

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Estimates." Sampling errors for most of the estimates are relatively low. However, where an estimated number or the numerator or denominator of a rate or percentage is small, the sampling error may be high. Charts of relative sampling errors and instructions for their use are shown in appendix I.

Certain terms used in this report are defined in appendix II. Some of the terms have specified meanings for the purpose of the survey. For example, estimates of the incidence of acute conditions include, with certain exceptions, those conditions that had started during the 2-week period prior to the interview and that involved either medical attention or restricted activity. The exceptions, listed in appendix II, are certain conditions, such as heart trouble and diabetes, that are always considered to be chronic regardless of duration or onset.

Estimates of the number of disability days associated with acute conditions are derived from the number of disability days experienced during the 2-week period prior to the week of interview and include all such days reported even if the acute condition causing the disability had its onset prior to the 2-week period. Disability days associated with acute conditions are recorded on a condition basis. If an individual reports more than one illness or injury on the same day, the count of disability days will exceed the actual number of days disabled, that is, person-days of disability.

Appendix III contains the questionnaire used in the interview. Also shown are the cards used by the interviewer to ask certain questions.

In this report, terms such as "similar" and "the same" mean that no statistically significant difference exists between the statistics being compared. Terms relating to difference (for example, "greater" or "less") indicate that differences are statistically significant. The t-test with a critical value of 1.96 (0.05 level of significance) was used to test all comparisons that are discussed. Lack of comment regarding the difference between any two statistics does not mean the difference was tested and found to be not significant.

RELATED PUBLICATIONS IN SERIES 10

Series 10 Number 76 Dental Visits: Volume and Interval Since Last Visit, United States, 1969 82 Acute Conditions, Incidence and Associated Disability, United States, July 1970-June 1971 83 Prevalence of Selected Chronic Digestive Conditions, United States, July-December 1968 84 Prevalence of Selected Chronic Respiratory Conditions, United States, 1970 Current Estimates From the 85 Health Interview Survey, United States, 1972 Impairments Due to Injury, 87 United States, 1971 Acute Conditions, Incidence and 88 Associated Disability, United States, July1971-June 1972 Disability Days, United States, 90 1971 94 Prevalence of Selected Chronic Circulatory Conditions, United States, 1972 95 Current Estimates From the Health Interview Survey, United

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2. Incidence of acute conditions and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by age, sex, and condition group: United States, 1979

condition group, according to sex: United States, 1979

Disability Associated With Acute Conditions

Incidence of Acute Conditions

	by sex and condition group:	United States, 1979	
4.	Days of bed disability associ	iated with acute conditions and days of bed disability per 100 person	ons per year, by sex

3. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year,

sex, and condition group: United States, 1979

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8. Days lost from work associated with acute conditions and days lost from work per 100 currently employed persons per year, by age, sex, and condition group: United States, 1979

Persons Injured and Associated Disability

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10. Days of restricted activity associated with injury and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year, by class of accident, sex, and age: United States, 1979

11. Days of bed disability associated with injury and days of bed disability per 100 persons per year, by class of accident, sex, and age: United States, 1979

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TABLE 1. INCIDENCE OF ACUTE CONDITIONS, PERCENT DISTRIBUTION, AND NUMBER OF ACUTE CONDITIONS PER 100 PERSONS PER YEAR, BY CONDITION GROUP, ACCORDING TO SEX: UNITED STATES, 1979

CONDITION GROUP	BOTH SEXES	MALE	FEMALE	BOT H S EX ES	MALE	FEMALE	BOTH SE XE S	MALE	FEMALE
		DENCE OF A ONS IN THO		DI	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION		DITIO	NUMBER OF ACUTE CON- DITIONS PER 100 PERSONS PER YEAR	
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS	464,515	209,723	254,791	100.0	100.0	100.0	215.3	201.5	228.3
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES	52,691	23,096	29,594	11.3	11.0	11.6	24•4	22•2	26.5
COMMON CHILDHOOD DISEASESVIRUS, N.O.S	5,186 22,627	2,381 9,932	2,805 12,695	1.1 4.9	1.1 4.7	1.1 5.0	2.4 10.5	2.3 9.5	2.5 11.4
OTHER INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES	24,878	10,783	14,095	5.4	5.1	5.5	11.5	10.4	12.6
RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS	231,431	103,447	127,984	49.8	49.3	50.2	107.3	99.4	114.7
UPPER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS COMMON COLD OTHER UPPER RESPIRATORY	129,757 96,245	58,668 44,549	71,089 51,695	27.9 20.7	28.0 21.2	27.9 20.3	60.1 44.6	56.4 42.8	63.7 46.3
CONDITIONSINFLUENZAINFLUENZA WITH DIGESTIVE	33,512 87,262	14,119 38,061	19,393 49,201	7•2 18•8	6.7 18.1	7.6 19.3	15.5 40.5	13.6 36.6	17.4 44.1
MANIFESTATIONSOTHER INFLUENZA	6,815 80,447	2,622 35,439	4,192 45,009	1.5 17.3	1.3 16.9	1.6 17.7	3.2 37.3	2.5 34.0	3.8 40.3
OTHER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS	14,413	6,718	7,695	3.1	3.2	3.0	6.7	6.5	6.9
PNEUMONIA	2,759	1,514 2,641	1,245 3,693	0.6	0.7	0.5 1.4	1.3 2.9	1.5	1.1 3.3
OTHER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS	6,334 5,319	2,562	2,756	1.1.	1.2	1.1	2.5	2.5	2.5
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM CONDITIONS	24,660	10,660	14,000	5.3	5.1	5.5	11.4	10-2	12.5
DENTAL CONDITIONSFUNCTIONAL AND SYMPTOMATIC UPPER GASTROINTESTINAL DISORDERS;	6,898	3,644	3,253	1.5	1.7	1.3	3.2	3.5	2.9
N.E.COTHER DIGESTIVE SYSTEM	12,341	5,309	7,032	2.7	2.5	2.8	5•7	5.1	6.3
CONDITIONS	5,421	1,707	3,715	1.2	0.8	1.5	2.5	1.6	3.3
INJURIES	74,355	42,523	31,831	16.0	20.3	12.5	34.5	40.8	28.5
FRACTURES, DISLOCATIONS, SPRAINS, AND STRAINS	24,059	13,396	10,663	5.2	6.4	4.2	11.2	12.9	9.6
FRACTURES AND DISLOCATIONS	7,402	4,342	3,060	1.6	2.1	1.2	3.4	4.2	2.7
SPRAINS AND STRAINS OPEN WOUNDS AND LACERATIONS CONTUSIONS AND SUPERFICIAL	16,657 17,505	9,054 10,882	7,603 6,624	3.6 3.8	4.3 5.2	3.0 2.6	7.7 8.1	8.7 10.5	6.8 5.9
INJURIESOTHER CURRENT INJURIES	16,307 16,483	9,142 9,104	7,165 7,379	3.5 3.5	4.4 4.3	2.8 2.9	7.6 7.6	8.8 8.7	6.4 6.6
ALL OTHER ACUTE CONDITIONS	81,379	29,998	51,381	17.5	14.3	20.2	37.7	28.8	46.0
DISEASES OF THE EAR	17,492	8,382	9,111	3.8	4.0	3.6	8.1	8.1	8.2
HEADACHES GENITOURINARY DISORDERS DELIVERIES AND DISORDERS OF	4,210 15,705	1,560 2,470	2,650 13,235	0.9 3.4	1.2	1.0 5.2	2.0 7.3	1.5	2.4
PREGNANCY AND THE PUERPERIUM DISEASES OF THE SKIN DISEASES OF THE MUSCULOSKELETAL	4,618 5,339	2,332	4,618 3,007	1.0	1.1	1.8 1.2	2.1	2.2	4.1 2.7
ALL OTHER ACUTE CONDITIONS	8,120 25,894	3,814 11,439	4,306 14,455	1.7 5.6	1.8 5.5	1.7 5.7	3.8 12.0	3.7 11.0	3.9 12.9

NOTES: EXCLUDED FROM THESE STATISTICS ARE ALL CONDITIONS INVOLVING NEITHER RESTRICTED ACTIVITY NOR MEDICAL ATTENTION.
N.O.S.--NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; N.E.C.--NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED.

THE APPROPRIATE RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF THE ESTIMATES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE ARE FOUND IN APPENDIX I, FIGURES I AND VII.

TABLE 2. INCIDENCE OF ACUTE CONDITIONS AND NUMBER OF ACUTE CONDITIONS PER 100 PERSONS PER YEAR, BY AGE, SEX, AND CONDITION GROUP: UNITED STATES, 1979

										
SEX AND CONDITION GROUP	ALL AGES	UNDER 6 YEARS	6-16 YEARS	17-44 YEARS	45 YEARS & OVER	ALL AGES	UNDER 6 YEARS	6-16 YEARS	17-44 YEAR S	45 YEARS & OVER
BOTH SEXES	11	NCIDENCE O	F ACUTE.C THOUSANDS	GND IT I ONS		NUMB	ER OF AC 100 PER	UTE CON SONS PE		PER
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS-	464,515	72,224	108,880	198,751	84,659	215.3	387.0	275.0	219.2	126.7
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES	52,691 231,431 129,757	11,204 36,650 24,828	15,599 58,616 34,661	18,644 96,601 50,646	7,243 39,563 19,621	24.4 107.3 60.1	60.0 196.4 133.0	39.4 148.1 87.6	20.6 106.5	10.8 59.2 29.4
INFLUENZAOTHER RESPIRATORY	87,262	8,703	20,707	41,586	16,266	40.5	46.6	52.3	45.9	24.4
CONDITIONS DIGESTIVE SYSTEM CONDITIONS	14,413 24,660	3,119 2,295	3,248 6,080	4,369	3,676 5,385	6.7	16.7	8•2 15•4	4.8	5.5 8.1
INJURIESALL OTHER ACUTE	74,355	7,262	15,085	36,003	16,006	11.4 34.5	38.9	38.1	12.0 39.7	24.0
CONDITIONS	81,379	14,813	13,501	36,603	16,462	37.7	79.4	34.1	40.4	24.6
MALE	:	•	:							
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS-	209,723	37,106	52,817	84 •046	35,754	201.5	387.3	262.3	191.0	117.7
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS UPPER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS INFLUENZA	23,096 103,447 58,668 38,061	5,757 18,208 12,292 4,550	7,253 27,255 16,253 9,172	6,659 40,635 21,798 17,043	3,428 17,348 8,324 7,296	22.2 99.4 56.4 36.6	60.1 190.1 128.3 47.5	36.0 135.4 80.7 45.6	15.1 92.4 49.5 38.7	11.3 57.1 27.4 24.0
OTHER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS	6,718	1,366	1,830	1,794	1,728	6.5	14.3	9.1	4.1	5.7
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM CONDITIONS INJURIES ALL OTHER ACUTE	10,660 42,523	1,137 4,072	2,878 9,376	4,604 22,095	2,042 6,980	10.2 40.8	11.9 42.5	14.3 46.6	10.5 50.2	6.7 23.0
CONDIT IONS	29,998	7,933	6,054	10,054	5,957	28.8	82.8	30.1	22.9	19.6
<u>FEMAL E</u>										
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS-	254,791	35,117	56,064	114,705	48,905	228.3	386.6	288.2	245•7	134.3
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS UPPER RESPIRATORY	29,594 127,984	5,447 18,442	8,346 31,361	11,986 55,966	3,816 22,215	26.5 114.7	60.0 203.0	42.9 161.2	25.7 119.9	10.5
CONDITIONS INFLUENZA OTHER RESPIRATORY	71,089 49,201	12,536 4,153	18,408 11,535	28,848 24,544	11,297 8,970	63.7 44.1	138.0 45.7	94.6 59.3	61.8 52.6	31.0 24.6
CONDITIONS DIGESTIVE SYSTEM	7,695	1,754	1,418	2,575	1,948	6.9	19.3	7.3	5.5	5.4
CONDITIONSINJURIESALL OTHER ACUTE	14,000 31,831	1,159 3,189	3,203 5,709	6,296 13,908	3,343 9,026	12.5 28.5	12.8 35.1	16.5 29.3	13.5 29.8	9•2 24•8
CONDITIONS	51,381	6,880	7,446	26,549	10,506	46.0	75.7	38.3	56.9	28.9

NOTES: EXCLUDED FROM THESE STATISTICS ARE ALL CONDITIONS INVOLVING NEITHER RESTRICTED ACTIVITY NOR MEDICAL ATTENTION.

TABLE 3. DAYS OF RESTRICTED ACTIVITY ASSOCIATED WITH ACUTE CONDITIONS AND DAYS OF RESTRICTED ACTIVITY PER 100 PERSONS PER YEAR, BY SEX AND CONDITION GROUP: UNITED STATES, 1979

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[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in appendix II.]

information on the remainity of the estimates are given in appendix 1. Definitions of terms are given in appendix 11.									
CONDITION GROUP	BOTH SEXES	MALE	FEMALE	BOTH SEXES	MALE	FEMALE			
•		RESTRICTED A N THOUSANDS	CT IVITY		RESTRICTED AC PERSONS PER				
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS	2,027,480	857,864	1,169,617	939.9	824.1	1,047.8			
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES	208,478	78,765	129,713	96.6	75.7	116.2			
COMMON CHILDHOOD DISEASESVIRUS, N.O.S	27,317 76,614	11,326 28,565	15,991 48,049	12.7 35.5	10.9 27.4	14.3 43.0			
OTHER INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES	104,547	38,874	65,673	48•5	37.3	58.8			
RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS	821,193	345,164	476,029	380.7	331.6	426.4			
UPPER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS COMMON COLD	382,081 279,161	162,480 121,897	219,601 157,265	177•1 129•4	156.1 117.1	196.7 140.9			
OTHER UPPER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS INFLUENZA INFLUENZA WITH DIGESTIVE	102,920 313,097	40,584 131,121	62,336 181,976	· 47.7 145.1	39.0 126.0	55.8 163.0			
MANIFESTATIONS————————————————————————————————————	20,410 292,687 126,015 48,764	7,582 123,539 51,564 22,560	12,829 169,148 74,451 26,205	9.5 135.7 58.4 22.6	7.3 118.7 49.5 21.7	11.5 151.5 66.7 23.5			
BRONCHITIS OTHER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS	43,707 33,544	15,591	28,116 20,131	20.3 15.5	15.0 12.9	25.2 18.0			
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM CONDITIONS	115,653	46,740	68,914	·53 . 6	44.9	61.7			
DENTAL CONDITIONSFUNCTIONAL AND SYMPTOMATIC UPPER GASTROINTESTINAL DISORDERS,	31,517	17,025	14,492	14.6	16.4	13.0			
N.E.C	26,467	9,307	17,160	12,3	8.9	15.4			
CONDITIONS	57 , 669	20,408	37,261	26.7	19.6	33.4			
INJURIES	463,106	. 250,855	212,251	214.7	241.0	190.1			
FRACTURES, DISLOCATIONS, SPRAINS, AND STRAINS——————————— FRACTURES AND DISLOCATIONS———	251,021 137,978	134,349	116,672 68,844	116.4 64.0 52.4	129.1 66.4 62.6	104.5 61.7 42.8			
SPRAINS AND STRAINS OPEN WOUNDS AND LACERATIONS CONTUSIONS AND SUPERFICIAL	113,043 60,763	65,215 34,595	47,828 26,168	28.2	33.2	23.4			
OTHER CURRENT INJURIES	74,306 77,016	37,484 44,427	36,822 32,589	34.4 35.7	36.0 42.7	33.0 29.2			
ALL OTHER ACUTE CONDITIONS	419,050	136,340	282,710	194.3	131.0	253.3			
DISEASES OF THE EAR	65,235 10,793 79,447	31,253 5,077 11,721	33,983 5,717 67,726	30.2 5.0 36.8	30.0 4.9 11.3	30.4 5.1 60.7			
PREGNANCY AND THE PUERPERIUM DISEASES OF THE SKIN DISEASES OF THE MUSCULOSKELETAL	52,098 22,860	9,629	52,098 13,231	24.2 10.6	9.3	46.7 11.9			
SYSTEMALL OTHER ACUTE CONDITIONS	66,500 122,117	30,864 47,797	35,636 74,320	30.8 56.6	29.6 45.9	31.9 66.6			

NOTES: N 0-S .-- NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; N.E.C.-- NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED-

TABLE 4. DAYS OF BED DISABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH ACUTE CONDITIONS AND DAYS OF BED DISABILITY PER 100 PERSONS PER YEAR, BY SEX AND CONDITION GROUP: UNITED STATES, 1979

CONDITION GROUP BOTH SEXES MALE FEMALE BOTH SEXES MALE FE DAYS OF BED DISABILITY IN THOUSANDS DAYS OF BED DISABILITY PER 100 PERSONS PER YEAR	MALE
,	
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS 891,825 347,869 543,956 413.4 334.2	487.3
INFECT IVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES 107,564 39,411 68,153 49.9 37.9	61.1
COMMON CHILDHOOD DISEASES	6•1 24•6
OTHER INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES	30.4
RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS 415,783 166,979 248,804 192.7 160.4	222.9
UPPER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS 168,765 71,034 97,731 78.2 68.2 COMMON COLD 121,741 52,355 69,386 56.4 50.3 OTHER UPPER RESPIRATORY	87.6 62.2
CONDITIONS	25.4 100.0
MANIFESTATIONS 10,098 *3,022 7,076 4.7 *2.9	6.3
OTHER INFLUENZA 172,778 68,281 104,497 80.1 65.6 OTHER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS 64,142 24,642 39,500 29,7 23.7	93.6
OTHER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS 64,142 24,642 39,500 29,7 23.7 PNEUMONIA 30,232 13,272 16,960 14.0 12.7	35.4 15.2
BRONCHITIS 21,771 7,510 14,262 10.1 7.2	12.8
OTHER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS 12,138 *3,860 8,278 5.6 *3.7	7.4
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM CONDITIONS 57,365 20,217 37,148 26.6 19.4	33.3
DENTAL CONDITIONS	5.4
N.E.C 11,699 *3,947 7,753 5.4 *3.8	6.9
OTHER DIGESTIVE SYSTEM CONDITIONS 33,649 10,239 23,410 15.6 9.8	21.0
INJURIES 135,976 65,469 70,507 63.0 62.9	63.2
FRACTURES, DISLOCATIONS, SPRAINS,	
AND STRAINS 68,163 32,884 35,279 31.6 31.6	31.6
FRACTURES AND DISLOCATIONS 42,239 19,386 22,853 19.6 18.6 SPRAINS AND STRAINS 25,924 13,499 12,426 12.0 13.0	20.5
SPRAINS AND STRAINS 25,924 13,499 12,426 12.0 13.0 OPEN WOUNDS AND LACERATIONS 15,315 6,860 8,455 7.1 6.6	7.6
CONTUSIONS AND SUPERFICIAL	
INJURIES	13.3 10.7
ALL OTHER ACUTE CONDITIONS 175,137 55,794 119,343 81.2 53.6	106.9
DISEASES OF THE EAR 26,020 13,098 12,922 12.1 12.6	11.6
HEADACHES 5,628	*2.7
GENITOURINARY DISORDERS———— 35,429 *5,356 30,074 16.4 *5.1 DELIVERIES AND DISORDERS OF	26.9
PREGNANCY AND THE PUERPERIUM 23,824 23,824 11.0	21.3
DISEASES OF THE SKIN	*3.8
SYSTEM	9.5
ALL OTHER ACUTE CONDITIONS 54,467 19,749 34,718 25.2 19.0	31.1

NOTES: N.O.S.--NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; N.E.C.--NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED.

TABLE 5. DAYS OF RESTRICTED ACTIVITY ASSOCIATED WITH ACUTE CONDITIONS AND DAYS OF RESTRICTED ACTIVITY PER 100 PERSONS PER YEAR, BY AGE, SEX, AND CONDITION GROUP: UNITED STATES, 1979

								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
SEX AND CONDITION GROUP	ALL AGES	UNDER 6 Years	6-16 YEARS	17-44 YEARS	45 YEARS & OVER	ALL AGES	UN DER 6 YEARS	6-16 YEARS	17-44 YEARS	45 YEARS & OVER
BOTH SEXES	DAYS OF	= RESTRICT	ED ACTIV	ITY IN THO			STP ICTED ERSONS P	ACTIVIT	Y	
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS-	2,027,480	217,674	348,313	855,408	606,084	939.9	166.3	879.9	943.4	907.3
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASESRESPIRATORY CONDITIONS UPPER RESPIRATORY	208,478 821,193	39,533 116,616	62,539 173,801	67,985 305,440	38,421 225,336	96.6 380.7	211.8 624.9	158.0 439.0	75•0 336•9	57.5 337.3
INFLUENZA	382,081 313,097	70,916 28,590	89,969 67,033	141,537 130,127	79,659 87,348	177.1 145.1	380.0 153.2	227.3 169.3	156•1 143•5	119.3 130.8
OTHER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS DIGESTIVE SYSTEM	126,015	17,111	16,799	33,776	58,329	58.4	91.7	42.4	37.3	87.3
CONDITIONSINJURIES	115,653 463,106	8,460 9,224	16,756 54,838	49,291 234,414	41,147 164,630	53.6 214.7	45.3 49.4	42.3 138.5	54•4 258•5	61.6
CONDITIONS	419,050	43,842	40,379	198,279	136,550	194.3	23.4.9	102.0	218.7	204.4
MALE						:				
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS-	857,864	108,384	172,189	349 •287	228,003	824•1	131.4	855•2	794.0	750.3
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS UPPER RESPIRATORY	78,765 345,164	17,639 56,167	27,578 84,733	21,739 120,290	11,809 83,975	75.7 331.6	184.1 586.3	137.0 420.8	49.4 273.4	38.9 276.3
CONDITIONSINFLUENZAOTHER RESPIRATORY	162,480 131,121	34,968 14,407	42,065 32,847	56,880 49,777	28,567 34,090	156.1 126.0	365.0 150.4	208.9 163.1	129.3 113.1	94.0 112.2
CONDITIONSDIGESTIVE SYSTEM	51,564	6,792	9,820	13,633	21,319	49.5	70.9	48.8	31.0	70-2
CONDITIONSINJURIES	46,740 250,855	*4,125 *5,385	6,513 35,073	18,370 142,111	17,732 68,286	44.9 241.0	*43.1 *56.2	32.3 174.2	41.8 323.0	58.3 224.7
ALL OTHER ACUTE CONDITIONS	136,340	25,069	18,292	46,778	46,201	131.0	261.7	90.9	106.3	152.0
<u>FEMAL E</u>										
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS-	1,169,617	109,290	176,124	506,122	378,081	1,047.8	203-2	905•4	084-2	1,038.4
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS UPPER RESPIRATORY	129,713 476,029	21,894 60,450	34,961 89,068	46,246 185,150	26,612 141,361	116.2 426.4	241.0 665.5	179•7 457•9	99.1 396.6	73.1 388.3
INFLUENZA	219,601 181,976	35,948 14,183	47,904 34,186	84,657 80,350	51,092 53,258	196.7 163.0	395.8 156.1	246.3 175.7	181.4 172.1	140.3 146.3
OTHER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS DIGESTIVE SYSTEM	74,451	10,319	6 •979	20,143	37,010	66.7	113.6	35•9	43.2	101.7
CONDITIONS	68,914 212,251	*4,335 *3,839	10,243 19,764	30,921 92,303	23,415 96,344	61.7 190.1	*47.7 *42.3	52.7 101.6	66.2 197.7	64.3 264.6
CONDIT IONS	282,710	18,772	22,087	151,501	90,349	253.3	206.7	113.5	324.6	248•2

TABLE 6. DAYS OF BED DISABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH ACUTE CONDITIONS AND DAYS OF BED DISABILITY PER 10C PERSONS PER YEAR, BY AGE, SEX, AND CONDITION GROUP: UNITED STATES, 1979

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in appendix II.]

SEX AND CONDITION GROUP	ALL AGES	UNDER 6 YEARS	6-16 YEARS	17-44 YEARS	45 YEARS & OVER	ALL AGES	UNDER 6 YEARS	6-16 YEARS	17-44 YEARS	45 YEARS & OVER
BOTH SEXES	DA YS	S OF BED D	I SABI LITY	IN THOUS	ANDS	. DA	YS OF BED 100 PERS			
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS-	891,825	107,333	167,027	361,849	255,616	413.4	575.1	421.9	399.1	382.7
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS UPPER RESPIRATORY	107,564 415,783	21,784 58,829	29,595 99,035	37,337 159,740	18,848 98,180	49.9 192.7	116.7 315.2	74.8 250.2	41.2 176.2	28.2 147.0
CONDITIONS INFLUENZA OTHER RESPIRATORY	168,765 182,876	32,395 17,014	45,690 44,400	64,047 78,607	26,633 42,855	78.2 84.8	173.6 91.2	115.4 112.2	70.6 86.7	39.9 64.2
CONDITIONSDIGESTIVE SYSTEM	64,142	9,419	8,945	17,086	28,691	29.7	50.5	22.6	18.8	43.0
CONDITIONSINJURIESALL OTHER ACUTE	57,365 135,976	*2,311 *2,415	8,766 12,180	23,509 57,064	22,778 64,316	26.6 63.0	*12.4 *12.9	22.1 30.8	25.9 62.9	34.1 96.3
CONDIT IONS	175,137	21,993	17,451	84,199	51,494	.81•2	117.8	44.1	92.9	77.1
MALE 2					' 			١		
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS-	347, 869	53,785	77,880	121,453	94,751	334.2	561.4	386.8	276.1	311.8
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS UPPER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS	39,411 166,979 71,034	11,193 27,810 15,652	12,142 46,497 22,026	10,523 58,932 23,559	5,553 33,739 9,797	37.9 160.4 68.2	116.8 290.3 163.4	60.3 230.9	23.9 134.0 53.6	18.3 111.0 32.2
INFLUENZAOTHER RESPIRATORY	71,303	8,058	19,490	29,216	14,538	68.5	84-1	96.8	66.4	47.8
CONDITIONS DIGESTIVE SYSTEM CONDITIONS	24,642	*4,100 *148	*4,981 *2,502	6,157 7,021	9,404	23.7 19.4	*42.8		14.0	30.9 \ 34.7
INJURIESALL OTHER ACUTE CONDITIONS	65,469 55,794	*1,671 12,962	9,283 7,457	28,078	26,437 18,476	62.9 .53.6	*17.4 135.3	46.1 37.0	63.8	87.0 60.8
FEMAL E	, ,,,,,,	11,702	1,7151	20,075	1					
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS-	543,956	53,547	89,147	240,396	160,866	487.3	589.5	458.3	515.0	441.8
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS UPPER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS	68,153 248,804 97,731	10,590 31,018 16,743	17,453 52,537 23,663	26,814 100,807 40,488	13,295 64,441 16,837	61.1 222.9 87.6	116.6 341.5 184.3	89.7 270.1	57.4 216.0 86.7	36.5 177.0 46.2
INFLUENZA OTHER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS	111,573 39,500	8,956 *5,320	24,910 *3,964	49,390 10,929	28,317	100.0 35.4	98.6	128.1	105.8	77.8 53.0
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM CONDITIONSINJURIES	37,148 70,507	*2,163 *744	6,265 *2,898	16,488 28,986	12,233 37,880	33.3 63.2	*23.8 *8.2	32.2 *14.9	35.3 62.1	33.6 104.0
ALL OTHER ACUTE CONDITIONS	119,343	9,031	9,994	67,301	33,018	106.9	99.4	51.4	144.2	90.7

TABLE 7. DAYS LOST FROM SCHOOL ASSOCIATED WITH ACUTE CONDITIONS AND DAYS LOST FROM SCHOOL PER 100 CHILDREN (6-16 YEARS) PER YEAR, BY SEX AND CONDITION GROUP: UNITED STATES, 1979

CONDITION GROUP	BOTH SEXES	MALE	FEMALE	BOTH SEXES	MALE	FEMALE	
	1	OST FROM S N THOUSAND	-	DAYS LOST FROM SCHOOL PER 100 CHILDREN PER YEAR			
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS	189,135	92,981	96,154	477.8	461.8	494.3	
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES	36,868	17,169	19,699	93.1	85.3	101.3	
RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS UPPER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS INFLUENZA OTHER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS	107,430 56,723 42,058 8,649	52,266 26,789 20,537 4,941	55,163 29,934 21,521 3,708	271.4 143.3 106.2 21.8	259.6 133.1 102.0 24.5	283.6 153.9 110.6 19.1	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM CONDITIONS	9,162	*2,963	6,199	23.1	*14.7		
INJURIES	15,580	10,915	4,665	39.4	54.2	24.0	
ALL OTHER ACUTE CONDITIONS	20,095	9,667	10,428	50•8	48.0	53.6	

TABLE 8. DAYS LOST FROM WORK ASSOCIATED WITH ACUTE CONDITIONS AND DAYS LOST FROM WORK PER 100 CURRENTLY EMPLOYED PERSONS PER YEAR, BY AGE, SEX, AND CONDITION GROUP: UNITED STATES, 1979

SEX AND CONDITION GROUP	ALL AGES- 17 YEARS ε OVER	17-44 YEARS	45 YEARS & OVER	ALL AGES- 17 YEARS & OVER	17-44 YEARS	45 YEARS & OVER	
<u>BOTH SEXES</u>	DAYS LOST FROM WORK IN THOUSANDS			DAYS LOST FROM WORK PER 100 CURRENTLY EMPLOYED PERSONS PER YEAR			
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS	338,701	242,878	95,823	350.6	369.4	310.4	
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS UPPER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS INFLUENZA OTHER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS DIGESTIVE SYSTEM CONDITIONS INJURIES	25,125 124,758 48,760 58,156 17,842 20,645 114,046 54,126	17,597 89,289 38,639 42,659 7,990 13,808 83,267 38,917	7,528 35,470 10,121 15,496 9,852 6,837 30,780 15,209		26.8 135.8 58.8 64.9 12.2 21.0 126.7 59.2	24.4 114.9 32.8 50.2 31.9 22.1 99.7 49.3	
MALE							
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS	172,249	121,623	50,626	308.5	326.1	273.1	
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS UPPER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS INFLUENZA OTHER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS DIGESTIVE SYSTEM CONDITIONS INJURIES	10,916 59,629 23,112 27,333 9,184 8,824 71,449 21,431	7,450 40,445 16,787 19,741 3,917 5,765 53,773 14,189	*3,465 19,184 6,325 7,591 5,267 *3,059 17,676 7,242	19.5 106.8 41.4 49.0 16.4 15.8 128.0 38.4	20.0 108.4 45.0 52.9 10.5 15.5 144.2 38.0	*18.7 103.5 34.1 40.9 28.4 *16.5 95.3 39.1	
FEMALE							
ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS	166,452	121,256	45,197	408•2	426.3	366.4	
INFECTIVE AND PARASITIC DISEASES RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS UPPER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS OTHER RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS DIGESTIVE SYSTEM CONDITIONS INJURIES	14,209 65,129 25,648 30,823 8,658 11,821 42,597 32,696	10,147 48,843 21,852 22,918 4,073 8,044 29,493 24,729	4,062 16,286 3,796 7,905 4,585 3,777 13,104 7,967	34.8 159.7 62.9 75.6 21.2 29.0 104.5 80.2	35.7 171.7 76.8 80.6 14.3 28.3 103.7 86.9	32.9 132.0 30.8 64.1 37.2 30.6 106.2 64.6	

TABLE 9. NUMBER OF PERSONS INJURED AND NUMBER OF PERSONS INJURED PER 100 PERSONS PER YEAR, BY CLASS OF ACCIDENT, SEX, AND AGE: UNITED STATES, 1979

						<u> </u>		
		CLASS OF ACCIDENT						
SEX AND AGE	TOTAL	MOVING MOTOR VEHICLE		WHILE				
		TOTAL	TRAFFIC	AT WORK	HOME	OTHER		
BOTH SEXES		NUMBER OF	PERSONS IN	JURED IN T	HOUSANDS			
ALL AGES	69,127	5,025	4,248	12,014	24,745	30,131		
UNDER 6 YEARS	7,102 13,823 33,807 10,139 4,256	*143 834 3,098 803 *147	*96 697 2,693 615 *147	9,466 2,363 *185	4,176 5,074 9,278 4,099 2,118	2,830 8,104 13,903 3,444 1,851		
MALE						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
ALL AGES	40;226	2,834	2,197	9,316	13,021	17,209		
UNDER 6 YEARS	4,102 8,806 20,779 5,000 1,540	*48 *492 1,747 *448 *99	*48 *449 1,341 *259 *99	7,509 1,678 *129	2,458 3,221 4,771 1,927 644	1,595 5,190 8,240 1,469 714		
FEMALE								
ALL AGES	28,901	2,191	2,052	2,698	11,725	12,923		
UNDER 6 YEARS	3,000 5,117 13,028 5,139 2,716	*94 *342 1,352 *356 *48	*48 *248 1,352 *356 *48	1,957 685 *56	1,718 1,853 4,507 2,172 1,475	1,235 2,913 5,662 1,975 1,137		
BOTH SEXES	NUM	BER OF PERSO	NS INJURED	PER 100 PER	RSONS PER Y	EAR		
ALL AGES	32.0	2.3	2.0	5.6	11.5	14.0		
UNDER 6 YEARS	38.1 34.9 37.3 23.3 18.2	*0.8 2.1 3.4 1.8 *0.6	*0.5 1.8 3.0 1.4 *0.6	10.4 5.4 *0.8	22.4 12.8 10.2 9.4 9.1	15.2 20.5 15.3 7.9 7.9		
MALE					ľ			
ALL AGES	38.6	2.7	2.1	8.9	12.5	16.5		
UNDER 6 YEARS	42.8 43.7 47.2 24.1 16.0	*0.5 *2.4 4.0 *2.2 *1.0	*0.5 *2.2 3.0 *1.2 *1.0	17.1 8.1 *1.3	25.7 16.0 10.8 9.3 6.7	16.6 25.8 18.7 7.1 7.4		
FEMALE								
ALL AGES	25.9	2.0	1.8	2.4	10.5	11.6		
UNDER 6 YEARS	33.0 25.8 27.9 22.7 19.8	*1.0 *1.8 2.9 *1.6 *0.3	*0.5 *1.3 2.9 *1.6 *0.3	4.2 3.0 *0.4	18.9 9.5 9.7 9.6 10.7	13.6 15.0 12.1 8.7 8.3		

NOTES: EXCLUDED FROM THESE STATISTICS ARE ALL CONDITIONS INVOLVING NEITHER RESTRICTED ACTIVITY NOR MEDICAL ATTENTION.

THE SUM OF DATA FOR THE FOUR CLASSES OF ACCIDENTS MAY BE GREATER THAN THE TOTAL BECAUSE THE CLASSES ARE NOT MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE.

TABLE 10. DAYS OF RESTRICTED ACTIVITY ASSOCIATED WITH INJURY AND DAYS OF RESTRICTED ACTIVITY PER 100 PERSONS PER YEAR, BY CLASS OF ACCIDENT, SEX, AND AGE: UNITED STATES, 1979

			CLAS	S OF ACCID	ENT			
SEX AND AGE	TOTAL	MOVING MOTOR VEHICLE		WHILE				
		TOTAL	TRAFFIC	AT WORK	HOME	OTHER		
BOTH SEXES		DAYS OF RE	STRICTED AC	TIVITY IN	THOUSANDS	<u> </u>		
ALL AGES	745,020	137,699	121,430	176,284	208,652	270,963		
UNDER 6 YEARS	10,577	_		•••	6,036	*4,540		
6-16 YEARS	54,829	9,691	8,881	•••	13,809	32,273		
45-64" YEARS	346,656	79,316	70,755	108,250	61,138	121,763		
45-04**YEAK5	198,585	35,676	30,364	59,477	59,153	65,343		
65 YEARS AND OVER	134,374	13,016	11,431	8,558	68,516	47,044		
MALE			1					
ALL AGES	381,819	70,702	57,439	123,853	79,586	141,581		
UNDER 6 YEARS	6,218	_	-		*4,512	*1,706		
6-16 YEARS	34,239	8,027	7,637	•••	7,293	19,012		
17-44 YEARS	202,766	43,469	35,940	77,558	26,721	70,293		
45-64 YEAR S	91,774	14, 225	10,256	38,611	24,532	30,447		
65 YEARS AND OVER	46,823	*4,981	*3,606	7,684	16,528	20,124		
FEMA LE								
ALL AGES	363,201	66,996	63,991	52,431	129,066	129,382		
UNDER 6 YEARS	*4,359	_	_	•••	*1,524	*2,835		
6-16 YEARS	20,590	*1,664	*1,244	•••	6,516	13,261		
17-44 YEAR S	143,890	35, 847	34,815	30,692	34,417	51,470		
45-64 YEARS	106,811	21,451	20,108	20,866	34,620	34,896		
65 YEARS AND OVER	87,551	8,034	7,825	*874	51,988	26,920		
BOTH SEXES	DAYS OF RESTRICTED ACTIVITY PER 100 PERSONS PER YEAR							
ALL AGES	345.4	63.8	56.3	81.7	96.7	125.6		
				100.2				
UNDER 6 YEARS	56.7	-	-	•••	32.3	*24.3		
6-16 YEARS	138.5	24.5	22.4	•••	34.9	81.5		
17-44 YEARS	382.3	87.5	78.0	119.4	67.4	134.3		
45-64 YEARS	457 -0	82.1	69.9	136.9	136.1	150.4		
65 YEARS AND OVER	575.7	55.8	49.0	36.7	293.5	201.5		
MALE								
ALL AGES	366.8	67.9	55.2	119.0	76.5	136.0		
UNDER 6 YEARS	64.9			•••	*47.1	*17.8		
6-16 YEARS	170 -1	39.9	37.9	_•••	36.2	94.4		
17-44 YEARS	460 • 9	98-8	81.7	176.3	60.7	159.8		
65 YEARS AND OVER	441.8	68.5	49.4	185.9	118.1	146.6		
FEMALE	486.9	*51.8	*37.5	79.9	171.9	209.3		
								
ALL AGES	325.4	60.0	57.3	47.0	115.6	115.9		
6-16 YEARS	*48 •0	ا : ۱۰۰۰	1	•••	*16.8	*31.2		
17-44 YEAR S	105 •8	*8.6	*6.4		33.5	68.2		
45-64 YEARS	308 • 2	76.8	74-6	65.7	73.7	110.3		
65 YEARS AND OVER	470 - 9	94.6	88.6	92.0	152.6	153.8		
ON I CHUN HALL DACK	637.8	58.5	57.0	*6.4	378.8	196.1		

NOTES: INCLUDES DISABILITY DAYS ASSOCIATED WITH CURRENT INJURIES AND IMPAIRMENTS DUE TO INJURY.

THE SUM OF DATA FOR THE FOUR CLASSES OF ACCIDENTS MAY BE GREATER THAN THE TOTAL BECAUSE THE CLASSES ARE NOT MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE.

TABLE 11. DAYS OF BED DISABILITY ASSOCIATED WITH INJURY AND DAYS OF BED DISABILITY PER 100 PERSONS PER YEAR, BY CLASS OF ACCIDENT, SEX, AND AGE: UNITED STATES, 1979

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in appendix II.]

						<u> </u>		
		CLASS OF ACCIDENT						
SEX AND AGE	TOTAL	MCVING MOTOR VEHICLE		WHILE	ī	ı		
		TOTAL	TRAFFIC	AT WORK	HOME	GTHER		
BOTH SEXES		DAYS OF	BED DISABIL	ITY IN THOU	JSAND S			
ALL AGES	199,622	35,368	30,588	40 ; 707	61,071	74,73		
UNDER 6 YEARS	*3,515	_	_	•••	*1,285	*2,23		
6-16 YEARS	11,556	*3,787	*3,610	:::	*2,035	5,78		
	82,779 48,615	16,010 11,183	15,247 8,290	23,031 15,292	17,118 15,180	30,873 14,32		
65 YEARS AND OVER	53,158	*4,087	*3,441	*2,384	25,453	21,52		
, MALE						1		
ALL AGES	91,458	14,721	11,213	28,429	21,647	34,48		
UNDER '6 YEARS	*2,112		-	•••	*1,285	*82		
4-14 VEADS	8,733	*3,433	*3,303	•••	*1,518	*3,82		
19 // UP100	41,637	*5,372	*4, 857	16,820	6,748	15,05		
1/-44 YEAKS	22,322	*3,967	*1,750	9,225	6,833	7,42		
65 YEARS AND DVER	16,654	*1,949	*1,303	*2,384	*5,264	7,34		
FEMALE	2				!			
ALL AGES	108,164	20,347	19,375	12,277	39,424	40,25		
UNDER 6 YEARS	*1,403			•••		*1,40		
6-16 YEARS	*2,823	*354	*307	4 211	*517	*1,95		
45m64 VEAR Sammanananananananananananananananananan	41,141	10,638 7,217	10,391 6,539	6,211 6,067	10,370 8,347	15,82 6,89		
6-16 YEARS	36,504			-	20,189	14,17		
, , ,	1				•			
BOTH SEXES	, DA'	YS TOF BED DI	SABILITY PE	100 PERSO	INS PER YEAR			
ALL AGES	92.5	16.3	14.2	18.9	28.3	¹ 34.		
JNDER 6 YEARS	*18 • 8	1		•••	*6.9	*11.		
TO TEAK S	29.2	*9.6 17.7	*9.1 16.8	25.4	*5∙1 18∙9	14. 34.		
45-64 YEARS	111.9	25.7	19.1	35.2	34.9	33.		
JNDER 6 YEARS	227.7	*17.5	*14.7	*10.2	109.0	92.		
, MALE			,					
ALL AGES	87.9	14.1	10.8	27.3	20.8	33.		
JNDER 6 YEARS	*22.0	-	_	•••	*13.4	*8.		
/ 1/ WEAR	43 • 4	*17.1	*16.4	•••	*7 ∙5	*19.		
17-44 YEARS	94.6	*12.2	*11.0	38.2	15.3	34.		
0-10 YEARS	107.5 173.2	*19.1 *20.3	*8.4 *13 <i>€</i> ′5	44.4 *24.8	32.9 *54.7	35. 76.		
FEMALE	113.2	720.5	~19#5	-24.0	74.1	100		
ALL AGES	96.9	18.2	17•4	11.0	35•3	36.		
INDER / VEARC	***			1		41 5		
UNDER 6 YEARS	*15.4 *14.5	*1.8	*1.6	•••	*2.7	*15. *10.		
17-44 VEAD \$	88.1	22.8	22.3	13.3	22.2	33.		
45-64 YEARS AND OVER	115.9	31.8	28.8	26.7	36.8	30.4		
	265.9	*15.6	*15.6	-,~,	147.1	103.3		

NOTES: INCLUDES DISABILITY DAYS ASSOCIATED WITH CURRENT INJURIES AND IMPAIRMENTS DUE TO INJURY.

THE SUM OF DATA FOR THE FOUR CLASSES OF ACCIDENTS MAY BE GREATER THAN THE TOTAL BECAUSE THE CLASSES ARE NOT MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE.

TABLE /12. DAYS OF DISABILITY AND DAYS OF DISABILITY PER PERSON PER YEAR, BY SEX AND AGE: UNITED STATES, 1979

	1	T toring are given in app				
SEX AND AGE	RESTRICTED ACTIVITY DAYS	BED- DISABILITY DAYS	WORK-LOSS Days			
BOTH SEXES	DAYS OF DISABILITY IN THOUSANDS					
ALL AGES	4,105,759	1,455,156	483,152			
UNDER 17 YEARS	639,922	286, 402				
17-24 YEARS	408,235	159,355	105,448			
25-44 YEARS	950,349	331,305	208,921			
45-64 YEARS	1,129,547	359,365	153,964			
65 YEARS AND OVER	977,706	318,731	14,818			
MALE						
ALL AGES	1,755,133	584 , 715	261,354			
UNDER 17 YEARS	319,507	134,903				
17-24 YEARS	182,622	62,516	55 , 794			
25-44 YEARS	387,717	113,276	105,210			
45-64 YEARS	498,222	151,977	90,513			
65 YEARS AND OVER	367,066	122,043	9,839			
\ FEMALE			.,			
ALL AGES	2,350,626	870,442	221,797			
UNDER 17 YEARS	320,415	151,499	• • •			
17-24 YEARS	225,613	96,839	49,655			
25-44 YEARS	562,632	218,029	103,711			
45-64 YEAR S	631,324	207,388	63,452			
65 YEARS AND OVER	610,640	196,688	4,980			
BOTH SEXES	DAYS OF DISAE	SILITY PER PERSON	PER YEAR			
ALL AGES	19.0	6.7	5.0			
UNDER 17 YEARS	11.0	4.0				
17-24 YEARS	12.8	4.9 5.0	4.9			
25-44 YEARS	16.2	5.6	4.7			
45-64 YEAR S	26.0	8.3	5.6			
65 YEARS AND OVER	41.9	13.7	4.6			
MALE						
ALL AGES	16.9	5.6	4.7			
UNDER 17 YEARS	10.8	4.5	• • •			
17-24 YEARS	11.7	4.0	4.9			
25-44 YEARS	13.7	4.0	4.1			
45-64 YEARS	24.0	7.3	5.5			
65 YEARS AND OVER	38.2	12.7	4.9			
FEMALE						
ALL AGES	21.1	7.8	5.4			
UNDER 17 YEARS	11.2	5.3	•••			
17-24 YEARS	13.8	5.9	5.0			
25-44 YEARS	18.6	7.2	5.6			
45-64 YEARS	27.8	9.1	5.7			
65 YEARS AND OVER	44.5	14.3	4.2			

NOTES: WORK LOSS REPORTED FOR CURRENTLY EMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 17 YEARS AND OVER.

TABLE 13. DAYS LOST FROM SCHOOL AND DAYS LOST FROM SCHOOL PER CHILD 6-16 YEARS OF AGE PER YEAR, BY SEX: UNITED STATES, 1979

AGE	BOTH SEXES	MALE	FEMALE
ALL AGES- 6-16 YEARS		FROM S CHOOL IN	THOUSANDS
	NUMBER OF SCHOOL-		_
ALL AGES- 6-16 YEARS	5.3	5.0	5

THE APPROPRIATE RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF THE ESTIMATES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE ARE FOUND IN APPENDIX I, FIGURE II.

TABLE 14. NUMBER AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS WITH LIMITATION OF ACTIVITY DUE TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS. BY DEGREE OF LIMITATION ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE: UNITED STATES, 1979

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in appendix II.]

•								
SEX AND AGE	TOTAL POPULATION	WITH ACTIVITY LIMITATION	WITH LIMITATION IN MAJOR ACTIVITY	WITH NO ACTIVITY LIMITATION	TOTAL POPULATION	WITH ACTIVITY LIMITATION	WITH LIMITATION IN MAJOR ACTIVITY	HITH NO ACTIVITY LIMITATION
BOTH SEXES		NUMBER IN	THOUSANDS		PERCENT DISTRIBUTION			
ALL AGES	215,723	31,496	23,477	184,227	100.0	14.6	10.9	85.4
UNDER 17 YEARS	58,250	2,291	1,232	55, 959	100.0	3.9	2.1	96.1
17-44 YEARS	90,673	8,006	5,013	82,667	100.0	8.8	5.5	91.2
45-64 YEARS	43,457	10,452	8 • 084	33,005	100.0	24.1	18.6	75.9
65 YEARS AND OVER	23,343	10,747	9,148	12,595	100.0	46.0	39.2	54.0
MALE								
ALL AGES	104,097	15,337	11,561	88,760	100.0	14.7	11.1	85.3
UNDER 17 YEARS	29,714	1,310	708	28,404	100.0	4.4	2.4	95.6
17-44 YEARS	43,993	4,073	2,497	39,920	100.0	9.3	5.7	90.7
45-64 YEARS	20,773	5,232	4,135	15,541	100.0	25.2	19.9	74.8
65 YEARS AND OVER	9,617	4,721	4,221	4, 895	100.0	49.1	43.9	50.9
FEMALE								
ALL AGES	111,626	16,159	11,916	95,467	100.0	14.5	10.7	85.5
UNDER 17 YEARS	28,537	981	524	27,555	100.0	3.4	1.8	96.6
17-44 YEARS	46,680	3,933	2,516	. 42,747	100.0	-,8∙4	5•4	91.6
45-64 YEARS	22,684	5,219	3,949	17,464	100.0	23.0	17.4	77.0
65 YEARS AND OVER	13,726	6,026	4,927	7,700	100.0	43.9	35.9	56.1

NOTES: MAJOR ACTIVITY REFERS TO ABILITY TO WORK, KEEP HOUSE, OR ENGAGE IN SCHOOL OR PRESCHOOL ACTIVITIES.

FOR OFFICIAL POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR MORE GENERAL USE, SEE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS REPORTS ON THE CIVILIAN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, IN CURRENT POPULATION REPORTS: SERIES P-20, P-25, AND P-60.

THE APPROPRIATE RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF THE ESTIMATES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE ARE FOUND IN APPENDIX I, FIGURES IV AND VIII.

TABLE 15. NUMBER OF DISCHARGES FROM SHORT-STAY HOSPITALS, NUMBER OF DISCHARGES PER 100 PERSONS PER YEAR, NUMBER OF HOSPITAL DAYS, AND AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY, BY SEX AND AGE: UNITED STATES, BASED ON DATA COLLECTED IN HEALTH INTERVIEWS IN 1979

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in appendix II.]

A GE	BOTH SE XE S	MALE	FEMALE	BOTH S EXES	MALE	FEMALE	
		R OF DISCHAP N THOUSANDS	RGES	NUMBER OF DISCHARGES PER 100 PERSONS PER YEAR			
ALL AGES	30,070	12,125	17,945	13.9	11.6	16.1	
UNDER 17 YEARS	3,782	2,070	1,711	6.5	7.0	6.0	
17-24 YEARS	4,378	1,395	2,983	13.7	8.9	18.2	
25-34 YEARS	5,184	1,286	3,898	15.2	7.8	22.3	
35-44 YEARS	3,191	1,102	2,089	13.0	9.3	16.3	
45-64 YEARS	7,235	3,508	3,726	16.6	16.9	16.4	
65 YEARS AND OVER	6,301	2,764	3,537	27.0	28.7	25.8	
		OF HOSPITAI N THOUSANDS	L DAYS	AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY			
ALL AGES	235,747	107,611	128,135	7.8	8.9	7.1	
UNDER 17 YEARS	21,111	11,981	9,130	5.6	5•8	5.3	
17-24 YEARS	24,369	10,067	14,303	5.6	7.2	4.8	
25-34 YEARS	28,674	8 ,824	19,850	5.5	6.9	5.1	
35-44 YEARS	25,612	11,058	14,554	8.0	10.0	7.0	
45-64 YEARS	67,897	36,053	31,845	9.4	10.3	8.5	
65 YEARS AND OVER	68,083	29,630	38,453	10.8	10.7	10.9	

NOTES: THESE STATISTICS ARE BASED ON DATA COLLECTED IN HOUSEHOLD HEALTH INTERVIEWS. THEY WILL DIFFER FROM THOSE REPORTED BY THE NCHS'S HOSPITAL DISCHARGE SURVEY AND OTHER STUDIES BECAUSE OF DIFFERENCES IN THE POPULATION COVERED, THE SOURCES OF DATA, AND TYPES OF HOSPITALS INCLUDED, E.G., DATA IN THIS REPORT INCLUDE VETERANS ADMINISTRATION AND OTHER FEDERAL HOSPITALS, BUT EXCLUDE PERSONS WHO DIED IN THE HOSPITAL, AND PERSONS WITH STAYS OF LESS THAN ONE DAY.

TABLE 16. NUMBER AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS WITH SHORT-STAY HOSPITAL EPISODES DURING THE PAST YEAR BY NUMBER OF EPISODES, ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE: UNITED STATES, BASED ON DATA COLLECTED IN HEALTH INTERVIEWS IN 1979

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in appendix II.]

SEX AND AGE	POPULATION	NUMBER OF HOSPITAL EPISODES				POPU-	NUMBER OF HOSPITAL EPISODES				
	1 Gr GER 11 GR	NONE	1	2	3+	LATION	NONE	1	2	3+	
BOTH SEXES	NUMBER	BER OF PERSONS IN THOUSANDS				PERCENT DISTRIBUTION					
ALL AGES	215,723	193,522	18,251	2,831	1,119	100.0	89.7	8.5	1.3	0.5	
UNDER 17 YEARS	58,250	55 •253	2,653	247	96	100.0	94.9	4.6	0.4	0.2	
17-24 YEARS	32,003	28,522	3,052	324	106	100.0	89.1	9.5	1.0	0.3	
25-34 YEARS	34,051	29,908	3,513	492	137	100.0	87.8	10.3	1.4	0.4	
35-44 YEARS	24,618	22,221	1,978	302	117	100.0	90.3	8.0	1.2	0.5	
45-64 YEARS	43,457	38,528	3,815	755	360	100.0	88.7	8.8	1.7	0.8	
65 YEARS AND OVER	23,343	19,089	3,240	710	303	100.0	81.8	13.9	3.0	1.3	
MALE											
ALL AGES	104,097	95 • 343	7,117	1,172	464	100.0	91.6	6.8,	1.1	0.4	
UNDER 17 YEARS	29,714	28,020	1,494	147	53	100.0	94.3	5.0	0.5	0.2	
17-24 YEARS	15,603	14,615	859	94	*34	100.0	93.7	5.5	0.6	*0.2	
25-34 YEARS	16,552	15,525	852	140	*34	100.0	93.8	5.1	0.8	*0.2	
35-44 YEARS	11,838	11,003	692	97	45	100.0	92.9	5.8	0.8	0.4	
45-64 YEARS	20,773	18,379	1,845	365	185	100.0	88.5	8.9	1.8	0.9	
65 YEARS AND OVER	9,617	7,800	1,375	329	113	100.0	81.1	14.3	3.4	1.2	
FEMALE										İ	
ALL AGES	111,626	98,179	11,134	1,659	655	100.0	88.0	10.0	1.5	0.6	
UNDER 17 YEARS	28,537	27,233	1,160	100	43	100.0	95•4	4.1	0.4	0.2	
17-24 YEARS	16,400	13,907	2,192	231	71	100.0	84.8	13.4	1.4	0.4	
25-34 YEARS	17,499	14,383	2,661	352	103	100.0	82.2	15.2	2.0	0.6	
35-44 YEARS	12,781	11,218	1,286	205	71	100.0	87.8	10.1	1.6	0.6	
45-64 YEARS	22,684	20,149	1,970	390	175	100.0	88.8	8.7	1.7	0.8	
65 YEARS AND OVER	13,726	11,289	1,865	382	191	100.0	82.2	13.6	2.8	1.4	

NOTES: FOR OFFICIAL POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR MORE GENERAL USE, SEE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS REPORTS ON THE CIVILIAN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, IN CURRENT POPULATION REPORTS: SERIES P-20, P-25, AND P-60.

THE APPROPRIATE RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF THE ESTIMATES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE ARE FOUND IN APPENDIX I, FIGURES IV AND VIII.

TABLE 17. NUMBER OF SHORT-STAY HOSPITAL DAYS DURING THE PAST YEAR AND NUMBER OF DAYS PER PERSON WITH ONE HOSPITAL EPISODE OR MORE, BY NUMBER OF EPISODES, SEX, AND AGE: UNITED STATES, BASED ON DATA COLLECTED IN HEALTH INTERVIEWS IN 1979

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	NUMBER OF HOSPITAL EPISODES									
SEX AND AGE	ALL EPI SODES	1	2	3+	ALL EP ISODES	1	2	3+		
BOTH SEXES	HOSPITAL DAYS IN THOUSANDS			DAYS PER PERSON WITH EPISODES						
ALL AGES	212,860	121,354	49,426	42,080	9.6	6.6	17.5	37.6		
UNDER 17 YEARS	19,524	13,294	3,083	3,147	6.5	5.0	12.5	32.8		
17-24 YEARS	21,549	14,587	3,870	3,092	6.2	4-8	11.9	29.2		
25-34 YEARS	26,787	16,992	6,004	3,792	6.5	4.8	12.2	27.7		
35-44 YEARS	22,615	13,171	5,394	4,050	9.4	6.7	17.9	34.6		
45-64 YEARS	61,674	30,609	15,302	15,763	12.5	8.0	20.3	43.8		
65 YEARS AND OVER	60,712	32,701	15,775	12,236	14.3	10.1	22.2	40.4		
MALE										
ALL AGES	94,160	52,113	22,310	19,736	10.8	7.3	19.0	42.5		
UNDER 17 YEARS	10,657	7,060	1,919	1,678	6.3	4.7	13.1	31.7		
17-24 YEARS	8,433	5,197	1,566	1,671	8.5	6.1	16.7	*9.1		
25-34 YEARS	8;079	5,298	1,940	841	7.9	6.2	13.9	*4.7		
35-44 YEARS	8 , 779	5,246	1,837	1,695	10.5	7.6	18.9	37.7		
45-64 YEARS	32,576	15,133	8,286	9,157	13.6	8.2	22.7	49.5		
65 YEARS AND OVER	25,636	14,179	6,763	4,694	14.1	10.3	20.6	41.5		
FEMALE										
ALL AGES	118,700	69,240	27,116	22,344	8.8	6.2	16.3	34.1		
UNDER 17 YEARS	8,866	6,234	1,163	1,469	6.8	5.4	11.6	34.2		
17-24 YEAR S	13,116	9,390	2,304	1,421	5•3	4.3	10.0	20.0		
25-34 YEARS	18,708	11,694	4,064	2,951	6.0	4-4	11.5	28.7		
35-44 YEARS	13,836	7,924	3,557	2,355	8.9	6.2	17.4	33.2		
45-64 YEARS	29,098	15,476	7,016	6,606	11.5	7.9	18.0	37.7		
65 YEARS AND OVER	35,076	18,522	9,012	7,542	14.4	9.9	23.6	39.5		

THE APPROPRIATE RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF THE ESTIMATES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE ARE FOUND IN APPENDIX I, FIGURE IV.

ESTIMATES OF THE NUMBER OF HOSPITAL DAYS SHOWN ABOVE ARE BASED ON INFORMATION FOR THE 12-MONTH PERIOD PRIOR TO THE TIME OF INTERVIEW, AND BECAUSE OF MEMORY DECAY ARE LOWER THAN THE ESTIMATES OF HOSPITAL DAYS SHOWN IN TABLE 15 WHICH ARE BASED ON A 6-MONTH REFERENCE PERIOD.

TABLE 18. NUMBER OF DENTAL VISITS AND NUMBER OF DENTAL VISITS PER PERSON PER YEAR, BY AGE AND SEX: UNITED STATES, 1979

SEX	ALL AGES	UNDER 17 YEARS	17-24 YEARS	25-44 YEARS	45-64 YEAR S	65 YEARS AND OVER					
	NUMBER OF DENTAL VISITS IN THOUSANDS										
BOTH SEXES	366,270	93,893	51,863	104,487	83,004	33,024					
MAL E	161,811	44,532	20,809	45,608	38,391	12,471					
FEMAL E	204,459	49,360	31,054	58,879	44,612	20,553					
	NUMBER OF DENTAL VISITS PER PERSON PER YEAR										
BOTH SEXES	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.4					
MAL E	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.3					
FEMAL E	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.5					

TABLE 19. NUMBER AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY TIME INTERVAL SINCE LAST DENTAL VISIT ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE: UNITED STATES, 1979

——————————————————————————————————————										
		TIME INTERVAL SINCE LAST DENTAL VISIT								
SEX AND AGE	TOTAL POPULATION	UNDER '6 MONTHS	6-11 MONTHS	1 YEAR	2-4 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER	NEVER	UNKNOWN		
BOTH SEXES	NUMBER OF PERSONS IN THOUSANDS									
ALL AGES	215,723	76,904	31,305	28,157	27,463	29,267	19,562	3,065		
UNDER 17 YEARS	58,250 32,003 58,670 43,457 23,343	21,227 11,667 22,448 15,863 5,698	8,438 5,842 9,614 5,444 1,967	6,123 5,690 9,399 5,177 1,769	3,598 5,033 9,181 6,444 3,206		17,260 1,021 791 334 157	635 587 835 655 352		
ALL AGES	104,097	35+588	14,763	13,788	13,788	14,316	10,247	1,607		
UNDER 17 YEARS	29,714 15,603 28,390 20,773 9,617	10,579 5,238 10,078 7,451 2,241	4, 277 2, 748 4, 452 2, 515 770	3, 196 2, 788 4, 571 2, 509 723	1,938 2,661 4,673 3,148 1,369	522 1,238 3,697 4,581 4,279	8,900 613 456 195 84	301 317 463 375 151		
FEMALE					_					
ALL AGES	111,626	41,316	16,542	14,369	13,674	14,951	9,316	1,458		
UNDER 17 YEARS	28,537 16,400 30,280 22,684 13,726	10,648 6,430 12,370 8,412 3,457	4,161 3,093 5,162 2,929 1,197	2, 926 2, 901 4, 827 2, 668 1, 046	1,660 2,372 4,508 3,297 1,837	446 926 2,706 4,958 5,915	8,360 408 335 139 73	335 270 372 281 201		
BOTH SEXES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION						•			
ALL AGES	100.0	35.6	14.5	13.1	12.7	13.6	9.1	1.4		
UNDER 17 YEARS	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	36.4 36.5 38.3 36.5 24.4	14.5 18.3 16.4 12.5 8.4	10.5 17.8 16.0 11.9 7.6	6.2 15.7 15.6 14.8 13.7	1.7 6.8 10.9 22.0 43.7	29.6 3.2 1.3 0.8 0.7	1.1 1.8 1.4 1.5		
MALE AGES	100.0	34.2	14.2	13.2	13.2	13.8	9.8	1.5		
UNDER 17 YEARS	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	35.6 33.6 35.5 35.9 23.3	14.4 17.6 15.7 12.1 8.0	10.8 17.9 16.1 12.1 7.5	6.5 17.1 16.5 15.2 14.2	1.8 7.9 13.0 22.1 44.5	30.0 3.9 1.6 0.9 0.9	1.0 2.0 1.6 1.8 1.6		
FEMALE										
ALL AGES	100.0	37.0	14.8	12.9	12.2	13.4	8•3	1.3		
UNDER 17 YEARS	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	37.3 39.2 40.9 37.1 25.2	14.6 18.9 17.0 12.9 8.7	10.3 17.7 15.9 11.8 7.6	5.8 14.5 14.9 14.5 13.4	1.6 5.6 8.9 21.9 43.1	29.3 2.5 1.1 0.6 0.5	1.2 1.6 1.2 1.2		

NOTES: FOR OFFICIAL POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR MORE GENERAL USE, SEE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS REPORTS ON THE CIVILIAN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, IN CURRENT POPULATION REPORTS: SERIES P-20, P-25, AND P-60.

TABLE 20. NUMBER OF PHYSICIAN VISITS AND NUMBER OF PHYSICIAN VISITS PER PERSON PER YEAR, BY AGE AND SEX: UNITED STATES, 1979

SEX	ALL AGES	UNDER 17 YEARS	17-24 YEARS	25-44 YEARS	45-64 YEARS	65-74 YEARS	75 YEARS AND OVER				
	NUMBER OF PHYSICIAN VISITS IN THOUSANDS										
BOTH SEXES	1,021,986	241,153	138,600	266, 735	227, 292	92,601	55,606				
MAL E	421,832	124,579	49,810	93,188	97, 555	37,823	18,878				
F EMAL E	600,154	116,573	88 , 79 0 .	173,548	129,737	54,778	36,728				
		NUMBER OF PH	YSICIAN V	ISITS PER	PERSON P	ER YEAR					
BOTH SEXES	4.7	4.1	4.3	4.5	5•2	6.2	6.6				
MAL E	4.1	4.2	3.2	3.3	4.7	5.8	6.0				
F EM AL E	5.4	4.1	5.4	5.7	5.7	6.5	6.9				

NOTE: EXCLUDES VISITS TO INPATIENTS IN THE HOSPITAL.

THE APPROPRIATE RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF THE ESTIMATES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE ARE FOUND IN APPENDIX I, FIGURE V.

TABLE 21. NUMBER AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS BY TIME INTERVAL SINCE LAST PHYSICIAN VISIT ACCORDING TO SEX AND AGE: UNITED STATES, 1979

	, -======	<u></u>						
			TIME INT	ERVAL SIN	ICE LAST	PHYSIC IAN	VISIT	
SEX AND AGE	TOTAL PGPULATION	UNCER 6 MONTHS	6-11 MONTHS	1 YEAR	2-4 YEARS	5 YEARS AND OVER	NEVER	UNKNOWN
BOTH SEXES		N	WMBER CF	PERSONS	IN THGUS	SANDS		
ALL AGES	215,723	126,235	35,696	23,546	19,972	7,630	361	2,284
UNDEP 17 YEARS	58,250 32,003 58,670 43,457 23,343	33,732 18,141 32,632 25,526 16,204	10,323 5,566 10,914 6,459 2,433	8,000 3,849 6,331 4,034 1,332	4,329 3,203 6,112 4,515 1,813	1,007 792 2,010 2,445 1,376	173 51 75 36 *26	687 402 595 442 158
ALL AGES	104,097	55,265	17,920	12,724	11,988	4,685	208	1,306
UNDER 17 YEARS	29,714 15,603 28,390 20,773 9,617	17,238 7,297 13,122 11,336 6,271	5,339 3,014 5,430 3,110 1,027	4,048 2,325 3,633 2,130 588	2,179 2,084 4,288 2,558 880	472 569 1,507 1,363 773	83 *34 56 *22 *13	355 280 354 253 64
FEMALE ALL AGES	111,626	70,969	17,776	10,822	7,984	2,945	153	978
JNDER 17 YEARS	28,557 16,400 30,280 22,684 13,726	16,494 10,843 19,510 14,190 9,933	4,984 2,552 5,484 3,349 1,406	3,952 1,525 2,698 1,903 744	2,150 1,119 1,824 1,958	535 222 504 1,082 603	90 *18 *19 *13 *13	332 122 241 189 93
BCTH SEXES			PERC	ENT DISTR	IBUTION			
ALL AGES	100.0	58.5	16.5	10.9	9.3	3.5	0.2	1.1
UNDER 17 YEARS	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	57.9 56.7 55.6 58.7 69.4	17.7 17.4 18.6 14.9 10.4	13.7 12.0 10.8 9.3 5.7	7.4 10.0 10.4 10.4 7.8	1.7 2.5 3.4 5.6 5.9	0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 *0.1	1.2 1.3 1.0 1.0
MALE ALL AGES	100.0	53.1	17.2	12.2	11.5	4.5	0.2	1.3
UNDER 17 YEARS	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	58.0 46.8 46.2 54.6 65.2	18.0 19.3 19.1 15.0 10.7	13.6 14.9 12.8 10.3 6.1	7.3 13.4 15.1 12.3 9.2	1.6 3.6 5.3 6.6 8.0	0.3 *0.2 0.2 *0.1 *0.1	1.2 1.8 1.2 1.2 0.7
FEMALE						ļ		
ALL AGES	100.0	63.6	15.9	9.7	7.2	2•6	0.1	0.9
JNDER 17 YEARS	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	57.8 66.1 64.4 62.6 72.4	17.5 15.6 18.1 14.8 10.2	13.8 9.3 8.9 8.4 5.4	7.5 6.8 6.0 8.6 6.8	1.9 1.4 1.7 4.8 4.4	0.3 *0.1 *0.1 *0.1 *0.1	1.2 0.7 0.8 0.8 0.7

NOTES: FOR OFFICIAL POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR MORE GENERAL USE, SEE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS REPORTS ON THE CIVILIAN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, IN CURRENT POPULATION REPORTS: SERIES P-20, P-25, AND P-60.

THE APPROPRIATE RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF THE ESTIMATES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE ARE FOUND IN APPENDIX I, FIGURE V.

TABLE 22. NUMBER OF PERSONS WITH SELECTED REPORTED CHRONIC CONDITIONS; RATES PER 1,000 PERSONS BY SEX, AGE, AND CONDITION; AND PERCENT OF CONDITIONS CAUSING LIMITATION OF ACTIVITY, 1 OR MORE BED DAYS IN PAST YEAR, AND 1 OR MORE PHYSICIAN VISITS IN PAST YEAR: UNITED STATES, 1979

	NUMBER OF			SEX
0100110 0010 May 1100 00 00 00 1	PERSONS	BOTHEFUE		,
CHRONIC CONDITION AND ICD CODE ¹	IN	BOTH SEXES, ALL AGES		l
	THOUSANDS	ALL AGES	MALE	FEMALE
	1		ł	<u> </u>
CIRCULATORY CONDITIONS	NUMBER	RATE PER	1,000 PEF	RSONS
4 NEADT CONDUCTIONS	1			
1 HEART CONDITIONS				
6, 8, 9; 785.0-3; 794.3 2 HYPERTENSIVE DISEASE, N.E.C	16,428	76.2	71.3	80.7
3 CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE	23,745	110.1	95.2	123.9
437 0.2 A.C 9 0.439	1,740	8.1	7.0	9.0
4 ARTERIOSCLEROSIS, N.E.C	3,894	18.1	17.3	18.8
5 VARICOSE VEINS, N.E.C	6,030	28.0	10.2	44,5
7 POOR CIRCULATION, N.O.S	8,813	40.9	36.1	45.3
	1,002	4.6	3.7	5.5
RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS				
1 CHRONIC BRONCHITIS490, 491	7,474	34.6	31,6	37,4
2 EMPHYSEMA492; 518.1, 2	2,137	9.9	13.1	6.9
3 ASTHMA, WITH OR WITHOUT HAY FEVER493	6,402	29.7	29.9	29.5
4 HYPERTROPHY OF TONSILS AND ADENOIDS	3,334	15.5	12.4	18.3
5 CHRONIC SINUSITIS	28,054	130.0	110.6	148.2
6 DEFLECTED NASAL SEPTUM	1,083	5.0	6.7	3.4
7 HAY FEVER, WITHOUT ASTHMA (INCLUDES UPPER RESPIRATORY ALLERGY)	45.000	70.4		
	15,620	72.4	67.5	76.9
DIGESTIVE CONDITIONS				
1 ULCER OF STOMACH AND DUODENUM531-534	3,824	17.7	17.0	18,4
2 FREQUENT CONSTIPATION	3,873	18.0	8.2	27.1
3 HERNIA OF ABDOMINAL CAVITY	4,121	19.1	21.7	16.7
4 FUNCTIONAL AND SYMPTOMATIC UPPER GASTRO-				
INTESTINAL DISORDER	4,097	19.0	21.3	16.9
793.3	1,614	7.5		44.4
6 GASTRITIS AND DUODENITIS535.0-2, 4-6	1,877	7.5 8.7	3.3 8.3	11.4
7 DIVERTICULA OF INTESTINE 562	1,371	6.4	4.5	9.1 8.1
8 CHRONIC ENTERITIS AND COLITIS	1,913	8.9	4.6	
9 INTESTINAL CONDITION	1,515	6.5	4.0	12.9
787.3, 5	1,561	7.2	4.5	9.8
SKIN AND MUSCULOSKELETAL CONDITIONS				
1 NEOPLASMS OF SKIN172, 173; 216	1,228	5.7	6.1	5.3
2 ECZEMA DERMATITIS AND LIBTICARIA	1,220	5.7	0.1	5.3
N.E.C277.6; 373.3; 690-692; 693.1; 694.0-3; 708;		Į.		
995.1.3	7,754	35.9	28.8	42.6
3 PSORIASIS AND SIMILAR DISORDERS696	2,043	9.5	9.4	9.5
4 CORNS AND CALLOSITIES	4,801	22.3	13.5	30.4
5 DISEASES OF NAIL	4,302	19.9	17.2	22.5
6 DISEASES OF SEBACEOUS GLANDS, N.E.C. (ACNE)	6.450	~~		
7 ARTHRITIS, N.E.C	6,450	29.9	29.3	30.5
1, 3, 8, 9; 716; 719.3; 720.0, 8, 9; 721.0, 2, 3, 5-7, 9 8 DISPLACEMENT OF INTERVERTEBRAL	25,868	119.9	87.3	150.4
DISC	2,554	11.8	12.9	10.8
9 BUNION727.1	1,783	8.3	2.7	13.5
10 SYNOVITIS, BURSITIS, AND TENOSYNO-	·	5.0	· · · · ·	10.5
VITIS	4,637	21.5	17.4	25.3
11 GOUT274	1,718	8.0 il	10.5	5.6
See				

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 22. NUMBER OF PERSONS WITH SELECTED REPORTED CHRONIC CONDITIONS; RATES PER 1,000 PERSONS BY SEX, AGE, AND CONDITION; AND PERCENT OF CONDITIONS CAUSING LIMITATION OF ACTIVITY, 1 OR MORE BED DAYS IN PAST YEAR, AND 1 OR MORE PHYSICIAN VISITS IN PAST YEAR: UNITED STATES, 1979—CON.

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in appendix II.]

					CONI	DITIONS CALLS	ING	
		, <i>f</i>	AGE		CONI	DITIONS CAUS		
CHRONIC CONDITION AND ICD CODE ¹	UNDER 17 YEARS	17-44 YEARS	45-64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	LIMITATION OF ACTIVITY	1 OR MORE BED DAYS IN PAST	1 OR MORE PHYSICIAN VISITS IN	
	TEARS			OVER	ACTIVITY	YEAR	PAST YEAR	
CIRCULATORY CONDITIONS	R.	ATE PER 1	,000 PERS	ONS		PERCENT		
1 HEART CONDITIONS390; 392-398; 402.1, 9; 404.1, 9; 410-414; 415.0; 416; 417.8, 9; 420.9; 421.0, 9; 422.9; 423; 424; 425.0-2, 4, 9; 426-428; 429.0-3,								
5, 6, 8, 9; 785.0-3; 794.3 2 HYPERTENSIVE DISEASE, N.E.C401; 402.0; 403;	17.9	37.5	128.5	274.4	32.3	20.1	71.4	
404.0; 405; 796.2 3 CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE348.5; 430-436;	*1.9	58.8	214.4	385.1	13.5	8.1	85.8	
437.0-2, 4-6, 8, 9; 438	*-	*1.3	15.9	40.1	35.3	31.0	67.0	
4 ARTERIOSCLEROSIS, N.E.C440	*.	*0.8	21.6	123.5	15.8	11.8 *3.4	69.7 39.0	
5 VARICOSE VEINS, N.E.C454; 456	*0.4 *1.0	18.6	51.3 64.7	89.4 66.1	4.1 *0.9	7.3	39.0 45.0	
6 HEMORRHOIDS	*1.0	48.5 *1.6	6.8	24.2	25.8	*6.1	84,4	
RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS								
1 CHRONIC BRONCHITIS490, 491	42.2	26.6	35.6	45.4	5.1	46.0	78.8	
2 EMPHYSEMA492; 518.1, 2	*0.2	*1.4	23.2	42.4	52.3	26.8	73.0	
3 ASTHMA, WITH OR WITHOUT HAY FEVER493	38.2	24.3	34.1	20.9	19.9	30.1	68.4	
4 HYPERTROPHY OF TONSILS AND ADENOIDS474	32.1	13.7	*3.9	*2.4	*1.4	60.7	85.5	
5 CHRONIC SINUSITIS473	46.8	148.4	189.2	156.4	1.0	10.4	52.5	
6 DEFLECTED NASAL SEPTUM470	*1.2	5.7	8.5	*5.4	*2.1	*10.6	39.9	
7 HAY FEVER, WITHOUT ASTHMA (INCLUDES UPPER RESPIRATORY ALLERGY)477, 478.8	54.1	91.3	69.3	50.6	2.3	5.1	48.2	
DIGESTIVE CONDITIONS		;						
1 ULCER OF STOMACH AND DUODENUM531-534	*1.5	18.7	29.7	32.0	7.6	21.3	66.7	
2 FREQUENT CONSTIPATION564.0	*3.7	11.1	26.8	63.9	*0.0	*3.8	54.3	
3 HERNIA OF ABDOMINAL CAVITY550-553; 750.6	4.0	8.2	38.7	62.6	17.1	21.8	62.9	
4 FUNCTIONAL AND SYMPTOMATIC UPPER GASTRO-	1							
INTESTINAL DISORDER536; 783.0; 787.0, 1 5 GALLBLADDER CONDITION574; 575; 576.1-5, 8, 9;	*2.3	20.7	30.8	31.9	*2.6	7.9	63.7	
793.3	+ -	6.8	12.9	18.7	*2.2	38.5	69.0	
6 GASTRITIS AND DUODENITIS535.0-2, 4-6	*0.7	7.1	17.5	18.4	*2.9	22.7	73.1	
7 DIVERTICULA OF INTESTINE562	*0.2	*0.5	14.9	28.6	*6.8	18.5	58.6	
8 CHRONIC ENTERITIS AND COLITIS555; 556; 558 9 INTESTINAL CONDITION564.1, 5, 6, 8, 9; 569.9;	*2.2	8.4	14.0	17.6	*5.2	25.0	64.3	
787.3, 5	*1.7	6.0	14.5	12.4	*5.7	22.4	76.4	
SKIN AND MUSCULOSKELETAL CONDITIONS								
1 NEOPLASMS OF SKIN172, 173; 216 2 ECZEMA, DERMATITIS, AND URTICARIA, N.E.C277.6; 373.3; 690-692; 693.1; 694.0-3; 708;	*0.6	3.6	10.7	17.2	*0.9	*7.1	89.8	
N.E.C277.6; 373.3; 690-692; 693.1; 694.0-3; 708; 995.1, 3	36.2	37.2	38.0	26.6	2.9	*2.9	61.4	
3 PSORIASIS AND SIMILAR DISORDERS696	*2.0	8.2	18.1	16.8	*1.2	*1.6	40.0	
4 CORNS AND CALLOSITIES700	*2.5	17.6	40.5	55.7	*0.7	*1.2	57.0	
5 DISEASES OF NAIL	4.7	20.6	26.3	43.5	*0.3	*1.9	50.7	
(ACNE)706	26.6	46.7	12.2	*5.8	*0.7	*1.7	68.3	
7 ARTHRITIS, N.E.C	3.7	47.8	252.7	442.7	20.8	10.7	64.1	
8 DISPLACEMENT OF INTERVERTEBRAL	*0.3	10.4	24.6	22.6	47.3	34.6	56.7	
DISC722.0-7 9 BUNION727.1	*0.2	5.2	15.6	26.8	*1.2	*4.6	63.1	
10 SYNOVITIS, BURSITIS, AND TENOSYNO-	1	,,,						
VITIS719.2; 720.1; 726.1, 3-9; 727.0, 2-5	*1.6	17.0	51.3	33.1	7.2 *10.7	9.3	60.3	
11 GOUT274	I	2.8	19.1	27.2	*10.7	ł 18.2	72.5	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 22. NUMBER OF PERSONS WITH SELECTED REPORTED CHRONIC CONDITIONS; RATES PER 1,000 PERSONS BY SEX, AGE, AND CONDITION; AND PERCENT OF CONDITIONS CAUSING LIMITATION OF ACTIVITY, 1 OR MORE BED DAYS IN PAST YEAR, AND 1 OR MORE PHYSICIAN VISITS IN PAST YEAR: UNITED STATES, 1979—CON.

	NUMBER OF			SEX	
CHRONIC CONDITION AND ICD CODE ¹	PERSONS IN THOUSANDS	BOTH SEXES, ALL AGES	MALE	FEMALE	
GENITOURINARY, NERVOUS, ENDOCRINE, METABOLIC, AND BLOOD FORMING SYSTEMS, AND OTHER SELECTED CONDITIONS	NUMBER	RATE PER 1,000 PERSONS			
1 THYROID CONDITIONS	2,925 5,236 2,845 5,348 1,322 1,180 5,602 1,081	13.6 24.3 13.2 24.8 6.1 5.5	21.8 4.8 11.8 3.2 3.7 12.4 10.4	22.3 26.6 21.0 36.9 8.9 7.1	
628.0, 2-4, 8, 9; 629 <u>IMPAIRMENTS</u>	2,249	10.4	•	20.1	
1 VISUAL IMPAIRMENTS X00-X04 2 HEARING IMPAIRMENTS X05-X09 3 SPEECH IMPAIRMENTS X10-X11 4 ABSENCE OF EXTREMITIES OR PARTS OF EXTREMITIES (EXCLUDES TIPS OF FINGERS OR TOES	8,568 16,663 1,968	39.7 77.2 9.1	47.1 88.8 11.7	32.8 66.4 6.7	
ONLY)	1,849 1,074	8.6 5.0	14.2 5.7	3.3 4.3	
IMPAIRMENTS	18,364	85.1	84.7	85.5	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 22. NUMBER OF PERSONS WITH SELECTED REPORTED CHRONIC CONDITIONS; RATES PER 1,000 PERSONS BY SEX, AGE, AND CONDITION; AND PERCENT OF CONDITIONS CAUSING LIMITATION OF ACTIVITY, 1 OR MORE BED DAYS IN PAST YEAR, AND 1 OR MORE PHYSICIAN VISITS IN PAST YEAR: UNITED STATES, 1979—CON.

			AGE		CONDITIONS CAUSING:			
CHRONIC CONDITION AND ICD CODE ¹	UNDER 17 YEARS	17-44 YEARS	45-64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	LIMITATION OF ACTIVITY	1 OR MORE BED DAYS IN PAST	1 OR MORE PHYSICIAN VISITS IN	
	ILANG			L	L	YEAR	PAST YEAR	
GENITOURINARY, NERVOUS, ENDOCRINE, METABOLIC, AND BLOOD FORMING SYSTEMS, AND OTHER SELECTED CONDITIONS	R	ATE PER 1	,000 PERS	ONS	PERCENT			
1 THYROID CONDITIONS226; 240-246; 648.1;								
775.3; 794.5 2 DIABETES250; 648.0; 775.1	*1.0 *1.1	12.2 8.7	26.4 57.9	26.4 79.7	*7.0 30.4	10,5 15,1	74.0 88.0	
3 ANEMIA CONDITIONS	1.1	0.7	57.9	/9./	30.4	15.1	00.0	
648.2; 776.6	7.9	14.8	10.3	25.4	7.9	10.8	77.9	
4 MIGRAINE346	5.4	32.0	41.0	15.3	4.7	43.0	60.2	
5 SCIATICA355.0; 724.3	*-	5.3	11.8	14.2	*9.6	25.8	68.0	
6 NEURALGIA, NEURITIS, SPECIFIED SITES AND			ļ					
TYPES, N.E.C350.1, 2; 351; 352.1; 355.1, 2, 8; 357.0 7 DISEASES OF URINARY SYSTEM	*.	*1.5	11,5	23.1	*9.0	*18.1	71.1	
619.0; 788.6-8; 793.5; 794.4	8.1	26.8	31.5	56.8	11,4	26.2	81.5	
8 DISEASES OF PROSTATE600; 601.0-3, 8, 9; 602 9 FEMALE TROUBLES EXCEPT BREAST	*-	*2.3	7.3	23.9	*7.2	25.1	83.1	
628.0, 2-4, 8, 9; 629	*1.3	18.0	8.6	*7.0	*4.4	48.8	92.4	
<u>IMPAIRMENTS</u>								
1 VISUAL IMPAIRMENTSX00-X04	10.5	29.3	58.2	118.5	17.3	*2.8	52.5	
2 HEARING IMPAIRMENTSX05-X09	14.4	44.9	119.2	281.6	4.7	1.7	36.6	
3 SPEECH IMPAIRMENTS	15.9	6.2	6.5	*8.4	*8.2	*1.5	43.9	
ONLY)X20-X29 5 PARALYSIS, COMPLETE OR PARTIAL, OF EXTREMI-	*0.9	4.0	19.8	24.5	15.8	*13.3	*15.4	
TIES OR PARTS OF EXTREMITIESX40-X59 6 DEFORMITIES OR ORTHOPEDIC	*1.8	2.6	6.6	19.0	70.1	*15.1	57.0	
IMPAIRMENTSX70-X76; X78-X89	14.2	95.2	117.9	162.1	30.6	18.0	45.4	

¹WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION: MANUAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL STATISTICAL CLASSIFICATION OF DISEASES, INJURIES, AND CAUSES OF DEATH. BASED ON THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE NINTH REVISION CONFERENCE, 1975. GENEVA. WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION, 1977.

NOTES: N.O.S. -- NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; N.E.C. -- NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED.

THE APPROPRIATE RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF THE ESTIMATES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE ARE FOUND IN APPENDIX I, FIGURES VI AND IX.

TABLE 23. INCIDENCE OF ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS AND ACUTE RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS PER 100 PERSONS PER QUARTER, BY SEX AND AGE:
UNITED STATES, 1979

		ALL ACUTE CONDITIONS				ACUTE RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS					
SEX AND AGE	JANMAR.	APRJUNE	JULY-SEPT.	OCTDEC.	JANMAR.	APRJUNE	JULY-SEPT.	OCTDEC.			
	NUMBER OF CONDITIONS PER 100 PERSONS PER QUARTER										
BOTH SEXES, ALL AGES	67.0	44.6	44.0	59.8	39.4	17.0	17.5	33.5			
UNDER 6 YEARS	112.3 99.5 64.2 38.7 61.0	95.9 50.1 44.4 27.2 43.5 98.1 49.5	81.1 47.7 47.1 27.3 41.2	98.0 77.4 63.6 33.6 55.8	65.2 62.2 37.3 21.4 36.4	38.0 20.7 16.7 9.3 15.5	32.9 20.4 19.2 9.0 15.6 32.0	60.5 44.4 33.4 19.5 31.8 61.1 41.1			
17-44 YEARS	55.7 33.3	41.3 25.6	39.7 25.1	54.4 33.8	33.5 19.3	14.6	15.8 8.1	28.5 21.3			
FEMALE, ALL AGES	72.6	45.5	46.6	63.6	42 • 2	18.3	19.1	35.0			
UNDER 6 YEARS	117.0 107.4 72.2 43.2	93.6 50.7 47.3 28.5	76.6 47.6 54.0 29.1	99.9 82.0 72.3 33.5	68.4 68.7 40.8 23.2	41.1 22.5 18.6 10.0	33.8 21.8 22.4 9.8	60.0 47.8 38.0 18.0			

NOTES: EXCLUDED FROM THESE STATISTICS ARE ALL CONDITIONS INVOLVING NEITHER RESTRICTED ACTIVITY NOR MEDICAL ATTENTION.

THE APPROPRIATE RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF THE ESTIMATES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE ARE FOUND IN APPENDIX I, FIGURE I.

TABLE 24. NUMBER OF PERSONS INJURED PER 100 PERSONS PER QUARTER, BY SEX AND AGE: UNITED STATES, 1979

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in appendix II.]

SEX AND AGE	JANMAR.	APRJUNE	JULY-SEPT.	OCTDEC.
	NUMBER OF PERS	SONS INJURED P	ER 100 PERSONS	PER QUARTER
BOTH SEXES, ALL AGES	6.5	9.4	8.8	7.4
UNDER 17 YEARS	6.5 6.5	11.6 8.6	10.7 8.1	7.1 7.4
MALE, ALL AGES	7.1	12.0	10.5	9.0
UNDER 17 YEARS	7.2 7.0	15.0 10.8	12.0 9.9	9•2 9•0
FEMALE, ALL AGES	5.9	6.9	7.2	5.8
UNDER 17 YEARS	5.8 6.0	8•1 6•5	9 • 2 6 • 6	5.0 6.1

NOTES: EXCLUDED FROM THESE STATISTICS ARE ALL CONDITIONS INVOLVING NEITHER RESTRICTED ACTIVITY NOR MEDICAL ATTENTION.

THE APPROPRIATE RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF THE ESTIMATES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE ARE FOUND IN APPENDIX I, FIGURE I.

TABLE 25. DAYS OF DISABILITY PER PERSON PER QUARTER, BY SEX, TYPE OF DISABILITY, AND AGE: UNITED STATES, 1979

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in appendix II.]

		BOTH SEXES				MALE			FEMALE			
TYPE OF DISABILITY AND AGE	JAN	APR JUNE	JULY- SEPT.	OCT	JAN MAR.	APR	JULY- SEPT.	DEC.	JAN MAR.	APR	JULY- SEPT.	OCT DEC.
	DAYS OF DISABILITY PER PERSON PER QUARTER											
DAYS OF RESTRICTED ACTIVITY, ALL AGES	5.2	4.5	4.3	4.9	4.7	4.0	3.9	4.3	5.8	5.0	4.7	5.5
UNDER 6 YEARS	4.3 3.5 4.0 6.7 10.9	3.0 2.1 3.4 6.4 10.9	2.0 1.7 3.4 6.3 10.5	3.1 3.0 4.1 6.6 9.7	4.3 3.4 3.8 5.7 9.6		1.8 1.7 3.0 6.2 9.9	3.2 2.8 3.4 6.3 8.7	4.3 3.7 4.3 7.5 11.8	3.0 2.1 3.9 6.9 11.5	2.1 1.7 3.9 6.5 10.9	3.1 3.2 4.8 7.0 10.3
DAYS OF BED DISABILITY, ALL AGES	2.0	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.7	1.3	1.2	1.4	2.3	1.9	1.5	2.1
UNDER 6 YEARS	2.2 1.6 1.6 2.1 3.8	1.3 0.9 1.2 2.2 3.4	0.8 0.6 1.1 1.9 3.1	1.5 1.3 1.6 2.0 3.3	2.3 1.4 1.3 1.9 3.2	1.3 0.9 0.8 1.9 3.0	0.7 0.5 0.9 1.8 3.2	1.4 1.2 1.0 1.7 3.2	2.1 1.8 1.9 2.3 4.2	1.4 0.9 1.5 2.5 3.8	0.9 0.8 1.3 2.0 3.0	1.7 1.5 2.1 2.3 3.4
DAYS LOST FROM WORK, 17 YEARS AND OVER	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.3
17-44 YEARS	1.4 1.6 1.2	1.1 1.4 *0.8	1.1 1.3 *1.2	1.2 1.3 1.4	1.3 1.7 *1.6	0.9 1.1 *1.2	1.0 1.4 *0.7	1.1 1.4 *1.3	1.4 1.5 *0.7	1.4 1.8 *	1.2 1.2 *1.9	1.3 1.2 *1.5
DAYS LOST FROM SCHOOL, 6-16 YEARS	2.2	1.0	0.4	1.6	2.1	1.0	0.4	1.5	2.3	0.9	0.4	1.8

THE APPROPRIATE RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF THE ESTIMATES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE ARE FOUND IN APPENDIX I, FIGURE II.

TABLE 26. POPULATION USED IN COMPUTING ANNUAL RATES SHOWN IN THIS PUBLICATION, BY SEX AND AGE: UNITED STATES, 1979

		,	
AGE	BOTH SEXES	MALE	FEMALE
	P OPUL A	TION IN THOUSAND	S
ALL AGES	215,723	104,097	111,626
UNDER 17 YEARS	58,250	29,714	28,537
UNDER 6 YEARS	18,663	9, 580	9,083
6-16 YEARS	39,587	20, 134	19,453
17-44 YEARS	90,673	43, 993	46,680
17-24 YEARS	32,003	15,603	16,400
25-44 YEARS	58,670	28, 390	30,280
25-34 YEARS	34,051	16,552	17,499
35-44 YEARS	24,618	11,838	12,781
45 YEARS AND OVER	66,800	30, 390	36,409
45-64 YEARS	43,457	20,773	22,684
65 YEARS AND OVER	23,343	9,617	13,726
65-74 YEARS	14,929	6, 494	8,435
75 YEARS AND OVER	8,414	3, 122	5,291
	CURRENT LY	EMPLOYED POPULA	TION
ALL AGES-17 YEARS AND OVER	96,616	55, 838	40,778
17-44 YEARS	65,743	37 , 299	28,444
17-24 YEARS	21,320	11,481	9,840
25-44 YEARS	44,423	25,819	18,605
45 YEARS AND OVER	30,873	18,539	12,334
45-64 YEARS	27,650	16,514	11,136
65 YEARS AND OVER	3,223	2,025	1,198

NOTES: FOR OFFICIAL POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR MORE GENERAL USE, SEE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS REPORTS ON THE CIVILIAN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, IN CURRENT POPULATION REPORTS: SERIES P-20, P-25, AND P-60; AND BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS MONTHLY REPORT, EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS.

THE APPROPRIATE RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF THE CURRENTLY EMPLOYED ESTIMATES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE ARE FOUND IN APPENDIX I, FIGURE IV. THE NUMBER OF PERSONS IN EACH AGE-SEX CATEGORY OF THE TOTAL POPULATION IS ADJUSTED TO OFFICIAL BUREAU OF THE CENSUS FIGURES AND IS NOT SUBJECT TO SAMPLING ERROR.

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APPENDIX I

TECHNICAL NOTES ON METHODS

Background of This Report

This report is one of a series of statistical reports prepared by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS). It is based on information collected in a continuing nationwide sample of households in the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS).

The National Health Interview Survey utilizes a questionnaire that obtains information on personal and demographic characteristics, illnesses, injuries, impairments, chronic conditions, and other health topics. As data relating to each of these various broad topics are tabulated and analyzed, separate reports are issued which cover one or more of the specific topics.

The population covered by the sample for the National Health Interview Survey is the civilian, noninstitutionalized population of the United States living at the time of the interview. The sample does not include members of the Armed Forces or U.S. nationals living in foreign countries. It should also be noted that the estimates shown do not represent a complete measure of any given topic during the specified calendar period since data are not collected in the interview for persons who died during the reference period. For many types of statistics collected in the survey, the reference period covers the 2 weeks prior to the interview week. For such a short period, the contribution by decedents to a total inventory of conditions or services should be very small. However, the contribution by decedents during a long reference period (e.g., 1 year) might be sizable, especially for older persons.

Statistical Design of the National Health Interview Survey

General plan. The sampling plan of the survey follows a multistage probability design which permits a continuous sampling of the civilian noninstitutionalized population of the United States. The sample is designed in such a way that the sample of households interviewed each week is representative of the target population and that weekly samples are additive over time. This feature of the design permits both continuous measurement of characteristics of samples and more detailed analysis of less common characteristics and smaller categories of health-related items. The continuous collection has administrative and operational advantages as well as technical assets since it permits fieldwork to be handled with an experienced, stable staff.

The overall sample was designed so that tabulations can be provided for each of the four major geographic regions and for selected places of residence in the United States.

The first stage of the sample design consists of drawing a sample of 376 primary sampling units (PSU's) from approximately 1,900 geographically defined PSU's. A PSU consists of a county, a small group of contiguous counties, or a standard metropolitan statistical area. The PSU's collectively cover the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

With no loss in general understanding, the remaining stages can be combined and treated in this discussion as an ultimate stage. Within PSU's, then, ultimate stage units called segments are defined in such a manner that each segment

contains an expected six households. Three general types of segments are used.

Area segments which are defined geographically.

List segments, using 1970 census registers as the frame.

Permit segments, using updated lists of building permits issued in sample PSU's since 1970.

Census address listings were used for all areas of the country where addresses were well defined and could be used to locate housing units. In general the list frame included the larger urban areas of the United States from which about two-thirds of the NHIS sample was selected.

The usual NHIS sample consists of approximately 12,000 segments containing about 50,000 assigned households, of which 9,000 were vacant, demolished, or occupied by persons not in the scope of the survey. The 42,000 eligible occupied households yield a probability sample of about 111,000 persons.

Descriptive material on data collection, field procedures, and questionnaire development in the NHIS have been published^{5,6} as well as a detailed description of the sample design and estimation procedure.^{7,8}

Collection of data.—Field operations for the survey are performed by the U.S. Bureau of the Census under specifications established by the National Center for Health Statistics. In accordance with these specifications the Bureau of the Census participates in survey planning, selects the sample, and conducts the field interviewing as an agent of NCHS. The data are coded, edited, and tabulated by NCHS.

Estimating procedures.—Since the design of the NHIS is a complex multistage probability sample, it is necessary to use complex procedures in the derivation of estimates. Four basic operations are involved.

1. Inflation by the reciprocal of the probability of selection.—The probability of

NOTE: A list of references follows the text.

- selection is the product of the probabilities of selection from each step of selection in the design (PSU, segment, and household).
- 2. Nonresponse adjustment.—The estimates are inflated by a multiplication factor which has as its numerator the number of sample households in a given segment and as its denominator the number of households interviewed in that segment.
- 3. First-stage ratio adjustment.—Sampling theory indicates that the use of auxiliary information which is highly correlated with the variables being estimated improves the reliability of the estimates. To reduce the variability between PSU's within a region, the estimates are ratio adjusted to the 1970 populations within 12 color-residence classes.
- 4. Poststratification by age-sex-color.—The estimates are ratio adjusted within each of 60 age-sex-color cells to an independent estimate of the population of each cell for the survey period. These independent estimates are prepared by the Bureau of the Census. Both the first-stage and poststratified ratio adjustments take the form of multiplication factors applied to the weight of each elementary unit (person, household, condition, and hospitalization).

The effect of the ratio-estimating process is to make the sample more closely representative of the civilian noninstitutionalized population by age, sex, color, and residence, which thereby reduces sampling variance.

As noted, each week's sample represents the population living during that week and characteristics of the population. Consolidation of samples over a time period, e.g., a calendar quarter, produces estimates of average characteristics of the U.S. population for the calendar quarter. Similarly, population data for a year are averages of the four quarterly figures.

For prevalence statistics, such as number of persons with speech impairments or number of

persons classified by time interval since last physician visit, figures are first calculated for each calendar quarter by averaging estimates for all weeks of interviewing in the quarter. Prevalence data for a year are then obtained by averaging the four quarterly figures.

For other types of statistics—namely those measuring the number of occurrences during a specified time period—such as incidence of acute conditions, number of disability days, or number of visits to a doctor or dentist, a similar computational procedure is used, but the statistics are interpreted differently. For these items, the questionnaire asks for the respondent's experience over the 2 calendar weeks prior to the week of interview. In such instances the estimated quarterly total for the statistic is 6.5 times the average 2-week estimate produced by the 13 successive samples taken during the period. The annual total is the sum of the four quarters. Thus the experience of persons interviewed during a year-experience which actually occurred for each person in a 2-calendar-week interval prior to week of interview-is treated as though it measured the total of such experience during the year. Such interpretation leads to no significant bias.

Explanation of hospital recall.-The survey questionnaire uses a 12-month-recall period for hospitalizations. That is, the respondent is asked to report hospitalizations which occurred during the 12 months prior to the week of interview. Information is also obtained as to the date of entry into the hospital and duration of stay. Analysis of this information, and also the results of special studies, has shown that there is an increase in underreporting of hospitalizations with increase in time interval between the discharge and the interview. Exclusive of the hospital experience of decedents, the net underreporting with a 12-month recall is in the neighborhood of 10 percent, but underreporting of discharges within 6 months of the week of interview is estimated to be less than 5 percent. For this reason hospital discharge data in this report are based on hospital discharges reported to have occurred within 6 months of the week of interview. Since the interviews were evenly distributed according to weekly probability samples throughout any interviewing year, no seasonal bias was introduced by doubling the 6-month-recall data to

produce an annual estimate for that year of interviewing. Doubling the 6-month data in effect imputes to the entire year preceding the interview the rate of hospital discharges actually observed during the 6 months prior to interview. However, estimates of the number of persons with hospital episodes (as opposed to estimates of the number of hospital discharges) are based on 12-month recall data since a person's 12-month experiences cannot be obtained by doubling his most recent 6-month experience.

General Qualifications

Nonresponse.—Data were adjusted for nonresponse by a procedure which imputes to persons in a household who were not interviewed the characteristics of persons in households in the same segment who were interviewed.

The interview process.—The statistics presented in this report are based on replies obtained in interviews with persons in the sample households. Each person 19 years of age and over present at the time of interview was interviewed individually. For children and for adults not present in the home at the time of the interview, the information was obtained from a related household member such as a spouse or the mother of a child.

There are limitations to the accuracy of diagnostic and other information collected in household interviews. For diagnostic information, the household respondent can usually pass on to the interviewer only the information the physician has given to the family. For conditions not medically attended, diagnostic information is often no more than a description of symptoms. However, other facts, such as the number of disability days caused by the condition, can be obtained more accurately from household members than from any other source since only the persons concerned are in a position to report this information.

Rounding of numbers.—The original tabulations on which the data in this report are based show all estimates to the nearest whole unit. All consolidations were made from the original tabulations using the estimates to the nearest unit. In the final published tables, the figures are rounded to the nearest thousand, although these are not necessarily accurate to that detail. Devised

statistics such as rates and percent distributions are computed after the estimates on which these are based have been rounded to the nearest thousand.

Population figures.-Some of the published tables include population figures for specified categories. Except for certain overall totals by age, sex, and color, which are adjusted to independent estimates, these figures are based on the sample of households in the NHIS. These are given primarily to provide denominators for rate computation, and for this purpose are more appropriate for use with the accompanying measures of health characteristics than other population data that may be available. With the exception of the overall totals by age, sex, and color mentioned above, the population figures differ from figures (which are derived from different sources) published in reports of the Bureau of the Census. Official population estimates are presented in Bureau of the Census reports in Series P-20, P-25, and P-60.

Reliability of Estimates

Since the statistics presented in this report are based on a sample, they will differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same schedules, instructions, and interviewing personnel and procedures.

As in any survey, the results are also subject to reporting and processing errors and errors due to nonresponse. To the extent possible, these types of errors were kept to a minimum by methods built into survey procedures. Although it is very difficult to measure the extent of bias in the National Health Interview Survey, a number of studies have been conducted to study this problem. The results have been published in several reports. The standard errors shown in this report were computed using the balanced half-sample replication procedure.

The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variations that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population is surveyed. As calculated for this report, the standard error also reflects part of the variation which arises in the measurement process. It does not include estimates of any biases which might be in the data. The chances

are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it would be less than 2½ times as large.

Standard error charts.—The relative standard error of an estimate is obtained by dividing the standard error of the estimate by the estimate itself and is expressed as a percentage of the estimate. For this report, asterisks are shown for any cell with more than a 30-percent relative standard error. Included in this appendix are charts from which the relative standard errors can be determined for estimates shown in the report. In order to derive relative errors which would be applicable to a wide variety of health statistics and which could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. As a result, the charts provide an estimate of the approximate relative standard error rather than the precise error for any specific aggregate or percentage.

Three classes of statistics for the health survey are identified for purposes of estimating variances.

- 1. Narrow range.—This class consists of (1) statistics which estimate a population attribute, e.g., the number of persons in a particular income group, and (2) statistics for which the measure for a single individual during the reference period used in data collection is usually either 0 to 1 and, on occasion, may take on the value 2 or very rarely 3.
- 2. Medium range.—This class consists of other statistics for which the measure for a single individual during the reference period used in data collection will rarely lie outside the range 0 to 5.
- 3. Wide range.—This class consists of statistics for which the measure for a single individual during the reference period used in data collection can range from 0 to a number in excess of 5, e.g., the number of days of bed disability.

In addition to classifying variables according to whether they are narrow-, medium-, or widerange, statistics in the survey are further classified as to whether they are based on a reference period of 2 weeks, 6 months, or 12 months.

General rules for determining relative standard errors.—The following rules will enable the reader to determine approximate relative standard errors from the charts for estimates presented in this report. These charts represent standard errors of NHIS data. They should be used in preference to the charts which have appeared in all previous Series 10 publications.

- Rule 1. Estimates of aggregates: Approximate relative standard errors for estimates of aggregates such as the number of persons with a given characteristic are obtained from appropriate curves, figures I-VI. The number of persons in the total U.S. population or in an age-sexcolor class of the total population is adjusted to official Bureau of the Census figures and is not subject to sampling error.
- Rule 2. Estimates of percentages in a percent distribution: Relative standard errors for percentages in a percent distribution of a total are obtained from appropriate curves, figures VII-IX. For values which do not fall on one of the curves presented in the chart, visual interpolation will provide a satisfactory approximation.
- Rule 3. Estimates of rates where the numerator is a subclass of the denominator: This rule applies for prevalence rates or where a unit of the numerator occurs, with few exceptions, only once in the year for any one unit in the denominator. For example, in computing the rate of visual impairments per 1,000 population, the numerator consisting of persons with the impairment is a subclass of the denominator, which includes all persons in the population. Such rates if converted to rates per 100 may be treated as though they were percentages and the relative standard errors obtained from the percentage charts for

population estimates. Rates per 1,000, or on any other base, must first be converted to rates per 100; then the percentage chart will provide the relative standard error per 100.

- Rule 4. Estimates of rates where the numerator is not a subclass of the denominator:

 This rule applies where a unit of the numerator often occurs more than once for any one unit in the denominator.

 For example, in the computation of the number of persons injured per 100 currently employed persons per year, it is possible that a person in the denominator could have sustained more than one of the injuries included in the numerator. Approximate relative standard errors for rates of this kind may be computed as follows:
 - (a) Where the denominator is the total U.S. population or includes all persons in one or more of the age-sexcolor groups of the total population, the relative error of the rate is equivalent to the relative error of the numerator, which can be obtained directly from the appropriate chart.
 - (b) In other cases the relative standard error of the numerator and of the denominator can be obtained from the appropriate curve. Square each of these relative errors, add the resulting values, and extract the square root of the sum. This procedure will result in an upper bound on the standard error and often will overstate the error.
- Rule 5. Estimates of difference between two statistics (mean, rate, total, etc.): The standard error of a difference is approximately the square root of the sum of the squares of each standard error considered separately. A formula for the standard error of a difference,

$$d = X_1 - X_2$$

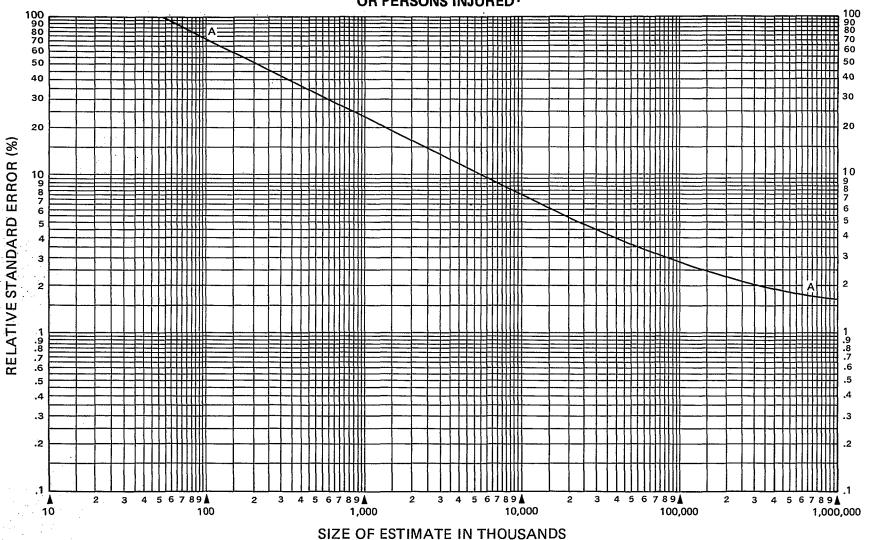
is

$$\sigma_d = \sqrt{(X_1 \ V_{x1})^2 + (X_2 \ V_{x2})^2}$$

where X_1 is the estimate for class 1, X_2 is the estimate for class 2, and $V_{x\,1}$ and $V_{x\,2}$ are the relative errors of X_1 and

 X_2 respectively. This formula will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics although it is only a rough approximation in most other cases. The relative standard error of each estimate involved in such a difference can be determined by one of the four rules above, whichever is appropriate.

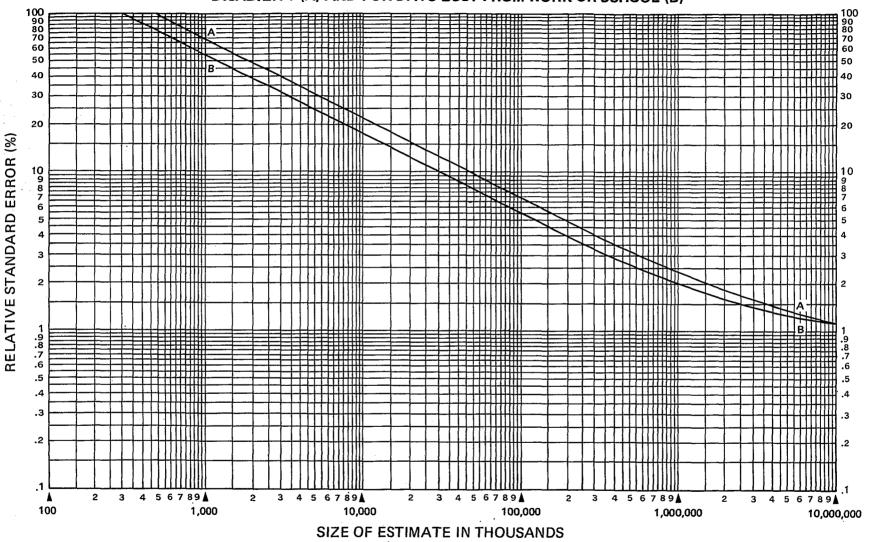
Figure I. RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS FOR NUMBER OF ACUTE CONDITIONS OR PERSONS INJURED¹



¹This curve represents estimates of relative standard errors based on 1 to 4 quarters of data collection for narrow range estimates of aggregates using a 2-week reference period.

Example of use of chart: An estimate of 1,000,000 acute respiratory conditions (on scale at bottom of chart) has a relative standard error of 23 percent (read from scale at left side of chart), or a standard error of 230,000 (23 percent of 1,000,000).

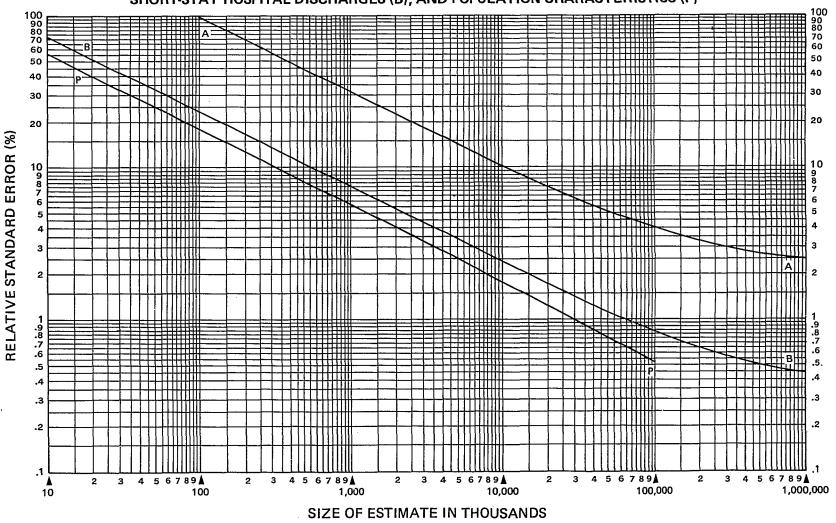
Figure II. RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS FOR DAYS OF RESTRICTED ACTIVITY OR BED DISABILITY (A) AND FOR DAYS LOST FROM WORK OR SCHOOL (B)¹



¹These curves represent estimates of relative standard errors based on 1 to 4 quarters of data collection for wide range estimates of aggregates using a 2-week reference period.

Example of use of chart: An estimate of 10,000,000 days of restricted activity (on scale at bottom of chart) has a relative standard error of 22 percent (read from curve A on scale at left side of chart), or a standard error of 2,200,000 (22 percent of 10,000,000).

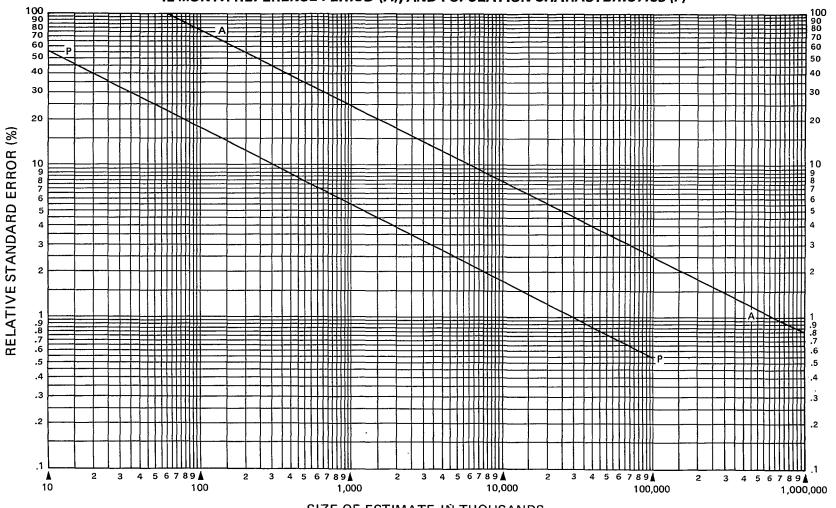
Figure III. RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS FOR NUMBER OF SHORT-STAY HOSPITAL DAYS (A), SHORT-STAY HOSPITAL DISCHARGES (B), AND POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS (P)¹



¹The curves related to short-stay hospital days and discharges are based on 4 quarters of data collection for wide and narrow range estimates of aggregates using a 6-month reference period; the curve for population characteristics is based on 4 quarters of data collection for narrow range estimates of aggregates.

Example of use of chart: An estimate of 10,000,000 hospital days (on scale at bottom of chart) has a relative standard error of 10.2 percent (read from curve A on scale at left side of chart), or a standard error of 1,020,000 (10.2 percent of 10,000,000). An estimate of 1,000,000 discharges from short-stay hospitals (curve B) has a relative standard error of 7.4 percent. An estimate of 1,000,000 persons in the Northeast Region (curve P) has a relative standard error of 5.7 percent.

Figure IV. RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS FOR SHORT-STAY HOSPITAL DAYS BASED ON A 12-MONTH REFERENCE PERIOD (A), AND POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS (P)¹

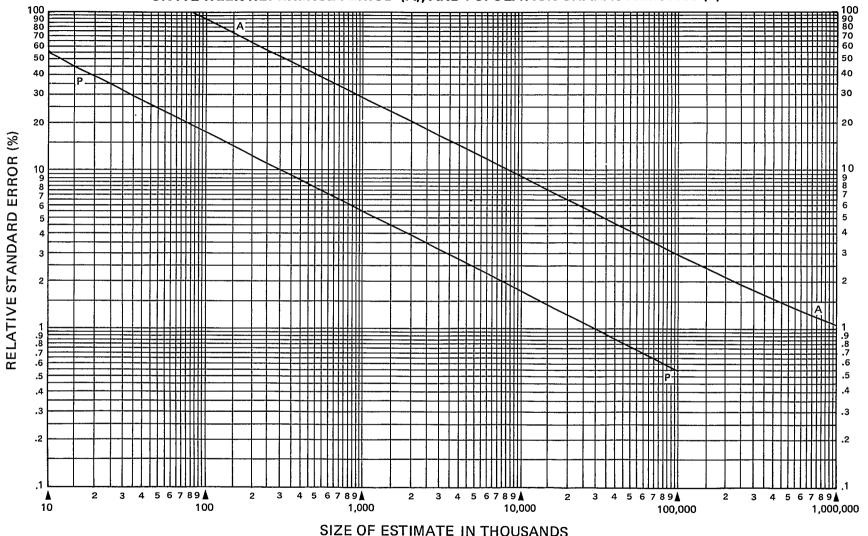


SIZE OF ESTIMATE IN THOUSANDS

Example of use of chart: An estimate of 10,000,000 days of hospitalization in the past year (on scale at bottom of chart) has a relative standard error of 7.8 percent (read from curve A on scale at left side of chart), or a standard error of 780,000 (7.8 percent of 10,000,000). An estimate of 1,000,000 persons with 1 hospital episode or more (curve P) has a relative standard error of 5.7 percent.

¹The curve related to hospital days is based on 4 quarters of data collection for wide range estimates of aggregates using a 12-month reference period; the curve for population characteristics is based on 4 quarters of data collection for narrow range estimates of aggregates.

Figure V. RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS FOR NUMBER OF PHYSICIAN OR DENTAL VISITS BASED ON A 2-WEEK REFERENCE PERIOD (A), AND POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS (P)¹



¹The curve related to physician or dental visits is based on 1 to 4 quarters of data collection for medium range estimates of aggregates using a 2-week reference period; the curve for population characteristics is based on 4 quarters of data collection for narrow range estimate of aggregates.

Example of use of chart: An estimate of 10,000,000 dental visits (on scale at bottom of chart) has a relative standard error of 9.2 percent (read from curve A on scale at left side of chart), or a standard error of 920,000 (9.2 percent of 10,000,000). An estimate of 1,000,000 persons in the Northeast Region (curve P) has a relative standard error of 5.7 percent.

PREVALENCE OF CHRONIC CONDITIONS1 70 50 40 30 20 ERROR STANDARD RELATIVE 5 6 7 8 9 1 10 100 1,000 10,000 100,000

Figure VI. RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS FOR CHARACTERISTICS RELATED TO THE

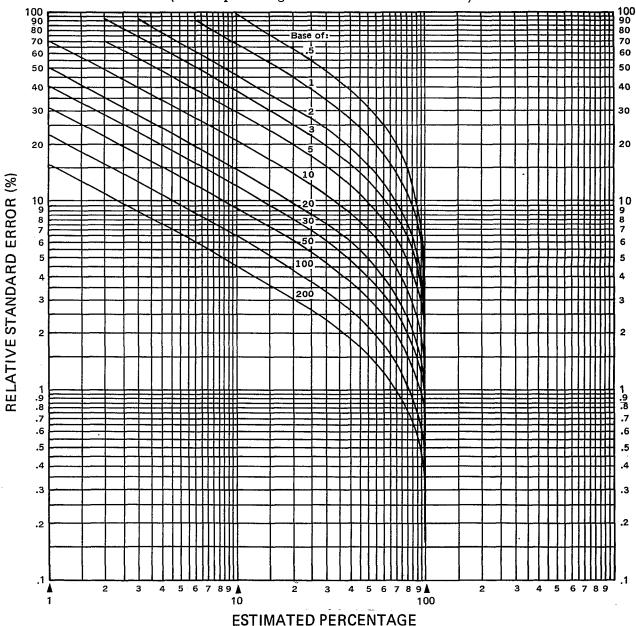
SIZE OF ESTIMATE IN THOUSANDS

¹Based on a one-sixth subsample over 4 quarters of data collection for narrow range estimates of aggregates.

Example of use of chart: An estimate of 1,000,000 of a type of chronic condition (on scale at bottom of chart) has a relative standard error of 13.9 percent or a standard error of 139,000 (13.9 percent of 1,000,000).

Figure VII. RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF PERCENTAGES OF ACUTE CONDITIONS OR PERSONS INJURED¹

(Base of percentage shown on curves in millions)

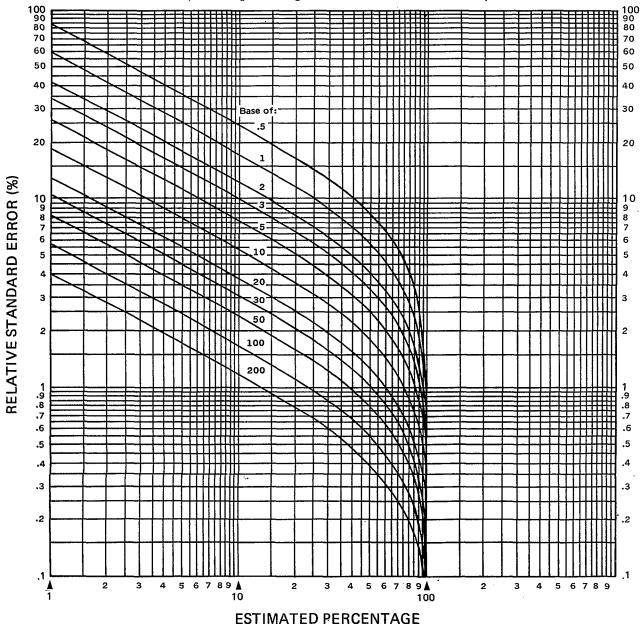


¹These curves represent estimates of relative standard errors of percentages of acute conditions or persons injured based on 1 to 4 quarters of data collection for narrow range data using a 2-week reference period.

Example of use of chart: An estimate of 20 percent (on scale at bottom of chart) based on an estimate of 10,000,000 has a relative standard error of 14.5 percent (read from the scale at the left side of chart), the point at which the curve for a base of 10,000,000 intersects the vertical line for 20 percent. The standard error in percentage points is equal to 20 percent X 14.5 percent; or 2.9 percentage points.

Figure VIII. RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF PERCENTAGES OF POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS¹

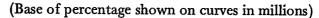


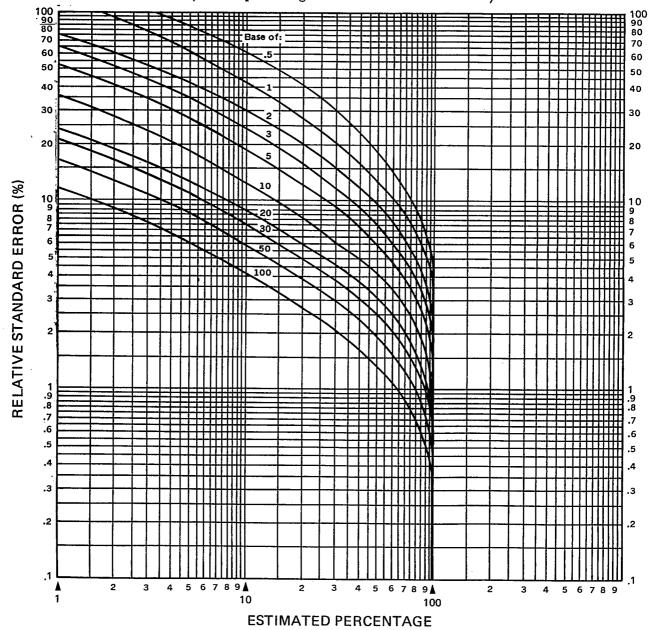


¹These curves represent estimates of relative standard errors of percentages of population characteristics based on 4 quarters of data collection for narrow range estimates.

Example of use of chart: An estimate of 20 percent (on scale at bottom of chart) based on an estimate of 10,000,000 has a relative standard error of 3.6 percent (read from the scale at the left side of chart), the point at which the curve for a base of 10,000,000 intersects the vertical line for 20 percent. The standard error in percentage points is equal to 20 percent X 3.6 percent, or 0.72 percentage points.

Figure IX. RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF PERCENTAGES OF CHARACTERISTICS
RELATED TO CHRONIC CONDITIONS¹





¹These curves represent estimates of relative standard errors of percentages of characteristics related to chronic conditions based on a one-sixth subsample over 4 quarters of data collection for narrow range estimates.

Example of use of chart: An estimate of 20 percent (on scale at bottom of chart) based on an estimate of 10,000,000 has a relative standard error of 8.8 percent (read from the scale at the left side of chart), the point at which the curve for a base of 10,000,000 intersects the vertical line for 20 percent. The standard error in percentage points is equal to 20 percent X 8.8 percent, or 1.76 percentage points.

APPENDIX II

DEFINITIONS OF CERTAIN TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Terms Relating to Conditions

Condition.-A morbidity condition, or simply a condition, is any entry on the questionnaire that describes a departure from a state of physical or mental well-being. It results from a positive response to one of a series of "medicaldisability impact" or "illness-recall" questions. In the coding and tabulating process, conditions are selected or classified according to a number of different criteria (such as whether they were medically attended, whether they resulted in disability, or whether they were acute or chronic) or according to the type of disease, injury, impairment, or symptom reported. For the purposes of each published report or set of tables, only those conditions recorded on the questionnaire that satisfy certain stated criteria are included.

Conditions except impairments are classified by type according to the ninth revision of the International Classification of Diseases,¹ with certain modifications adopted to make the code more suitable for a household interview survey.

Acute condition.—An acute condition is defined as a condition that has lasted less than 3 months and that has involved either medical attention or restricted activity. Because of the procedures used to estimate incidence, the acute conditions included in this report are the conditions that had their onset during the 2 weeks prior to the interview week and that involved either medical attention or restricted activity during the 2-week period. However, excluded are some conditions that are always classified as chronic even though the onset occurred within 3 months prior to the week of the interview. The codes refer to the ninth revision of the International Classification of Diseases, as modified by the NHIS Medical Coding Manual.

NOTE: A list of references follows the text.

Acute condition groups.—In this report all tables with data classified by type of condition employ a five-category regrouping plus several selected subgroups.

Chronic condition.—A condition is considered chronic if (1) the condition is described by the respondent as having been first noticed more than 3 months before the week of the interview, or (2) it is one of the following conditions always classified as chronic regardless of the onset:

Tuberculosis.

Neoplasms (benign and malignant).

Diseases of the thyroid gland.

Diabetes.

Gout.

Psychoses and certain other mental disorders.

Multiple sclerosis and certain other diseases of the central nervous system.

Certain diseases and conditions of the eye.

Certain diseases of the circulatory system (includes rheumatic fever, hypertension, stroke; and all heart conditions).

Emphysema, asthma, hay fever, and bronchiectasis.

Ulcers and certain other diseases of the esophagus, stomach, and duodenum.

Hernia of abdominal cavity (includes rupture).

Gastroenteritis and colitis (with exceptions).

Calculus of kidney, ureter, and other parts of the urinary system.

Diseases of the prostate.

Chronic cystic diseases of the breast.

Eczema and certain other dermatitis.

Arthritis and rheumatism.

Cyst of the bone (except jaw).

All congenital anomalies.

Impairment.—Impairments are chronic or permanent defects, usually static in nature, that result from disease, injury, or congenital malformation. They represent decrease or loss of ability to perform various functions, particularly those of the musculoskeletal system and the sense organs. All impairments are classified by means of a special supplementary code. Hence code numbers for impairments in the International Classification of Diseases are not used. In the supplementary code, impairments are grouped according to type of functional impairment and etiology.

Incidence of conditions.—The incidence of conditions is the estimated number of conditions that have their onset within a specified time period. As previously mentioned, minor acute conditions that involve neither restricted activity nor medical attention are excluded from the statistics. The incidence data shown in some reports are further limited to various subclasses of conditions, such as "incidence of conditions involving bed disability."

Onset of condition.—A condition is considered to have had its onset when it was first noticed. This could be the time the person first felt sick or became injured, or it could be the time when the person or family was first told by a physician that the person had a condition of which he or she had been previously unaware.

Activity-restricting condition.—An activity-restricting condition is one that had its onset in the 2 weeks prior to interview and that caused at least 1 day of restricted activity during the 2 calendar weeks before the interview week. (See "Restricted-activity day" under "Terms Relating to Disability.")

Bed-disabling condition.—A condition with onset in the 2 weeks prior to interview that involved at least 1 day of bed disability is called a bed-disabling condition. (See "Bed-disability day" under "Terms Relating to Disability.")

Medically attended condition.—A condition with onset in the 2 weeks prior to interview is considered medically attended if a physician had been consulted either at its onset or at any time thereafter. However, when the first medical attention for a condition does not occur until after the end of the 2-week period, the case is treated as though there was no medical attention. Medical attention includes consultation either in person or by telephone for treatment or advice. Advice from the physician transmitted to the patient through the nurse is counted, as well as visits to physicians in clinics or hospitals. If during the course of a single visit the physician is consulted about more than one condition for each of several patients, each condition of each patient is counted as medically attended.

Discussions of a child's condition between the physician and a responsible member of the household are considered as medical attention even if the child was not seen at that time.

For the purpose of this definition the term "physician" includes doctors of medicine and osteopathic physicians.

Terms Relating to Disability

Disability.—Disability is the general term used to describe any temporary or long-term reduction of a person's activity as a result of an acute or chronic condition.

Disability day.—Short-term disability days are classified according to whether they are days of restricted activity, bed days, hospital days, work-loss days, or school-loss days. All hospital days are, by definition, days of bed disability; all days of bed disability are, by definition, days of restricted activity. The converse form of these statements is, of course, not true. Days lost from work and days lost from school are special terms that apply to the working and school-age populations only but these too are days of restricted activity. Hence "days of restricted activity" is the most inclusive term used to describe disability days.

Restricted-activity day.—A day of restricted activity is one on which a person cuts down on his or her usual activities for the whole of that day because of an illness or an injury. The term "usual activities" for any day means the things

that the person would ordinarily do on that day. For children under school age, usual activities depend on whatever the usual pattern is for the child's day, which will in turn be affected by the age of the child, weather conditions, and so forth. For retired or elderly persons, usual activities might consist of almost no activity, but cutting down on even a small amount for as much as a day would constitute restricted activity. On Sundays or holidays, usual activities are the things the person usually does on such days-going to church, playing golf, visiting friends or relatives, or staying at home and listening to the radio, reading, looking at television, and so forth. Persons who have permanently reduced their usual activities because of a chronic condition might not report any restrictedactivity days during a 2-week period. Therefore absence of restricted-activity days does not imply normal health.

Restricted activity does not imply complete inactivity, but it does imply only the minimum of usual activities. A special nap for an hour after lunch does not constitute cutting down on usual activities, nor does the elimination of a heavy chore such as cleaning ashes out of the furnace or hanging out the wash. If a farmer or housewife carries on only the minimum of the day's chores, however, this is a day of restricted

activity.

A day spent in bed or a day home from work or school because of illness or injury is, of course, a restricted-activity day.

Bed-disability day.—A day of disability is one on which a person stays in bed for all or most of the day because of a specific illness or injury. All or most of the day is defined as more than half of the daylight hours. All hospital days for inpatients are considered to be days of bed disability even if the patient was not actually in bed at the hospital.

Work-loss day.—A day lost from work is a day on which a person did not work at his job or business for at least half of his normal workday because of a specific illness or injury. The number of days lost from work is determined only for persons 17 years of age and over who reported that at any time during the 2-week period covered by the interview they either worked at or had a job or business. (See "Currently employed" persons under "Demographic Terms.")

School-loss day.—A day lost from school is a normal school day on which a child did not attend school because of a specific illness or injury. The number of days lost from school is determined only for children 6-16 years of age.

Person-day.—Person-days of restricted activity, bed disability, and so forth are days of the various forms of disability experienced by any one person. The sum of days for all persons in a group represents an unduplicated count of all days of disability for the group.

Condition-day.—Condition-days of restricted activity, bed disability, and so forth are days of the various forms of disability associated with any one condition. Since any particular day of disability may be associated with more than one condition, the sum of days for conditions may add to more than the total number of persondays.

Chronic activity limitation.—Persons are classified into four categories according to the extent to which their activities are limited at present as a result of chronic conditions. Since the usual activities of preschool children, schoolage children, housewives, and workers and other persons differ, a different set of criteria is used for each group. There is a general similarity between them, however, as will be seen in the following descriptions of the four categories:

1. Persons unable to carry on major activity for their group (major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or engage in school or preschool activities)

Preschool children:

Inability to take part in ordinary play with other children.

School-age children: Inability to go to school.

Housewives:

Inability to do any housework.

Workers and all other persons: Inability to work at a job or business.

2. Persons limited in amount or kind of major activity performed (major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or engage in school or preschool activities)

Preschool children:

Limited in amount or kind of play with other children, e.g., need special rest periods, cannot play strenuous games, or cannot play for long periods at a time.

School-age children:

Limited to certain types of schools or in school attendance, e.g., need special schools or special teaching or cannot go to school full time or for long periods at a time.

Housewives:

Limited in amount or kind of housework, e.g., cannot lift children, wash or iron, or do housework for long periods at a time.

Workers and all other persons:

Limited in amount or kind of work, e.g., need special working aids or special rest periods at work, cannot work full time or for long periods at a time, or cannot do strenuous work.

3. Persons not limited in major activity but otherwise limited (major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or engage in school or preschool activities)

Preschool children:

Not classified in this category.

School-age children:

Not limited in going to school but limited in participation in athletics or other extracurricular activities.

Housewives:

Not limited in housework but limited in other activities such as church, clubs, hobbies, civic projects, or shopping.

Workers and all other persons:

Not limited in regular work activities but limited in other activities such as church, club, hobbies, civic projects, sports, or games.

4. Persons not limited in activities (includes persons whose activities are not limited in any of the ways described above)

Chronic mobility limitation.—Persons are classified into five categories according to the

extent to which their mobility is limited at present as a result of chronic conditions. The categories are as follows:

Stays in bed.—Must stay in bed all or most of the time.

Stays in the house.—Must stay in the house, but not in bed, all or most of the time.

Needs help getting around.—Able to go outside but needs the help of another person or of a special aid such as a cane or wheelchair in getting around.

Has trouble getting around freely.—Does not need the help of another person or a special aid but has trouble in getting around freely.

Is not limited in mobility.—Not limited in any of the ways described above.

Terms Relating to Persons Injured

Injury condition.—An injury condition, or simply an injury, is a condition of the type that is classified according to the nature of injury code numbers (800-999) in the International Classification of Diseases. In addition to fractures, lacerations, contusions, burns, and so forth, which are commonly thought of as injuries, this group of codes includes effects of exposure, such as sunburn; adverse reactions to immunization and other medical procedures; and poisonings. Unless otherwise specified, the term injury is used to cover all of these.

Since a person may sustain more than one injury in a single accident, e.g., a broken leg and laceration of the scalp, the number of injury conditions may exceed the number of persons injured.

Statistics of acute injury conditions include only those injuries which involved at least 1 full day of restricted activity or medical attendance.

Person injured.—A person injured is one who has sustained one or more injuries in an accident or in some type of nonaccidental violence. (See definition of injury condition.) Each time a person is involved in an accident or in nonaccidental violence causing injury that results in at least 1 full day of restricted activity or medical attention he is included in the statistics as a separate person injured; hence one person may be included more than once.

The number of persons injured is not equivalent to the number of accidents for several reasons: (1) the term "accident" as commonly used may not involve injury at all, (2) more than one injured person may be involved in a single accident, so the number of accidents resulting in injury would be less than the number of persons injured in accidents, and (3) the term "accident" ordinarily implies an accidental origin whereas "persons injured" as used in the National Health Interview Survey includes persons whose injuries resulted from certain nonaccidental violence.

The number of persons injured in a specified time interval is equal to or less than the incidence of injury conditions since one person may incur more than one injury in a single accident.

Terms Relating to Class of Accident

Class of accident.—Injuries, injured persons, and resulting days of disability may be grouped according to class of accident. This is a broad classification of the types of events which resulted in personal injuries. Most of these events are accidents in the usual sense of the word, but some are other kinds of mishap, such as overexposure to the sun or adverse reactions to medical procedures, and others are nonaccidental violence, such as attempted suicide. The classes of accident are (1) moving motor vehicle accidents, (2) accidents occurring while at work, (3) home accidents, and (4) other accidents. These categories are not mutually exclusive. For example, a person may be injured in a moving motor vehicle accident which occurred while the person was at home or at work. The accident class "moving motor vehicle" includes "homemoving motor vehicle" and "while at workmoving motor vehicle." Similarly, the classes "while at work" and "home" include duplicated counts, e.g., "moving motor vehicle-while at work" is included under "while at work."

Motor vehicle.—A motor vehicle is any mechanically or electrically powered device, not operated on rails, upon which or by which any person or property may be transported or drawn upon a land highway. Any object, such as a trailer, coaster, sled, or wagon, being towed by a motor vehicle is considered a part of the motor vehicle. Devices used solely for moving persons

or materials within the confines of a building and its premises are not counted as motor vehicles.

Moving motor vehicle accident.—The accident is classified as "moving motor vehicle" if at least one of the motor vehicles involved in the accident was moving at the time of the accident. This category is subdivided into "traffic" and "nontraffic" accidents.

Traffic moving motor vehicle accident.—The accident is in the "traffic" category if it occurred on a public highway. It is considered to have occurred on the highway if it occurred wholly on the highway, if it originated on the highway, if it terminated on the highway, or if it involved a vehicle partially on the highway. A public highway is the entire width between boundary lines of every way or place of which any part is open to the use of the public for the purposes of vehicular traffic as a matter of right or custom.

Nontraffic moving motor vehicle accident.—The accident is in the "nontraffic" category if it occurred entirely in any place other than a public highway.

Nonmoving motor vehicle accident.—If the motor vehicle was not moving at the time of the accident, the accident is considered a "nonmoving motor vehicle" accident and is classified in the "other accident" category.

Accident while at work.—The class of accident is "while at work" if the injured person was 17 years of age or over and was at work at a job or a business at the time the accident happened.

Home accident.—The class of accident is "home" if the injury occurred either inside or outside the house. "Outside the house" refers to the yard, buildings, and sidewalks on the property. "Home" includes not only the person's own home but also any other home in which he may have been when he was injured.

Other accident.—The class of accident is "other" if the occurrence of injury cannot be classified in one or more of the first three class-of-accident categories (e.g., moving motor vehicle, while at work, or home). This category therefore includes persons injured in public places (e.g., tripping and falling in a store or on a public sidewalk) and also nonaccidental injuries such as homicidal and suicidal attempts. The survey does not cover the military population, but current disability of various types resulting

from prior injury occurring while the person was in the Armed Forces is covered and is included in this class. The class also includes mishaps for which the class of accident could not be ascertained.

Terms Relating to Hospitalization

Hospital.—For this survey a hospital is defined as any institution meeting one of the following criteria: (1) named in the listing of hospitals in the current American Hospital Association, Guide to the Health Care Field or (2) found on the Master Facility Inventory List maintained by the National Center for Health Statistics.

Short-stay hospital.—A short-stay hospital is one in which the type of service provided by the hospital is general; maternity; eye, ear, nose, and throat; children's; or osteopathic; or it may be the hospital department of an institution.

Hospital day.—A hospital day is a day on which a person is confined to a hospital. The day is counted as a hospital day only if the patient stays overnight. Thus a patient who enters the hospital on Monday afternoon and leaves Wednesday noon is considered to have had 2 hospital days.

Hospital days during the year.—The number of hospital days during the year is the total number for all hospital episodes in the 12-month period prior to the interview week. For the purposes of this estimate, episodes overlapping the beginning or end of the 12-month period are subdivided so that only those days falling within the period are included.

Hospital episode.—A hospital episode is any continuous period of stay of 1 night or more in a hospital as an inpatient except the period of stay of a well newborn infant. A hospital episode is recorded for a family member whenever any part of his hospital stay is included in the 12-month period prior to the interview week.

Hospital discharge.—A hospital discharge is the completion of any continuous period of stay of 1 or more nights in a hospital as an inpatient except the period of stay of a well newborn infant. A hospital discharge is recorded whenever a present member of the household is reported to have been discharged from a hospital in the 12-month period prior to the interview week.

(Estimates were based on discharges which occurred during the 6-month period prior to the interview.)

Length of hospital stay.—The length of hospital stay is the duration in days, exclusive of the day of discharge, of a hospital discharge. (See definition of "hospital discharge.")

Average length of stay.—The average length of stay per discharged patient is computed by dividing the total number of hospital days for a specified group by the total number of discharges for the same group.

Terms Relating to Dental Visits

Dental visit.—A dental visit is defined as any visit to a dentist's office for treatment or advice, including services by a technician or hygienist acting under a dentist's supervision.

Interval since last dental visit.—The interval since the last dental visit is the length of time prior to the week of interview since a dentist or dental hygienist was last visited for treatment or advice of any type.

Terms Relating to Physician Visits

Physician visit.—A physician visit is defined as consultation with a physician, in person or by telephone, for examination, diagnosis, treatment, or advice. The visit is considered to be a physician visit if the service is provided directly by the physician or by a nurse or other person acting under a physician's supervision. For the purpose of this definition "physician" includes doctors of medicine and osteopathic physicians. The term "doctor" is used in the interview rather than "physician" because of popular usage. However, the concept toward which all instructions are directed is that which is described here.

Physician visits for services provided on a mass basis are not included in the tabulations. A service received on a mass basis is defined as any service involving only a single test (e.g., test for diabetes) or a single procedure (e.g., smallpox vaccination) when this single service was administered identically to all persons who were at the place for this purpose. Hence obtaining a chest X-ray in a tuberculosis chest X-ray trailer is not included as a physician visit. However, a special chest X-ray given in a physician's office or in an outpatient clinic is considered a physician visit.

Physician visits to hospital inpatients are not included.

If a physician is called to a house to see more than one person, the call is considered a separate physician visit for each person about whom the physician was consulted.

A physician visit is associated with the person about whom the advice was sought, even if that person did not actually see or consult the physician. For example, if a mother consults a physician about one of her children, the physician visit is ascribed to the child.

Interval since last physician visit.—The interval since the last physician visit is the length of time prior to the week of interview since a physician was last consulted in person or by telephone for treatment or advice of any type whatever. A physician visit to a hospital inpatient may be counted as the last time a physician was seen.

Demographic Terms

Age.—The age recorded for each person is the age at last birthday. Age is recorded in single years and grouped in a variety of distributions depending on the purpose of the table.

Currently employed.—Persons 17 years of age and over who reported that at any time during the 2-week period covered by the interview they either worked at or had a job or business are currently employed. Current employment includes paid work as an employee of someone else; self-employment in business, farming, or professional practice; and unpaid work in a family business or farm. Persons who were temporarily absent from a job or business because of a temporary illness, vacation, strike,

or bad weather are considered as currently employed if they expected to work as soon as the particular event causing the absence no longer existed.

Free-lance workers are considered currently employed if they had a definite arrangement with one employer or more to work for pay according to a weekly or monthly schedule, either full time or part time.

Excluded from the currently employed population are persons who have no definite employment schedule but work only when their services are needed. Also excluded from the currently employed population are (1) persons receiving revenue from an enterprise but not participating in its operation, (2) persons doing housework or charity work for which they receive no pay, (3) seasonal workers during the portion of the year they were not working, and (4) persons who were not working, even though having a job or business, but were on layoff or looking for work.

The number of currently employed persons estimated from the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) will differ from the estimates prepared from the Current Population Survey (CPS) of the U.S. Bureau of the Census for several reasons. In addition to sampling variability they include three primary conceptual differences, namely: (1) NHIS estimates are for persons 17 years of age and over; CPS estimates are for persons 16 years of age and over. (2) NHIS uses a 2-week reference period, while CPS uses a 1-week reference period. (3) NHIS is a continuing survey with separate samples taken weekly; CPS is a monthly sample taken for the survey week which includes the 12th of the month.

APPENDIX III QUESTIONNAIRE AND FLASH CARDS

O.M.B. No. 68-R1600: Approval Expires March 31, 1980 NOTICE — Information contained on this form which would permit identification of any individual or establishment has been collected with a guarantee that it will be held in strict confidence, will be used only for purposes stated for this study, and will not be disclosed or released to others without the consent of the individual or the establishment in accordance with section 308(d) of the Public Health Service Act (42 USC 242m). FORM HIS-1 (1979) 2. R.O. number 3. Sample 6. Control number 4. Segment type ☐ Area U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS ACTING AS COLLECTING AGENT FOR THE U.S. PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE PSU Segment Serial Permit ___.Address Cen-Sup U.S. HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY Special Place 18. Noninterview reason 6a. What is your exact address? (Include House No., Apt. No., or other identification and ZIP code) Listing Sheet TYPE A No. Refusal ~ Describe in a footnote
Refusal ~ Describe in a footnote
Rill items 1-6a,
7, 8, 10, 12a-c
as applicable,
16-19 State ZIP code County 1. ine 2 No one at home - repeated calls No. Same as 6a 4 Other (Specify) b. Is this your mailing address? Mark box or specify if different. Include ZIP code. TYPE R State ZIP code County 🔲 Vacant – nonseasonal 2 🔲 Vacant — seasonal FIII items 1-6a, c. Special place name [] Usual residence elsewhere Sample unit number Type code 7-10, 12a-c as applicable, 16-19 Armed Forces 5 Other (Specify) 7. YEAR BUILT | Ask -☐ Do NOT Ask When was this structure originally built? Before 4-1-70 After 4-1-70 (Go to 9c, complete (Continue interview) if required and end interview) TYPE C 2 [T] OTHER unit Unused line of listing sheet 8. Type of living quarters --🛶 t 🔲 Housing unit 2 Demolished Fill Items 1—6a, 6c if required, 9c if marked, 16—19. Send Inter-Comm. 9. Area segments ONLY 3 Merged a. Are there any occupied or vacant living quarters besides your own in this building? 4 📋 Outside segment Y (fill Table X) N 5 📋 Built after April I, 1970 6 Other (Specify) in b. Are there any occupied or vacant living quarters besides your own on this floor? Y (fill Table X) N c. Is there any other building on this property for people to live in — either occupied or vacant? Y (fill Table X) N 19. Record of calls i d. None Beginning time Ending Month **GO TO PROBE PAGE 2** a.m. a.m. p.m 1 [URBAN (13) 10. Land use 2 [] RURAL a.m. a.m. -- Regular units and Special Place units coded 85-88 in 6c, go to 11. p.m. p.m. -- Special Place units not coded 85-88 in 6c, go to 13. p.m. p.m. 11. Do you own or rent this place? ☐ Own ☐ Rent Rent for free a.m. a.m. p.m. p.m. 12a. Does this place you (own/rent/rent for free) have 10 acres or more? 1 Y (12b) 2 N (12c) a.m. a.m. b. During the past 12 months did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to \$50 or more? 5 p.m. p.m. 1 Y (13) 2 N (13) c. During the past 12 months did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to \$250 or more? a.m. a.m. p.m. 1 Y 2 N 20. List column numbers of sample persons not interviewed during initial interview. 14. How many bedrooms are in this --? If "None" describe in footnotes. 13. How many rooms are in this ~—? Count the kitchen but not the bathroom. ☐ None Area code, Number What is the telephone number 16. Was this interview observed? Col. No. SS Req. Eye Care Req. here? 2 None 2 N Code Y Ν 17. Interviewer's name Y N N BEFORE LEAVING HOUSEHOLD, CHECK THAT ITEM 20 HAS AN ENTRY. Y N Determine the best time for callbacks. **FOOTNOTES** 21. Record of additional contacts Col. Nos. Beginning Ending completed Month Date time SS EC a.m. 3 p.m. p.m. a.m. a.m.

·			SP	H	
la. What is the name of the head of this household? — Enter name in first column		10.	First name		AGE
b. What are the names of all other persons who live here? — List all persons who live here.				1)	AGE
c. I have listed (Read names). Is there anyone else staying here now, such as friends, relatives, or roomers?	믜	- [`		2405
e. Do any of the people in this household have a home anywhere else?	밁		Last name		_ RACE
*Apply household membership rules.	7				2 B
f. Are any of the persons in this household now on full-time active duty with the Armed Forces of the United States? Y Col(s)(Delete) 2 N					3 ОТ
2. How is related to (Head of household)?	-	2.	Relationship	·	SEX
		١			1 M
			HEAD		2 F
3. What is's date of birth? (Enter date and Age, and circle Race and Sex)		3.	Month	Date	Year
	$\neg \neg$	一	BED DAYS	DV	HOSP.
Ask Condition list to determine Sample persons; mark SP boxes.		ĺ	☐ None	None	☐ None
1. Record the number of Bed Days, Doctor Visits, and Hospitalizations		_	— (NP)	(NP)	— (NP)
C	(_	(NP)	(NP)	(NP)
2. Record each condition in the person's column, with the question number(s) where it was reported.		- [Q. No.	Condition	on
Reference dates		l	ii		
2-week period,	ı				
12-month Bed Days		- 1			
and Doctor visit probe		İ			$\overline{}$
	1	- }			$\overline{}$
Hospital probe		-	i		\longrightarrow
If 17+, ask:					400000000000000000000000000000000000000
4. Is — now married, widowed, divorced, separated, or never married?		4.	0 🛗 Und		
4. 13 How manifest, withoutest, Separatest, of hores manifest.		~		ied – spou	
			_	ied – spou	se absent
	- 1	ļ	2 🔲 Wide	owed	
		i	4 🔲 Dive	orced	
			5 🔲 Sepa	rated	
			3 🔲 Nev	er married	
If related persons 17 years old or over are listed in addition to the respondent, say:			0 🔲 Und	er 17	
We would like to have all adults who are at home take part in the interview.	- 11	ΗÌ	1 At F	ome	-
Is your, your, etc., at home now? If "Yes," ask: Please ask them to join us.			2 🔲 Not	at home	
This survey is being conducted to collect information on the Nation's health. I will ask about visits to	_	_			
doctors and dentists, illness in the family, and other health related items. (Hand calendar)					
The next few questions refer to the past 2 weeks, the 2 weeks outlined in red on that calendar,	1		,	EL)	
beginning Monday, <u>(date)</u> , and ending this past Sunday, <u>(date)</u> .			00 N) (4	
5a. During those 2 weeks, did —— stay in bed because of any illness or injury?		5a.	00 14	5)	
b. During that 2-week period, how many days did —— stay in bed all or most of the day?	ļ	ь.	Day	s∫ 6–16 Under	r 6 (9)
6. During those 2 weeks, how many days did illness or injury keep —— from work?		6.		. (0)	
(For females): not counting work around the house?			O0 ☐ Non	days (8)	
		_	22 🗋 1400	- (-/	
7. During those 2 weeks, how many days did illness or injury keep —— fro. 25,1001?	- 1	7.	SL		
			00 Non	ie (9)	
If one or more days in 5b, ask 8; otherwise go to 9		_	Day	s	
8. On how many of these days lost from	- 1	8.	00 Non		
(in bed	\dashv				
9a. (NOT COUNTING the day(s) \ lost from work \>)		9a.	1 Y		
Lost from school J Were there any (other) days during the past 2 weeks that —— cut down on the things	1		2 N (10)	
he usually does because of illness or injury?				•	
(in bed					
b. (Again, not counting the day(s) { in bed lost from work lost from school })		ь.	Day		
During that period, how many (other) days did he cut down for as much as a day?			00 🔲 Nor	ie	
If one or more days in 5-9, ask 10; otherwise go to next person.					
stay in bed	- 1		Enter cond	dition in Ite	om C
10a. What condition caused to during the past 2 weeks?		10a.		sk 10b	•
cut down					
(stay in bed)					
b Did gay other condition course him to miss work during the annial?		ь.	Y		
miss school cut down			N (NP)	
c. What condition?		٠.	Enter cond		
	200	A s			
Fill item C, (BED DAYS), from 5b for all persons.					

3	22.77			1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1	
0 🔲 Under 17		0 Under 17	0 🔲 Under 17		0 Under 17	0 🔲 Under 17
1 Married - spouse present	4.	1 Married - spouse present	1 Married - spouse present	4.	1 [] Married — spouse present	1 Married - spouse present
6 Married - spouse absent		6 Married — spouse absent	6 Married - spouse absent		6 [] Married - spouse absent	6 Married — spouse absent
2 Widowed		2 [] Widowed	2 Widowed		2 [] Widowed	2 Widowed
4 Divorced		4 [] Divorced	4 Divorced	l	4 [] Divorced	4 Divorced
5 Separated	ĺ	5 Separated	5 Separated		5 [] Separated	5 [] Separated
3 Never married		3 Never married	3 Never married	ļ	3 Never married	3 Never married
	一					
0 Under 17		0 Under 17	0 Under 17		o [] Under 17	0 Under 17
1 At home	Н	1 [] At home	1 At home	Н	1 At home	1 At home
2 Not at home	' '	2 Not at home	2 Not at home	•	2 Not at home	2 Not at home
				<u> </u>		
				1		
Y (5b)		Y (5b)	Y (5b)	'	Y (5b)	Y (5b)
00 N } If age:	5a.	00 N } (f age:	00 N } if age:	5a.	00 N If age: 17 + (6)	00 N If age: 17+(6) 6~16(7)
17 + (6) 6-16 (7) Days Under 6 (9)	ь.	17 + (6) 6-16 (7) Under 6 (9)	17 + (6) 6-16 (7) Under 6 (9)	ь.	Days \(\begin{array}{c} 6-16 (7) \\ Under 6 (9) \end{array} \)	Days \ \ 6-16 (7) \ Under 6 (9)
	6,		ļ	6.		
WL days (8)	.	WL days (8)	WL days (8)	"	WL days (8)	WL days (8)
00 None (9)		00 None (9)	00 None (9)	<u> </u>	00 None (9)	00 None (9)
SL days	7.	SL days	SL days	7.	SL days	SL days
00 None (9)		00 None (9)	00 None (9)	l'	00 None (9)	00 None (9)
Days		Days	Days		Days	Days
00 None	8.	00 None	00 None	8.	00 None	00 [] None
	-			\vdash	<u> </u>	
1 Y	9a.	1 Y	1 Y	90.	1 Y	1 Y
2 N (10)		2 N (10)	2 N (10)		2 N (10)	2 N (10)
Days	Ь.	Days	Days	Ь.	Days	Days
00 None		1 ·	00 None		00 None	00 None
	 -			\vdash		
,						
Enter condition in Item C Ask 10b	10a.	Enter condition in item C Ask 10b	Enter condition in item C Ask 10b	10a.	Enter condition in item C Ask 10b	Enter condition in item C Ask 10b
	100.				1	
				 -		
Y		Y	۲	1.1	Y	Y
N (NP)	ь.	N (NP)	N (NP)	ь.	N (NP)	N (NP)
				<u></u>		
Enter condition in item C (10b)	C.	Enter condition in item C (10b)	Enter condition in item C (10b)	c.	Enter condition in item C (10b)	Enter condition in Item C (IVB)
Fill item C. (BED DAYS).	rom F	Sh for all nersons				

			1	
11a. During the past 2 weeks, did anyone in the family, that is you, your — —, etc., have any (other) accidents or injuries?	Y	N (12)		
b. Who was this? - Mark "Accident or injury" box in person's column.			116.	Accident or injury
c. What was the injury?			e.	Injury
d. Did anyone have any other accidents or injuries during that period?	Y (Reask lib and c)	N	[
If "Accident or injury," ask:			1	Y (Enter injury in item C)
e. As a result of the accident, did — — see a doctor or did he cut down on the thi	ngs he usually does?		•.	N
			 	
12a. During the past 2 weeks, did anyone in the family go to the dentist?	Υ	N (13)	<u> </u>	
b. Who was this? - Mark "Dental visit" box in person's column.			12b.	Dental visit
c. During the past 2 weeks, did anyone else in the family go to a dentist?	Y (Reask 12b and c)	N		
If "Dental visit," ask: d. During the past 2 weeks, how many times did — — go to a dentist?			d.	No, of dental visits (NP)
Do not ask for children i yr. old and under.				
Mark box or ask:			13.	1 2-week dental visit
13. ABOUT how long has it been since — — LAST went to a dentist?				
				2 Past 2 weeks not reported (12)
				3 2 weeks-6months 4 0ver 6-12 months
				5 🔲 l year
				6 2-4 years 7 5+ years
				8 Never/age or under
FOOTNOTES			ш	<u> </u>

Accident or injury	11ь.	Accident or injury	Accident or injury	11Ь.	Accident or injury	Accident or injury
Injury	c.	Injury	Injury	c.	Injury	Injury
Y (Enter injury in item C) N	•.	Y (Enter injury in Item C) N	Y (Enter injury in item _. C) N	. .	Y (Enter injury in item C) N	Y (Enter Injury in Item C) N
Dental visit	12b.	Dental visit	Dental visit	12Ь.	☐ Dental visit	☐ Dental visit
No. of dental visits (NP)	d.	No. of dental visits (NP)	No. of dental visits (NP)	d.	No. of dental visits (NP)	No. of dental visits (NP)
1 [_] 2-week dental visit	13.	1 🔲 2-week dental visit	1 [] 2-week dental visit	13.	1 🔲 2-week dental visit	1 2-week dental visit
Past 2 weeks not reported (12)		2 Past 2 weeks not reported (12)	2 Past 2 weeks not reported (12)		2 Past 2 weeks not reported (12)	² Past 2 weeks not reported (12)
3 2 weeks-6 months		3 2 weeks-6 months	3 2 weeks-6 months	ĺ	3 2 weeks-6 months	3 🔲 2 weeks-6 months
4 Over 6–12 months		4 Over 6–12 months	4 Over 6-12 months	1	4 Over 6-12 months	4 Over 6-12 months
5 🗍 l year 6 [] 2—4 years		5 1 year 6 2-4 years	5 🗍 I year 6 🦳 2-4 years		5 ☐ I year 6 ☐ 24 years	6 2-4 years
7 [] 5+ Years		7 🔲 5+ years	7 5+ years		7 5+ years	7 5+ years
B [] Never/age or under		8 🗀 Never/age I or under	B Never/age I or under		B Never/age for under	8 Never/age f or under
FOOTNOTES						

14. During the past 2 weeks (the 2 weeks outlined in red on that calendar) how many times did : Do not count doctors seen while a patient in a hospital.	see a medical doctor?	00 None Number of visits
(Besides those visits)		- 1.00 (\$ a. 1.00)
15a. During that 2-week period did anyone in the family go to a doctor's office or Y clinic for shots, X-rays, tests, or examinations? N (10	5)	
b. Who was this? Mark "Doctor visit" box in person's column.	15ь.	Doctor visit
c. Anyone else? Y (R N	eask 15b and c)	
If "Doctor visit," ask: d. How many times did —— visit the doctor during that period?	d.	Number of visits (NP)
16a. During that period, did anyone in the family get any medical advice from Y a doctor over the telephone? N (17	7)	
b. Who was the phone call about? - Mark "Phone call" box in person's column.	16ь.	Phone call
	eask l6b and c)	
If "Phone call," ask:		*******************************
d. How many telephone calls were made to get medical advice about ?	d.	Number of calls (NP)
Fillian C (DV) from IA I/ from II accessed		Condition (Item C
Fill item C, (DV), from 14-16 for all persons. Ask 17a for each person with visits in DV box.	İ	THEN 17d) Pregnancy (17e)
17a. For what condition did see or talk to a doctor during the past 2 weeks?	17a.	l =
b. Did see or talk to a doctor about any specific condition?	ь.	Y N (NP)
c. What condition?	с.	Enter condition in item C Ask 17d
d. During that period, did see or talk to a doctor about any other condition?	d.	Y (17c) N (NP)
e. During the past 2 weeks was —— sick because of her pregnancy?	e.	Y N (17d)
f. What was the matter?	f.	Enter condition in item C (17d)
18a. During the past 12 months, (that is since <u>(date)</u> a year ago), about how many times did —— talk to a medical doctor? (Do not count doctors seen while a patient in a hospital.) (Include the —— visits you already told me about.)	see or 18a.	000 Only when in hospital 000 None Number of visits
b. ABOUT how long has it been since LAST saw or talked to a medical doctor?	ь.	1 2-week DV
Include doctors seen while a patient in a hospital.	f	2 Past 2 weeks not reported (14 and 17)
		3 2 wks6 mos.
		4 Over 6-12 mos.
		6 2-4 years
		7 5+ years
		8 🗀 Never

00 None Nomber of visits	14.	00 None None Number of visits	00 None Number of visits	14.	00 None Number of visits	00 None Number of visits
	_					
.†						
Doctor visit	15ь.	Doctor visit	Doctor visit	15Ь.	Doctor visit	Doctor visit
Number of visits (NP)	d.	Number of visits (NP)	Number of visits (NP)	d.	Number of visits (NP)	Number of visits (NP)
Phone call	16b.	Phone call	Phone call	166.	Phone call	Phone call
Number of calls (NP)	d.	Number of calls (NP)	Number of calls (NP)	d.	Number of calls (NP)	Number of calls (NP)
						Control of the contro
Condition (Item C THEN 17d)		Condition (Item C THEN 17d)	Condition (Item C THEN 17d)	-	Condition (Hem C THEN 17d)	Condition (Item C THEN 17d)
Pregnancy (17e)		Pregnancy (17e)	Pregnancy (17e)	1	Pregnancy (17e)	Pregnancy (17e)
No condition	17a.	No condition	☐ No condition	17a.	No condition	☐ No condition
Y N (NP)	ь.	Y N (NP)	Y N (NP)	ь.	Y N (NP)	Y N (NP)
Enter condition in item C Ask 17d	с.	Enter condition in item C Ask 17d	Enter condition in item C Ask 17d	c.	Enter condition in item C Ask 17d	Enter condition in item C Ask 17d
Y (17c) N (NP)	d.	Y (17c) N (NP)	Y (17c) N (NP)	d.	Y (17c) N (NP)	Y (17c) N (NP)
Y N (17d)		Y N (17d)	Y N (17d)	e.	Y N (17d)	Y N (17d)
Enter condition in item C (17d)	f.	Enter condition in item C (17d)	Enter condition in Item C (17d)	f.	Enter condition in item C (17d)	Enter condition in item C (17d)
	-			10 -		000 Only when in hospital
000 Only when in hospital 000 None Number of visits	180.	000 Only when in hospital 000 None Number of visits	000 Only when in hospital 000 None Number of visits	180.	000 Only when in hospital 000 None Number of visits	000 None Number of visits
1 🔲 2-week DV	ъ.	1 2-week DV	1 2-week DV	ь.	1 2-week DV	1 2-week DV
2 Past 2 weeks not reported (14 and 17)	[2 Past 2 weeks not reported (14 and 17)	2 Past 2 weeks not reported (14 and 17)		2 Past 2 weeks not reported (14 and 17)	2 Past 2 weeks not reported (14 and 17)
3 [_] 2 wks.—6 mos.	1 .	3 ☐ 2 wks.—6 mos.	3 🔲 2 wks6 mos.		3 🗀 2 wks.—6 mos.	3 2 wks6 mos.
4 ☐ Over 6-12 mos.		4 Over 6-12 mos.	4 Over 6-12 mos.		4 🔲 Over 6-12 mos.	4 🔲 Over 6-12 mos.
 5]lyear	۱ ۱	5 N I year	5 1 year		5 🔲 l year	5 🔲 l year
6 2-4 years		6 2-4 years	6 2-4 years	ĺ	6 2-4 years	6 2-4 years
7 🔲 5+ years	1	7 5+ years	7 5+ years		7 🔲 5+ years	7 🔲 5+ years
8 Never	i	8 Never	B Never		s 🔲 Never	8 Never

Ages 17+	19a. What was — doing MOST OF THE PAST 12 MONTHS — (For males): If "something else," ask: (For females): Working or doing something else? keeping house, working, or doing something else? If 45+ years and was not "working," "keeping house," or "going to school," ask: c. Is — retired? d. If "retired," ask: Did he retire because of his health?	19. & 20.	1 Working (24a) 2 Keeping house (24b) 3 Retired, health (23) 4 Retired, other (23) 5 Going to school (26)
Ages 6–16	20a. What was —— doing MOST OF THE PAST 12 MONTHS — going to school or doing something else? If "something else," ask: b. What was —— doing?		6 17+ something else (23) 7 6-16 something else (25)
Ages under 6			0
21a. is abie	to take part at all in ordinary play with other children?	210,	Y 1 N (28)
b. Is he limit	ed in the kind of play he can do because of his health?	ь.	2 Y (28) N
c. Is he limit	ed in the amount of play because of his health?	c.	2 Y (28) N (27)
22a. Is limi	ted in any way because of his health?	22a.	1 Y 5 N (NP)
b. In what wa	y is he limited? Record limitation, not condition.	ь.	(28)
23a. Does h	ealth now keep him from working?	23 ₀ ,	1 Y (28) N
b. Is he limit	ed in the kind of work he could do because of his health?	ь.	2 Y (28) N
c. Is he limit	ed in the amount of work he could do because of his health?	c,	2 Y (28) N
d. Is he limit	ed in the kind or amount of other activities because of his health?	d.	3 Y (28) N (27)
24a. Does!	IOW have a job?	24a.	Y (24c) N
b. In terms of	health, is NOW able to (work - keep house) at all?	ь.	Y 1 N (28)
c. Is he limit	ed in the kind of (work — housework) he can do because of his health?	_ c.	2 Y (28) N
d. Is he limit	ed in the amount of (work - housework) he can do because of his health?	_d.	2 Y (28) N
e. Is he limit	ed in the kind or amount of other activities because of his health?	e.	3 Y (28) N (27)
25. In terms o	health would be able to go to school?	25.	Y 1 N (28)
26a. Does (wou	ld) have to go to a certain type of school because of his health?	26 a.	2 Y (28) N
b. Is he (wou	ld he be) limited in school attendance because of his health?	ь.	2 Y (28) N
c. Is he limit	ed in the kind or amount of other activities because of his health?	c.	3 Y (28) N
27a. Is limi	ted in ANY WAY because of a disability or health?	27 a.	4 Y 5 N (NP)
b. In what we	y is he limited? Record limitation, not condition.	ь.	
28a. About how	long has he been limited in — been unable to — had to go to a certain type of school?	28 a.	000 Less than I month 1 Mos. 2 Yrs.
b. What (other	r) condition causes this limitation?	ъ.	Enter condition in Item C Ask 28c
If "old ag	e" only, ask: Is this limitation caused by any specific condition?		Old age only (NP)
c. Is this lim	itation caused by any other condition?	c.	Y (Reask N 28b and c)
Mark box			Only I condition
d. Which of t	hese conditions would you say is the MAIN cause of his limitation?	d.	Enter main condition

2 Keeping ho 3 Retired, ho 4 Retired, of 5 Going to s 6 17+ someth	1		house (24b) health (23) other (23) school (26) ething else (23)		house (24b) health (23) other (23)						
0 I-5 years			0 1~5 years		0 ☐ 1 = 5 year 0 ☐ Under I		├	0 1-5 year 0 Under I		0 ☐ 1—5 yea 0 ☐ Under I	
0 Under 1 (2	1 N (28)	21a.	o ☐ Under I (2 Y	1 N (28)	Y	1 N (28)	21a.	Y	1 N (28)	Y	1 N (28)
2 Y (28)		ь.	2 Y (28)	N	2 Y (28)	N	ъ.	2 Y (28)	 N	2 Y (28)	N
2 Y (28)	N (27)		2 Y (28)	N (27)	2 Y (28)	N (27)		2 Y (28)	N (27)	2 Y (28)	N (27)
1 Y	5 N (NP)	220.	1 Y	5 N (NP)	1 Y	5 N (NP)	22a.	1 Y	5 N (NP)	1 Y	5 N (NP)
	(28)	ь.		(28)		(28)	ь.		(28)		(28)
1 Y (28)	N	23a.	1 Y (28)	N	1 Y (28)	N	23a.	1 Y (28)	N	1 Y (28)	N
2 Y (28)	N	ъ.	2 Y (28)	N	2 Y (28)	N	ь.	2 Y (28)	N	2 Y (28)	N
2 Y (28)	N	c.	2 Y (28)	N	2 Y (28)	N	c.	2 Y (28)	N	2 Y (28)	N
3 Y (28)	N (27)	d.	3 Y (28)	N (27)	3 Y (28)	N (27)	d.	3 Y (28)	N (27)	3 Y (28)	N (27)
Y (24c)	N	24a.	Y (24c)	N	Y (24c)	N	24a.	Y (24c)	N	Y (24c)	N
	t N (28)	ь.	Y	1 N (28)	Y	1 N (28)	ь.	Y	1 N (28)	Y	1 N (28)
2 Y (28)	N	c.	2 Y (28)	N	2 Y (28)	N	c.	2 Y (28)	N	2 Y ·28	N
2 Y (28)	N	d.	2 Y (28)	N	2 Y (28)	N	<u>a</u> ,	2 Y (28)	N	2 Y 28,	N
3 Y (28)	N (27)	•.	3 Y (28)	N (27)	3 Y (28)	N (27)	•.	3 Y (28)	N (27)	3 Y 281	N (27)
Y	1 N (28)	25,	Y	1 N (28)	Y	1 N (28)	25.	Υ	1 N +28+	Y	1 N (28)
2 Y (28)	N	260.	2 Y (28)	N	z Y (28)	N	26a.	2 Y (28)	N	2 Y (28)	N
2 Y (28)	N	ь.	2 Y (28)	N	2 Y (28)	N	ь.	2 Y (28)	N	2 Y (28)	N
3 Y (28)	N	c.	3 Y (28)	N_	3 Y (28)	N	٤.	3 Y (28)	N N	3 Y (28)	NN
4 Y	5 N (NP)	27a.	4 Y	5 N (NP)	4 Y	5 N (NP)	27 a.	4 Y	5 N (NP)	4 Y	5 N (NP)
		ь.					ь.				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
000 Less than	I month	28a.	000 Less than	I month	000 Less that	n I month	280.	000 Less tha	n I month	000 🗌 Less tha	n I month
Enter condition	n in Item C	 ь.	Enter condition	n in item C	Enter condit	ion in item C	ь.	Enter condit	ion in item C	Enter condit	ion in item C
Old age on	128c Ily (NP)		Ask	: 28c nly (NP)	As	k 28c only (NP)		Old age	sk 28c only (NP)	Old age	sk 28c only (NP)
Y (Reask 28b and c)	N	c.	Y (Reask 28b and c) N	Y (Reask 28b and	c)	с .	Y (Reask 28b and	N c)	Y (Reask 28b and	N c)
Only I con	dition	[Only I con	dition	Only I co	ondition		☐ Only I c	ondition	Only I o	ondition
Enter main	condition	d.	Enter main	ondition	Enter mair	condition	d.	Enter mair	condition	Enter mai	n condition

29a. Was a patient in a hospital at any time since (date) a year ago?			290.	Y	N (Item C)
b. How many times was in a hospital since(date) a year ago?	·		ь.	Times	(Item C)
30a. Was anyone in the family in a nursing home, convalescent home, or similar place since (date) a year ago?	Y	N (31)			
b. Who was this? — Circle ''Y'' in person's column.			30ь.	. Y	
If "Y," ask: c. During that period, how many times was —— in a nursing home or similar			c.	Time:	(Item C)
Ask for each child I year old or under if date of birth is on or after references. 31c. Was born in a hospital? If "'Yes," and no hospitalizations entered in his and/or mother's column If "'Yes," and a hospitalization is entered for the mother and/or baby, as	, enter "1" in 29b and item	c.	31a.	Υ	N (NP)
b. Is this hospitalization included in the number you gave me for? If "No," correct entries in 29 and item C for mother and/or baby.			Ь	Υ	N
FOOTNOTES					
•					

	Y	N (Item C)	29 a.	Y N (Item C)	Y N (item C) 2	90.	Y N (Item C)	Y N (Item C)
<u> </u>	Times	(Item C)	ь.	Times (Item C)	Times (Item C)	ь.	Times (Item C)	Times (Item C)
								4.22
<u> </u>	Υ		30Ь.	Y	У 3	0Ь.	Y	Y
l—	Times	Item C)	c.	Times (Item C)	Times (Item C)	e.	Times (Item C)	Times (Item C)
	Y	N (NP)	31a.	Y N (NP)	Y N (NP)	1o.	Y N (NP)	Y N (NP)
	Y	N	ъ.	Y N	Y N	ъ.	. Y N	Y N

1	32a. DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, did anyone in the family (you, your, etc.) have - If "Yes," ask 32b and c. b. Who was this? Enter name of condition and letter of line where reported in appropriate person's column in item C. c. During the past 12 months, did anyone else have? Conditions affecting the digestive system. Make no entry in item C for cold, flu, or grippe even	A. Gallstones? B. Any other gallbladder trouble? C. Cirrhosis of the liver? D. Fatty liver? E. Hepatitis? F. Yellow jaundice?	I. Any disease of the pancreas? J. Ulcer? K. Hernia or rupture? L. A disease of the esophagus? M. Gastritis? N. FREQUENT indigestion?			
	if reported in question 32.	G. Any other liver trouble? H. Diabetes?	O. Any other stomach trouble? P. Enteritis?			
Executive Size		n. Dioberes:	F. Enteritis:			
	32a. Does anyone in the family (you, your, etc.) NOW have If "Yes." ask 32b and c. b. Who is this? Enter name of condition and letter of line where reported in appropriate person's column in item C.	A. Permanent stiffness or any deform (Permanent stiffness — joints wil	nity of the foot, leg, fingers, am or back? I not move at all)			
1	c. Does anyone else have?	B. Paralysis of any kind?				
2	32d. DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, did anyone in the family (you, your, etc.) have - If "Yes," ask 32e and f.	C. Arthritis of any kind or Rheumatism?	I. Trick knee?			
~	e. Who was this? Enter name of condition and letter of line where reported in appropriate person's column in item C.	D. Gout? E. Lumbago?	J. A slipped or ruptured disc? K. Curvature of the spine?			
	f. During the past 12 months, did anyone else have?	F. Osteomyelitis? (os-tee-oh-my-uh-lite-iss)	L. REPEATED trouble with neck, back, or spine?			
	Conditions C-N and V are conditions affecting the bone and muscle.	G. A bone cyst or bone spur?	M. Bursitis or Synovitis? (sin-uh-vite-iss)			
		H. Any other disease of the bone or cartilage?	N. Any disease of the muscles or tendons?			
1000		AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO I				
	32a. DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, did anyone in the family (you, your, etc.) have	A. Goiter or other thyroid trouble?	Glandular			
	If "Yes," ask 32b and c.	B. Diabetes?	disorders			
3	b. Who was this? Enter name of condition and letter of line	C. Cystic fibrosis?	J			
٦	where reported in appropriate person's column in item C.	D. Anemia?	Blood disorder			
	c. During the past 12 months, did anyone else have?	E. Epilepsy?	Conditions affecting			
		F. Multiple sclerosis?	the nervous system			
		G. Migraine?	ال			

]	32a. DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, did anyone in the family have — If "Yes," ask 32b and c. b. Who was this? Enter in item C. c. During the past 12 months, did anyone else have? Conditions affecting the digestive system. Make no entry in item C for cold, flu, or grippe even if reported in question 32.	Q. Diverticulitis? R. Colitis? S. Spastic colon? T. FREQUENT constipation? U. Any other bowel trouble? V. Any other intestinal trouble?	W. Cancer of the stomach, colon or rectum? X. During the past 12 months, did anyone in the family have any other condition of the digestive system? If "Yes," ask: Who was this? — What was the condition? (Enter in item C)
2	32d. DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, did anyone in the family have — If "Yes," ask 32e and f. e. Who was this? Enter in item C. f. During the past 12 months, did anyone else have? Conditions O—U and W—Z are conditions affecting the skin.	O. A tumor, cyst or growth of the skin? P. Eczema or psoriasis? (so-rye-uh-sis) Q. TROUBLE with dry or itching skin? R. TROUBLE with acne? S. A skin ulcer?	U. Dermatitis or any other skin trouble? V. TROUBLE with fallen arches, flatfeet or clubfoot? W. TROUBLE with ingrown toenails or fingemails? X. TROUBLE with bunions, corns, or calluses? Y. A disease of the hair or scalp? Z. Any disease of the lymph or sweat glands?
3	32a. DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, did anyone in the family have— If "Yes," ask 32b and c. b. Who was this? Enter in item C. c. During the past 12 months, did anyone else have ?	H. Néuralgia or neuritis? I. Sciatica? J. Nephritis? K. Kidney stones? L. Any other kidney trouble? M. Bladder trouble? N. Prostate trouble? O. Disease of the uterus or ovary? P. Any other female trouble?	Conditions affecting the nervous system Genito-urinary conditions

4	32a. Does anyone in the family (you, your, etc.) NOW have If "Yes," ask 32b and c. b. Who is this? - Enter name of condition and letter of line where reported in appropriate person's column in item C. c. Does anyone else have? A-L are conditions affecting (hearing vision speech)	A. Deafness in one or both ears? B. Any other trouble hearing with one or both ears? C. Tinnitus or ringing in the ears? D. Blindness in one or both eyes? E. Cataracts? F. Glaucoma? G. Color blindness?	H. A detached retina or any other condition of the retina? I. Any other trouble seeing with one or both eyes even when wearing glasses? J. A cleft palate or harelip? K. Stammering or stuttering? L. Any other speech defect? M. A missing finger, hand, or arm, toe, foot, or leg? N. A missing (breast), kidney or lung?			
5	32a. Has anyone in the family (you, your, etc.) EYER had - If "Yes," ask 32b and c. b. Who was this? - Enter name of condi-	A. Rheumatic fever? B. Rheumatic heart disease? C. Hardening of the arteries or	G. Strake or a cerebrovascular accident? H. Hemorrhage of the brain?			
3	tion and letter of line where reported in appropriate person's column in item C. c. Has anyone else ever had? Conditions affecting the heart and circulatory system.	arteriosclerosis? D. Congenital heart disease? E. Coronary heart disease? F. High blood pressure?	J. Myocardial infarction? K. Any other heart attack?			
· 2000		r. nigh blood pressure:				
	32a. DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, did	A. Bronchitis?	F. Sinus trouble?			
	anyone in the family (you, your, etc.) have -	B. Bronchiectasis? (brong ke-ek tah-sis)	G. Deflected or deviated nasal septum?			
	If "Yes," ask 32b and c.	C. Asthma?	H. *Tonsillitis or enlargement of the tonsils or adenoids?			
	b. Who was this? - Enter name of condition and letter of line where reported in	D. Hay fever?				
1,	appropriate person's column in item C.	E. Nasal polyp?	I. *Laryngitis?			
6	c. During the past 12 months did anyone else have? Conditions affecting the respiratory system.	*If reported in question 32 only, ask: 1. How many times did — have in the past 12 months? — If 2+ enter in item C. If only I time, ask: 2. How long did it last? — If I month or longer, enter in item C. If less than I month, do not record. If tonsils or adenoids removed during the past 12 months, enter condition causing removal in item C Make no entry in item C for cold; flu; red, sore, or strep throat; or "virus" reported in answer to question 32.				

4	32a. Does anyone in the family NOW have — If "Yes," ask 32b and c, b. Who is this? Enter in item C. c. Does anyone else have? Conditions O—W are impairments. Conditions Y and Z affect the nervous system.	O. Palsy or cerebral palsy? P. Paralysis of any kind? Q. Curvature of the spine? R. REPEATED trouble with back or spine? S. Any TROUBLE with fallen arches or flatfeet? T. A clubfoot?	U. PERMANENT stiffness or any deformity of the back, foot, or leg? (Permanent stiffness – joints will not move at all) V. PERMANENT stiffness or any deformity of the fingers, hand, or arm? W. Mental retardation? X. Any condition caused by an old accident or injury? If "Yes," ask: What is the condition? Y. Epilepsy? Z. REPEATED convulsions, seizures, or blackouts?
	CAPACA MAKANASA (CAMBANA)		
5	32a. DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, did anyone in the family (you, your, etc.) have If "Yes," ask 32b and c. b. Who was this? Enter in item C. c. During the past 12 months did anyone else have? Conditions affecting the heart and circulatory system.	L. Damaged heart valves? M. Tachycardia or rapid heart? N. Heart murmur? O. Any other heart trouble? P. Aneurysm? Q. Any blood clots?	R. Gangrene? S. Varicose veins? T. Hemorrhoids or piles? U. Phlebitis or thrombophlebitis? V. Any other condition affecting blood circulation?
		J. Tumor, cyst, or growth of the	O Transport of the
	32a. DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS, did anyone in the family have —	bronchial tube or lung?	O. Tumor, cyst, or growth of the throat, larynx, or trachea?
	If "Yes," ask 32b and c. b. Who was this? Enter in item C.	K. Emphysema?	P. Any work-related respiratory condition such as dust on the lungs, silicosis or pneu-mo-co-ni-o-sis?
6	c. During the past 12 months, did anyone else have ? Make no entry in item C for cold; flu; red, sore, or strep throat; or "virus" reported in answer to question 32.	M. Tuberculosis?	Q. During the past 12 months did anyone in the family have any other respiratory, lung, or pulmonary condition? If "Yes," ask: Who was this ? — What was the condition? (Enter in item C)
	Conditions affecting the respiratory system.		

33, Con	pared to other persons's age, would you say that his health is excellent, good, fair, or poor?	33.	1 E 2 G 3 F 4 P
BD	Mark box(es) from item C.	BD	1
illne (Inc (Wa: (Wa:	ng the past 12 months (that is since <u>(date)</u> a year ago), ABOUT how many days did so or injury keep — in bed all or most of the day? ude the days in the past 2 weeks.) (Include the days while a patient in a hospital.) it more than 7 days or less than 7 days?) it more than 30 days or less than 30 days?) it more than half the year or less than half the year?)	34.	0 None 1 1-7 2 8-30 3 31-180 (1-6 months) 4 181+ (6 months +)
Q's 4	For persons 17 years or over, show who responded for (or was present during the asking of) Questions 4–34. If persons responded for self, show whether entirely or partly. For persons under 17, show who responded for them.	R	Responded for self-entirely Responded for self-partly Personwas respondent
FOOTN	DTES		
į			

1 E 2 G 3 F 4 P	33.	1 E 2 G 3 F 4 P	1 E 2 G 3 F 4 P	33,	1 E 2 G 3 F 4 P	1 E 2 G 3 F 4 P
1	BD	1	1	BD	1 I+ Bed Days 2 I+ Hospital Stays 3 No Bed Days	1
0 None 1 1-7 2 8-30 3 31-180 (1-6 months) 4 181+ (6 months +)	34.	0 None 1 1-7 2 8-30 3 31-180 (1-6 months) 4 181+ (6 months +)	0 None 1 1-7 2 8-30 3 31-180 (1-6 months) 4 181+ (6 months +)	34.	0 None 1 1-7 2 8-30 3 31-180 (1-6 months) 4 181+ (6 months +)	0 None 1 1-7 2 8-30 3 31-180 (1-6 months) 4 181+ (6 months +)
Responded for self-entirely Responded for self-partly Personwas respondent	R	1 Responded for self-entirely 2 Responded for self-partly Person_was respondent	Responded for self-entirely Responded for self-partly Personwas respondent	R	Responded for self-entirely Responded for self-partly Person_was respondent	Responded for self-entirely Responded for self-partly Personwas respondent
FOOTNOTES						

CONDITION 1	Ask remaining questions as appropriate for the condition entered in:				
1. Person number Name of condition	A Z 1				
2. When did —— last see or talk to a doctor about his? 1 In interview 1 Past 2 wks. (Item C) 5 2-4 yrs. week 2 2 2 wks6 mos. 5 5+ yrs. (Reask 2) 3 Over 6-12 mos. 7 Never 1 I yr. 5 DK when Dr. seen	4. During the past 2 weeks, did his cause him to cut down on the things he usually does? 5. During that period, how many doys did he cut down for as much as a day? Days None (9)				
Examine "Name of condition" entry and mark	6. During that 2-week period, how many days did his keep him in bed all or most of the day?				
A1 Color blindness (NC) On Card C (A2) Accident or injury (A2) Neither (3a) If "Doctor not talked to," transcribe entry from item 1. If "Doctor talked to," ask:	Ask if 17+ years: 7. How many days did his keep him from work during that 2-week period? (For females): not counting work around the house? Oo None (9)				
3a. What did the doctor say it was? — Did he give it a medical name?	Ask if 6—16 years: 8. How many days did his keep him from				
Do not ask for Cancer	9. When did — first notice his? 1				
Attack Disease Rupture c. What kind of is it?	A3 1				
For allergy or stroke, ask: d. How does the allergy (stroke) affect him?	10. Can — see well enough to read ordinary newspaper print WITH GLASSES with his left eye?1 Y 2 N right eye?1 Y 2 N				
If in 3a—d there is an impairment or any of the following entries: Abscess Ache (except heed or ear) Bleeding Bleeding Hemerrhage Blood clot Infection Soreness Beil Inflommetion Concer Neurolgia Ulcer Cremps (except Meuritis Poin Week Cyst Polsy Weakness What part of the body is affected? Show the following detail: Heed Seck/spine/vertebra One or both Arm One or both Arm One or both; shoulder, upper, elbow, lower, wrist, hand Leg One or both; hip, upper, knee, lower, week Leges, checked, shoulder, upper, elbow, lower, wrist, hand One or both; hip, upper, knee,	FOOTNOTES				

	1 \square Missing extremity (A4) \triangle \triangle 2 \square Condition in C2 does not have a letter as source (A4)		A	Accident or i	njury [Other (NC)	
AA	3 Condition in C2 has a letter as source, Docto	r seen (II)	17a. I	Old the accident happen o			
	4 Condition in C2 has a letter as source, Docto	or not seen (15)		During the past 2 ye		Before 2 years	; (18a)
	ees NOW take any medicine or treatment	1 Y	b. \	Yhen did the accident hap	ppen?		
"	pr mis: 	2 N (12)	1	Last week		Over 3-12 moi	nths
	as any of this medicine or treatment recommended y a doctor?	1 Y 2 N		☐ Week before ☐ 2 weeks—3 months	C	☐ I—2 years	
12. H	as he ever had surgery for this condition?	1 Y 2 N		At the time of the accider Yhat kind of injury was it		body was hurt?	
13. W	as he ever hospitalized for this condition?	1 Y	1 [Part(s) of body		Kind of injury	
"	as he ever nospituitzed to: this condition.	2 N					
	uring the past 12 months, about how many times has — seen or talked to a doctor about his?	Times					
(0	On not count visits while a patient in a hospital.)	ooo 🔲 None		f accident happened more	e than 3 months ago		
	15a. About how many days during the past 12 months has this condition kept him in bed all or most of the day? Days		b. What part of the body is affected now? How is his —— affected? Is he affected in any other way?				
١ ـ		000 🔲 None		Part(s) of body	T	Present effects	
A	sk if 17+ years:			•			
	bout how many days during the past 12 months has is condition kept him from work?	Days					
	or females: Not counting work around the house?	ooo 🦳 None					
16s. How often does his bother him — all of the time, often, ence in a while, or never? 1 All the time 2 Often 3 Once in a while 0 Never (16c) 8 Other — Specify			19. Where did the accident happen? 1				
Ь. Ŵ	hen it does bother him, is he bothered a great deal, s	ome, or very little?		s 🔲 Industrial place (inc			
1	☐ Great deal 2 ☐ Some 3 ☐ Ver	•		SChool (includes pre		at school	
	Other - Specify			Other - Specify			
i	All the time in 16a OR condition list 4 asked (A4)		1				
-	-			Yas at work at his job		•	pened?
	oes —— still have this condition? Y (A4) N			' Y • N	3 While in A	Armed Services at time of accide	
] -							- L
J	this condition completely cured or is it under contro Cured 3 Und	I? er control (A4)	21a. \	Vas a car, truck, bus, or a nvolved in the accident i	other motor vehicle in any way?	1 Y	2 N (NC)
	Other - Specify	(A4)	ь. ч	Yas more than one vehicle	e involved?	Y	N
e. Ai	bout how long did have this condition before it we	us cured?	1				
	Tiless than one month Months	Years	c. 1	Vas it (either one) moving	at the time?	1 Y	2 N

QΩ

1	CONDITION 2		مدا	Ask remaining quest	tions as appropriate	e for the condit	ion entered in:
1. Person number	Name of condition		AZ	1 📋 Item 1 2 🔲 Q. 3a	3 □ Q. 3b 4 □ Q. 3c	5 🔲	Q. 3d Q. 3e
1 🔲 In intervie		2-4 yrs.	to c	ing the past 2 weeks ut down on the thing	s he usually does?	1	Y 2 N (9)
week (Reask 2)	3 Over 6-12 mos. 7	5+ yrs. Never DK if Dr. seen		ing that period, how n for as much as a do		i -	Days None (9)
1 1	Name of condition" entry and mark	DK when Dr. seen		ing that 2-week perio keep him in bed		day?	Days None
If "Doctor not t	indness (NC) On Card C (A' t or injury (A2) Neither (3a) alked to," transcribe entry from item		7. Hov	if 17+ years: many days did his a ing that 2-week perio	d? (For females):	not	Days (9)
If "Doctor talke 3a. What did the do	d to,'' ask: :tor say it was? ~ Did he give it a me	dical name?	Asi 8. Ho	nting work around the if 6—16 years: many days did his . ool during that 2-wee	keep him from		Days
If the entry in 3 Ailment Anemia Asthma	use of? t or injury (A2) a or 3b includes the words: Condition Disorder Troub Cyst Growth Tumo Defect Meosles Ulcer]e]	9. Whe	n did — first notice; Last week Week before Past 2 weeks—DK is it during the past 1 s it during the past 3 s it during the past 3 s it during the past 2	which 5 months or before t	[] 2 weeks-3 [] Over 3-12 i [] More than I that time?)	months months
Attack c. What kind of	Disease Rupture . is it?	J	А3	1 Not an eye 2 First eye (under 6)	cond.	☐ First eye c	(10)
For allergy or s	troke, ask: lergy (stroke) affect him?		10. Ca Wi	ı —— see well enough FH GLASSES with his	⁵∫left } eye?	?iY 2	2 N 2 N
Abscess Ache (except h Bleeding Blood clot Boil Concer Cramps (excep menstrual) Cyst e. What part of the Show the follow Head Bock/spine/vert	eed or ear) Growth Rupt Hemorrhage Sore Infection Sore Inflammation Tum Neuralgia Uice Neuritis Vari Pain Weal Polsy Weal body is affected? ing detail:	lysis ure ness or cr cose veins k kness	FOOT	IOTES			
	one or both one or both; should elbow, lower, wrist one or both; hip, uj lower, ankle, foot	, hand					

	1 Missing extremity (A4)	~ (Ad)	A4	☐ Accident or in	njury	Other (NC)	
A	2 Condition in C2 does not have a letter as source a Condition in C2 has a letter as source, Doctor	seen (11)	17a. D	id the accident happen d	uring the past 2 yea	rs or before that	time?
	4 Condition in C2 has a letter as source, Doctor		Ì	During the past 2 ye		Before 2 years	
11a.	t 1.t2	1 Y	ь. W	hen did the accident hap	•		
l		2 N (12)		Last week		Over 3-12 mon	ths
		1 Y		Week before] I-2 years	
	by a doctor?	2 N		2 weeks-3 months			
12. 1	Has he ever had surgery for this condition?	1 Y		t the time of the acciden	-	ody was hurt?	
		2 N	W	hat kind of injury was it	? Anything else?		
13.	Was he ever hospitalized for this condition?	1 Y	-	Part(s) of body	К	ind of injury	
ļ		2 N					
14.	During the past 12 months, about how many times has seen or talked to a doctor about his?	Times					
Ĺ	Do not count visits while a patient in a hospital.)	ooo 🔲 None	16	accident happened more	than 3 meeths are	osk:	
15a. /	About how many days during the past 12 months has		l .	hat part of the body is al		dsk.	
	his condition kept him in bed all or most of the day?	Days		ow is his affected?		y other way?	
		000 Mone		Part(s) of body	Pr	esent effects	
	Ask if 17+ years:						
	About how many days during the past 12 months has his condition kept him from work?	Days	-				
		ooo 🖳 None			ĺ		
├			10 4	1.1.1	L .		
100. F	low often does his bother him — all of the time, often nace in a while, or never?	·n,		here did the accident has The At home (inside hous	•		
1	All the time 2 Often 3 Once	in a while	2	At home (adjacent pr	emises)		
، ا	Never (16c) B Other - Specify			Street and highway (i Farm Farm	includes roadway an	d public sidewal	k)
	then it does bother him, is he bothered a great deal, son		5	🔲 Industrial place (incl			
	Great deal 2 Some 3 Very I			School (includes pre			
1	Other - Specify			☐ Place of recreation a ☐ Other — Specify ✓	ind sports, except at	scnool	
1	All the time in 16a OR condition list 4 asked (A4)						
· ·	_		ľ	as at work at his job			ened?
	ves still have this condition? Y (A4) N			Y N	3 ☐ While in Ar		
			2	N	4 🔲 Under 17 a	t time of accider	ıt
	s this condition completely cured or is it under control?		21a. W	as a car, truck, bus, or o volved in the accident in	ther motor vehicle	1 Y	2 N (NC)
		control (A4)	"			<u>-</u>	
4	Other - Specify	(A4)	ь. W	s more than one vehicle	involved?	Y	N
e. Á	bout how long did have this condition before it was	cured?					
٥	Less than one month Months	Years	c. W	is it (either one) moving	at the time?	1 Y	2 N

I	CONDITION 3		١.,	Ask remaining quest	ions as appropriate for the	condition entered in:
1. Person number	Name of condition		ΑZ	1 Item	3 [] Q. 3b 4 [] Q. 3c	5 Q. 3d 6 Q. 3e
	st see or talk to a doctor about 1 w 1 Past 2 wks. (Item C)	his? s ; '`] 2—4 yrs.		ing the past 2 weeks, ut down on the things	did his cause him s he usually does?	1 Y 2 N (9)
week (Reask 2)	2 2 wks6 mos. 3 Over 6-12 mos. 4 1 yr.	6 5+ yrs. 7 Never 8 7 DK if Dr. seen		ing that period, how r n for as much as a da		Days oo [] None (9)
Examine "	Name of condition' entry and ma	9 DK when Dr. seen			d, how many days did all or most of the day?	Days
A Cciden	indness (NC) On Card it or injury (A2) Neither (alked to,' transcribe entry from	(3a)	7. Ho dur		keep him from work 1? (For females): not house?	Days (9)
	ctor say it was? - Did he give i	t a medical name?	As 8. Ho	c if 6—16 years; w mony doys did his . ool during that 2-wee	keep him from	Days
If the entry in.3 Ailment Anemia Asthma	use of? It or injury (A2) a or 3b includes the words: Condition Disorder Cyst Growth Defect Measles	C (A2) Trouble Tumor Ulcer Ask c:	1 [] 2 [] 3 [] (Wo	is it during the past 3	4 [_] 2 we 5 [] Over	i?)
Attack c. What kind of	Disease Rupture . is it?	J	А3	1 Not an eye 2 First eye of (under 6)	cond.	st eye cond. (6+ yrs.) (10) first eye cond. (AA)
For allergy or s	troke, ask: lergy (stroke) affect him?		10. Ca Wi	n — see well enough TH GLASSES with his	to read ordinary newspap { left	Y 2 N
Abscess Ache (except h Bleeding Blood clot Boil Cancer Cramps (excep menstrual) Cyst e. What part of the	Hemorrhage Infection Inflammation Neurolgia t Neurits Pain Palsy body is affected?	Paralysis Rupture Sore Soreness Tumor Ulcer Varicase veins Weak Weakness	FOOTI	, ,		
Back/spine/vert Ear or eye Arm	ebra upper, middle one or both one or both;	e, lower shoulder, upper, ; wrist, hand hip, upper, knee,				

1 Missing extremity (A4)	A4 Accident or injury Other (NC)				
AA 2 Condition in C2 does not have a letter as source (A4) 3 Condition in C2 has a letter as source, Doctor seen (11)	17a. Did the accident happen during the past 2 years or before that time?				
4 Condition in C2 has a letter as source, Doctor acen (11)	During the past 2 years Before 2 years (18a)				
11a, Does NOW take any medicine or treatment 1 Y	b. When did the accident happen?				
for his? 2 N (12)	Last week Over 3–12 months				
A Maria Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara	Week before				
b. Was any of this medicine or treatment recommended 1 Y by a doctor? 2 N	2 weeks-3 months				
12. Has he ever had surgery for this condition?	18a. At the time of the accident what part of the body was hurt?				
2 N	What kind of injury was it? Anything else?				
13. Was he ever hospitalized for this condition?	Part(s) of body Kind of injury				
2 N					
14. During the past 12 months, about how many times has —— seen or talked to a doctor about his?	mes				
(Do not count visits while a patient in a hospital.) 000 🗌 Non	If accident happened more than 3 months ago, ask:				
15a. About how many days during the past 12 months has	b. What part of the body is affected now?				
this condition kept him in bed all or most of the day?	,				
000 Non	Part(s) of body Present effects				
Ask if 17+ years:	!				
b. About how many days during the past 12 months has Day this condition kept him from work?	ays				
For females: Not counting work around the house? 000 Nor	ne l				
lóa. How often does his bother him — all of the time, often, once in a while, or never?	19. Where did the accident happen? 1 ☐ At home (inside house)				
1 All the time 2 Often 3 Once in a while	2 At home (adjacent premises)				
o Never (16c) s Other - Specify	a ☐ Street and highway (includes roadway and public sidewalk) ——— 4 ☐ Farm				
b. When it does bother him, is he bothered a great deal, some, or very	s Industrial place (includes premises)				
t ☐ Great deal 2 ☐ Some 3 ☐ Very little	6 School (includes premises) 7 Place of recreation and sports, except at school				
A Other - Specify					
All the time in 16a OR condition list 4 asked (A4)					
	20. Was —— at work at his job or business when the accident happened? 1 Y 3 🦳 While in Armed Services				
c. Does — still have this condition?	2 N 4 Under 17 at time of accident				
d. Is this condition completely cured or is it under control? 2 □ Cured 3 □ Under control (A	Zla. Was a car, truck, bus, or other motor vehicle involved in the accident in any way?				
4 ☐ Other — Specify					
e. About how long did have this condition before it was cured?					
o Less than one month Months Year	s c. Was it (either one) moving at the time? 1 Y 2 N				

	CONDITION 4		مدا	Ask remaining questions as appropriat	te for the condition entered in:		
1. Person number	Name of condition		ΑZ	1 Item I 3 Q. 3b 2 Q. 3a 4 Q. 3c	5 🔲 Q. 3d		
	 st see or talk to a doctor about l :w 1 [] Past 2 wks. (Item C)	his? 5 (2-4 yrs.		ing the past 2 weeks, did his caus ut down on the things he usually does?			
week (Reask 2)	2 📑 2 wks6 mos. 3 🚍 Over 6-12 mos. 4 🛅 l yr.	5+ yrs, 7 11 Never 6 11 DK if Dr. seen		ing that period, how many days did he n for as much as a day?	oo [] None (9)		
Examine "	Name of condition' entry and ma	9 []] DK when Dr. seen		ing that 2-week period, how many days keep him in bed all or most of the			
If "Doctor not t	lindness (NC) On Card at or injury (A2) Neither (alked to," transcribe entry from	(3a)	Ask if 17+ years: 7. How many days did his keep him from work during that 2-week period? (For females): not				
If "Doctor talke 3a. What did the do	ed to,'' ask: ctor say it was? — Did he give i	t a medical name?	Asi 8. Ho	nting work around the house? : if 6—16 years: r many days did his keep him from ool during that 2-week period?	00 [None (9)		
Do not ask for Cancer On Card C (A2). b. What was the cause of? Accident or injury (A2) If the entry in 3a or 3b includes the words: Allment Condition Disorder Trouble Anemia Cyst Growth Tumor Ask c:			9. When did — first notice his? 1				
Attack c. What kind of	Disease Rupture . is it?)	А3	2 Tirst eye cond.	3 ☐ First eye cond. (6+ yrs.) (10) 4 ☐ Not first eye cond. (AA)		
For allergy or s	troke, ask: lergy (stroke) affect him?		10. Ca Wi	, , ,	newspaper print ? 1 Y 2 N ? 1 Y 2 N		
Abscess Ache (except le Bleeding Blood clot Boil Cencer Cramps (except menstrual) Cyst	Hemorrhage Infection Inflommation Neuralgia	following entries: Paralysis Rupture Sore Soreness Tumor Ulcer Varicose veins Weak Weakness	FOOTI	OTES .			
Show the following detail: Heed							

	Missing extremity (A4)		A4	Accident or in	njury 🗀 C	Other (NC)			
AA ;⊑	Condition in C2 does not have a letter as so Condition in C2 has a letter as source, Doct	urce (A4) or seen (II)	17a. D	id the accident happen d	uring the past 2 years	or before tha	t time?		
	Condition in C2 has a letter as source, Doctor	or not seen (15)	_	During the past 2 ye	ars 🗀 E	3efore 2 years	: (18a)		
	- NOW take any medicine or treatment	1 Y		hen did the accident hap	pen?				
for his	, , , ; 	2 N (12)		Last week		Over 3-12 mor	ıths		
b. Was any by a doc	of this medicine or treatment recommended ctor?	1 Y 2 N		Week before 2 weeks-3 months	·	–2 years			
12. Has he	ever had surgery for this condition?	1 Y 2 N		t the time of the acciden hat kind of injury was it		y was hurt?			
12 W 1	1 10 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 Y		Part(s) of body	Kin	d of injury			
15. Was he	ever hospitalized for this condition?	2 N							
14. During t	the past 12 months, about how many times has n or talked to a doctor about his?	Times							
(De not	count visits while a patient in a hospital.)	ooo 🔲 None	lf.	accident happened more	than 3 months ago, a	sk:			
15a. About how many days during the past 12 months has this condition kept him in bed all or most of the day? Days		b. What part of the body is affected now? How is his —— affected? Is he affected in any other way?							
1		ooo 🗀 None		Part(s) of body	Pres	sent effects			
Ask if !	17+ years:								
b. About h	ow many days during the past 12 months has	Days	-						
	ndition kept him from work? ales: Not counting work around the house?	ooo 🗀 None							
	en does his bother him — all of the time; a while, or never?	often,	1	here did the accident ha At home (inside hous	se)				
1 🗆 Al	I the time 2 🗀 Often 3 🗀 One	ce in a while		At home (adjacent pr		nublic sidews	alk)		
o □ Ne	ever (16c) s 🖂 Other - Specify		a ☐ Street and highway (includes roadway and public sidewalk) 4 ☐ Farm						
b. When it	does bother him, is he bothered a great deal,	some, or very little?		Industrial place (inc School (includes pre-					
	eat deal 2 Some 3 Ver	•		Place of recreation a		school			
4 🖂 Oti	her — Specify			Other - Specify					
l .	he time in 16a OR condition list 4 asked (A4)		20 11		1 1				
_				as —— at work at his job Y	3 While in Arm		heuen:		
	- still have this condition? () N			N N	4 Under 17 at		ent		
d. Is this c	condition completely cured or is it under contro		21a. W	as a car, truck, bus, or a	ther motor vehicle	1 Y	2 N (NC)		
₂ □ Cu		ler control (A4)] -						
4 🖂 Oti	her - Specify	(A4)	ь. W	as more than one vehicle	invalved?	Υ	N		
e. About he	ow long did have this condition before it w ss than one month Months _	as cured?	c. W	as it (either one) moving	at the time?	1 Y	2 N		

CONDITION 5			مدا	Ask remaining questions as appropriate for the condition entered in:				
1. Person numbe	Name of condition		AZ	1 Item 3 Q. 3b				
	ust see or talk to a doctor about iew i [] Past 2 wks. (Item C) 2 [] 2 wks6 mos. 3 [] Over 6-12 mos. 4 [] 1 yr.	5 (2-4 yrs. 6 (5+ yrs. 7 (Never e () DK if Dr. seen	4. During the past 2 weeks, did his cause him to cut down on the things he usually does? 5. During that period, how many days did he cut down for as much as a day? Days O 1 None (9)					
	'Name of condition' entry and m			ring that 2-week period, how many days did keep him in bed all or most of the day? oo [] None				
If "Doctor no		(3a) n item 1.	7. Ho du cou	k if 17+ years: w many days did his keep him from work ing that 2-week period? (For females): not unting work around the house? Days (9) oo : None (9)				
3a. What did the	octor say it was? — Did he give	it a medical name?	Ask if 6—16 years: 8. How many days did his keep him fromDays school during that 2-week period?					
Do not ask for Cancer				9. When did — first notice his? 1				
c. What kind of	is it?	•	A3 2 First eye cond. (10) (under 6) (AA) 4 Not first eye cond. (AA)					
For allergy o	stroke, ask: allergy (stroke) affect him?		10. Can — see well enough to read ordinary newspaper print WITH GLASSES with his left eye? 1 Y 2 N right eye? 1 Y 2 N					
If in 3a-d there is an impairment or any of the following entries: Abscess Domage Paralysis Ache (except head or ear) Growth Rupture Bleeding Hemorrhage Sore Blood clot Infection Soreness Boil Inflammation Tumor' Concer Neurolgia Ulcer Cramps (except Neuritis Varicose veins menstrual) Pain Weak Cyst Palsy Weakness e. What part of the body is affected?				NOTES				
Back/spine/v Ear or eye . Arm	skuil, scalp rtebroupper, middlune or bothone or both	le, lower shoulder, upper, ir, wrist, hand hip, upper, knee,						

1 ☐ Missing extremity (A4) A A 2 ☐ Condition in C2 does not have a letter as source (A4)	A4 Accident or injury Other (NC)					
S Condition in C2 does not have a fetter as source (A4)	17a. Did the accident happen during the past 2 years or before that time?					
4 Condition in C2 has a letter as source, Doctor not seen (15)	During the past 2 years Before 2 years (18a)					
11a. Does NOW take any medicine or treatment 1 Y for his?	b. When did the accident happen?					
tor his ? 2 N (12)	Last week Over 3–12 months					
b. Was any of this medicine or treatment recommended 1 Y by a doctor? 2 N	☐ Week before ☐ I – 2 years ☐ 2 weeks – 3 months					
12. Has he ever had surgery for this condition?	18a. At the time of the accident what part of the body was hurt?					
2 N	What kind of injury was it? Anything else?					
	Part(s) of body Kind of injury					
13. Was he ever hospitalized for this condition? 1 Y 2 N						
14. During the past 12 months, about how many times has seen or talked to a doctor about his? Times						
(Do not count visits while a patient in a hospital.) 000 Mone	If accident happened more than 3 months ago, ask:					
15c. About hew many days during the past 12 months has this condition kept him in bed all or most of the day? Days	b. What part of the body is affected now? How is his —— affected? Is he affected in any other way?					
ooo None	Part(s) of body Present effects					
Ask if 17+ years:						
b. About how many days during the past 12 months has Days this condition kept him from work?						
For females: Not counting work around the house?	1					
	19. Where did the accident happen?					
Ióa. How often does his bother him — all of the time, often, once in a while, or never?	1 At home (inside house)					
1 All the time 2 Often 3 Once in a while	2 At home (adjacent premises)					
o□Never (I6c) o□ Other - Specify	3 ☐ Street and highway (includes roadway and public sidewalk) 4 ☐ Farm					
o Never (16c) s Other - Specify	5 🗀 Industrial place (includes premises)					
b. When it does bother him, is he bothered a great deal, some, or very little?	6 🗂 School (includes premises)					
1 Great deal 2 Some 5 TVery little	7 Place of recreation and sports, except at school B Other - Specify,					
4 Other - Specify	B _ Galler = Specify					
All the time in 16a OR condition list 4 asked (A4)	20. Was at work at his job or business when the accident happened?					
c. Does still have this condition?	1 Y 3 While in Armed Services					
1 Y (A4) N	2 N 4 Under 17 at time of accident					
d. Is this condition completely cured or is it under control?	21a. Was a car, truck, bus, or other motor vehicle involved in the accident in any way? 1 Y 2 N (NC)					
4 Other - Specify (A4)	b. Was more than one vehicle involved? Y N					
e. About how long did have this condition before it was cured?						
o : Less than one month	c. Was it (either one) moving at the time? 1 Y 2 N					

1	co	NDITION 6		مدا	Ask remaining quest	ions as appropriate for the	condition entered in:
1. Person number	Name of cond	ition		1AZ	1 🔲 Item I	з 🔲 Q. ЗЬ	5 🔲 Q. 3d
					2 🗀 Q. 3a	4 🔲 Q. 3c	6 🔲 Q. 3e
2. When did la			t his? s = 2-4 yrs.		ring the past 2 weeks, out down on the thing:	did his cause him s he usually does?	1 Y 2 N (9)
week (Reask 2)	2 2 wks. 3 Over 6	-6 mos.	6 5+ yrs. 7 Never a [] DK if Dr. seen		ring that period, how in for as much as a da		Days oo [] None (9)
Examine "		ion" entry and	9 [] DK when Dr. seen		ring that 2-week perio keep him in bed	d, how many days did all or most of the day?	Days
▲1 □ Color b	lindness (NC) nt or injury (A2	☐ Ön Car	d C (A2)		c if 17+ years: w many days did his .	keep him from work	Days (9)
If "Doctor not t		scribe entry fro	m item I.	dui cor	ing that 2-week period inting work around the	? (For females): not	oo ;_j None (9)
3a. What did the do	ctor say it was	? — Did he give	it a medical name?	8. Ho	k if 6—16 years: w many days did his . wool during that 2-wee		Days
Do not ask for		[] On Car	d C (A2)	9. Wh	en did —— first notice		
b. What was the co		•			Last week		eeks-3 months
	nt or injury (A2]] Week before]] Past 2 weeks-DK v		r 3—12 months e than 12 months ago
If the entry in 3	a or 3b include Condition)			2 months or before that tir	
Ailment Anemia	Cyst	Disorder Growth	Trouble Tumor			months or before that time	
Asthma	Defect	Measles	Ulcer Ask c:	(W ₄	is it during the past 2	weeks or before that time	?)
Attack c. What kind of	Disease	Rupture	j	1	1 🔲 Not an eye		st eye cond. (6+ yrs.)
c. what kind of	. 15 11:			IA3	2 Tirst eye of (under 6)		(10) t first eye cond. (AA)
				+	L		
For allergy or s				IO. Ca	n see well enough TH GLASSES with his	to read ordinary newspap	
d. How does the a	liergy (stroke)	attect him?		i		right eye?	
						(""")	1 214
If in 3a-d there	is an impairme	ent or any of the	following entries:	FOOT	NOTES		
Abscess		Damage	Paralysis				
Ache (except t		Growth	Rupture Sore				
Blood clot		Hemorrhage Infection	Soreness				
Boil		Inflammation	Tumor > Ask e:	ľ			
Cencer Cremps (excep		Neuralgia Neuritis	Ulcer Varicose veins	ł			
menstrual)		Poin	Weak	1			
Cyst		Polsy	Weakness J				
e. What part of the	body is affect	ed?					
Show the follow	ring detail:			1			
Head		skull, scal		1			
		upper, mide one or both		1			
		one or both	; shoulder, upper,	1			
Leo		elbow, low	er, wrist, hand ; hip, upper, knee,	1			
	• • • • • • • • • •	lower, ankl		İ			

	1 ☐ Missing extremity (A4)	A4	Accident or in	njury 🗀 🤄	Other (NC)					
AP	2 Condition in C2 does not have a letter as source (A4) 3 Condition in C2 has a letter as source, Doctor seen (11)	17a. D	d the accident happen d	uring the post 2 years	or before the	at time?				
ĺ	4 Condition in C2 has a letter as source, Doctor not seen (15)	l _	During the past 2 ye	ars 🔲	Before 2 year	s (18a)				
11a, D	oes NOW take any medicine or treatment	ь. w	en did the accident hap	pen?						
	or his? 2 N (12)	[Last week		Over 3-12 mo	inths				
L.w	as any of this medicine or treatment recommended 1 Y	1	Week before		l –2 years					
	y a doctor?	i i	2 weeks-3 months							
12. H	as he ever had surgery for this condition?	18a. At	the time of the acciden	t what part of the bod	y was hurt?					
1	2 N	W	at kind of injury was it	? Anything else?						
13. W	as he ever hospitalized for this condition?	1 [Part(s) of body	Kin	d of injury					
"	2 N									
14. D	uring the past 12 months, about how many times has	1 -								
-	- seen or talked to a doctor about his? Times									
(1	Oo not count visits while a patient in a hospital.) 000 🔲 None	lf	accident happened more	than 3 months ago, a	sk:					
15a. A	bout how many days during the past 12 months has	b. What part of the body is affected now?								
11	is condition kept him in bed all or most of the day? Days	He	w is his affected?	ls he affected in any	other way?					
	ooo 🗍 None	┨ ├-	Part(s) of body	Pres	sent effects					
	sk if 17+ years: bout how many days during the past 12 months has Days									
	bout how many days during the past 12 months has Days Days									
F	or females: Not counting work around the house? 000 🔲 None									
	ow often does his bother him - all of the time, often,		ere did the accident hap							
	nce in a while, or never?	1 At home (inside house)								
ľ	All the time 2 Often 3 Once in a while	 2 At home (adjacent premises) 3 Street and highway (includes roadway and public sidewalk) 								
٥	C Never (16c) a Other - Specify		Farm							
Ь. ₩	hen it does bother him, is he bothered a great deal, some, or very little?		☐ Industrial place (incl ☐ School (includes prer							
1	_] Great deal 2 ☐ Some 3 ☐ Very little	7 (Place of recreation a	•	chool					
	Other - Specify	8 {	Other - Specify							
]										
=	All the time in 16a OR condition list 4 asked (A4)		s at work at his job		•	pened?				
	pes —— still have this condition?	1	•	3 While in Arm						
-	Y (A4) N	2		4 Under 17 at	ime of accide	ent .				
ı	this condition completely cured or is it under control?	21a. Wa inv	s a car, truck, bus, or o olved in the accident in	ther motor vehicle any way?	1 Y	2 N (NC)				
l '	Cured 3 Under control (A4)	<u></u>								
4	Other - Specify(A4)	b. Wa	s more than one vehicle	involved?	Y	N				
e. Al	out how long did have this condition before it was cured?	l								
	Less than one month Months Years	c. Wa	s it (either one) moving	at the time?	1 Y	2 N				

2-WEEKS DOCTOR VISITS PAGE	1.	Person number
Earlier, you told me that —— had seen or talked to a doctor during the past 2 weeks.	2a.	OR \$7777 [Last week
2a. On what (other) dates during that 2-week period did —— visit or talk to a doctor?	L	Month Date #8888 Week before
b. Were there any other doctor visits for him during that period?	ь.	Y (Reask 2a and b) N (Ask 3—6 for each visit)
3. Where did he see the doctor on the <u>(date)</u> , at a clinic, hospital, doctor's office, or some other place? If Hospital: Was it the outpatient clinic or the emergency room? If Clinic: Was it a hospital outpatient clinic, a company clinic, or some other kind of clinic?	3.	O While inpatient in hospital (Next DV) 1 Doctor's office (group practice or doctor's clinic) 2 Telephone 3 Hospital Outpatient Clinic 4 Home 5 Hospital Emergency Room 6 Company or Industry Clinic 7 Other (Specify)
4. Was the doctor a general practitioner or a specialist?	4.	OI General practitioner Specialist — What kind of specialist is he?
5. During this visit (call) did —— actually see (talk to) the doctor?	5.	1 Y 2 N
6a. Why did he visit (call) the doctor on(date)?	60.	
Write in reason		1 Diag, or treatment (6c)
Mark appropriate box(es)		Section Sect
b. Was this for any specific condition?	ь.	Y (Enter condition in 6a N (Next DV) and change to "Diag. or treatment")
Mark box or ask: c. For what condition did —— visit (call) the doctor on <u>(date)</u> ?	c.	Condition reported in 6a
FOOTNOTES		
A Condition page is required for the condition in question 6. If there is no Condition fill a page for it after completing columns for all required doctor visits.	page,	enter condition in item C and

1.	Person number	1,	Person number	1.	Person number
20.	OR {7777 [] Last week	20.	OR {7777	2a.	OR {7777 [] Last week 8888 [] Week before
Ъ.	Y (Reask 2a and b) N (Ask 3—6 for each visit)	ь.	Y(Reask 2a and b) N (Ask 3-6 for each visit)	ь.	Y (Reask 2a and b) N (Ask 3-6 for each visit)
3.	O While inpatient in hospital (Next DV) 1 Doctor's office (group practice or doctor's clinic) 2 Telephone 3 Hospital Outpatient Clinic 4 Home 5 Hospital Emergency Room 6 Company or Industry Clinic 7 Other (Specify)	3.	O While inpatient in hospital (Next DV) I Doctor's office (group practice or doctor's clinic) 2 Telephone 3 Hospital Outpatient Clinic 4 Home 5 Hospital Emergency Room 6 Company or Industry Clinic 7 Other (Specify)	3.	0 While inpatient in hospital (Next DV) 1 Doctor's office (group practice or doctor's clinic) 2 Telephone 3 Hospital Outpatient Clinic 4 Home 5 Hospital Emergency Room 6 Company or Industry Clinic 7 Other (Specify)
4.	01 General practitioner Specialist — Whot kind of specialist is he?	4.	ot [] General practitioner [] Specialist — Whar kind of specialist is he?	4.	01 General practitioner Specialist — Whor kind of specialist is he?
5,	1 Y 2 N	5.	1 Y 2 N	5.	1 Y 2 N
6a.	1 Diag. or treatment (6c) 3 General checkup (6b) 2 Pre or Postnatal care 4 Eye exam. (glasses) 5 Immunization 6 Other Y (Enter condition in 6a N (Next DV)	6a.	1 [] Diag. or treatment (6c) 3	6a.	1 Diag. or treatment (6c) 3 General checkup (6b) 2 Pre or Postnatal care 4 Eye exam. (glasses) 5 Immunization 6 Other Y (Enter condition in 6a N (Next DV)
"	and change to "Diag. or treatment")	<u>"</u>	and change to "Diag. or treatment")	J	and change to "Diag. or treatment")
c.	Condition reported in 6a	с.	[] Condition reported in 6a	c.	Condition reported in 6a
FOO	DTNOTES				
P	A Condition page is required fill a page for it after complet		e condition in question 6. If there is no Condition olumns for all required doctor visits.	page	, enter condition in item C and

.

HOSPITAL PAGE	1 1.	1. Person number					
You said that —— was in the hospital (nursing home) during the past year. 2. When did —— enter the hospital (nursing home) (the last time)? USE YOUR CALENDAR Make sure the YEAR is corr.	ect 2.	Month Date Year					
3. What is the name and address of this hospital (nursing home)?	3.	Name Street City (or county) State					
4. How many nights was —— in the hospital (nursing home)?	4.	Nights					
Complete 5 from entries in 2 and 4; if not clear, ask the questions. 50. How many of these —— nights were during the past 12 months?	50.	Nights					
b. How many of these nights were during the past 2 weeks?	ь.	Nights					
c. Was still in the hospital (nursing home) last Sunday night for this hospitalization (stay)?	c.	Y N					
6. For what condition did —— enter the hospital (nursing home) — do you know the medical name? If medical name unknown, enter an adequate description.	6.	Normal delivery Normal at birth					
For delivery ask: Was this a normal delivery? For newborn, ask: Was the baby normal at birth? If "NO," ask: What was the matter? What was the matter? Condition page.		Cause On Card C Acc. or Inj. Kind Part of body					
7a. Were any operations performed on —— during this stay at the hospital (nursing home)?	7a.	Y o N (Next Hosp)					
b. What was the name of the operation?	b.						
If name of operation is not known, describe what was done.		Y (Describe) N					
c. Any other operations during this stay?	c.						
A Condition page is required if there is an entry of "1" or more nights in 5b. If condition in item C and fill a page for it after completing columns for all require	there i	s no Condition page, enter					

[1.	Person number		_	1.	Person number		_	1.	Person number			
	Month	Date	Year		Month	Date	Year		Month	Date	Year	
2.			19	2,		!	19	2.			19	
	Name				Name				Name		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3.	Street			3.	Street			3.	Street			
	City (or county)		State		City (or county)		State		City (or county) State			
4.	Nigh	ts		4.	Nigh	ts		4.	Nigh	ıs		
5a,	Nigh	ts		5a.	Nigh	ts		5a.	Night	ts		
ь.	Nigh	ts		ь.	Nigh	ts		b.	Night	ts		
e.	٧	N		c.	Y	N		c.	Y	N		
6.	Normal de	elivery 🔲 N	ormal at birth	6.	Normal de	etivery No	ormal at birth	6.	Normal de	elivery 🔲 N	ormal at birth	
	Cause	On Card C	Acc. or Inj.		Cause []	On Card C	Acc. or Inj.		Cause []	On Card C	Acc. or Inj.	
	Kind				Kind				Kind			
	Part of body				Part of body				Part of body			
7a.	Υ	0 N (N	ext Hosp)	7a.	Y	0 N (N	ext Hosp)	7a.	Υ	0 N (A	ext Hosp)	
ь,				ь,				ъ.				
	Y (Describe)	7 N			Y (Describe	7 N			Y (Describe) 7 N		
c.				c.				с.				
	TNOTES											
P2	2	A Condition p enter condition	age is required i n in item C and f	f ther	e is an entry of ' page for it after	"l" or more nigh completing colum	ts in 5b. If then ins for all requir	re is r red ho	no Condition pag espitalizations.	e,		

HOME CARE PAGE										
Some people are limited in what they can do because of a physical or mental condition; that is, they cannot do ≤ome of the daily activities that other people do.										
la. Because of a disability or health problem, does anyone in the family, (that is you, your ——, etc.), receive or need help from another person, or use special equipment in — Y or If "Yes," ask I b and C "doesn't do" N	go to next line. or need the help (activi						ivity)	need help from another person in <u>ity</u>) most of the time, some of the or once in a while?		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)			(f)		
(1) Walking, except for using stairs? (2) Going outside?			Doesn't do (Mark H box, THEN 1c)	1 Y 2 N	1 Y 2 N (Next	2	All/r Some Once	B ☐ Other — Specify H		
(4) Bothing, including sponge boths? (5) Dressing?			Doesn't do (Mark H box, THEN 1c)	1 Y 2 N	1 Y 2 N (Nex line)	3 [AII/r Some Once	a B Other - Specify Hark		
(7) Getting in and out of bed or chairs? b. Who is this?			Doesn't do (Mark H box, THEN 1c)	1 Y 2 N	1 Y 2 N (Nex Ilne)	2	AII/r Some Once	B Other - Specify H		
c. Does anyone else receive or need help or use special equipment in — ?			Doesn't do (Mark H box, THEN 1c)	1 Y 2 N	1 Y 2 N (Next	3 _	All/r Some Once	e 8 ☐ Other - Specify H		
2a. BECAUSE OF A DISABILITY OR HEALTH PROBLEM, does anyone in the family receive or need help from another person in — If "Yes," ask 2b and c. b. Who is this?	N -	2ь.	1 Meals 2 Shopping 3 Chores							
c. Does anyone else receive or need help in — ?	(4					-	1	4 Handling money		
3a. Because of a disability or health problem does any stay in bed all or most of the time?				Y	N (4)			1 Chandring money		
b. Who is this? Mark box in person's column.							35.	1 Stays in bed (H box THEN3c)		
c. Anyone else?				Y (Re	eask 3b and c)	N				
Mark box or ask: 4a. What (other) condition causes —— to (need help in	activitie	sin_la	nd 2/(or) stay	in bed)?			40.	□ No H box (NP)		
b. Does any other condition cause — to (need help i	n <u>activi</u> t	ies in I	and 2/(or) sta	y in bed)?			ь.	1 Y (Reask 4a and b) 2 N		
Mark box or ask: c. Which of these conditions would you say is the MA activities in I and 2/(or) stay in bed)?	IN cond	ition tha	it causes to	(need help in			c.	Old age only (NP) Only one condition Main condition		
							-	Pain condition		
HC1 Refer to item C2 to determine if a condi completed for the main condition in 4. Enter condition number, or mark box.	tion pag	e was					нст	Cond. number No condition page		
5. When did first notice his (main condition in 4)?							5.	1 Last week 2 Week before 3 Past 2 weeks, DK which 4 2 weeks - 3 months 5 Over 3-12 months 6 More than 12 months are		

	HOME CARE PAGE — Continued											
	Person number	Activi	ty	Doesn't do	go to Does SPEC EQUI	oesn't do," next line. — use any CIAL PMENT in vity)?	Does rec or need the h of ANOTHE PERSON in (activity)?	telp	Does —— need help from another person in (activity) most of the time, some of the time, or once in a while?			
	(a)	(b)		(c)		(d)	(e)		(f)	(f)		
				Doesn't do (Mark H box, THEN 1c)	1,	Y 2 N	1 Y :	2 N (N	1 All/most 4 Never Wark 2 Some 8 Other - Specify box	,		
				Doesn't do	1,	Y 2 N	1 Y	z N (N	1 All/most 4 Never Mark 2 Some 8 Other - Specify Mark ine) 3 Once			
				Doesn't do	1,	Y 2 N	1 Y :	2 N (N	Next 1 All/most 4 Never Mark 2 Some 5 Other - Specify box	í		
				Doesn't do	1,	Y 2 N	1 Y ;	2 N (N 11	1	ť		
	(2)			(3)		4)			(5) (6)	Ī		
3	Meals Shopping Chores Handling money	Mark H box	2Ь.	1 Meals 2 Shopping 3 Chores 4 Handling money	rk 2 c 3	Meals Shopping Chores Handling mone	Mark H box			4]		
∟ٍا	Stays in bed (H t	box THEN3c)	3Ь.	1 Stays in bed (H box THEN	30) 1 [Stays in bed (H	box THEN3c)	3ъ.	1 Stays in bed (Hbox THEN3c) 1 Stays in bed (Hbox THEN	3c)		
L	No H box (NP)		4a.	□ No H box (NP)		□ No H box (NP,)	4a.	No H box (NP)	_		
1 Y	(Reask 4a and b)) 2 N	ъ.	1 Y (Reask 4a and b) 2	, l	Y (Reask 4a and b) 2 N	ь.	1 Y (Reask 4a and b) 2 N 1 Y (Reask 4a and b) 2	N		
Ē	Old age only (A		с.	Old age only (NP) Only one condition	1	Old age only (c.	☐ Old age only (NP) ☐ Old age only (NP) ☐ Only one condition ☐ Only one condition			
	Main conditi	ìon		Main condition		Main cond	ition		Main condition Main condition	_		
_ 	Cond, numb		нсі	Cond. number No condition page		Cond. num		нст	Cond. number Cond. number No condition page	P)		
3 4 5	Last week Week before Past 2 weeks, 2 weeks - 3 mm Over 3-12 mon More than 12 m	onths ths	5.	Last week Week before Past 2 weeks, DK which Description Descripti	1 3 4 5	Last week Week before Past 2 weeks, 2 weeks - 3 m Over 3-12 mon	nonths nths	5.	1			

•			ļ	- 1	
	HOME CARE PAGE - Continued		i i		
6a. Does anyone in the family have a control bowel movements or urinati	colostomy, a crinary catheter, or any other devi on?	Y	N (7)	Á	
b. Who is this? Mark "Device" box i				6ъ.	1 Device
c. Anyone else?			N		* *
If "Device," ask6d and e					1 Colostomy
	r, a catheter, or another type of device?			d.	2 Catheter B Other - Specify
e. Does — receive or need help from	another person in taking care of his (<u>device ir</u>		·	•.	1 Y (Mark H box 2 N THEN NP)
7a. (Besides ——) Does anyone (else) is trouble controlling their bowel move		Υ	N (8)		
b. Who is this? Mark "Trouble control	ling" box in person's column.			76.	1 Trouble controlling
c. Anyone else?		Y (Reask 7b and c)	N		14.
If "Yes," ask 8b and c (1) An artificial arm? (2) An artificial leg? (3) A brace of any kind? (if "Yes," (4) Crutches? (5) A cane or walking stick? (6) Special shoes? (7) A wheel chair? (8) A walker? (9) A guide dag? (10) Any other kind of aid for getting b. Who is this? Mark box in person's c c. Anyone else?	you, your, —— etc.) now use (any of the following ask: On what part of the body is the brace wo	Y N		8b.	1
9a. Does anyone in the family use — If "Yes," ask 9b and c b. Who is this? Mark box in person's column c. Anyone else?	(1) Eyeglasses?	(2)		9b.	1 Eyeglasses 2 Contact lenses 3 Hearing aid
10a. Does anyone in the family receive he if "Yes," ask 10b and c b. Who is this? Mark box in person's column c. Anyone else?	nelp here at home with — (1) Receiving injections or shots? (2) Physical therapy?	(2)	14	0Ъ.	1

	1					
Life and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second						
1 Device	6b.	1 Device	1 Device	6 b.	1 Device	1 Device
KEY						44.49
1 Colostomy 2 Catheter a Other — Specify	d.	1 Colostomy 2 Catheter B Other - Specify	1 Colostomy 2 Catheter 8 Other - Specify	d.	1 Colostomy 2 Catheter 8 Other - Specify	1 Colostomy 2 Catheter 8 Other - Specify
1 Y (Mark H box 2 N THEN NP)	•.	1 Y (Mark H box 2 N THEN NP)	1 Y (Mark H box 2 N THEN NP)	•.	1 Y (Mark H box 2 N THEN NP)	1 Y (Mark H box 2 N THEN NP)
					•	
1 Trouble controlling	7b.	1 Trouble controlling	1 Trouble controlling	7b.	1 Trouble controlling	1, Trouble controlling
1 Artificial arm 2 Artificial leg 3 Brace — Part of body	8b.	1 Artificial arm 2 Artificial leg 3 Brace — Part of body	1 Artificial arm 2 Artificial leg 3 Brace Part of body	8b.	1 Artificial arm 2 Artificial leg 3 Brace — Part of body	1 Artificial arm 2 Artificial leg 3 Stace — Part of body
4 Crutches 5 Cane or walking stick 6 Special shoes 7 Wheel chair 6 Walker 9 Guide dog 10 Other — Specify		4 Crutches 5 Cane or walking stick 6 Special shoes 7 Wheel chair a Walker 9 Guide dog 10 Other — Specity p	4 Crutches 5 Cane or walking stick 6 Special shoes 7 Wheel chair 8 Walker 9 Guide dog 10 Other — Specity		4 Crutches 5 Cane or walking stick 6 Special shoes 7 Wheel chair 8 Walker 9 Guide dog 10 Other - Specify	4 Crutches 5 Cane or walking stick 6 Special shoes 7 Wheel chair 8 Walker 9 Guide dog 10 Other — Specity
1 Eyeglasses 2 Contact lenses 3 Hearing aid	9Ь.	1 Eyeglasses 2 Contact lenses 3 Hearing aid	1 Eyeglasses 2 Contact lenses 3 Hearing aid	9Ь.	1 Eyeglasses 2 Contact lenses 3 Hearing aid	1 Eyeglasses 2 Contact lenses 3 Hearing aid
1 Injections 2 Physical therapy 3 Bandages 6 Other - Specify	10ъ.	1 Injections 2 Physical therapy 3 Bandages 8 Other - Specify	1 Injections 2 Physical therapy 3 Bandages 8 Other - Specify	10ь.	1 Injections 2 Physical therapy 3 Bandages 5 Other - Specify	1 Injections 2 Physical therapy 3 Bandages 6 Other — Specify

			ĭ	1
HOME CARE PAGE - Continued				
la. During the past 12 months, (that is since (<u>date</u>) a year ago) has anyone in the family received MEALS that were prepared outside the home and brought in on a fairly regular basis?	Y	N (12)		
b. Who received the meals? Mark "Meals" box in person's column.			11Ь.	ī ☐ Meals
c. Anyone else?	Y (Reask 11b and c)	N		
If "Meals" in 11b, ask 11d—e d. Does —— NOW regularly receive meals that are prepared outside the home and broug	ht in?		d.	1 Y 2 N (NP)
e. What agency, organization or program provides these meals for ——?			•.	
		100000000	303.	164 7 7
2a. During the past 12 months, has anyone in the family received any care at home from a nurse? Exclude related HH members.	Y	N (IHCP)		
b. Who received the care? Mark "Nurse" box in person's column.			12b.	1 Nurse
c. Anyone else?	Y (Reask 12b and c)	N		

								ASSES
*							No.	
						4、神器、基本		
1 Meals	11ь.	1 Meals	ı 🔲 Meals		116.	1 Meals	1 🗀 Meals	
1 Y 2 N (NP)	d.	1 Y 2 N (NP)	1 Y	2 N (NP)	a.	1 Y 2 N (NP)	1 Y	2 N (NP)
	I							
	е.				•.			
				44.4				
1 Nurse	12b.	1 🔲 Nurse	1 🔲 Nurse		12b.	1 🔲 Nurse	1 🔲 Nurse	
						*		1000
FOOTNOTES								
								•
1								
	,							
,								

"	1	
Complete for each person with H box INDIVIDUAL HOME CARE PAGE	1.	Person number
2a. Earlier you said that —— receives or needs the help of another person. Who helps ——?	2a,	1 Related HH members 2 Nurse
(Is helped by anyone who lives here, by any other friends or relatives, a nurse, or any other health care professionals who come into the home, or is helped by someone else?)	1	3 Other health
Other hearth care professionals who come into me home, or is herped by someone erser;		worker - Specify
	L	8 Other - Specify
b. Does anyone else help?	ь.	Y (Reask 2a and b) N
If "Nurse" in 2a, ask:	١.	_
3a. On the average, how many days per week does the nurse visit ——?	3a,	Days per week
b. When the nurse visits, how many hours per day does he or she usually spend helping?	F~-	00 Less than I hour Hours
c. Does anyone in the family, that is you, your ——, etc. pay any part of the cost for the nurse?	- c.	1 Y 2 N
d. Does any government agency or program help pay for the nurse?	d.	1 Y 2 N (3f)
What agency or program helps pay?	••	t Medicaid Other - Specify
	L	3 Health insurance
f. During the past 2 weeks, how many times was — visited by the nurse?	f.	Number of times
If "Other health worker" in 2a, ask: 4a. On the average, how many days per week does the (other health worker) visit?	4a.	Days per week
b. When the (other health worker) visits, how many hours per day does he or she usually spend helping?	ъ.	00 Less than I hour — Hours
c. Does anyone in the family, that is you, your, etc. pay any part of the cost for the (other health worker)?		1 Y 2 N
d. Does any government agency or program help pay for the (other health worker)?	a.	1 Y 2 N (4f)
e. What agency or program helps pay?	•.	1 Medicaid Other - Specify
	Ì	2 Medicare 3 Health Insurance
	├	
f. During the past 2 weeks, how many times was visited by the (other health worker)?	f.	Number of times
HC2	HC2	1 Under I7 (NP) 2 17+
5a. Does — receive or need help from others in using public transportation, such as buses, trains, subways, or planes?	5a.	1 Y (6) 2 N 4 Doesn't use (5c)
b. Does — use public transportation?	ь.	1 Y (6) 2 N
c. If had to use public transportation, would need the help of other persons?	c.	1 Y 2 N
6a. Does drive a car?	6a.	1 Y (7) 2 N
b. Does not drive a car because of a disability or health problem or because of some other reason?	ь.	1 Age 2 Disability a Other
7a. Does —— use the telephone without the help of another person?	7a.	1 Y (8) 2 N
b. Would be able to use the telephone in an emergency?	ь.	1 Y 2 N
8a. During the 2 weeks outlined in red on the calendar, did — have any visits from a friend, relative or neighbor?	8a.	1Y 2 N (8c)
 How many times during that period was — visited by friends, relatives or neighbors? (Was it 3 or more times or less than 3 times?) - (Was it 12 or more times or less than 12 times?) 	ь.	1
c. During these 2 weeks, did go out to visit a friend, relative or neighbor?	г.	1 Y 2 N (9)
d. How many times during that period did —— go out to visit friends, relatives or neighbors? (Was it 3 or more times or less than 3 times?) (Was it 12 or more times or less than 12 times?)	d,	1
9. During the past 12 months, did go on a vacation?	9.	1 Y 2 N
10. Because of a disability or health problem, how often must someone be here with, most of the time, some of the time, once in a while or never?	10.	1 Most/All 4 Never 2 Some 8 Other - Specify 3 Once

١.	Person number	ι.	Person number	1.	Person number			
2a.	t Related HH members Nurse Uther health worker - Specify Other relatives or friends Uther - Specify	2a.	1 Related HH members 2 Nurse 3 Other health worker - Specify 4 Other relatives or friends 5 Other - Specify	2a.	1 Related HH members 2 Nurse 3 Other health worker - Specify			
ь.	Y (Reask 2a and b) N	ъ.	Y (Reask 2a and b) N	ь.	Y (Reask 2s and b) N			
3a.	Days per week	30.	Days per week	3a.	Days per week			
ь.	00 Less than I hour Hours	ь.	00 Less than I hour Hours	ь.	00 Less than I hour Hours			
c,	1 Y 2 N	с,	1 Y 2 N	c,	1 Y 2 N			
d.	1 Y 2 N (3f)	d.	1 N 2 N (3f)	d.	1 Y 2 N (3f)			
•.	1 Medicaid Other — Specify 7 2 Medicare 3 Health Insurance	•.	1 Medicaid Other — Specify 7 2 Medicare 3 Health insurance	•.	1 Medicaid Other — Specify 2 Medicare 3 Health insurance			
4.	Number of times	f.	Number of times	f.	Number of times			
4a.	Days per week	4a.	Days per week	40.	Days per week			
ь,	00 Less than I hour Hours	ь.	00 🔲 Less than I hour Hours	ь.	00 Less than I hour Hours			
c,]	1 Y 2 N	с.	1 Y 2 N		1 Y 2 N			
d.	t Y 2 N (4f)	d.	1 Y 2 N (41)	d.	1 Y 2 N (41)			
••	1 Medicaid Other - Specify 7 2 Medicare 3 Health insurance	٠.	1 Medicaid Other - Specify 2 Medicare 3 Health insurance	•.	1 Medicaid Other — Specify 7 2 Medicare 3 Health insurance			
۲.	Number of times	f.	Number of times	f.	Number of times			
HC2	1 Under 17 (NP) 2 17+	HC2	1 Under 17 (NP) 2 17+	HC2	1 Under 17 (NP) 2 17+			
5a,	1 Y (6) 2 N 4 Doesn't use (5c)	5a.	1 Y (6) 2 N 4 🔲 Doesn't use (5c)	5a.	1 Y (6) 2 N 4 Doesn't use (5c)			
ь.	1 Y (6) 2 N	ь,	1 Y (6) 2 N	ь.	1 Y (6) 2 N			
c.	1 Y 2 N	c.	1 Y 2 N	c.	1 Y 2 N			
6a.	1 Y (7) 2 N	60.	1 Y (7) 2 N		1 Y (7) 2 N			
ь.	1 Age 2 Disability 8 Other	ь.	1 Age 2 Disability 8 Other	ь.	1 Age 2 Disability 8 Other			
7a.	1 Y (8) 2 N	7a.	1 Y (8) 2 N	70.	1 Y (8) 2 N			
ь.	1 Y 2 N	ь.	1 Y 2 N	ь.	1 Y 2 N			
Ba,	1 Y 2 N (8c)	8a.	1 Y 2 N (8c)	8a.	1 Y 2 N (8c)			
ь.	1	ь.	1	ь.	t			
c.	1 Y 2 N (9)	c,	1 Y 2 N (9)	c.	1 Y 2 N (9)			
d.	1	ъ.	1	d.	1			
9.	1 Y 2 N	9.	1 Y 2 N	9.	1 Y 2 N			
10.	1 Most/All 4 Never 2 Some 6 Other - Specify 7 3 Once	10.	1 Most/All 4 Never 2 Some 8 Other - Specify 7 3 Once	10.	1 Most/Ali 4 Never 2 Some 8 Other - Specify 3 Once			

IMMUNIZATION PAGE	s	1 Under 17 2 17+ (NP)
la. Since the first of (<u>hospital probe month</u>) 1979, has —— received a DPT shot? — A DPT shot is to prevent diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis or whooping cough.	10.	1 Y 2 N (2) 9 DK (2)
b. When did receive the DPT shot?	ь.	Mo Date
c. Where did —— receive the DPT shot — at a clinic, hospital, school, doctor's office, or some other place? If clinic: Was it a hospital outpatient clinic, a company clinic, a public health clinic or some other kind of clinic?	с.	1 2 3 4 8 7
1 - Doctor's office (Group practice or doctor's clinic) 3 - Public Health Clinic 8 - Other - Specify 2 - Hospital outpatient clinic or emergency room 4 - School		(Specify)
2a. Since the first of (hospital probe month) 1979, has received a polio shot or polio vaccine by mouth?	2a.	1 Y 2 N (3) 9 DK (3)
b. Was it a shot or did receive the vaccine by mouth?	, b.	1 Vaccine by mouth 2 Shot
c. When did receive the polio (vaccine/shot)?	c. 1	Mo Date
d. Where did —— receive the polio (vaccine/shot) — at a clinic, hospital, school, doctor's office, or some other place? If clinic: Was it a hospital outpatient clinic, a company clinic, a public health clinic or some other kind of clinic? 1 — Doctor's office (Group practice or doctor's clinic) 3 — Public Health Clinic 8 — Other — Specify 2 — Hospital outpatient clinic or emergency room 4 — School	d.	1 2 3 4 8 7 (Specity)
3a. Since the first of (hospital probe month) 1979, has received a mumps shot?	3a.	1 Y 2 N (4) 9 DK (4)
b. When did receive the mumps shot?	Ь.	MoDate
c. Where did —— receive the mumps shot — at a clinic, hospital, school, doctor's office, or some other place? If clinic: Was it a hospital outpatient clinic, a company clinic, a public health clinic or some other kind of clinic? I — Doctor's office (Group practice or doctor's clinic) 3 — Public Health Clinic 8 — Other — Specify. 2 — Hospital outpatient clinic or emergency room 4 — School	e.	1 2 3 4 8 7 (Specify)
There are two basic types of measles for which shots can be received: German measles, sometimes known as Rubella or 3-day measles AND Red measles, sometimes known as 8-day measles. 4a. Since the first of (hospital probe month) 1979, has —— received any kind of measles shot?	40.	1 Y 2 N (NP) 9 DK (NP)
b. What types of measles shots did receive?	ъ.	1 Both Red and German (6)
(Was it for German measles, sometimes known as Rubella or 3-day measles, OR was it for Red measles, sometimes known as 8-day measles, OR did —— receive shots for both?)		Z Red measles (8-day) only German measles (Rubella, 3-day) only DK kind
Sa. When did receive the measles shot?	5a.	MoDate
b. Where did —— receive the measles shot — at a clinic, hospital, school, doctor's office, or some other place? If clinic: Was it a hospital outpatient clinic, a company clinic, a public health clinic or some other kind of clinic? I — Doctor's office (Group practice or doctor's clinic) 3 — Public Health Clinic 8 — Other — Specity 2 — Hospital outpatient clinic or emergency room 4 — School	ь.	(Specify) (NP)
6a. When did receive the shot for Red measles, sometimes known as 8-day measles?	60.	MoDate
b. Where did — receive this shot — at a clinic, hospital, school, doctor's office, or some other place? If clinic: Was it a hospital outpatient clinic, a company clinic, a public health clinic or some other kind of clinic? I — Doctor's office (Group practice or doctor's clinic) 3 — Public Health Clinic 8 — Other — Specify	ь.	1 2 3 4 8 7
2 — Hospital outpatient clinic or emergency room 4 — School	<u> </u>	(Specify)
7a. When did receive the shot for German measles, sometimes known as Rubella or 3-day measles?	7a.	Mo Date
b. Where did — receive this shot — at a clinic, hospital, school, doctor's office, or some other place? If clinic: Was it a hospital outpatient clinic, a company clinic, a public health clinic or some other kind of clinic? I — Doctor's office (Group practice or doctor's clinic) 3 — Public Health Clinic 8 — Other — Specify 2 — Hospital outpatient clinic or emergency room 4 — School	ъ.	1 2 3 4 8 g

1 Under 17 2 17 + (NP)	5	1	1 Under 17 2 17 + (NP)	s	1 Under 17 2 17 + (NP)	1 Under 17 2 17 + (NP)
t Y 2 N (2) 9 DK (2)	1a.	1 Y 2 N (2) 9 DK (2)	1 Y 2 N (2) 9 DK (2)	1a.	1 Y 2 N (2) 9 DK (2)	1 Y 2 N (2) 9 DK (2)
MoDate	ь.	Mo Date	Mo Date	ь.	Mo Date	Mo Date
1 2 3 4 8 7	c,	1 2 3 4 8 7	1 2 3 4 8 7	c.	1 2 3 4 8 7	1 2 3 4 8 7
(Specify)		(Specify)	(Specify)		(Specify)	(Specify)
1 Y 2 N (3) 9 DK (3)	20.		1 Y 2 N (3) 9 DK (3)	2a.		1 Y 2 N (3) 9 DK (3)
1 Vaccine by mouth 2 Shot	ь.	1 Vaccine by mouth 2 Shot	1 Vaccine by mouth 2 Shot	Ь.	1 Vaccine by mouth 2 Shot	1 Vaccine by mouth 2 Shot
MoDate	۵.	Mo Date	Mo Date	٠.	Mo Date	Mo Date
1 2 3 4 8 7	d.	1 2 3 4 8 7	1 2 3 4 8 7	d.	1 2 3 4 8 7	1 2 3 4 8 7
(Specify)	İ	/0	(Canality)		(Specify)	(0000144)
(Specify) 1 Y 2 N (4) 9 DK (4)	3a,	(Specify) 1 Y 2 N (4) 9 DK (4)	(Specify) 1 Y 2 N (4) 9 DK (4)	3a,		(Specify) 1 Y 2 N (4) 9 DK (4)
			 			
MoDate	ь.	Mo Date	Mo Date	ь.	Mo Date	Mo Date
1 2 3 4 8 7	c.	1 2 3 4 8 7	1 2 3 4 8 7	c,	1 2 3 4 8 72	123487
(Specify)		(Specify)	(Specify)	L	(Specify)	(Specify)
1 Y 2 N (NP) 9 DK (NP)	4a,	1 Y 2 N (NP) 9 DK (NF) 1 Y 2 N (NP) 9 DK (NP)	40.	1 Y 2 N (NP) 9 DK (NP)	1 Y. 2 N (NP) 9 DK (NP)
1 Both Red and German (8) 2 Red measles (8-day) only	ь.	1 Both Red and German (6) 2 Red measies (8-day) only	1 Both Red and German (6) 2 Red measles (8-day) only	ь.	1 Both Red and German (6) 2 Red measles (8-day) only	1 Both Red and German (6) 2 Red measles (8-day) only
3 German measles (Rubella,		3 German meastes (Rubella	3 German measles (Rubella,		3 German measles (Rubella,	3 German measles (Rubella,
3-day) only DK kind		3-day) only	3-day) only DK kind	Ì	3-day) only 9 DK kind	3-day) only 9 [7] DK kind
	_					
MoDate	5a.	Mo Date	Mo Date	5a.		Mo Date
1 2 3 4 8 F (NP)	ь.	1 2 3 4 8 7 (NP	(NP)	ь.	1 2 3 4 8 7	(NP)
(Specify)		(Specify)	(Specify)		(Specify)	(Specify)
MoDate	6a.	Mo Date	Mo Date	6a.	Mo Date	Mo Date
12348月	ь.	1 2 3 4 8 7	1 2 3 4 8 7	ъ.	123487	123487
(Specify)		(Specify)	(Specify)		(Specify)	(Specify)
MoDate	7a.	Mo Date	Mo Date	7a.	Mo Date	Mo Date
1 2 3 4 8 7	ь.	1 2 3 4 8 7	1 2 3 4 8 7	ь.	123487	1 2 3 4 8 7
(Specify)	'	(Specify)	(Specify)		(Specify)	(Specify)

1			-			Т	F					
Complete for ea (19+: Self; 17-	ich SP 18: Self	or parent; Ur	nder 17: F	Parent) EY	E CARE PAGE	E2	<u>2</u>	l+ visits in 4	Othe	r (E3)		
1. Person number	El	Refer to Flashcard Booklet	_	lback require				id —— visit some e time before last		OR	7777 [] 8888 []	Last week Week before
doctor or somed examinations, t adjusting of con were only for ac 2. Since (<u>12-month</u> a doctor, eye sy type of eye care	one else reatment ntact ler djusting <u>date</u>) a pecialist e? Plea	who takes co is, and surge ises. Eye co frames. year ago, ho t, or someone se count time	are of the ry. It also are does to as —— vis e else for es a docte	eyes. Eye o includes i iOT include ited any	fitting or visits which	do so	octor's office, ome other pla	=======================================	or	1 Docton practicular Clinic 2 Optica	ce or docto) al store	(group or's
examined's made only for th	nis purpo	se.			2 N <i>(E3)</i>		hat is the (na is (place in 6	me and) address ob)?	f Name Street			
3. How many total a year ago, has care?					Number				City			State
4. How many times eye care since month) 1979?	the first			•	Number	on 	that visit?	e at the (place in		Name		Spec. code
5a. On what date di for eye care (the			Month	OR.✓	7777 [] Last week 8886 [] Week before	an	optometrist,	i) an ophthalmolog an optician, or se octor or specialist	ome	1 Ophtha 2 Optom 3 Opticio	etrist an	(E2)
b. Where did —— g doctor's office, some other plac	an optic			Doctor's practice clinic) [] Optical [] Other —		f. Is	this person a	medical doctor?		1 Y 2 N 9 D		
c. What is the (nam this (place in 5t		ddress of	Name Street			E3	a. MARK F APPRO	FIRST PRIATE BOX.	3 🔲 Pr	nder 17 esent for all esent for 1+ o t present		
			City		State		b. ENTER OF PER	PERSON NUMBERSON WHO RESPO	NDED	erson No. of	responden	(s)
d. Who did — see on that visit? e. Is (person in 5d an optometrist, c	an oph	halmologist, an, or some	•	Name Ophthalm	-	SPECI. COL	ALTY	1-Ophthalmologi 2-Optometrist 3-Optician 4-M.D. — not oph	st	5-M.I 6-No 7-DK	D. – DK ty t an M.D. if M.D.	
other kind of do				Optician Other - 5	5 ` '	E4	2 C	omplete—Personal vomplete—telephone efused ther — Specify 7	risit			
				2 N 9 DK		•				· -		_

Complete for ea (19+: Self; 17-1	ch SP 8: Self or pare	nt; Under 17	: Parent) E '	YE CARE PAGE	E2	2+	· visits in 4	Other	(E3)	
1. Person number	E1 Refer	ard '	Callback requir Higible resp. a	•	6a. Oi fo	what date did reye care the	d visit someone time before last?	Month	OR \[\begin{pmatrix} 7777 [] 8888 []	Last week Week before
doctor or someo examinations, to adjusting of con were only for ad 2. Since (12-month a doctor, eve so	When people need help or advice about their eyes they go to their regular doctor or someone else who takes care of the eyes. Eye care includes examinations, treatments, and surgery. It also includes fitting or adjusting of contact lenses. Eye care does NOT include visits which were only for adjusting frames. 2. Since (12-month date) a year ago, has — visited a doctor, eye specialist, or someone else for any type of eye care? Please count times a doctor						o for that visit — to an optical store, or e?		1 [] Doctor's office practice or doct clinic) 2 [] Optical store [] Other — Specity	or's
type of eye care examined ——'s a made only for th	eyes even if th	t times a do e visit was	not	2 N (E3)		nat is the (nam is (place in 6b	e and) address of	Name		
3. How many total a year ago, has care?					ļ			Street		State
				Number				City		State
4. How many times eye care since t month) 1979?				Number (E3)	on	that visit?	at the (place in 6b)		Name	Spec. code
5a. On what date did for eye care (the		Month	Date OR	7777 [] Last week 8888 [] Week before	an	optometrist, a	in optician, or some itor or specialist?		1 Ophthalmologist 2 Optometrist 3 Optician Other - Specify	(E3)
b. Where did —— go docter's office, some other place	an optical stor		practic clinic) 2 [] Optica		f. Is	this person a	medical doctor?		1 Y 2 N 9 DK	• ====================================
c. What is the (nam this (place in 5b		of Name			E3	a. MARK FI APPROP	RST RIATE BOX.		sent for all questions sent for I+ questions	
		City		State			PERSON NUMBER(S SON WHO RESPOND	ĖD	rson No. of responden	
d. Who did see on that visit? e. is (person in 5d) an optometrist, a	an ophthalmol	ogist,	Name 1 Ophthal		SPECI, COD		1-Ophthalmologist 2-Optometrist 3-Optician 4-M.D not ophtha	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5-M.D DK ty 6-Not an M.D. 7-DK if M.D.	
other kind of doc	tor or speciali		3 Opticia	n	E4	2	mplete-Personal visi mplete-telephone fused ter - Specify	t		
f. Is this person a	medical doctor	•	1 Y 2 N 9 DK				··	<u></u>		

RESIDENTIAL MOBILITY PAGE		
RM1	RM1	1 H box, I7+ (1) 2 SP, I7 + (1) 3 Other (NP)
Complete la and b from household composition items, if not clear, ask: la. Is related to any persons now living in this household?	1a.	1 Y 2 N (2)
b. Is now living with's: (1) Brother or sister? (3) Father or mother? MARK ALL THAT APPLY (5) (Husband/wife)? (7) Son or daughter?		1
2. How long has —— lived at this address? Enter number, then mark box If "3" years, ask; Was it less than 3 years or more than 3 years?	2.	Number
RM2	RM2	1 3+ years in 2 (AMS) 2 Less than 3 years in 2
 Including the time —— moved here, how many times has —— moved in the past 3 years, that is, since (12—month date), 1976? 	3.	Number
4a. What was ——'s address, including county (12-month date), 1976? Enter only county and State	40.	County
b. About how many miles is that address from here?	ъ.	Initial DK — PROBE
c. How many people was living with at that time, not counting?	c.	00 Lived alone (5)Number
d. Were any of these people related to?	d.	1 Y 2 N (5)
e. Was living with's: (1) Brother or sister? (3) Father or mother? MARK ALL THAT APPLY (5) (Husband/wife)? (7) Son or daughter?	•	1 Sibling 3 Parent 5 Spouse 7 Child 0 None of the above
5a. What is the (other) reason —— moved HERE? Was it because —— changed jobs, because —— retired, because of ——'s health, or was it for some other reason?	5a.	1 Job-self 2 Retired-self 3 Health-self 4 Job-other person 5 Retired-other person 6 Health-other person 9 Other - Specify
b. Any other reason?	ь.	Y (Reask 5s and b) N
Mark box or ask: c. What is the MAIN reason —— moved?	c.	Only one reason
RM3 Q's 1-5 If persons responded for self, show who responded for (or was present during the asking of) Questions 1-5. If persons responded for self, show whether entirely or partly.	RM3	1 Responded for self-entirely 2 Responded for self-partly Person was respondent

			l '				
1 H box, 17 + (1) 2 SP, 17 + (1) 3 Other (NP)	RMI	1 H box, 17 + (1) 2 SP, 17 + (1) 3 Other (NP)	1 H box, 17 + (1) 2 SP, 17 + (1) 3 Other (NP)	RM1	1 H box., 17 + (1) 2 SP, 17 + (1) 3 Other (NP)	1	
1 Y 2 N (2)	la.	1 Y 2 N (2)	1 Y 2 N (2)	1a.	1 Y 2 N (2)	1 Y 2 N (2)	
1 Sibling 3 Parent 5 Spouse 7 Child 0 None of the above	ъ.	1 Sibling 3 Parent 5 Spouse 7 Child 0 None of the above	1	ь.	1 Sibling 3 Parent 5 Spouse 7 Child 0 None of the above	1 Sibling 3 Parent 5 Spouse 7 Child 0 None of the above	
Number	2.		Number	2.			
1 3 + years in 2 (RM3) 2 Less than 3 years in 2	RM2	1 3 + years in 2 (RM3) 2 Less than 3 years in 2	t 3 + years in 2 (RM3) 2 Less than 3 years in 2	RM2	1 3 + years in 2 (RM3) 2 Less than 3 years in 2	1 3 + years in 2 (RM3) 2 Less than 3 years in 2	
Number	3,	Number	Number	3.	Number	Number	
County	40.	County	County	4a.	County	County	
Initial DK - PROBE	Ь.	Initial DK PROBE	State	ъ.	☐ Initial DK - PROBE	Initial DK - PROBE	
Miles		Miles	Miles		Miles	Miles	
00 Lived alone (5) Number	c.	00 Lived alone (5) Number	00 Lived alone (5)Number	e.	00 Lived alone (5) Number	00 Lived alone (5) Number	
1 Y 2 N (5)	d.	1 Y 2 N(5)	1 Y 2 N (5)	a.	1 Y 2 N (5)	1 Y 2 N (5)	
t Sibling 3 Parent 5 Spouse 7 Child 0 None of the above	•.	1 Sibling 3 Parent 5 Spouse 7 Child 0 None of the above	1 Sibling 3 Parent 5 Spouse 7 Child 0 None of the above	••	1 Sibling 3 Parent 5 Spouse 7 Child 0 None of the above	I Sibling 3 Parent 5 Spouse 7 Child None of the above	
Job-self Retired-zelf Health-zelf Health-zelf Job-other person Retired-other person Health-other person Cother - Specify-	5a.	1 Job-self 2 Retired-self 3 Health-self 4 Job-other person 5 Retired-other person 6 Health-other person 8 Other - Specify	1 Job-self 2 Retired-self 3 Health-self 4 Job-other person 5 Retired-other person 6 Health-other person a Other - Specify	5a.	1	1	
Y (Reack 5s and b) N	ь. 	Y (Reask 5a and b) N	Y (Reask 5a and b) N	ь.	Y (Reask 5a and b) N	Y (Reask 5a and b) N	
Only one reason	c.	L only one leason)	c.			
1 Responded for self-entirely 2 Responded for self-partly	RM3	1 Responded for self-entirely 2 Responded for self-partly	1 Responded for self-entirely 2 Responded for self-partly	RM3	1 Responded for self-entirely 2 Responded for self-partly	2 Responded for self-partly	
Personwas respondent		Personwas respondent	Personwas respondent	ļ	Personwas respondent	Personwas respondent	

	Mark box or ask: About how tall is without shoes? About how much does weigh without shoes?		1a. b.	Under 17 (NP) Feet Inches Pounds
2a.	Mark box or ask: What is the highest grade or year — attended in school		2a.	Under 17 (NP) 10 None (3) Elem: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 High: 9 10 11 12
Ь	Did — finish the — grade (year)?		ь.	College: 1 2 3 4 5 6+
3a.	Did ever serve in the Armed Forces of the United S	itates?	30.	1 Y 2 N (NP)
ъ.	When did he serve? Circle code in descending order of priority. Thus if person served in Vietnam and in Korea, circle VN.	Vietnam Era (Aug. '64 to April' 75)	ь.	1 VN 5 PVN 2 KW 6 OS 3 WWII 9 DK 4 WWI
•				and the second of the second second
4a.	Hand Card R — Mark box or ask: Please give me the number of the group or groups which describes —-'s racial background. Circle all that apply. I — Aleut, Eskimo or American Indian 2 — Asian or Pacific Islander 3 — Black 4 — White	h	4 a.	Under 17 (NP)
	5 - Another group not listed - Please specify		<u> </u>	
ь.	If multiple entries ask: Which of those groups, that is, (entries in 4a) would yo	ou say BEST describes ——'s racial background?	ь.	1 2 3 4 5 - Specify g
	Und Collo Math		ļ.	
5a.	Hand Card O — Mark box or ask: Are any of those groups ——'s national origin or ancests (Where did ——'s ancestors come from?)	ry?	5a.	☐ Under 17 (NP) 1 Y 2 N(NP)
Ь	Please give me the number of the group. Circle all that apply.		b.	
		ican-American		12345678
	2 — Cuban 6 — Chie 3 — Mexican 7 — Oth	cano er Latin American		
ŀ		er Spanish	1	

Under 17 (NP)	la.	Under I7 (NP) Feetinches	Under 17 (NP)FeetInches	1a,	Under 17 (NP)	Under 17 (NP)
Pounds	ь.	Pounds	Pounds	ь.	Pounds	Pounds
Under 17 (NP) OO None (3) Elem: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 High: 9 10 11 12 College: 1 2 3 4 5 6+	2a.	Under 17 (NP) 00 None (3) Elem: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 High: 9 10 11 12 College: 1 2 3 4 5 6+	☐ Under 17 (NP) 100 ☐ None (3) Elem: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 High: 9 10 11 12 College: 1 2 3 4 5 6+		☐ Under 17 (NP) □□ None (3) Elem:	☐ Under 17 (NP) 00 ☐ None (3) Elem: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 High: 9 10 11 12 College: 1 2 3 4 5 6+
1 Y 2 N	h	1 Y 2 N	1 Y 2 N	ь	1 Y 2 N	1 Y 2 N
1 Y 2 N (NP) 1 VN 5 PVN 2 KW 6 OS	3a. b.	1 Y 2 N (NP) 1 VN 5 PVN 2 KW 6 OS 3 WWII 9 DK	1 Y 2 N (NP) 1 VN 5 PVN 2 KW 6 OS 3 WWII 9 DK	3a. b.	1 Y 2 N (NP) 1 VN 5 PVN 2 KW 6 OS 3 WWII 9 DK	1 Y 2 N (NP) 1 VN 5 PVN 2 KW 6 OS 3 WWII 9 DK
s WWII s DK		4 WWI	4 WWI		4 WWI	4 WWI
						2.2300
Under 17 (NP)	4 a.	Under 17 (NP)	Under 17 (NP)	4 a.	Under 17 (NP)	□ Under 17 (NP)
		<u> </u>				
1 2 3 4 5 - Specify	ь.	1 2 3 4 5 - Specify p	1 2 3 4 5 - Specify	ь.	1 2 3 4 5 – Specify	1 2 3 4 5 - Specify
	*** *********************************					
Under 17 (NP) 1 Y 2 N (NP)	5a.	☐ Under 17 (NP) 1 Y 2 N (NP)	Under 17 (NP) 1 Y 2 N (NP)	Sa.	☐ Under I7 (NP)	Under 17 (NP)
12345678	b.	12345678	12345678	ь.	12345678	12345678

Mark box or as 6a. Did —— work a	k: t any time last week or the week before — not counting work around the house?	6a.	Under 17 (<i>NP)</i> 2 N
b. Even though -	– did not work during these 2 weeks, does –– have a job or business?	ь.	1 Y	2 N
c. Was lookin	g for work or on layoff from a job?	c.	1 Y	2 N (7)
d. Which — lookin	g for work or on layoff from a job?	d.	1 Looking 2 Layoff	3 🔲 Both
Ask for all persons with a "Yes"	7a. For whom did work? Name of company, business, organization, or other employer	7a.	Employer	
in 6a, b; or c.	b. What kind of business or industry is this? For example, TV and radio manufacturing, retail shoe store, State Labor Dept., farm	ь.	Industry	
only, questions 7a through 7e apply to this	c. What kind of work was doing? For example, electrical engineer, stock clerk, typist, farmer	c.	Occupation	
person's LAST full-time civilian iob.	7e is AST vilian d. What were —-'s most important activities or duties? For example, types, keeps account books, files, sells cars, operates printing press, finishes concrete Complete from entries in 7a-d; if not clear, ask: e. Was —— an employee of PRIVATE company, business, or individual for wages, salary, or commission?	d.	Duties	
	e. Was —— an employee of PRIVATE company, business, or individual for wages, salary, or commission?	•.	Class of worker	5 🗀 l
			2	6
	If not a farm, ask: Is the business incorporated? Yes! No (or farm)		4 □ L	8 [] NEV (8)
	f. How many hours a week (does/did) usually work at that job?	۲.	Hours	
	If "N" in 6b, go to 8; otherwise ask: g. During the past 2 weeks, did — have any other job or business?	g.	tΥ	2 N(8)
-	h. How many hours a week does usually work for pay at ALL jobs?	h.	Hours	
8. Since (<u>12-month</u> not counting wo	date) a year ago, how many weeks did —— work, either part-time or full-time, rk around the house? Include paid sick leave and paid vacation.	8.	00 None 52 All year-	
	o to NP; otherwise ask: been since —— last worked at a job or business for two or more weeks, or part-time?	9.	Never wo	

Unde	r 17 (NP) 2 N	60.	Under 17	(NP) 2 N	Under 17	(NP) 2 N	60.	Under [7	(NP)	Under 17	(NP) 2 N
1 Y	2 N	Ь.	1 Y	2 N	1 Y	2 N	ь.	1 Y	2 N	1 Y	2 N
1 Y	2 N (7)	c.	1 Y	2 N (7)	1 Y	2 N (7)	c.	1 Y	2 N (7)	1 Y	z N (7)
1 Look		a.	1 Looking 2 Layoff	3 🔲 Both	1 Looking 2 Layoff	3 🔲 Both	d.	1 Looking 2 Layoff	3 🔲 Both	1 Looking 2 Layoff	3 Both
Employer		7a.	Employer		Employer		7a.	Employer		Employer	
Industry		ь.	Industry		Industry		ь.	Industry		Industry	
Occupatio	n	c.	Occupation		Occupation		c.	Occupation		Occupation	
Duties		d.	Dutles		Duties		d.	Duties		Duties	
Class of v	vorker	†	Class of worke	 r	Class of worker		†	Class of worke	 r	Class of worke	
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2 🗀 F	6 🔲 SE		2 🗀 F	6 🗀 SE	2 🗀 F	6 🗌 SE		2 □ F	6 🔲 SE	2 🗀 F	6 🗀 SE
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00 🔲 None		8.	00 None		00 None		8.	00 None		00 None	
82 LI AII >	ear-52 weeks)	52 [All year-	-52 weeks	52 🗍 All year—	52 weeks		52 MII year-	-52 weeks	52 🗀 All year-	52 weeks
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1 —	r worked		☐ Never wo		☐ Never wo			☐ Never wo		☐ Never wo	
1 -	than I year	9.	Less tha	n I year	Less than	of veers	9.	Less that	n I year	Less than	a Iyear

10a. There is a national program called Medicaid which pays for health care for persons in need. (In this State it is also called) During the past 12 months, has anyone in this family received health care which has been or will be paid for by Medicaid (or)?	Y N (11)		.
b. Who was this? Mark "Medicaid" box in person's column.		10Ь.	1 [] Medicaid
c. Anyone else?	Y (Reask 10b and c) N		
11a. Does anyone in the family now have a Medicaid (or) card which looks like this? Show Medicaid card.	Y N (12)		
b. Who is this? Mark "Card" box in person's column.		116.	1 Card
c. Anyone else?	Y (Reask 11b and c) N		
If "Card," ask: d. May I please see's (and) card(s)? Mark appropriate box(es) in person's column.		d.	Medicald card seen p 1
			(Specify)
Hand Card I. 12. Which of those income groups represents your total combined family income for that is, yours, your —— 's, etc.? Include income from all sources such as wages, security or retirement benefits, help from relatives, rent from property, and so for	12.	00 A 06 G 01 B 07 H 02 C 08 I 03 D 09 J 04 E 10 K 05 F	
13a. Which (other) family members received some income during the past 12 months? Mark "Income" box in person's column.		13a.	
b. Did any other family members receive any income during the past 12 months?	Y (Reask 13a and b) N		☐ Income
If only one person with "Income" box marked, go to 15. If 2 or more persons with "Income" box marked, ask 14 for each. 14. Which of those income groups represents ——'s income for the past 12 months?		14.	00
15a. Does anyone in this family receive assistance through the "Aid to Families with Dependent Children" Program, sometimes called "AFDC" or "ADC"?	Y N (16)		
b. Which (other) family members are included in the AFDC assistance payment? Mark "AFDC" box in person's column.		15b.	1 AFDC
c. Are any other family members included in this program?	Y (Reask 15b and c)		

{	1	1	1	ı	I	I		
1 Medicaid	10ъ.	1 Medicaid	1 Medicaid		1 Medicaid	1 Medicald		
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(Specify)		(Specify)	(Specify)		(Specify)	(Specify)		
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! ☐ AFDC	15b.	1 AFDC	1 ☐ AFDC	15Ь.	1 AFDC	1 ☐ AFDC		

Y N <i>(17)</i>		
	16b.	1 <u>SS</u> I
Y (Reask 15b and c) N		
Y N <i>(19)</i>		
	17b.	1 Social Security
Y (Reask 17b and c) N	**** ****	ng Hay Cogno
because they are	18.	1 Work experience 2 Dependent or survivor
	19Ь.	1
	20.	OWN SURV
	Y (Reask 16b and c) Y N (19) Y (Reask 17b and c) N because they are	Y (Reask 16b and c) Y (N 19) 17b. Y (Reask 17b and c) N 18. Y (N 19) 18.

SP	H			SP	H □		SP	#			SP	H □		SP	H	
First name	2	AGE	1a.	First nam	3	AGE	First nam	•	AGE	la.	First nam	5	AGE	First name	•	AGE
Last name		RACE 1 W 2 B 3 OT		Last name	 e	RACE 1 W 2 B 3 OT	Last name		RACE 1 W 2 B 3 OT		Last nam	e	RACE 1 W 2 B 3 OT	Last name		RACE 1 W 2 B 3 OT
Relationshi	İp	SEX 1 M	2.	Relations	hip	SEX 1 M 2 F	Relations	hip	SEX 1 M 2 F	2.	Relations	hip	SEX 1 M 2 F	Relations	nip	SEX 1 M 2 F
Month	Date	Year	3.	Month	Date	Year	Month	Date	Year	3.	Month	Date	Year	Month	Date	Year
BED DAYS		HOSP.		BED DAY		HOSP.	BED DAYS		HOSP.	Γ	BED DAY		HOSP.	BED DAYS		HOSP.
None (NP)	None (NP)	None (NP)		None (NP)	None (NP)	None (NP)	None (NP)	None (NP)	None (NP)		None (NP)		None (NP)	None (NP)	None (NP)	None (NP)
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FOOTNO	TES	• • •		•												

Γ		If this questionnaire is for an			•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	If in AREA S		LISTING		
	E	EXTRA unit, enter Control No of original sample unit	umber —				_ listed on proj	FIRST unit Shed	et number	Line number	
	TABLE X - LIVING QUARTERS DETERMINATIONS AT LISTED ADDRESS										
		TION OF UNIT	e If listed, enter sheet and line	If outside Area Segment boundary, mark box below,	Are these (Specify location)	. USE OR	CHARACTERISTI	cs	CLAS	SIFICATION	
Line No.	2nd floor, rear After entering desc e in Area Segmen e In other type of	otion or location, e.g., basement; ription or location: t, go to (3) Segments,	number, STOP Table X, and continue inter- view for original sample unit.	STOP and — • Go to next line of Table X, if additional quarters determined. OR	quarters for more than one group of people? If "Yes," fill one line for	OCCUPIED Do the occupants of these (Specify location) quarters	Do these (Specify I			N - Not a separate unit - Add occuponts to this questionnaire. (Complete a separate questionnaire for each unrelated person	
	If living duar specific samp Permit Segme Otherwise, go	ters are not within the same ole address (and structure, if nt) — STOP TABLE X to to (3)	e If unlisted, — And Area Segment, go to (4). — And another type of Seg-	 Go to Household page, item 9, or Probe page, question I (as applicable). 	each gloup.	live and ear with any other group of people?	from the outside or through a common hall?	facilities for this unit only?	or family group.) Separate unit — HU interview on a separate questionnaire.		
(1)		(2)	ment, go to (5 (3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)		
1			S L	Outside segment boundary	Yes No	Yes — Go to (9) No and circle N	Yes No	Yes No	N I	и от	
2			s L	Outside segment boundary	Yes No	Yes — Go to (9) No and circle N	Yes No	Yes No	N i	IU OT	
3			S L	Outside segment boundary	Yes No	Yes — Go to (9) No and circle N	Yes No	Yes No	N I	и от	
NO	TE: Be sure to con	tinue interview for original sar	mple unit.								
FO	OTNOTES						the National answers can	ny household's ide Center for Health : be counted in the	Statistics so		
							Signature 			<u> </u>	
							Date		<u></u>		
										·	

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Conditions reported for which questions	s 3α—3e need not be asked:					
Acne Hemorrhoids or piles (any kind)		Under \$1,000 (including loss)				
Appendicitis	Hernia (any type)	Onliver \$1,000 (including loss)				
Arteriosclerosis	Kidney stones	\$ 1,000 — \$ 1,999				
Arthritis (any kind)	Laryngitis	\$ 2,000 – \$ 2,999				
Athlete's foot	Migraine (any kind)	\$ 3.000 – \$ 3.999				
Bronchitis (any kind)	Mumps		,			
Bunions	Normal delivery	\$ 4,000 – \$ 4,999	Group E			
Bursitis	Phiebitis (Thrombophiebitis)	\$ 5,000 - \$ 5,999	Group F			
Calluses	Pneumonia	\$ 6,000 - \$ 6,999				
Chickenpox	Pregnancy		· · · · · · Group H			
Cold	Sciatica					
Corns	Sinus (any kind)	\$10,000 — \$14,999	Group I			
Croup	Strep (Streptococcus) throat	\$15,000 - \$24,999				
Diabetes (any type) Tonsillitis		\$25,000 and over				
Epilepsy (any kind)	Ulcer (duodenal, stomach, peptic or gastric only)		·			
Gallstones	Vasectomy					
Goiter	Warts					
Hardening of the arteries	Whooping cough	CARD O				
Hay fever						
CAR	D E2	I. Puerto Rican	5. Mexican—American			
Show detail in question 3e, Condition pathese IMPAIRMENTS.	age and/or question 6, Hospital page for	2. Cuban	6. Chicano			
Deafness		3. Mexican	7. Other Latin American			
Trouble hearing		4. Mexicano	8. Other Spanish			
Other ear condition						
Blindness						
Trouble seeing		c	CARD R			
Trouble seeing Other eye condition		C	CARD R			
-			CARD R or American Indian			
Other eye condition			or American Indian			
Other eye condition Missing hand — all or part		I. Aleut, Eskimo	or American Indian			
Other eye condition Missing hand — all or part Missing arm — all or part		I. Aleut, Eskimo 2. Asian or Pacif	or American Indian			

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