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# HEALTH STATISTICS

FROM THE U. S. NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY

# Chronic Conditions Causing Limitation of Activities

# United States July 1959 - June 1961

Statistics on persons limited in their activity and on persons limited in mobility, due to chronic conditions, by type of condition causing limitation, duration, usual activity, age, and sex. Based on data collected in household interviews during the period July 1959-June 1961.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE Anthony J. Celebrezze, Secretary

> PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE Luther L. Terry, Surgeon General

Washington, D. C.

October 1962

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The U. S. National Health Survey is a continuing program under which the Public Health Service makes studies to determine the extent of illness and disability in the population of the United States and to gather related information. It is authorized by Public Law 652, 84th Congress.

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Under the legislation establishing the National Health Survey, the Public Health Service is authorized to use, insofar as possible, the services or facilities of other Federal, State, or private agencies.

In accordance with specifications established by the National Health Survey, the Bureau of the Census, under a contractual arrangement, participates in most aspects of survey planning, selects the sample, collects the data, and carries out certain parts of the statistical processing.

Public Health Service Publication No. 584-B36

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# CHRONIC CONDITIONS CAUSING LIMITATION OF ACTIVITIES

### SELECTED FINDINGS

In the United States there are approximately 19 million persons in the noninstitutional population limited to some extent in their activities due to chronic disease or impairment, Activity limitation refers not only to the major activity of the person (ability to work, keep house or go school) but also to other activities. About 3 to million of these persons, or 17 percent, reported heart conditions, either alone or in conjunction with other chronic conditions, as a cause of their limitation. About 16 percent of the persons with activity limitation reported that arthritis or rheumatism contributed to their limitation. Among the 4 million persons limited to such an extent that they were unable to work, keep house, or go to school, 24 percent named heart conditions as the cause of their inability to carry on the major activity of their age-sex group, 16 percent reported arthritis or rheumatism, and 11 percent reported visual impairment.

Of the persons with activity limitation, 5 million also had some limitation of mobility, that is, their ability to move about freely was restricted to some degree as a result of chronic conditions. A person's mobility limitation may range in degree from being confined to the house all the time, except in emergencies, to being able to go outside alone but having trouble getting around alone. About one-fifth of these persons, 20 percent, attributed their mobility limitation to heart conditions, and 24 percent reported that arthritis or rheumatism contributed to their mobility limitation. Among the 915,000 persons confined to the house, 23 percent were confined because of heart conditions, 18 percent attributed their confinement to paralysis, 17 percent attributed it to arthritis or rheumatism, and 13 percent to visual impairment.

Among the 3½ million persons under 45 years of age who could not perform, or were limited in the performance of, the major activity for their particular age-sex group, the chronic condition reported most frequently as a cause of the limitation was orthopedic impairment of the back or spine (reported by 11 percent of the persons limited). About 9 percent of the persons in this age group with limitation relating to their major activity reported mental and nervous conditions as contributing to their limitation. Among the 10½ million persons 45 years and older with limitation of their major activity, heart conditions and arthritis or rheumatism were most frequently reported as responsible for their activity limitation. with each reported by approximately one-fifth of the persons limited in major activity.

Among persons who were limited in their ability to work or keep house, heart conditions and arthritis or rheumatism were named most frequently as a cause of their limitation. However, 11 percent of the limited persons whose usual activity status was working reported impairment of the back or spine as a cause of limitation, and 12 percent of the limited persons who had been keeping house for most of the year prior to interview reported high blood pressure as a cause of their limitation.

These statistics show average prevalence during the two-year period, July 1959-June 1961, having been derived from National Health Survey household interviews conducted during that period. The estimated prevalence and duration of chronic activity limitations affecting major activity, based on data collected during July 1959-June 1960, was presented in a recent report from the U. S. National Health Survey (Series B, No. 31). Information about limitations among persons with selected impairments is presented in another report (Series B, No. 35), and additional information about persons with limitation of mobility is shown in Series B, No. 11.

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This report was prepared by Charles S. Wilder of the U. S. National liealth Survey staff.

The information shown in this report was gathered from respondents in some 76,000 household health interviews conducted during the 24month period from July 1959 through June 1961 by the U. S. National Health Survey. This continuing, nationwide, probability sample of the civilian population was used to collect data about health, social, and demographic characteristics of about 250,000 household members, living at the time of interview. The sample did not include persons confined to institutions.

A further description of the statistical design of the survey, the methods of estimation, and general qualifications of the data obtained from surveys is presented in Appendix I. Since all of the data included in this report are estimates based on a sample of the population rather than on the entire population, they are subject to sampling errors. While the sampling errors for most of the estimates are of relatively low magnitude, where an estimated number or the numerator or denominator of a rate or percentage is small, the sampling error may be high. Charts from which approximate sampling errors may be estimated and instructions for their use are contained in the section, "Reliability of Estimates," in Appendix I.

Definitions of certain terms used in this report are explained in Appendix II. Since many of the terms have specialized meanings it is suggested that the reader familiarize himself with these definitions.

The sections of the survey questionnaire shown in Appendix III that apply to data presented in this report include the "illness-recall" questions (11-17); the check lists of chronic conditions and impairments (Cards A and B) used with questions 16 and 17; columns (r) and (w) with associated Cards C-G; and columns (s, t, and u) of table I of the questionnaire.

Each person who, in response to the illnessrecall questions, reported one or more chronic conditions was shown one of the four Cards C-F (appropriate to his usual activity status), and asked to select the statement which best described him in relation to limitation of activity. For children and for persons not present in the household at time of interview this selection was made by the interview respondent. All persons who were limited in the performance of the major activity for their sex-age group, or who were limited in other activities, were further questioned as to the degree of limitation of mobility (Card G, Appendix III). The categories of limitation of activity and limitation of mobility may be summarized as follows:

- A. Limitation of Activity
  - 1. Unable to carry on major activity (preschool play, school, housework, or work, as appropriate).
  - 2. Limited in amount or kind of major activity performed.
  - 3. Not limited in major activity but otherwise limited (church, sports, shopping, etc.).
  - 4. Not limited in activities.
- B. Limitation of Mobility
  - 1. Confined to the house, except in emergencies.
  - 2. Cannot get around alone; needs the help of another person in getting around outside the house.
  - 3. Has trouble getting around alone; does not need help but mobility is restricted in some manner.
  - 4. Not limited in mobility.

If a person had stated in answer to the question about limitation of activity that he was unable to carry on his major activity or that he was limited in amount or kind of major activity, he was asked how long he had been so limited. (No information was collected as to duration of lesser limitations.) If a person was unable to work, the duration of limitation specified the length of time he had been unable to work and did not include any time he may have been limited in the amount or kind of work. However, if a person was limited in amount or kind of work, but earlier had been unable to work at all, the duration of limitation included the entire time he had been either partly or entirely limited.

## RELIABILITY OF THE DATA ON CHRONIC CONDITIONS

The health interview phase of the National Health Survey measures the presence of disease or illness in terms of cases which the respondent is aware of, remembers, and considers of sufficient importance to report. Thus, the prevalence of chronic conditions based on this kind of information may differ widely from prevalence estimates based on findings in clinical studies where conditions are detected through recognized diagnostic tests and clinically significant findings. Evidence from evaluative studies conducted to date indicates that the greater the extent of the disability associated with the chronic illness the more likely are the conditions to be reported in the interview. The reporting is also apt to be better for the well known types of chronic disease and impairment mentioned specifically in the check lists which are read during the interview. These check lists of conditions are reproduced in Appendix III of this report.

Since the estimates in this report are restricted entirely to persons who have reported chronic disability, in the form of activity limitation or activity and mobility limitation, they represent for the most part the more severely affected persons. The reporting of these cases, by all the evidence available, should be reasonably complete. Furthermore, the selected conditions shown in the tables of the report are substantially those included in the two check lists. Hence, respondents have been asked directly about these conditions.

Nevertheless, it is also believed that certain conditions, such as mental illness or malignant neoplasms, may be reported less completely because of reluctance of family members to mention such conditions to strangers. It is also quite possible that some malignant neoplasms have been reported as benign or unspecified neoplasms because the respondent did not know or care to report that the tumor was of a malignant nature. Therefore, statistics on these two types of conditions should be considered as underestimates.

The U. S. National Health Survey has reported on research designed to evaluate problems in the reporting of chronic illness in household interviews, 1 2 and these reports should be read for a more complete understanding of the matters discussed in this section.

The following is a list of the 25 chronic condition groups for which statistics are presented. International Classification Code Numbers are shown for each condition group.

<sup>1</sup>Sagen, O.K., Dunham, R.E., and Simmons, W.R.: Health Statistics From Record Sources and Housebold Interviews. Compared. Proceedings of the Social Statistics Section. American Statistical Association, Washington, D.C., 1959. pp. 6-14.

<sup>2</sup>U. S. National Health Survey. Health Interview Responses Compared With Medical Records. Health Statistics. Series D-5, PHS Pub. No. 584-D5. Public Health Service. Washington, D. C., June 1961. p. 2.

	International
	Classification
	of Diseases
	Code Numbers
Condition Groups	1955 Revision
Tuberculosis, all forms	. 001-019
Malignant neoplasms	140-205
Benign and unspecified neoplasms	210-239
Asthma-hay fever	240-241
Diabetes	260
Mental and nervous conditions	083, 300-324
Heart conditions	410-443
High blood pressure	444-447
Varicose veins	460, 462
Hemorrhoids	461
Other conditions of circulatory	
system	400-402, 450-456,
	463-468, 782
Chronic bronchitis and sinusitis	502, 513
Other conditions of respiratory	····•
system	510-512, 514-527,
-,,-,	783
Peptic ulcer	540-542
Hernia	560-561
Other conditions of digestive	
system	530-539, 543-553,
_ <b>y</b>	570, 572-587, 784, 785
Conditions of genitourinary	
system	590-637, 786, 789
Arthritis and rheumatism	720-727
Other diseases of muscles, bones	
and joints	730-744
Visual impairments	_ <b>*</b>
Hearing impairments	_ <b>*</b>
Paralysis, complete or partial	-*
Impairments (except paralysis) of	
back or spine	
Impairments (except paralysis and	
absence) of upper extremities	
and shoulders	_* ``
Impairments (except paralysis and	•
absence) of lower extremities and	
hips	_*

\*Impairments are classified by means of a special supplementary code, which is used to group them according to the type of functional impairment and etiology. A re-cent report from the U. S. National Health Survey (Series B, No. 35) presents a more complete explanation of the classification of impairments.

# CHRONIC CONDITIONS CAUSING LIMITATION

Of the 74 million persons in the population who had one or more chronic conditions reported in interviews, approximately one in four had some degree of activity limitation caused by his chronic illness (table 10). Degrees of limitation included complete inability to perform the major activity of the person's age-sex group, limitation in relation to amount or kind of this activity, as well as lesser limitation unrelated to major activity.

#### Multiple Conditions Per Person

Persons with chronic activity limitation each had an average of one reported chronic condition (table A). As the degree of limitation of activity increased in severity the number of chronic conditions per person also increased. However, among the persons with mobility limitation, each person had an average of about two chronic conditions, regardless of the degree of mobility limitation. Persons with mobility limitation had about the same average number of chronic conditions as persons who were unable to carry on their major activity. The tabulations prepared from the raw data do not include a distribution of persons with mobility limitation by degree of activity limitation. Therefore it is not possible at present to determine whether the people who had the most severe activity limitations comprise the largest portion of the persons with mobility limitation.

#### Leading Causes of Limitation

Tables 1 and 2 show the distribution of the 25 selected condition groups by degree of limitation and the number and percentage of all limited persons in each category who reported one or more of the selected chronic conditions as causing the limitation of activity. Before discussing these tables it should be noted that the first line in each of tables 1 through 9 represents the total number of persons with a specific type of limitation as shown in tables 10-15. The remaining lines in tables 1-9 show the number or percentage of the total number of limited persons who have one of the 25 selected chronic condition groups. The summation of numbers or percentages may add to more than the total if limited persons have more than one of the selected condition groups. On the other hand, the sum may be less than the total because the selected list does not include other types of conditions which may cause limitation.

The leading cause of activity limitation, heart conditions, was reported to have caused about 17 percent of all activity limitations (fig. 1). The next highest cause of activity limitation was arthritis and rheumatism with about 16 percent of the total. Among persons with limitation not affecting major activity, heart conditions and arthritis or rheumatism were each reported as causing about 13 percent of these limitations (table 2). Among the persons who were limited in amount or kind of major activity, heart conditions and arthritis or rheumatism were each reported as causing 16 and 18 percent, respectively, Heart conditions were reported as causing about 24 percent of the activity limitations among persons unable to carry on their major activity.

Table 1 also shows the number of selected types of chronic conditions occurring among persons with limitation of mobility. These chronic

and mobility: United States, J	uly 1939-Jun	e 1961	
Limitation of activity and mobility	Persons limited in thousands	Number of chronic conditions reported in thousands	Average number of chronic conditions per person

Table A.	Average	number	of	chron	ic	conditions	per	person	with	limitation	of activity
	-	and mol	bilj	ity:	Unit	ed States,	Ju1y	7 1959-J	une 1	961	

All degrees of activity limitation	19,273	27,205	1.4
With limitation, but not in major activity <sup>1</sup>	5,056	6,050	1.2
Limited in amount or kind of major activity <sup>1</sup>	10,243	14,307	1.4
Unable to carry on major activity <sup>1</sup>	3,974	6,848	1.7
All degrees of mobility limitation	4,766	8,649	1.8
Has trouble getting around alone	2,843	5,126	1.8
Cannot get around alone	1,008	1,798	1.8
Confined to house	915	1,725	1.9

<sup>1</sup>Major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or go to school.

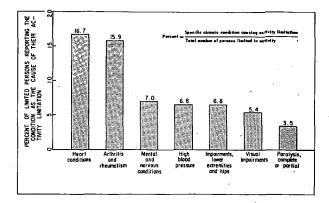


Figure 1. Percent of persons with activity limitation who reported selected chronic conditions as the cause of their limitation.

conditions were not reported as causing the limitation of mobility, but instead were reported as causing the associated activity limitation which each person with mobility limitation was known to have had.

Among the 4.8 million persons with limitation of mobility almost 1 million persons, or 20 percent of the total, had heart conditions which were reported as causing each person's associated limitation of activity (fig. 2). Arthritis or rheumatism was reported in about 24 percent of all persons limited in mobility. It is noteworthy that about 27 percent of the people who have trouble getting around alone reported having arthritis or rheumatism. While the proportion of persons with arthritis or rheumatism was high for all degrees of mobility limitation, it was relatively lower than heart disease or paralysis among persons confined to the house.

There were 14 million persons with chronic limitations affecting their major activity (tables 3 and 10). The two categories of activity limitation, "limited in amount or kind of major activity" and "unable to carry on major activity," have been combined into a single class of limitations affecting major activity. This combination of types of limitation has been made to permit further distribution by age and sex of the data for the 25 selected chronic condition groups. The small size of many of the numbers precludes further distribution of the data on limitation of mobility.

More males than females had chronic activity limitation affecting their major activity of working, keeping house, or going to school. This sex difference was present in each of the three age groups, under 45, 45-64, and 65 and over. More than half of the 25 selected chronic condition groups had a male sex ratio greater than 1. The male sex ratio ranged in value from a low of about 0.4 for varicose veins to a high of about 3.5 for "other conditions of the respiratory system." None of the 25 selected chronic condition groups is in itself sex specific, although sex differences in prevalence rates have been noted previously for some of these groups in other National Health Survey reports.

Table 4 shows that as age increases certain disease groups assume a relatively increased importance as causes of chronic disability. These include such conditions as heart disease, high blood pressure, arthritis and rheumatism, and visual impairments which may increase in severity, as well as in prevalence as age progresses. The relative disability from other types of conditions, particularly those which have earlier onset, a comparatively low fatality rate, and the effects of which tend to stabilize with time, is proportionately less with increasing age. Among persons 65 years and over, heart conditions, arthritis or rheumatism, and visual impairments were reported as causing about 24, 23, and 10 percent of the limitations, respectively, Among persons under 45 years of age these three condition groups were reported to have caused 6, 5, and 3 percent, respectively, of the total number of limitations. A similar pattern may be noted in the data for males and females, separately. As age increases, the causes of limitation are concentrated among a smaller number of chronic condition groups.

The limitations affecting major activity have been present for these periods: about 15 percent for less than 1 year, 38 percent for 1-4 years, 42 percent for 5 or more years, and 5 percent of un-

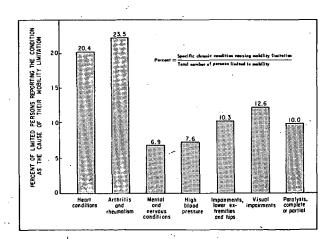


Figure 2. Percent of persons with mobility limitation who reported selected chronic conditions as the cause of their limitation.

known duration (table 5 and fig. 3). The duration of limitation is shown only for the two more severe categories of activity limitation. The limitations affecting the ability to work, keep house, or go to school are probably caused by those cases of chronic conditions which are severe and lingering in nature. It should be pointed out that the duration of limitation for each of the chronic condition groups is not necessarily the actual duration of the disease process since the limitation of activity may have started during a later stage of the disease.

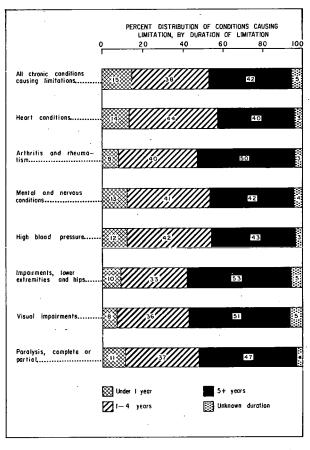


Figure 3. Duration of limitations affecting major activity according to selected chronic conditions reported as causing the limitation.

If the duration of limitations <u>not</u> affecting major activity were known and could be included in the table, it is quite possible that the high proportion of limitations lasting 5 or more years would be lowered. The course of the disease process in the individual determines whether the duration of minor limitation will be shortor long. Cases of chronic illness causing minor limitations may be susceptible to curative treatment removing both the condition and the limitation within a short period after onset of the limitation. Progressively worsening cases of chronic disease may cause minor limitation for a period of time and then cause limitation affecting major activity during later stages of the illness.

The limitations affecting major activity caused by each of the 25 chronic condition groups have been present for varying lengths of time. For example, high proportions of the limited persons with heart conditions have been limited for more than one year, while about two-fifths of the limited persons with benign or malignant neoplasms have been limited for less than one year. A short duration of limitation for malignant neoplasms may be explained either by a high fatality rate or by curative treatment removing both the disease and the limitation. The data for benign and unspecified neoplasms must be interpreted with caution, as mentioned previously, since there may be reporting error present because of reluctance of the respondent to mention malignancy or because the respondent did not know the malignant nature of the disease. With this word of caution, it is quite possible that the short duration of limitations caused by benign neoplasms is caused by removal of the condition and resulting restoration of health.

#### **Usual Activity Status**

A distribution of the selected chronic condition groups reported as causing limitations affecting major activity has been made in tables 6 and 7 by the usual activity status of the limited persons. The usual activity status shown is that of the individual during most of the 12 months prior to the household interview. This usual activity status may be the same as that for the person prior to the onset of the present degree of limitation or may have been changed as a result of the limitation or for other reasons.

A distribution of chronic conditions causing major limitations among the approximately 540,000 preschool and school-age children has been omitted from tables 6 and 7 because most of the numbers are small and therefore subject to a large sampling error. The three condition groups which are large enough to be reported are: asthma-hay fever, about 69,000 cases or 13 percent of the limited children in this activity status group; paralysis, complete or partial, about 58,000 cases or 11 percent; and impairments of lower extremities and hips (except paralysis and absence), about 33,000 cases or 6 percent.

The usual activity categories shown in the tables are usually working, keeping house, retired, and other. If a person has been unable to carry on his major activity of working, keeping house, or going to school for a period of more than 6 months, the usual activity status shown is some other status, such as retired or other. If a person was retired, or included in the "other" group, prior to limitation, the degree of limitation was determined on the basis of <u>ability</u> to work. The "other" group includes males 17 years and over who are going to school or not classified as working or retired, and females 17 years and over who are going to school or not classified as working, keeping house, or retired.

Heart conditions were the leading cause of limitations affecting major activity among the usually working population (fig. 4), the retired, and the "other" group. Arthritis and rheumatism were the leading conditions among the women who were reported as keeping house (table 7).

Among persons usually working, keeping house, and retired, limitations affecting major activity were present for substantial lengths of time (tables 8 and 9). The percentages in each group of persons limited for 5 or more years are as follows: usually working, about 44 percent; keeping house, about 38 percent; and retired, about 47 percent. The duration of limitations attributed to individual chronic condition groups vary considerably among the usual activity status

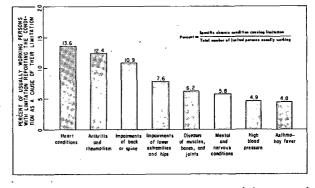


Figure 4. Percent of usually working persons with limitation affecting their ability to work who reported selected chronic conditions as a cause of the limitation.

categories. For example, among the usually working about 59 percent of limitations caused by asthma-hay fever had been present for 5 or more years, while among the women who were keeping house about 45 percent of these limitations had been present for 5 or more years.

#### Number of Limited Persons

Tables 10-15 are presented to serve as population data for the preceding tables. These tables are similar to tables in the National Health Survey Report, B-31. They represent averages of data reported during the two-year period from July 1959-June 1961. The first column in each of these tables shows the total, civilian, noninstitutional population of the United States during this period.

### DETAILED TABLES

#### DEGREE OF LIMITATION

<b>Table</b>	1.	Average number of persons reported as limited in their activity or their mobility due to selected chronic conditions, by degree of limitation: United States, July 1959-June 1961 10
	2.	Percent distribution of persons reported as limited in their activity or their mobility due to selected chronic conditions, by degree of limitation: United States, July 1959-June 1961 11
		SEX, AGE, AND DURATION OF LIMITATION
	3.	Average number of persons reported as limited in their major activity due to se- lected chronic conditions, by sex and age: United States, July 1959-June 1961 12
	4.	Percent distribution of persons reported as limited in their major activity due to selected chronic conditions, by sex and age: United States, July 1959-June 1961
	5.	Average number and percent distribution of persons reported as limited in their major activity due to selected chronic conditions, by duration of limitation: United States, July 1959-June 1961 14
		USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS AND DURATION OF LIMITATION
	6.	Average number of persons reported as limited in their major activity due to se- lected chronic conditions, by usual activity status: United States, July 1959- June 1961 15
	7 <b>.</b>	Percent distribution of persons reported as limited in their major activity due to selected chronic conditions, by usual activity status: United States, July 1959-June 1961 16
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	9.	Percent distribution of persons reported as limited in their major activity due to selected chronic conditions, by usual activity status and duration of limita- tion: United States, July 1959-June 1961 18
		POPULATION AND TYPE OF LIMITATION
	10.	Total population and average number and percent distribution of persons with lim- itation of activity due to chronic conditions, by degree of limitation, according to sex and age: United States, July 1959-June 1961 19
	11.	Total population and average number and percent distribution of persons with lim- itation of mobility due to chronic conditions, by degree of limitation, according to sex and age: United States, July 1959-June 1961 20
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### POPULATION AND TYPE OF LIMITATION-Continued

Table 13.	Percent distribution of persons with limitation of activity due to chronic con- ditions, by degree of limitation, according to usual activity status and sex: United States, July 1959-June 1961	22
14.	Total population and average number of persons with limitation of mobility due to chronic conditions, by degree of limitation, usual activity status, and sex: United States, July 1959-June 1961	23
15.	Percent distribution of persons with limitation of mobility due to chronic con- ditions, by degree of limitation, according to usual activity status and sex: United States, July 1959-June 1961	24

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Table 1. Average number of persons reported as limited in their activity or their mobility due to selected chronic conditions, by degree of limitation: United States, July 1959-June 1961

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[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

		Limitation of activity Limitation of mobil with activity							
Selected chronic conditions	All degrees of ac- tivity limi- tation	With limitation but not in major activity <sup>1</sup>	Limited in amount or kind of major activity <sup>1</sup>	Unable to carry on major activity <sup>1</sup>	All de- grees of mobility limitation	Has trouble getting around alone	Cannot get around alone	Confined to house	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Averag	e number of	persons wi	th condition	in thous	ands <sup>2</sup>	L	
Persons limited	19,273	5,056	10,243	3,974	4,766	2,843	1,008	915	
Tuberculosis, all forms	174	34	83	57	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	
Malignant neoplasms	228	- 33	94	101	96	33	(*)	43	
Benign and unspecified neoplasms	256	68	136	52	65	47	(*)	(*)	
Asthma-hay fever	1,009	337	493	180	.183	134	(*)	30	
Diabetes	458	92	238	128	168	96	38	35	
Mental and nervous conditions	1,351	352	692	306	328	203	58	. 67	
Heart conditions	3,213	631	1,616	966	974	576	185	212	
High blood pressure	1,320	286	761	273	363	234	72	57	
Varicose veins	462	142	268	52	109	77	(*)	(*)	
Hemorrhoids	297	76	182	39	61	45	(*)	(*)	
Other conditions of circulatory system	822	202	356	264	306	171	62	72	
Chronic sinusitis and bronchitis	509	161	272	77	105	82.	(*)	(*)	
Other conditions of respiratory system	382	71	· 190	122	96	71	(*)	(*)	
Peptic ulcer	514	132	284	98	79	56	(*)	(*)	
Hernia	589	100	361	128	133	91	(*)	(*)	
Other conditions of digestive system	. 997	228	563	205	239	151	46	42	
Conditions of genitourinary system	1,111	273	603	235	259	156	40	63	
Arthritis and rheumatism	3,062	645	1,792	624	1,121	766	198	157	
Other diseases of muscles, bones, and joints	730	181	443	106	158	115	(*)	(*)	
Visual impairments	1,045	149	454	442	601	302	175	123	
Hearing impairments	395	79	185	132	150	81	35	35	
Paralysis, complete or partial	673	73	217	<u>3</u> 83	476	190	125	161	
Impairments (except paralysis) of back or spine	1,271	313	837	· 121	203	154	32	(*)	
Impairments (except paralysis and absence) of upper extremities and shoulders	383	72	247	64	84	56	(*)	(*)	
Impairments (except paralysis and absence) of lower extremities and hips	1,307	373	679	254	492	333	93	66	

 ${}^{1}\!\mathrm{M}$  ajor activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or go to school.

<sup>2</sup>Summations of conditions causing limitation may be greater than the number of persons limited because a person can report more than one condition as a cause of his limitation; on the other hand, they may be less because only selected conditions are shown.

#### Table 2. Percent distribution of persons reported as limited in their activity or their mobility due to selected chronic conditions, by degree of limitation: United States, July 1959-June 1961

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II

		Limitation	of activit	у		n of mobil n activity		ng persons :1on
Selected chronic conditions	All degrees of ac- tivity limi- tation	With limitation but not in major activity <sup>1</sup>	Limited in amount or kind of major activity <sup>1</sup>	Unable to carry on major activity <sup>1</sup>	All de- grees of mobility limitation	Has trouble getting around alone	Cannot get around alone	Confined to house
······································			P	ercent dist	ribution <sup>2</sup>			
Persons limited	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Tuberculosis, all forms	0.9	0.7	0.8	1.4	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)
Malignant neoplasms	1.2	0.7	0.9	2,5	2.0	1.2	(*)	4.7
Benign and unspecified neoplasms	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	-1-7	(*)	(*)
Asthma-hay fever	5.2	6.7	4.8	4.5	3.8	4.7	(*)	3.3
Diabetes	2.4	1.8	2.3	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.8	3.8
Mental and nervous conditions	7.0	7.0	6.8	7.7	6.9	7.1	5.8	7.3
Heart conditions	16.7	12.5	15.8	24.3	20.4	20.3	18.4	23.2
High blood pressure	6.8	5.7	7.4	6.9	7.6	.8.2	7.1	6.2
Varicose veins	2.4	2.8	2.6	1.3	2.3	2.7	(*)	` (*)
Hemorrhoids	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.0	1.3	1.6	(*)	(*)
Other conditions of circulatory system	4.3	4.0	3.5	6.6	6.4	. 6.0	6.2	7.9
Chronic sinusitis and bronchitis	2.6	3.2	2.7	. 1.9	2.2	2.9	(*)	(*)
Other conditions of respiratory system	2.0	1.4	1.9	3.1	2.0	2.5	(*)	(*)
Peptic ulcer	2.7	<sup>•</sup> 2.6	2.8	2.5	1.7	2.0	(*)	(*)
Hernia	3.1	2.0	3.5	3.2	2.8	3.2	(*)	(*)
Other conditions of digestive system	5.2	4.5	5.5	5.2	5.0	5.3	4.6	4.6
Conditions of genitourinary system	5.8	5,4	5.9	5.9	5.4	5.5	4.0	6.9
Arthritis and rheumatism	15.9	12.8	17.5	15.7	23.5	26.9	19.6	17.2
Other diseases of muscles, bones, and joints	3.8	3.6	4.3	2.7	3.3	4.0	. (*)	(*)
Visual impairments	5.4	2.9	4.4	11.1	12.6	10.6	17.4	13.4
Hearing impairments	2.0	1.6	1.8	3.3	3.1	2.8	3.5	3.8
Paralysis, complete or partial	3.5	1.4	2.1	· 9.6	10.0	6.7	12.4	17.6
Impairments (except paralysis) of back or spine	6.6	6.2	8.2	<u>,</u> 3.0	4.3	5.4	3.2	(*)
Impairments (except paralysis and absence) of upper extremities and shoulders	2.0	1.4	! .2.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	· (*)	(*)
Impairments (except paralysis and absence) of lower extremities and hips	6.8	7.4	6.6	6.4	10.3	11.7	9.2	7.2

<sup>1</sup>Major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or go to school.

<sup>2</sup>Fercentages may add to more than 100 because a person can report more than one condition as a cause of his limitation; on the other hand, they may add to less than 100 because only selected conditions are shown.

#### Table 3. Average number of persons reported as limited in their major activity<sup>1</sup>due to selected chronic conditions, by sex and age: United States, July 1959-June 1961

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

					l Denmac			пі дрреш		_=		
		Both	sexes			Ma	1e			Fema	le	
Selected chronic conditions	All ages	Under 45	45-64	65 <del>+</del>	All ages	Under 45	45-64	65 <del>+</del>	All ages	Under 45	45-64	65+
Persons with						-						
chronic activity											•	
limitation af-			Average	number	of per	sons wi	th condi	ition i	n thous	ands <sup>2</sup>		
fecting major activity	14 217	2 562	4 700	-		1				la sene		
	14,217	3,302	4,790	5,005	7,573	1,8/6	2,5//	3,120	6,643	1,686	2,213	2,744
Tuberculosis, all								· .		· ·		
forms	140	45	68	(*)	105	32	52	(*)	35	(*)	(*)	(*)
Malignant neoplasms-	195	(*)	87	81	91	(*)	41	38	104	(*)	46	43
Benign and unspec- ified neoplasms	188	76	67	45	62	(*)	(*)	(*)	126	58	45	(4)
Asthma-hay fever	673	207	249	217	432	117	158	157	241	90	45 91	(*) 60
Diabetes	365	35	153	178	171	(*)	72	80	195	(*)	81	98
Mental and nervous										-		
conditions	998	307	372	319	428	144	165	119	570	163	207	200
Heart conditions	2,582	217	973	1,392	1,421	116	577	728	1,161	101	396	664
High blood pressure-	1,034	74	382	578	373	(*)	145	204	661	50	237	374
Varicose veins	320	63	137	- 120	84	(*)	34	43	236	55	104	77
Hemorrhoids	221	49	100	71	134	(*)	66	44	87	(*)	35	(*)
Other conditions of												
circulatory sys- tem	620	94	167	359	320	(*)	87	205	300	65	80	154
	020	.4	107	557	520			205	500			134
Chronic sinusitis				-								
and bronchitis	349	72	142	135	185	34	78	73	164	38	64	· 61
Other conditions of												
respiratory sys- tem	312	60	122	130	242	38	100	104	70	(*)	(*)	(*)
Peptic ulcer	382	103	171	109	278	78	125	75	104	(*)	45	34
Hernia	489	. 77	180	231	363	56	124	182	126	(*)	56	49
Other conditions of												
digestive system	769	141	302	326	321	60	117	143	448	81	184	183
Conditions of geni-												
tourinary system	838	227	290	321	340	40	100	200	498	187	189	121
Arthritis and												
rheumatism	2,416	188	907	1,322	997	84	384	529	1,419	103	523	792
Other diseases of muscles, bones,												
and joints	549	218	252	79	319	130	152	38	230	88	100	42
Visual impairments	896	104	200	592	453	70	113	270	443	35	87	322
Hearing impairments-	316	64	62	191	204	39	. 46	120	112	(*)	(*)	71
Paralysis, complete or partial	601	170	181	250	359	110	116	133	242	60	65	117
Impairments (except	001	170	101	2,50	555	110	110	133	242	00	65	11/
paralysis) of back												
or spine	957	375	374	208	538	226	211	101	419	149	163	107
Impairments (except										i i		
paralysis and absence) of upper	1									1		
extremities and					<i></i>							,
shoulders	311	94	122	95	196	75	74	47	115	(*)	48	48
Impairments (except	1											
paralysis and										1		
absence) of lower extremities and							۰.			1		
hips	933	247	311	376	550	184	179	187	383	62	132	189
-							L		L	L	L	

<sup>1</sup>Major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or go to school.

 $^{2}$ Summations of conditions causing limitation may be greater than the number of persons limited because a person can report more than one condition as a cause of his limitation; on the other hand, they may be less because only selected conditions are shown.

# Table 4. Percent distribution of persons reported as limited in their major activity<sup>1</sup> due to selected chronic conditions, by sex and age: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix I]

	<u> </u>	Both	sexes			Ma	le			Fen	ale	
Selected chronic conditions	All ages	Under 45	45-64	65+	All ages	Under 45	45-64	65+	All ages	Under 45	45-64	65+
Persons with												
chronic activity limitation af-				. •	Perce	ent dis	tributi	on <sup>2</sup>				
fecting major activity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Tuberculosis, all										(1)	(1)	(4)
forms Malignant neoplasms- Benign and unspec-	1.0	1.3 (*)	1.4 1.8	(*) 1.4	1.4	1.7 (*)	2.0 1.6	(*) 1.2	0.5 1.6	(*) (*)	(*) 2.1	(*) 1.6
ified neoplasms	1.3	2.1	1.4	0.8	0.8	. ( <b>*</b> )	(*)	(*) <sup>.</sup>	1.9	3.4	2.0	(*)
Asthma-hay fever	4.7	5.8	5.2	3.7	5.7	6.2	6.1	5.0	3.6	5.3	4.1	2.2
Diabetes Mental and nervous	2.6	1.0	3.2	3.0	2.3	(*)	2.8	2.6	2.9	(*)	3.7	3.6
conditions	7.0	.8.6	7.8	5.4	5.7	7.7	6.4	3.8	8.6	9.7	9.4	7.3
Heart conditions High blood pressure-	18.2	6.1 2.1	20.3	23.7	18.8 4.9	6.2 (*)	22.4 5.6	23.3	17.5 10.0	6.0 3.0	17.9 10.7	24.2 13.6
Varicose veins	2.3	1.8	2.9	2.0	1.1	(*)	1.3	1.4	3.6	3.3	4.7	2.8
Hemorrhoids	1.6	1.4	2.1	1.2	1.8	. (*)	2.6	1.4,	1.3	(*)	1.6	(*)
Other conditions of circulatory sys-				,								.,
tem	4.4	2.6	3.5	6.1	4.2	(*)	3.4	6.6	4.5	3.9	3.6	5.6
Chronic sinusitis					ĺ							
and bronchitis Other conditions of respiratory sys-	2.5	2.0	3.0	2.3	2.4	1.8	3.0	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.9	2.2
tem	2.2	1.7	2.5	2.2	3.2	2.0	3.9	3.3	1.1	(*)	(*)	(*)
Peptic ulcer	2.7	2.9	3.6	1.9	3.7	4.2	4.9	2.4	1.6	(*)	2.0	1.2
Hernia	3.4	2.2	3.8	3.9	4.8	3.0	4.8	5.8	1.9	(*)	2.5	1.8
Other conditions of digestive system	5.4	4.0	6.3	5.6	4.2	3.2	4.5	4.6	6.7	4.8	8.3	6.7
Conditions of geni-												
tourinary system Arthritis and	5.9	6.4	6.1	5.5	4.5	2.1	3.9	6.4	7.5	11.1	8.5	4.4
rheumatism Other diseases of	17.0	5.3	18.9	22.5	13.2	4.5	14.9	- 17.0	21.4	6.1	23.6	28.9
muscles, bones,								1				
and joints	3.9	6.1	5.3	1.3	4.2	6.9	5.9	1.2	3.5	5.2	4.5	1.5
Visual impairments	6.3	2.9	4.2	10.1	6.0	3.7	4.4	8.7	6.7	2.1	3.9	11.7
Hearing impairments-	2.2	1.8	1.3	3.3	2.7	2.1	1.8	3.8	1.7	(*)	(*)	2.6
Paralysis, complete or partial	4.2	. 4.8	3.8	4.3	4.7	5.9	4.5	4.3	3.6	3.6	2.9	4.3
Impairments (except paralysis) of back					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
or spine	6.7	10.5	7.8	3.5	7.1	12.0	8.2	3.2	6.3	8.8	7.4	3.9
Impairments (except paralysis and												
absence) of upper extremities and	· .											•
shoulders Impairments (except	2.2	2.6	2.5	1.6	2.6	.4.0	2.9	1.5	1.7	(*)	2.2	1.7
paralysis and absence) of lower			· ·					1			· ·	
extremities and	1	,										
h1ps	6.6	6.9	6.5	6.4	7.3	9.8	6.9	6.0	5.8	3.7	6.0	6.9

<sup>1</sup>Major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or go to school.

<sup>2</sup>Percentages may add to more than 100 because a person can report more than one condition as a cause of his limitation; on the other hand, they may add to less than 100 because only selected conditions are shown.

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Table 5. Average number and percent distribution of persons reported as limited in their major activity<sup>1</sup> due to selected chronic conditions, by duration of limitation: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Selected chronic	All persons with		on of 1 wajor ac	imitati tivity	on of	All persons		on of 1 ajor ac	imitati tivity	on of
conditions	limitation of major activity	Under 1 year	1-4 yeårs	5 <del>1</del> years	Un- known	with limitation of major activity	Under 1 year	1-4 years	5 <del>1</del> years	Un- known
Persons with chronic activity limitation af- fecting major		number d lition in			1	Pe:	rcent di	stribut:	Lon	
activity	14,217	2,086	5,419	5,953	759	100.0	14.7	38.1	41.9	5.3
Tuberculosis, all										
forms	140	(*)	55	70	( <b>*</b> )	100.0	(*)	39.3	50.0	(*)
Malignant neoplasms	195	73	73	46	(*)	100.0	37.4	37.4	23.6	(*)
Benign and unspecified				,-						
neoplasms	188	74	65	48	(*)	100.0	39.4	34.6	25.5	(*)
Asthma-hay fever	673	63	245	332	33	100.0	9.4	36.4	49.3	4.9
Diabetes	365	40	153	161	(*)	100.0	11.0	41.9	44.1	(*)
Mental and nervous										
conditions	998	126	412	422	38	100.0	12.6	41.3	42.3	3.8
Heart conditions	2,582	351	1,135	1,031	65	100.0	13.6	44.0	39.9	2.5
High blood pressure	1,034	124	437	443	30	100.0	12.0	42.3	42.8	2.9
Varicose veins	320	36	115	157	(*)	100.0	11.3	35.9	49.1	(*)
Hemorrhoids	221	37	85	90	(*)	100.0	16.7	38.5	40.7	(*)
Other conditions of					. ,					
circulatory system	620	79	253	269	(*)	100.0	12.7	40.8	43.4	(*)
Chronic sinusitis and										
bronchitis	349	(*)	133	174	(*)	100.0	(*)	38.1	49.9	(*)
Other conditions of								1		
respiratory system	312	39	130	136	(*)	100.0	12.5	41.7	43.6	(*)
Peptic ulcer	382	59	148	165	(*)	100.0	15.4	38.7	43.2	(*)
Hernia	489	75	185	216	(*)	100.0	15.3	37.8	44.2	(*)
Other conditions of digestive system	769	104	296	334	35	100.0	13.5	38.5	43.4	4.6
	101	104	2,0	554	55	100.0	13.5	50.5		
Conditions of geni- tourinary system	838	130	348	329	31	100.0	15.5	41.5	39.3	3.7
Arthritis and rheu-		130	540	525	31	100.0	T2"2	41.5	39.3	5.7
matism	2,416	184	960	1,199	73	100.0	7.6	39.7	49.6	3.0
Other diseases of				•						
muscles, bones, and										
joints	549	99	201	232	(*)	100.0	18.0	36.6	42.3	(*)
Visual impairments	896	71	323	458	44	100.0	7.9	36.0	51.1	4.9
Hearing impairments	316	(*)	86	191	(*)	100.0	(*)	27.2	60.4	(*)
Paralysis, complete or										
partial Impairments (except	601	, <b>68</b>	220	285	(*)	100.0	11.3	36.6	47.4	. (*)
paralysis) of back or										
spine	957	109	366	451	32	100.0	11.4	38.2	47.1	3.3
Impairments (except										
paralysis and					.'					
absence) of upper										
extremities and shoulders	311	36	99	167	(*)	100.0	11.6	21 0	53.7	14
Impairments (except		20	77	101	(~)	100.0	11.0	31.8	JJ./	(*)
paralysis and										
absence) of lower										
extremities and hips-	933	89	307	493	44	100.0	9.5	32.9	52.8	4.7
• -		_								

 $^1{\rm Major}$  activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or go to school.

<sup>2</sup>Summations of conditions causing limitation may be greater than the number of persons limited because a person can report more than one condition as a cause of his limitation; on the other hand, they may be less because only selected conditions are shown.

# Table 6. Average number of persons reported as limited in their major activity1 due to selected<br/>chronic conditions, by usual activity status: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

		Usual ac	tivity st	atus	
Selected chronic conditions	All activities <sup>2</sup>	Usually working	Keeping house	Retired	Other (age-17+)
	Average	number of			ition
		in t	housands <sup>3</sup>	3	
Persons with chronic activity limita- tion affecting major activity	14,217	3,975	4,185	3,505	2,012
Tuberculosis, all forms	140	· 33	(*)	(*)	. 54
Malignant neoplasms	195	44	55	49	4
Benign and unspecified neoplasms	188	53	86	(*)	(*)
Asthma-hay fever	673	189	154	169	9
Diabetes	365	82	127	112	. 4
Mental and nervous conditions	998	229	376	176	19
leart conditions	2,582	541	787	896	33
ligh blood pressure	1,034	194	484	250	10
aricose veins	320	67	178	50	(*
lemorrhoids	221	99	54	38	3
Other conditions of circulatory system	620	112	171	241	8
Chronic sinusitis and bronchitis	349	104	105	84	- 3
Other conditions of respiratory system	312	91	38	112	5
Peptic ulcer	382	161	72	79	6
lernia	489	183	79	162	5
Other conditions of digestive system	769	177	308	169	9
Conditions of genitourinary system	838	177	354	210	. 8
Arthritis and rheumatism	2,416	492	1,010	642	. 26
Other diseases of muscles, bones, and			-		
joints	549	245	153	58	8
Visual impairments	896	124	219	371	15
learing impairments	316	63	. 35	150	4
Paralysis, complete or partial Impairments (except paralysis) of back or	601	75	80	210	17
spine	957	433	285	114	12
of upper extremities and shoulders Impairments (except paralysis and absence)	· 311	124	- 78	50	5
of lower extremities and hips	933	301	220	225	15

<sup>1</sup>Major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or go to school.

<sup>2</sup>Data for preschool and school age children are included in the total, but are not shown separately because of high sampling error.

<sup>3</sup>Summations of conditions causing limitation may be greater than the number of persons limited because a person can report more than one condition as a cause of his limitation; on the other hand, they may be less because only selected conditions are shown.

#### Table 7. Percent distribution of persons reported as limited in their major activity<sup>1</sup> due to selected chronic conditions, by usual activity status: United States, July 1959-June 1961

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

		Usual ac	tivity st	atus	
Selected chronic conditions	All 2 activities	Usually working	Keeping house	Retired	Other (age-17+)
		Percent	distribu	ution <sup>3</sup>	
Persons with chronic activity limita-		rercent	distibu	CTO!!	
tion affecting major activity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Tuberculosis, all forms	1.0	0.8	(*)	(*)	2.7
Malignant neoplasms	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.4	2.1
Benign and unspecified neoplasms	1.3	1.3	2.1	(*)	(*)
Asthma-hay fever	4.7	4.8	3.7	4.8	4.6
Diabetes	2.6	2.1	3.0	3.2	2.0
Mental and nervous conditions	7.0	5.8	9.0	5.0	9.6
Heart conditions	18.2	13.6	18.8	25.6	16.7
High blood pressure	7.3	4.9	11.6	7.1	5.2
Varicose veins	2.3	1.7	4.3	1.4	(*)
Hemorrhoids	1.6	2.5	1.3	1.1	1.5
Other conditions of circulatory system	4.4	2.8	4.1	6.9	4.0
Chronic sinusitis and bronchitis	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.4	1.6
Other conditions of respiratory system	2.2	2.3	0.9	3.2	2.6
Peptic ulcer	2.7.	4.1	1.7	2.3	3.4
Hernia	3.4	4.6	1.9	4.6	2.6
Other conditions of digestive system	5.4	4.5	7.4	4.8	4.9
Conditions of genitourinary system	5.9	4.5	8.5	6.0	4.4
Arthritis and rheumatism	17.0	12.4	24.1	18.3	13.4
Other diseases of muscles, bones, and	3.9	6.2			4.1
joints			3.7	1.7 10.6	4.1
Visual impairments Hearing impairments	6.3	3.1	0.8	4.3	2.3
Hearing impairments	2.2	1.0	0.0	4.5	. 2.3
Paralysis, complete or partial Impairments (except paralysis) of back or	4.2	1.9	1.9	6.0	8.8
spine	6.7	10.9	6.8	3.3	6.0
Impairments (except paralysis and absence) of upper extremities and shoulders	2.2	3.1	1.9	1.4	2.7
Impairments (except paralysis and absence) of lower extremities and hips	6.6	7.6	5.3	6.4	· 7.7

<sup>1</sup>Major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or go to school.

<sup>2</sup>Data for preschool and school age children are included in the total, but are not shown separately because of high sampling error.

<sup>3</sup>Summations of conditions causing limitation may be greater than the number of persons limited because a person can report more than one condition as a cause of his limitation; on the other hand, they may be less because only selected conditions are shown.

Table 8. Average number of persons reported as limited in their major activity<sup>1</sup> due to selected chronic conditions, by usual activity status and duration of limitation: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey designs, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix I]

				Usual act	ivity sta	tus		<u>.</u>	
	Usual1	y working	5	Keepi	ng house		Re	tired	
Selected chronic conditions	Persons with limitation		Duration of limitation <sup>2</sup>		Duration of limitation <sup>2</sup>		Persons with limitation	Durati limita	
	of major activity	Under 5 years	5+ years	limitation of major activity	Under 5 years	5+ years	of major activity	Under 5 years	5+ years
Persons with chronic activity limitation af- fecting major		Averag	e numbe	r of persons	with con	dition	in thousands	8	
activity	3,975	2,053	1,741	4,185	2,395	1,569	3,505	1,675	1,650
Tuberculosis, all	·	· ·				×			
forms Malignant neoplasms Benign and unspec-	33 44	(*) 39	(*) (*)	(*) 55	(*) 41	(*) (*)	(*) 49	(*) 33	(*) (*)
ified neoplasms	53	40	(*)	86	68	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)
Asthma-hay fever Diabetes	189 82	69 41	111 37	154 127	· 79 66	69 55	169	78	87
Mental and nervous conditions	229	126	100	376	210	150	112 176	64 88	48 80
Heart conditions	541	335	196	787	457	306	896	466	407
High blood pressure	194	118	74	484	267	200	250	123	120
Varicose veins	67	(*)	39	178	93	76	50	(*)	(*)
Hemorrhoids	99	56	40	54	33	(*)	38	(*)	(*)
Other conditions of circulatory system-	112	65	44	171	93	71	. <sup>.</sup> 241	117	121
Chronic sinusitis and bronchitis Other conditions of	104	43	58	105	45	56	84	_43	<sup>-</sup> 36
respiratory system-	91	53	35	38	(*)	(*)	112	49	61
Peptic ulcer	161	80	77	72	46	(*)	79	41	37
Hernia	183	96	78	7 <del>9</del>	47.	32	162	75	86
Other conditions of digestive system	177	86	85	308	167	127	169	74	. 88
Conditions of geni- tourinary system Arthritis and rheu-	177	101	71	354	207	133	210	99	102
matism Other diseases of	492	228	250	1,010	503	472	642	278	345
muscles, bones, and	• •			、					
joints	245	114	122	153	97	51	58	(*)	32
Visual impairments Hearing impairments	124 63	49 (*)	65 45	219 35	110 (*)	98 (*)	. 371 150	152 52	204 87
Paralysis, complete or partial Impairments (except	75	31	. 38	80	37	40	210	115	91
paralysis) of back or spine Impairments (except paralysis and	433	200	222	285	151	122	114	55	56
absence) of upper extremities and shoulders Impairments (except paralysis) and ab-	124	47	• 72	78	38	40	50	(*)	(*)
sence) of lower ex- tremities and hips	301	. 104	176	220	111	101	225	86	130

<sup>1</sup>Major activity refers to ability to work, keep bouse, or go to school.

<sup>2</sup>When limitations by duration do not add to the total estimate shown, the difference represents limitations of unknown duration.

<sup>3</sup>Summations of conditions causing limitation may be greater than the number of persons limited because a person can report more than one condition as a cause of his limitation; on the other hand, they may be less because only selected conditions are shown.

Table 9. Percent distribution of persons reported as limited in their major activity<sup>1</sup>due to selected chronic conditions, by usual activity status and duration of limitation: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population, The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

				Usual act	ivity sta	tus			
	Usuall	y working		Keepi	ng house		Re	tired	
Selected chronic conditions	Persons with	Durati limita		Persons with	Durati limita		Persons with	Durati limita	
•	limitation of major activity	Under 5 years	5+ years	limitation of major activity	Under 5 years	5+ years	limitation of major activity	Under 5 years	5+ years
		L			L		·		
Persons with chronic activity limitation af-	· , .		P	ercent distr	ibution			, ·	
fecting major activity	100.0	51.6	43.8	100.0	57.2	37.5	100.0	47.8	47.1
Tuberculosis, all									. —
forms Malignant neoplasms Benign and unspec-	100.0 100.0	(*) 88.6	(*) (*)	100.0 100.0	(*) 74.5	(*) (*)	100.0 100.0	(*) 67.3	(*) . (*)
ified neoplasms	100.0	75.5	(*)	100.0	79.1	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)
Asthma-hay fever	100.0	36.5	58.7	100.0	51.3	44.8	100.0	46.2	51.5
Diabetes Mental and nervous	100.0	50.0	45.1	100.0	52.0	43.3	100.0	57.1	42.9
conditions	<sup>′</sup> 100.0	55.0	43.7	100.0	55.9	39.9	100.0	50.0	45.5
Heart conditions	100.0	61.9	36.2	100.0	58.1	38.9	100.0	52.0	45.4
High blood pressure	100.0	60.8	38.1	100.0	55.2	41.3	100.0	49.2	48.0
Varicose veins	100.0	(*)	58.2	100.0	52.2	42.7	100.0	(*)	(*)
Hemorrhoids	100.0	56.6	40.4	100.0	61.1	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)
Other conditions of circulatory system	100.0	58.0.	39.3	100.0	54.4	41.5	100.0	48.5	50.2
Chronic sinusitis and bronchitis	100.0	41.3	55.8	100.0	42.9	53.3	100.0	51.2	42.9
Other conditions of	100.0	58.2	38.5	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	43.8	54.5
respiratory system Peptic ulcer	100.0	49.7	47.8	100.0	63.9	(*)	100.0	43.8	46.8
Hernia	100.0	52.5	47.6	100.0	59.5	40.5	100.0	46.3	53.1
Other conditions of	100.0	52.5	72.0	100.0	5715	-0.5	100.0	40.5	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
digestive system	ʻ 100 <b>.</b> 0	48.6	48.0	100.0	54.2	41.2	100.0	43.8	52.1
Conditions of geni- tourinary system	100.0	57.1	40.1	100.0	58.5	37.6	100.0	47.1	48.6
Arthritis and rheu-	1 100 0	46.2	50.0	100.0	.0 0	1.4 7	100.0	(1)	62.7
matism Other diseases of	100.0	46.3	50.8	100.0	49.8	46.7	100.0	43.3	53.7
muscles, bones, and joints	100.0	46.5	49.8	100.0	63.4	33.3	100.0	(*)	55.2
Visual impairments	100.0	39.5	52.4	100.0	50.2	44.7	100.0	41.0	55.0
Hearing impairments	100.0	(*)	71.4	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	34.7	58.0
Paralysis, complete or partial	100.0	41.3	50.7	100.0	46.3	50.0	100.0	54.8	43.3
Impairments (except paralysis) of back		16.2		100.0		(0.0	100.0		(0.5
or spine Impairments (except paralysis and absence) of upper	100.0	46.2	51.3	100.0	53.0	42.8	100.0	48.2	49.1
extremities and shoulders Impairments (except paralysis and absence) of lower	100.0	37.9	58.1	100.0	48.7	51.3	100.0	(*)	(*)
absence) of lower extremities and hips	100.0	34.6	58.5	100.0	50.5	45.9	100.0	38.2	57.8

 $^{1}$ Major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or go to school.

 $^2$ Where percentage distribution does not add to 100 percent, the difference represents limitations of unknown duration.

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Table 10. Total population and average number and percent distribution of persons with limitation of activity due to chronic conditions, by degree of limitation, according to sex and age: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

				Persons wi	th 1+ chronic	conditions	
Sex and age	A11 persons	Persons with no chronic conditions	Total	With no limitation of activity	With limitation, but not in major activity <sup>1</sup>	With limitation in amount or kind of major	Unable to carry on major activity <sup>1</sup>
				l		activity <sup>1</sup>	
Both sexes		Av	erage nu	mber of perso	ns in thousan	nds	
All ages	176,302	102,453	73,849	54,577	5,056	10,243	3,974
Under 17 17-44 45-64 65+	61,911 63,068 35,989 15,334	50,795 34,473 13,921 3,265	11,116 28,596 22,068 12,070	9,996 23,943 15,475 5,162	580 1,630 1,803 1,043	407 2,600 3,745 3,491	133 422 1,045 2,374
Male		1		•			
All ages	85,776	51,024	34,751	25,221	1,957	4,915	2,658
Under 17 17-44 45-64 65+	31,565 29,951 17,361 6,898	25,454 17,061 7,004 1,505	6,111 12,890 10,357 5,394	5,487 10,692 7,085 1,956	323 623 695 316	225 1,324 1,805 1,561	75 252 772 1,559
Female	,						
All ages	90,526	51,429	39,098	29,357	3,098	5,328	1,315
Under 17 17-44 45-64 65+	30,346 33,117 18,628 8,436	6,917	5,005 15,706 ,11,710 6,676	4,509 13,253 8,389 3,205	257 1,007 1,108 727	182 1,276 1,940 1,930	57 171 273 814
<u>Both</u> sexes			P	ercent distri	bution		·
All ages	100.0	58.1	41.9	31.0	2.9	5.8	2.3
Under 17 17-44 45-64 65+	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	82.0 54.7 38.7 21.3	18.0 45.3 61.3 78.7	16.1 38.0 43.0 33.7	0.9 2.6 5.0 6.8	0.7 4.1 10.4 22.8	0.2 0.7 2.9 15.5
Male							
All ages	100.0	59.5	40.5	29.4	2.3	5.7	3.1
Under 17 17-44 45-64 65+	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	80.6 57.0 40.3 21.8	19.4 43.0 59.7 78.2	17.4 35.7 40.8 28.4	1.0 2.1 4.0 4.6	0.7 4.4 10.4 22.6	0.2 0.8 4.4 22.6
Female		1					
All ages	<u>100.0</u>	56.8	43.2	32.4	3.4	5.9	1.5
Under 17 17-44 45-64 65+	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	83.5 52.6 37.1 20.9	16.5 47.4 62.9 79.1	14.9 40.0 45.0 38.0	0.8 3.0 5.9 8.6	0.6 3.9 10.4 22.9	0.2 0.5 1.5 9.6

NOTE: For official population estimates for more general use, see Bureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States, in <u>Current Population Reports</u>: Series P-20, P-25, and P-60.

 $1_{Major}$  activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or go to school.

# Table 11. Total population and average number and percent distribution of persons with limitation of mobility due to chronic conditions, by degree of limitation, according to sex and age: United States, July 1959-June 1961

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II

	1	<u>,</u>					
		<b>D</b>	Pe	ersons with	1+ chror	nic condi	tions
Sex and age	All persons	Persons with no chronic conditions	Total	Not limited in mobility	Has trouble getting around alone	Cannot get around alone	Confined to house
Both sexes		Average	number	of persons	in thous	ands	
All ages	176,302	102,453	73,849	69,083	2,843	1,008	915
Under 17 17-44 45-64 65+	61,911 63,068 35,989 15,334	50,795 34,473 13,921 3,265	11,116 28,596 22,068 12,070	10,917 28,086 20,736 9,343	- 327 915 1,523	72 97 220 619	50 85 196 584
Male				,			-
All ages	85,776	51,024	34,751	32,648	1,425	306	374
Under 17 17-44 45-64 65+	31,565 29,951 17,361 6,898	25,454 17,061 7,004 1,505	6,111 12,890 10,357 5,394	6,009 12,630 9,697 4,311	34 181 495 716	37 41 72 156	31 39 94 211
Female							
All ages	90,526	51,429	39,098	36,435	1,418	703	542
Under 17 17-44 45-64 65+	30,346 33,117 18,628 8,436	25,340 17,412 6,917 1,760	5,005 15,706 11,710 6,676	4,908 15,456 11,039 5,032	43 147 421 807	35 56 148 464	(*) 47 103 373
Both sexes			Perce	nt distrib	ution (		
All ages	100.0	58.1	41.9	39.2	1.6	0.6	0.5
Under 17 17-44 45-64 65 <del>1</del>	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	82.0 54.7 38.7 21.3	18.0 45.3 61.3 78.7	17.6 44.5 57.6 60.9	0.1 0.5 2.5 9.9	0.1 0.2 0.6 4.0	0.1 0.1 0.5 3.8
Male							
All ages	100.0	59.5	40.5	38.1	1.7	0.4	0.4
Under 17 17-44 45-64 65+	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	80.6 57.0 40.3 21.8	19.4 43.0 59.7 78.2	19.0 42.2 55.9 62.5	0.1 0.6 2.9 10.4	0.1 0.1 0.4 2.3	0.1 0.1 0.5 3.1
Female							• .
All ages	100.0	56.8	43.2	40.2	1.6	0.8	0.6
Under 17 17-44 45-64 65+	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	83.5 52.6 37.1 20.9	16.5 47.4 62.9 79.1	16.2 46.7 59.3 59.6	0.1 0.4 2.3 9.6	0.1 0.2 0.8 5.5	(*) 0.1 0.6 4.4

NOTE: For official population estimates for more general use, see Bureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States, in <u>Current Population Reports</u>: Series P-20, P-25, and P-60.

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Table 12. Total population and average number of persons with limitation of activity due to chronic conditions, by degree of limitation, usual activity status, and sex: United States, July 1959-June 1961

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II

				Persons w	Lth 1+ chronic	conditions	- a
Usual activity status and sex	All persons	Persons with no chronic conditions	Total	With no limitation of activity	With limitation, but not in major activity <sup>1</sup>	With limitation in amount or kind of major activity <sup>1</sup>	Unable to carry on major activity <sup>1</sup>
<u>All activities</u>		Av	erage nu	mber of perso	ons in thousan	ds	•
Both sexes	176,302	102,453	73,849	54,577	5,056	10,243	3,974
Male Female	85,776 90,526	51,024 51,429	34,751 39,098	25,221 29,357		4,915 5,328	2,658 1,315
Preschool and school age						Υ.	
Both sexes	61,911	50,795	11,116	9,996	580	407	133
Male Female	31 <sup>-</sup> ,565 30,346	25,454 25,340	6,111 5,005	5,487 4,509	323 257	225 182	75 57
<u>Usually working</u>		• •			· ·		
Both sexes	61,690	30,982	30,708	24,911	1,823	3,662	313
Male Female	42,838 18,852	21,396 9,586	21,442 9,266	17,115 7,796	1,278 545	2,813 849	237 76
Keeping house							· · ·
Female	36,656	14,361	22,296	15,938	2,173	3,872	313
Retired							
Both sexes	6,197	1,109	5,087	1,325	258	1,398	2,107
Male Female	5,109 1,087	927 183	4,183 905	1,126 199		1,185 213	1,666 440
<u>Other</u>						÷	· · ·
Both sexes	9,848	5,207	4,642	2,407	223	903	1,109
Male Female	6,263 3,585	3,247 1,959	3,016 1,626	1,492 915		692 212	680 429

NOTE: For official population estimates for more general use, see Bureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States, in <u>Current Population Reports</u>: Series P-20, P-25, and P-60.

<sup>1</sup>Major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or go to school.

Table 13. Percent distribution of persons with limitation of activity due to chronic conditions, by degree of limitation, according to usual activity status and sex: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · ·		Persons wi	th 1+ chronic	conditions	
Usual activity status and sex	All persons	Persons with no chronic conditions	Total	With no limitation of activity	With limitation, but not in major activity <sup>1</sup>	With limitation in amount or kind of major activity <sup>1</sup>	Unable to carry on major activity <sup>1,</sup>
<u>All activities</u>			P	ercent distri	bution		
Both sexes	100.0	58.1	41.9	31.0	2.9	5.8	2.3
Male Female	100.0 100.0	59.5 56.8	40.5 43.2	29.4 32.4	2.3 3.4	5.7 5.9	3.1 1.5
Preschool and school age							
Both sexes	100.0	82.0	18.0	16.1	0.9	0.7	0.2
Male Female	100.0 100.0	80.6 83.5	19.4 16.5	17.4 14.9	1.0 0.8	0.7 0.6	0.2
Usually working							
Both sexes	100.0	50.2	49.8	40.4	3.0	5.9	0.5
Male Female	100.0 100.0	49.9 50.8	50.1 49.2	40.0 41.4	3.0 2.9	6.6 4.5	0.6 0.4
Keeping house							
Female	100.0	39.2	60.8	43.5	5.9	10.6	0.9
Retired							
Both sexes	100.0	17.9	82.1	21.4	4.2	22.6	34.0
Male Female	100.0 100.0	18.1 16.8	81.9 83.3	22.0 18.3	4.0 4.9	23.2 19.6	32.6 40.5
Other	-						
Both sexes	100.0	52.9	47.1	24.4	2.3	9.2	11.3
Male Female	100.0 100.0	51.8 54.6	48.2 45.4	23.8 25.5	2.4 2.0	11.0 5.9	10.9 12.0

NOTE: For official population estimates for more general use, see Bureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States, in <u>Current Population Reports</u>: Series P-20, P-25, and P-60.

<sup>1</sup>Major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or go to school.

Table 14. Total population and average number of persons with limitation of mobility due to chronic conditions, by degree of limitation, usual activity status, and sex: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

			Persons with 1+ chronic conditions						
Usual activity status and sex	A11 persons	Persons with no chronic conditions	Total	Not limited in mobility	Has trouble getting around alone	Cannot get around alone	Confined to house		
All activities	• ,	Average	number	of persons	in thous	ands			
Both sexes	176,302	102,453	73,849	69,083	2,843	1,008	915		
Male Female	85,776 90,526	51,024 51,429	34,751 39,098	32,648 36,435	1,425 1,418	306 703	374 542		
Preschool and school age							· ·		
Both sexes	61,911	50,795	11,116	10,917	77	72	50		
Male Female	31,565 30,346	25,454 25,340	6,111 5,005	6,009 4,908	34 43	37 35	31 (*)		
Usually working									
Both sexes	61,690	30,982	30,708	30,143	453	46	67		
Male Female	42,838 18,852	21,396 9,586	21,442 9,266	21,015 9,129	350 103	31 (*)	47 (*)		
Keeping house		:							
Female	36,656	14,361	22,296	20,785	<u>987:</u>	349	176		
Both sexes	6,197	1,109	5,087	3,491	902	328	367		
Male Female	5,109 1,087	927 183	4,183 905	3,075 415	730 172	167 161	211 156		
Other					-				
Both sexes	.9,848	5,207	4,642	3,747	425	214	. 256		
Male Female	6,263 3,585	3,247 1,959	3,016 1,626	2,548 1,198	311 113	72 143	85 171		

NOTE: For official population estimates for more general use, see Bureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States, in <u>Current Population Reports</u>: Series P-20, P-25, and P-60.

#### Table 15. Percent distribution of persons with limitation of mobility due to chronic conditions, by degree of limitation, according to usual activity status and sex: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II

			Pe	rsons with	1+ chron	ic condi	tions
Usual activity status and sex	All persons	Persons with no chronic conditions	Total	Not limited in mobility	Has trouble getting around alone	Cannot get around alone	Confined to house
All activities			Percen	t distribu	tion		
Both sexes	100.0	58.1	41.9	39.2	1.6	0.6	0.5
Male Female	100.0 100.0	59.5 56.8	40.5 43.2	38.1 40.2	1.7 1.6	0.4 0.8	0.4 0.6
Preschool and school age							
Both sexes	100.0	82.0	18.0	17.6	0.1	0.1	0.1
Male Female	100.0 100.0	80.6 83.5	19.4 16.5	19.0 16.2	0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1	0.1 (*)
Usually working							
Both sexes	100.0	50.2	49.8	48.9	0.7	0.1	0.1
Male Female	100.0 100.0	49.9 50.8	50.1 49.2	49.1 48.4	0.8 0.5	0.1 (*)	0.1 (*)
Keeping house							· · ·
Female	100.0	39.2	60.8	56.7	2.7	1.0	0.5
Retired					-		<b>`</b> .
Both sexes	100.0	17.9	82.1	56.3	14.6	5.3	5.9
Male Female	100.0 100.0	18.1 16.8	81.9 83.3	60.2 38.2	14.3 15.8	3.3 14.8	4.1 14.4
<u>Other</u>							
Both sexes	100.0	52.9	47.1	38.0	4.3	2.2	2.6
Male Female	100.0 100.0	51.8 54.6	48.2 45.4	40.7 33.4	5.0 3.2	1.1 4.0	1.4 4.8

NOTE: For official population estimates for more general use, see Bureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States, in <u>Current Population Reports</u>: Series P-20, P-25, and P-60.

#### APPENDIX I

#### TECHNICAL NOTES ON METHODS

#### Background of This Report

This report on <u>Chronic Conditions Causing Lim-</u> <u>itation of Activities</u> is one of a series of statistical reports prepared by the U. S. National Health Survey. It is based on information collected in a continuing nationwide sample of households in the Health Interview Survey, a major aspect of the program.

The Health Interview Survey utilizes a questionnaire which, in addition to personal and demographic characteristics, obtains information on illnesses, injuries, chronic conditions and impairments, and other health topics. As data relating to each of these various broad topics are tabulated and analyzed, separate reports are issued which cover one or more of the specific topics. The present report is based on the consolidated sample for 104 weeks of interviewing during the period July 1959-June 1961.

The population covered by the sample for the Health Interview Survey is the civilian, noninstitutional population of the United States living at the time of the interview. The sample does not include members of the Armed Forces, U. S. nationals living in foreign countries, or crews of vessels.

#### Statistical Design of the Health Interview Survey

<u>General plan</u>.—The sampling plan of the survey follows a multistage probability design which permits a continuous sampling of the civilian, noninstitutional population of the United States. The first stage of this design consists of drawing a sample of 500 from the 1,900 geographically defined Primary Sampling Units (PSU's) into which the United States has been divided. A PSU is a county, a group of contiguous counties, or a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.

With no loss in general understanding, the remaining stages can be telescoped and treated in this discussion as an ultimate stage. Within PSU's then, ultimate stage units called segments are defined, also geographically, in such a manner that each segment contains an expected six households in the sample. Each week a random sample of about 120 segments is drawn. In the approximately 700 households in those segments, household members are interviewed concerning factors related to health.

Since the household members interviewed each week are a representative sample of the population, samples for successive weeks can be combined into larger samples. Thus, the design permits both continuous measurement of characteristics of high incidence or prevalence in the population, and through the larger consolidated samples, more detailed analysis of less common characteristics and smaller categories. The continuous collection has administrative and operational advantages as well as technical assets, since it permits field work to be handled with an experienced, stable staff.

Sample size and geographic detail.—Over the 24month period ending June 1961, the sample included approximately 250,000 persons from 76,000 households in 12,800 segments. The over-all sample was designed in such a fashion that tabulations can be provided for each of the major geographic regions and for urban and rural sectors of the United States.

<u>Collection of data</u>.—The field operations for the household survey are performed by the Bureau of the Census under specifications established by the Public Health Service. In accordance with these specifications the Bureau of the Census designs and selects the sample; conducts the field interviewing, acting as the collecting agent for the Public Health Service; and edits and codes the questionnaires. Tabulations are prepared by the Public Health Service using the Bureau of the Census electronic computers.

Estimating methods.—Each statistic produced by the survey—for example, the number of persons who are unable to carry on their major activity—is the result of two stages of ratio estimation. In the first of these, the factor is the ratio of the 1950 decennial population count to the 1950 estimated population in the U. S. National Health Survey's first-stage sample of PSU's. These factors are applied for some 50 color-residence classes.

Later, ratios of sample-produced estimates of the population to official Bureau of the Census figures for current population in about 60 age-sex-color classes are computed, and serve as second-stage factors for ratio estimating.

The effect of the ratio estimating process is to make the sample closely representative of the population by age, sex, color, and residence, thus reducing sampling variance.

As noted, each week's sample represents the population living during that week as well as characteristics of the population. Consolidation of samples over a time period, say a calendar quarter, produces estimates of average characteristics of the U. S. population for that calendar quarter.

For prevalence statistics, such as number of persons with one or more chronic conditions, figures are first calculated for each calendar quarter by averaging estimates for all weeks of interviewing in that quarter. Prevalence data for a year are then obtained by averaging the four quarterly figures.

#### General Qualifications

Nonresponse. -- Data were adjusted for nonresponse by a procedure which imputes to persons in a household which was not interviewed the characteristics of persons in households in the same segment which were interviewed. The total noninterview rate was 5 percent; 1 percent was refusal, and the remainder was primarily due to the failure to find any eligible household respondent after repeated trials.

The interview process.—The statistics presented in this report are based on replies secured in interviews of persons in the sampled households. Each person 17 years and over, available at the time of interview, was interviewed individually. Proxy respondents within the household were employed for children and for adults not available at the time of the interview, provided the respondent was closely related to the person about whom information was being obtained.

There are limitations to the accuracy of diagnostic and other information collected in household interviews. For diagnostic information, the household respondent can, at best, pass on to the interviewer only the information the physician has given to the family. For conditions not medically attended, diagnostic information is often no more than a description of symptoms. However, other types of facts such as those concerning the circumstances and consequences of illness or injury and the resulting action taken or sought by the individual can be obtained more accurately from household members than from any other source, since only the persons concerned are in a position to report all of this type of information.

<u>Rounding of numbers.</u>—The original tabulations on which the data in this report are based show all estimates to the nearest whole unit. All consolidations were made from the original tabulations using the estimates to the nearest unit. In the final published tables the figures are rounded to the nearest thousand, although they are not necessarily accurate to that detail. Derived statistics such as rates and percent distributions are computed after the estimates on which they are based have been rounded to the nearest thousand.

Population figures .- Some of the published tables include population figures for specified categories. Except for certain over-all totals by age and sex, which are adjusted to independent estimates, these figures are based on the sample of households in the U. S. National Health Survey. They are given primarily for the purpose of providing denominators for rate computation, and for this purpose are more appropriate for use with the accompanying measures of health characteristics than other population data that may be available. In some instances they will permit users to recombine published data into classes more suitable to their specific needs. With the exception of the over-all totals by age and sex, mentioned above, the population figures may in some cases differ from corresponding figures (which are derived from different sources) published in reports of the Bureau of the Census. For population data for general use, see the official estimates presented in Bureau of the Census reports in the P-20, P-25, and P-60 series.

#### **Reliability** of Estimates

Since the estimates are based on a sample, they will differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same schedules, instructions, and interviewing personnel and procedures. As in any survey, the results are also subject to measurement error.

The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variations that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population is surveyed. As calculated for this report, the standard error also reflects part of the variation which arises in the measurement process. It does not include estimates of any biases which might lie in the data. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it would be less than 2½ times as large.

The relative standard error of an estimate is obtained by dividing the standard error of the estimate by the estimate itself, and is expressed as a percentage of the estimate. Included in this Appendix are charts from which the relative standard errors can be determined for estimates shown in the report. In order to derive relative errors which would be applicable to a wide variety of health statistics and which could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. As a result, the charts provide an estimate of the approximate relative standard error rather than the precise error for any specific aggregate or percentage.

Three classes of statistics for the health survey are identified for purposes of estimating variances.

<u>Narrow range.</u>—This class consists of (1) statistics which estimate a population attribute, e.g., the number of persons with visual impairments, and (2) statistics for which the measure for a single individual for the period of reference is usually either 0 or 1, on occasion may take on the value 2, and very rarely, 3.

<u>Medium range</u>.—This class consists of other statistics for which the measure for a single individual for the period of reference will rarely lie outside the range 0 to 5.

<u>Wide range</u>.—This class consists of statistics for which the measure for a single individual for the period of reference frequently will range from 0 to a number in excess of 5, e.g., the number of days of work loss experienced during the year.

In addition to classifying variables according to whether they are narrow-, medium-, or wide-range, statistics in the survey are further defined as:

- <u>Type A</u>.—Statistics on prevalence, and incidence data for which the period of reference in the questionnaire is 12 months.
- <u>Type B.</u>—Incidence-type statistics for which the period of reference in the questionnaire is two weeks.

Only the charts on sampling error applicable to data contained in this report are presented. Those shown are charts for aggregates and percentages based on eight calendar quarters of data collection.

General rules for determining relative sampling errors.—The "guide" on page 28, together with the following rules, will enable the reader to determine approximate relative standard errors from the charts for estimates presented in this report.

Rule 1. Estimates of aggregates: Approximate relative standard errors of estimates of

aggregates, such as the number of persons with a given characteristic, are obtained from appropriate curves on page 29. The number of persons in the total U. S. population or in an age-sex class of the total population is adjusted to official Bureau of the Census figures and is not subject to sampling error.

Rule 2. Estimates of percentages in a percent distribution: Relative standard errors of percentages in a percent distribution of a total are obtained from appropriate curves

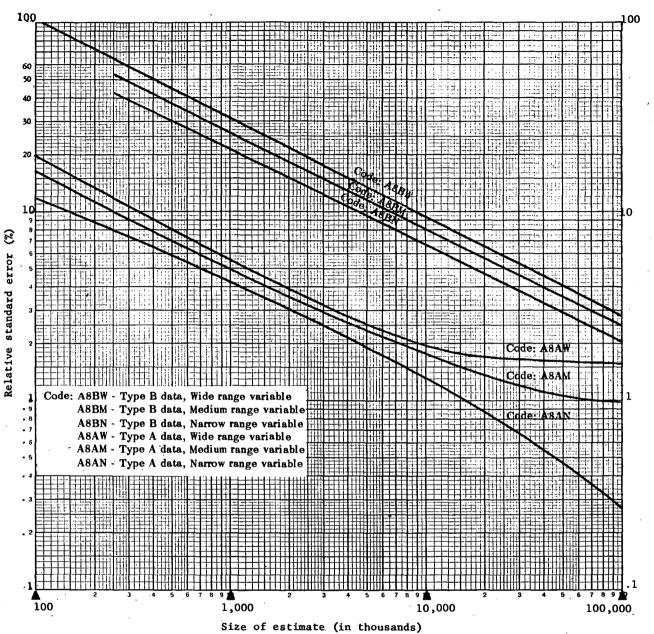
on page 30. For values which do not fall on one of the curves presented in the chart, visual interpolation will provide a satisfactory approximation.

- Rule 3. Estimates of rates where the numerator is a subclass of the denominator: (Not required for statistics presented in this report.)
- Rule 4. Estimates of rates where the numerator is not a subclass of the denominator: (Not required for statistics presented in this report.)

The code shown below identifies the appropriate curve to be used in estimating the relative standard error of the statistic described. The four components of each code describe the statistic as follows: (1) A = aggregate, P = percentage; (2) the number of calendar quarters of data collection; (3) the type of the statistic as described on page 26, and (4) the range of the statistic as described on page 26.

	•	Use:	
Statistic	Rule	Code on	page
Number of:			
Persons with limitation of activity and mobility, by characteristic	1	A8AN	29
Chronic conditions, by type	1	A8AN	29
Persons in the U. S. population, or total number of persons in any age-sex category	Not subj	ect to sampling error	
Percentage distribution of:			
Persons with limitation of activity and mobility, by characteristic	2	P8AN-M	30
Chronic conditions, by type	2	P8AN-M	30

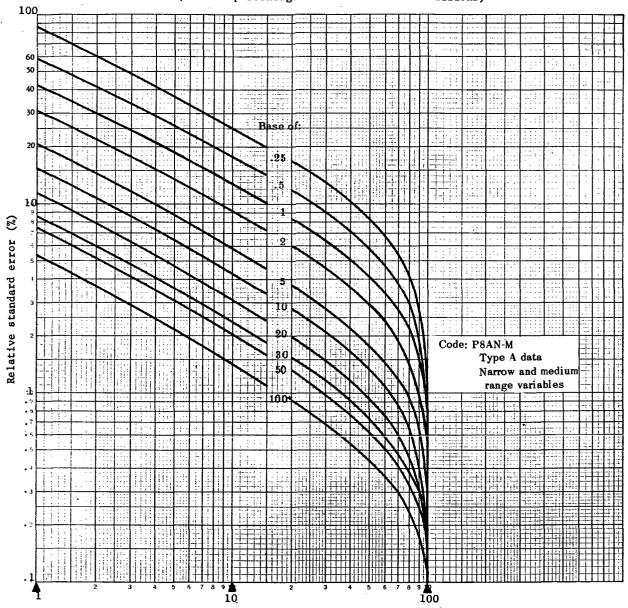
#### Relative standard errors for aggregates based on eight quarters of data collection for data of all types and ranges



pipe of operator (in thousands)

Example of use of chart: An aggregate of 5,000,000 (on scale at bottom of chart) for a Narrow range type A statistic (code: A8AN) has a relative standard error of 1.9 percent, read from scale at left side of chart, or a standard error of 95,000 (1.9 percent of 5,000,000). For a Wide range type B statistic (code: A8BW), an aggregate of 10,000,000 has a relative error of 9.3 percent or a standard error of 930,000 (9.3 percent of 10,000,000).

#### Relative standard errors for percentages based on eight quarters of data collection for type A data, Narrow and Medium range



(Base of percentage shown on curves in millions)

Estimated percentage

Example of use of chart: An estimate of 20 percent (on scale at bottom of chart) based on an estimate of 10,000,000 has a relative standard error of 2.8 percent (read from the scale at the left side of the chart), the point at which the curve for a base of 10,000,000 intersects the vertical line for 20 percent. The standard error in percentage points is equal to 20 percent X 2.8 percent or 0.56 percentage points.

### APPENDIX I

### DEFINITIONS OF CERTAIN TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

#### **Ferms Relating to Chronic Conditions**

Condition. - A morbidity condition, or simply a condition, is any entry on the questionnaire which describes a departure from a state of physical or mental well-being. It results from a positive response to one of a series of "illness-recall" questions. In the coding and tabulating process, conditions are selected or classified according to a number of different criteria, such as, whether they were medically attended; whether they resulted in disability: whether they were acute or chronic; or according to the type of disease, injury, impairment, or symptom reported. For the purposes of each published report or set of tables, only those conditions recorded on the questionnaire which satisfy certain stated criteria are included.

Conditions, except impairments, are coded by type according to the International Classification of Diseases with certain modifications adopted to make the code more suitable for a household-interview-type survey.

Chronic condition. — A condition is considered to be chronic if (1) it is described by the respondent in terms of one of the chronic diseases on the "Check List of Chronic Conditions" or in terms of one of the types of impairments on the "Check List of Impairments," or (2) the condition is described by the respondent as having been first noticed more than three months before the week of the interview.

Impairments .-- Impairments are chronic or permanent defects, usually static in nature, resulting from disease, injury, or congenital malformation. They represent decrease or loss of ability to perform various functions, particularly those of the musculoskeletal system and the sense organs. All impairments are classified by means of a special supplementary code for impairments. Hence, code numbers for impairments in the International Classification of Diseases are not used. In the Supplementary Code, impairments are groupedaccording to type of functional impairment and etiology.

Persons with chronic conditions.-The estimated number of persons with chronic conditions is based on the number of persons who at the time of the interview were reported to have one or more chronic conditions.

Prevalence of conditions.-In general, prevalence of conditions is the estimated number of conditions of a specified type existing at a specified time or the average number existing during a specified interval of time. The prevalence of chronic conditions is defined as the number of chronic cases reported to be present or assumed to be present at the time of the interview; those assumed to be present at the time of the interview are cases described by the respondent in terms of one of the chronic diseases on the "Check List of Chronic Conditions" and reported to have been present at some time during the 12-month period prior to the interview.

#### Terms Relating to Disability

Chronic activity limitation .- Persons with chronic conditions are classified into four categories according to the extent to which their activities are limited at present as a result of these conditions. Since the usual activities of preschool children, school-age children, housewives, and workers and other persons differ, a different set of criteria is used for each group. There is a general similarity between them, however, as will be seen in the descriptions of the four categories below:

1. Persons unable to carry on major activity for
their group (major activity refers to ability to
work, keep house, or go to school)
Preschool children: inability to take part in

work.

ordinary play with other children. School-age children: inability to go to school. inability to do any house-

Housewives:

Workers and all other persons:

inability to work at a job or business.

2. Persons limited in the amount or kind of major activity performed (major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or go to school) Preschool children: limited in the amount or

> kind of play with other children, e.g., need special rest periods, cannot play strenuous games. cannot play for long periods at a time.

Housewives:

Workers and all other persons:

School-age children: limited to certain types of schools or in school attendance, e.g., need special schools or special teaching, cannot go to school full time or for long periods at a time. limited in amount or kind of housework, i.e., cannot lift children, wash or iron. or do housework for long periods at a time.

> limited in amount or kind of work, e.g., need special working aids or special rest periods at work. cannot work full time or for long periods at a time. cannot do strenuous work.

3. Persons not limited in major activity but otherwise limited (major activity refers to ability to work, keep house, or go to school)

.31

#### Preschool children:

School-age children: not limited in going to

Housewives:

Workers and all other persons:

not classified in this category.

not limited in going to school but limited in participation in athletics or other extracurricular activities.

not limited in housework but limited in other activities, such as church, clubs, hobbies, civic projects, or shopping.

not limited in regular work activities but limited in other activities, such as church, clubs, hobbies, civic projects, sports, or games.

4. Persons not limited in activities

Includes persons with chronic conditions whose activities are not limited in any of the ways described above.

Chronic mobility limitation.—Persons with chronic activity limitation of some degree as a result of one or more chronic conditions are classified according to the extent to which their mobility is limited at present. There are four categories as follows:

- 1. <u>Confined to the house</u>—confined to the house all the time except in emergencies.
- 2. <u>Cannot get around alone</u>—able to go outside but needs the help of another person in getting around outside.
- 3. <u>Has trouble getting around alone</u>—able to go outside alone but has trouble in getting around freely.
- 4. Not limited in mobility—not limited in any of the ways described above.

#### Demographic, Social, and Economic Terms

Age.—The age recorded for each person is the age at last birthday. Age is recorded in single years and grouped in a variety of distributions depending upon the purpose of the table.

<u>Usual activity status</u>.—All persons in the population are classified according to their usual activity status during the 12-month period prior to the week of interview. The "usual" activity status, in case more than one is reported, is the one at which the person spent the most time during the 12-month period. Children under 6 years of age are classified as "preschool." All persons aged 6-16 years are classified as "school age."

The categories of usual activity status used in this report for persons aged 17 years and over are: usually working, usually keeping house, retired, and other. For several reasons these categories are not comparable with somewhat similarly named categories in official Federal labor force statistics. First, the responses concerning usual activity status are accepted without detailed questioning, since the objective of the question is not to estimate the numbers of persons in labor force categories but to identify crudely certain population groups which may have differing health problems. Second, the figures represent the usual activity status over the period of an entire year, whereas official labor force statistics relate to a much shorter period, usually one week. Third, the minimum age for usually working persons is 17 in the U.S. National Health Survey and the official labor force categories include all persons age 14 or older. Finally in the definitions of specific categories which follow, certain marginal groups are classified differontly to simplify procedures.

Usually working includes persons 17 years of age or older who are paid employees; self employed in their own business, profession, or in farming; or unpaid employees in a family business or farm. Work around the house, or volunteer or unpaid work, such as for a church, etc., is not counted as working.

Usually keeping house includes female persons 17 years of age or older whose major activity is described as "keeping house" and who cannot be classified as "working."

<u>Retired</u> includes persons 45 years old or over who consider themselves to be retired. In case of doubt, a person 45 years of age or older is counted as retired if he, or she, has either voluntarily or involuntarily stopped working, is not looking for work, and is not described as "keeping house." A retired person may or may not be unable to work.

<u>Other</u> in this report includes males 17 years of age or older not classified as "working," or "retired," and females 17 years of age or older not classified as "working," "keeping house," or "retired." Persons aged 17 years and over who are going to school are included in this group.

### APPENDIX III

### QUESTIONNAIRE

	The items below National Health on more than one	Surve	y. The sc	tual questio	nnaire	o is designe	ed for a	hous	sehold a	s a unit	and inclu	des add	itions	al spaces for		
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FORM NHS-4 (4-4-60)			AC	U.S. DEPAR BUREAL TING AS COLL U.S. PUBLI	TNENT	OF CONMERCI IE CENSUS A AGENT FOR LTH SERVICE	е тне`			1 11			1.	Questionnaire		
2. (a) Addres	ss or description of l	ocation					3. Ide	<u>.</u> [:	Ĵa. Reg.	4. Sub-	5. Sample	6. PSU	- 7.	Questionnaire Segment No.		rialNo
	g address if not show						- Co		office Code	sample weight	:	Numb	er .			
(c) Type of living quarters	Housing wit	(d) Nai	ne of Special	Dwelling Plac	ce	Code	9. 16	this he	ouse on a	farm or ra	nch?			Yes		No ,
L 1	Ask items 10 and 11 Ruroi	only, if	"rural" box i		-		10. D	· ·	_	nt this pla	ce?			Rear free		
(a) Does If "reat"	' or "reat free" in qu this place have 10 o in question 10, ssk: the place you rent ho	r more d	10, ask: cres?				o P	f cropi f cropi roduct 50 or	s, livestor s from the	2 months ck, and oth ploce am	did sates her farm	of pro	erops, ducts 50 ar m	Reat free No e past 12 month livestock, and from the ploce tore? Yes	ather i	farm † to
	any other living qua														<u></u>	
13. Does any	n this building (apart yone else living in th ICE to get to his living	is build	ing use YOUF				when	her o	to questio ne or mor to be corre	e addition	or 14 apply nal question	definitio	m of a	D 14 housing unit to be filled and w	deter	mine : the
14. Is there	nits except apartment any other building an - either accupted ar	this pr	operty for peo		í es	No No	15.	What in	s the tele		ber here?.			e overlooked a e best time to c		g,
	Item		,	17. Com.	REC	ORD OF CAL	LS AT H	OUSE	HOLDS	Com.			Com.	1 5		Com.
Eatir	e household	Date			İ								<u> </u>			
Callbacks for individual respondents	Col. No	Time Date Time														, <u> </u>
TYPE	A			19	B. RE	ASON FOR	NON-I	NTEI	RVIEW C				Z			
Reason:	Refusel (Fill item No one at home- repeated calls Temporarily absent Other (Specify)	19)	Pill item 20	Vacant Vacant Usual re Armed F	- non-se - seaso esidence forces	nal e claewhere	E	sampl iminat	hed e by mist ed in sub- pecify)		Interview Cols because:	not obta	ined fo	e:		
19. Resson f	or refusal			L <u></u>							<b></b>					. `
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<ol> <li>Contact</li> <li>Find on in the second se</li></ol>	results in a Type A r r neighbors (caretake ur the number of peop regular spaces inside ur if anyone in rhe ho one in the household "Yes,"Who? (Enter	ers, etc. ble in the the que pusing u now in	) until yon fi e housebold, estionnaire. unit is now in	nd someone wi their names a a hospiral as	ho know nd sppr	ws the family. eximate agen;	; if name	n it ie		done by a	asking the f		questi	on:	nforma	1 <b>Tion</b>
(b) What a and al person	s the name of the her the names of all a l persons staying her is in the prescribed a	rther per e who i rtder.)	sona who live ave no usual	here? (List	all per	sons who usu:  sewere. Lis	t these	bere,	Last	iame		(1)	Last D	ame		(2)
(d) is then tempor (e) Away (f) On o y	y (other) lodgers or n re anyone else who li rorily in a hospital? on business? vlsit? re anyone else stayin	ves her	e who is now		0 10 0	☐ Yes (L	.ist) — .ist) — .ist) —		First	name and i	initial		First n	sme and initial		
	y of the people in thi o (leave on question				hold me	embership rule	s; if no									
	ou related to the hea , daughter, grandson						ample:		Relati	ionship	Head		Relatio	onship		

,

3. How old were you on your last birthday?	Age Under L year
	Vhite Negro
. Rate (Check one box for esch person)	C Other
Sex (Check one box for each person)	Male Female
If 17 years old or over, ask:	Under 17 years
. Are you now married, widowed, divorced, separated or never married? (Check one bax for each person)	Married Divorced
	Widowed Separate Never married
If 17 years old or over, ask:	Under 17 years
. (a) What is the highest grade you attended in school?	Elem: 12345678
(Circle highest grade attended or check "None")	High: 1 2 3 4 College: 1 2 3 4 5+
(1) The first state and form 19	Nome
(b) Did you finish the grade (year)?	Yes No
If Male and 17 years old or over, ask:	Fem.or and. 17 yr
. (a) Did you ever serve in the Armed Forces of the United States?	Yes No
If "Yes," ask: (b) Are you now in the Armed Forces, not counting the reserves?	Yes No
(If "Yes," delete this person from questionnaire)	
(c) Was any of your service during a war ar was It peace-time only?	Var Peace time on
If "War," ask: (d) During which war did you serve?	
If "Peace-time" only, ask:	Other
(e) Was any of your service between June 27, 1950 and January 31, 1955?	Yes No
If 17 years old or over, ask:	Under 17 years
9. (a) What were you doing most of the past 12 monthe (For males): working, or doing something else?	Working
(For females): working, keeping house, or doing something else?	Somerbing else
If "Something else" checked, and person is 45 years old or over, ask:	Yes No
(b) Are you retired?	+
If "Working," in q. 9(a), ask: D. (a) Ware you working lost week or the week before?	Under 17 years
If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:	Yes No
lf "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask: (b) Did you work at a job ar business at any time last week or the week before?	Yes No
If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(s), ssk: (b) Did you work at a job ar business at any time last week or the week before? If "No," in q. 10(s) or 10(b), ssk:	
If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask: (b) Did you work at a job ar business at any time last weak or the week before? If "No," in q. 10(s) or 10(b), ask: (c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?	
If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(s), ssk: (b) Did you work at a job ar business at any time last week or the week before? If "No," in q. 10(s) or 10(b), ssk:	
<ul> <li>If "Kceping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work at a job ar business at any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>IOTE: Determine which adults are ar home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for bimself or berself, each adult person who is at home.</li> <li>11. Were you sick at ony time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-weak period which ended lost Sunday)?</li> </ul>	Yes No
If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask: (b) Did you work or a job or business or any time last weak or the weak before? If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask: (c) Even though you did not work lest weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business? OTE: Determine which adults are at home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or herself, each adult person who is at home. 11. Were you sick of ony time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-weak period	Yes No At home Not
<ul> <li>If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work at a job ar business at any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(s) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>OTE: Determine which adults are at home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or berself, each adult person who is at bome.</li> <li>Were you sick at ony time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-week period which ended lost Sunday)?</li> <li>(a) What woa the motter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?<sup>9</sup></li> <li>2. Last week or the week before did you take any medicize or treatment for any</li> </ul>	Yes No At home Not
<ul> <li>If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work at a job ar business at any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>IOTE: Determine which adults are ar home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binaself or berself, each adult person who is at home.</li> <li>11. Were you sick at ony time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-weak period which adults are a thome and the weak before?</li> <li>(c) What woa the matter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?*</li> <li>12. Last weak or the weak before did you take any medicine or treatment for any condition (basides which you wold me about)?</li> </ul>	Yes     No       Under 17 years     No       At home     Not       Yes     No
<ul> <li>If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work at a job ar business at any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(s) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>OTE: Determine which adults are at home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or berself, each adult person who is at bome.</li> <li>Were you sick at ony time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-week period which ended lost Sunday)?</li> <li>(a) What woa the motter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?<sup>9</sup></li> <li>2. Last week or the week before did you take any medicize or treatment for any</li> </ul>	Yes     No       At home     No       Yes     No       Yes     No
<ul> <li>If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work at a job ar business at any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(b) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lest weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>OTE: Determine which adoles are a home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or benefif, each adult person who is at bane.</li> <li>1. Were you sick at only time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-weak period which ended lest Sunday)?</li> <li>(a) What was the matter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>12. Last weak or the weak before did you take any medicine or treatment for any condition (besides, which you told me about)?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> </ul>	Yes     No       Under 17 years     No       At home     Not       Yes     No
<ul> <li>If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work or a job or business or any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>OTE: Determine which adults are ar home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or berself, each adult person who is at bane.</li> <li>11. Were you sick or on yime LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-weak period which ended lost Sundry)?</li> <li>(c) What woa the mother?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>12. Last week or the weak before did you take any medicine or treatment for any condition (besides, which you told me about)?</li> <li>(c) What woat the weak before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(d) Must weak are the weak before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(e) What weat here?</li> <li>(f) Anything else?</li> </ul>	Yes     No       Under 17 years     Not       At home     Not       Yes     No       Yes     No
<ul> <li>If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work at a jab ar business at any time last week or the week before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(s) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lost week or the week before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>OTE: Determine which adults are at home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for bimself or herself, each adult person who is at home.</li> <li>1. Were you sick at on you have the track of the WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-week period which ended last Sunday)?</li> <li>(c) What wos the matter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>12. Last week or the week before did you take any medicine or treatment for any condition (besideswhich you told me about)?</li> <li>(a) How wore then?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>13. Last week to before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(c) What were they?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>14. Did you ever have an (any other) accident or injury that was still bothering you last week or the week to reade the week at the week at the week at the week or the week at the week at the week at the week to before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(c) What we are than?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> </ul>	Yes     No       At home     No       Yes     No       Yes     No
<ul> <li>If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work at a job ar business at any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>IOTE: Determine which adults are ar home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for bimself or berself, each adult person who is at bane.</li> <li>1. Were you slick at ony time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-weak period which ended lost Sunday)?</li> <li>(a) What wos the matter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>2. Last weak or the weak before did you take any medicine or treatment for any condition (besides which you told me about)?</li> <li>(a) What were there?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>(c) What were there?</li> <li>(d) More were they?</li> <li>(e) What were they?</li> <li>(f) Anything else?</li> <li>(f) Anything else?</li> <li>(g) What were they?</li> <li>(h) Anything else?</li> <li>(h) Anything else?</li> </ul>	Yes     No       Under 17 years     Not       At home     Not       Yes     No       Yes     No
<ul> <li>If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work at a job ar business of any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>OTE: Determine which adults are at home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or berself, each adult person who is at bome.</li> <li>11. Were you aick at any time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-weak period which ended lost Sunday)?</li> <li>(a) What woa the motter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>12. Last weak or the weak before did you take any medicize or treatment for any condition (basideswhich you told me about)?</li> <li>(c) For what conditions?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>13. Last weak or the weak before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(c) What were thay?</li> <li>(d) May twee that many conditions?</li> <li>(e) What were thay?</li> <li>(f) Lay use for the weak before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(f) Anything else?</li> <li>(a) May two wold it bother you?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> </ul>	Yes     No       Under 17 years     Not       At home     Not       Yes     No       Yes     No
<ul> <li>If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work at a job ar business at any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(s) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>OTE: Determine which adults are at home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or berself, each adult person who is at bome.</li> <li>1. Ware you aick at only time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-week period which ended lost Sunday)?</li> <li>(a) What was the motter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>12. Lest week or the week before did you have any medicize or treatment for any condition (besideswhich you told me about)?</li> <li>(b) Mart week are the week before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(c) Mart were thay?</li> <li>(d) Mart were thay?</li> <li>(e) Mart week the fore did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(f) Anything else?</li> <li>(h) Anything else?</li> <li>(h) Diry us week have an (any other) accident or injury that was still bothering you last week or the week before?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>(c) In what wey did it bother you?</li> <li>(d) Marthing else?</li> </ul>	Yes     No       Yes     No       At home     Not       Yes     No       Yes     No       Yes     No       Yes     No
<ul> <li>If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work at a jab ar business at any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(s) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>OTE: Determine which adoles are a home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or berself, each adult person who is at bance.</li> <li>II. Were you sick at on you have LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-weak period which ended last Sunday)?</li> <li>(a) What was the mother?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>12. Last week or the week before did you take any medicing or treatment for any condition (besideswhich you to lame about)?</li> <li>(a) What was the week before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>13. Last week or the week before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(c) What way did it bother you?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>14. Did you ever have an (any other) accident or injury that was still bothering you last week or the week before?</li> <li>(c) In what way did it bother you?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> </ul>	Yes     No       Yes     No       At home     No       Yes     No
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<ul> <li>If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work or a job or business or any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lest weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>IOTE: Determine which adults are at home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or herself, each adult person who is at home.</li> <li>II. Were you aick or on y time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-weak period which ended lest Sunday)?</li> <li>(a) What was the matter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>I2. Last week or the week before did you take any medicine or treatment for any condition (basideswhich you wild me about)?</li> <li>(a) What work to add the week before did you take any medicine or treatment for any condition (basideswhich you wild me about)?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>I3. Lost week or the week before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(c) What was an (any other) accident or injury that was still bothering you last week or the week before?</li> <li>(d) Hon two we they?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>15. Art THE PRESENT TIME do you have any aliments or conditions that have (asted for a long time? ((if 'No'')) Even though they don't bother you alift the time?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>16. Hos mayone in the family - you, your, etc had any of those conditions DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS? (Read Card A, condition by condition; record any conditions</li> </ul>	Yes     No       Yes     No       At home     No       Yes     No
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<ul> <li>If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work or a job or business or any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lest weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>OTE: Determine which adults are ar home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or benefit, each adult person who is at home.</li> <li>II. Were you jick of any time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-weak period which ended lest Sunday)?</li> <li>(a) What woa the mother?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>12. Last weak or the weak before did you take any medicine or treatment for any condition [basideswhich you to the adout)?</li> <li>(a) What woat condition?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>13. Lost weak or the weak before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(c) What were they?</li> <li>(d) Must way did it bother you?</li> <li>(d) Jay that woy did it bother you?</li> <li>(e) Naything else?</li> <li>15. AT THE PESENT TIME do you have any aliments or conditions but have lasted for a long time? (If "No") Even though they don't bother you did the time?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>(c) Must are henty?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>16. Hos mynes in the family - you, your, etc had any of these conditions DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS? (Read Card B, condition by condition; record any conditions mentioned in the column for the person)</li> <li>17. Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions?</li> </ul>	Yes     No       Yes     No       At home     No       Yes     No
If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask: (b) Did you work of a jab or business of any time last weak or the weak before? If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask: (c) Even though you did not work lest weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business? OTE: Determine which adults are ar home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or benefit, each adult person who is at home. II. Were you jick of any time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-weak period which ended lest Sunday)? (a) What was the mother? (b) Anything else? I2. Last weak or the weak before did you take any medicine or treatment for any condition (besides, which you to a eabout)? (a) What work condition? (b) Anything else? 13. Lost weak or the weak before did you have any accidents or injuries? (a) Must was an only on the adout or injury that was still betwering you lest weak or the weak before? (b) Anything else? 14. Did you ever have an (any other) accident or injury that was still betwering you lest weak or the weak before? (a) In what way did it bother you? (b) Anything else? 15. AT THE PESENT TIME do you have any aliments or conditions that have lasted for a long time? (If "No") Even though they don't bother you all the time? (b) Maything else? 16. Hos anyone in the family - you, your, etc had any of these conditions DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS? (Read Card B, condition by condition; record any conditions mentioned in the column for the person) 17. Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions? record any conditions mentioned in the column for the person) 17. Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions? record any conditions mentioned in the column for the person) 17. Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions? record any conditions mentioned in the column for the person) 17.	Yes     No       Yes     No       At home     No       Yes     No
<ul> <li>If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work at a job or business of any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>IOTE: Determine which adults are ar home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or berself, each adult person who is at home.</li> <li>II. Were you alck at any time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-week period which ended lest Sunday)?</li> <li>(c) What was the matter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?<sup>9</sup></li> <li>12. Last week or the week before did you take any medicing or treatment for any condition (basideswhich you told me about)?</li> <li>(c) What was the matter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>13. Last week or the week before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(c) Mort was an (any other) occident or injury that was still bothering you last week or the week before?</li> <li>(d) Mort was an (any other) occident or injury that was still bothering you last week or the week before?</li> <li>(e) Mort way did it bother you?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>14. Did you erst hav?</li> <li>(d) May thing else?</li> <li>15. AT THE PRESENT TIME do you have any aliments or conditions that have lasted for a leng time?</li> <li>(e) What may did it bother you?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>16. May make in the family - you, your, etc had any of these conditions DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS? (Read Card A, condition by condition; record any conditions mactioned in the column for the person)</li> <li>17. Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions? record any conditions mactioned in the column for the person)</li> <li>17. Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions?</li> <li>(a) Has anyone in the family been in a heapitel DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>18. (a) Has anyone in</li></ul>	Yes     No       Yes     No       At home     Not       Yes     No       Other control     No       No     No
If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask: (b) Did you work of a jab or business of any time last weak or the weak before? If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask: (c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a jab or business? OTE: Determine which adults are ar have and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or benefit, each adult person who is at bane. II. Were you jick of any time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-weak period which ended lost Sunday)? (a) What woa the mother? (b) Anything else? I2. Lost weak or the weak before did you take any medicine or treatment for any condition (besides, which you take any medicine or treatment for any condition (besides, which you take any medicine or treatment for any condition (besides, which you to a do not only accidents or injuries? (a) What weak or the weak before did you have any accidents or injuries? (b) Anything else? I3. Lost week or the weak before did you have any accidents or injuries? (a) What were they? (b) Anything else? I4. Did you see have an (any other) accident or injury that was still bothering you lost week or the week before? (a) In what way did it bother you? (b) Anything else? I5. AT THE PESENT TIME do you have any aliments ar conditions that have lasted for a long ther? (if "No") Even though they don't bother you all the time? (b) Manything else? 16. Hos anyone in the family - you, your, etc had any of these conditions DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS? (Read Card A, condition by condition; record any conditions meationed in the column for the person) 17. Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions? record any conditions meationed in the column for the person) 18. (a) Has onyone in the family been in a heapital DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS?	Yes     No       Yes     No       At home     Note       Yes     No       No, of times     No, of times
<ul> <li>If "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work of a jab or business of any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>OTE: Determine which adults are ar home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or berself, each adult person who is at bane.</li> <li>II. Were you jick of any time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-week period which ended lost Sunday)?</li> <li>(a) Must woa the mother?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?<sup>2</sup></li> <li>12. Last week or the week before did you take any medicing or treatment for any condition (basides, which you told me about)?</li> <li>(a) What woa the mother?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>13. Lost week or the week before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(a) What woa me ange of the point of a point of the po</li></ul>	Yes     No       Yes     No       At home     No       Yes     No
<ul> <li>If "Kceping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work at a job or business of any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>IOTE: Determine which adults are at home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or berself, each adult person who is at home.</li> <li>IV were you alck at any time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-week period which ended last Sunday)?</li> <li>(a) What was the matter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?<sup>2</sup></li> <li>12. Last week or the weak before did you take any medicing or treatment for any condition (basides, which you told me about)?</li> <li>(a) What was the matter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>13. Last week or the weak before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(a) What was an (any other) accident or injury that was still bothering you last week or the week before?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>14. Did you ever have an (any other) accident or injury that was still bothering you last week or the week before?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>15. AT THE PRESENT TIME do you have any aliments or conditions that have lasted for a long time? (if "No?" is You, your, etc had any of those conditions DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS? (Read Card A, condition by condition; record any conditions meationed in the column for the person)</li> <li>17. Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions?</li> <li>18. Anything else?</li> <li>19. Anything else?</li> <li>10. Mort was end the family have any of these conditions?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>(c) Han or they?</li> <li>(d) Baything else?</li> <li>(e) Card A, condition by condition; record any conditions meationed in the column for the person)</li> <li>17. Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions? record any conditions meationed in the column for t</li></ul>	Yes     No       Yes     No       At home     Note       Yes     No       No, of times     No, of times
<ul> <li>If "Kceping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work or a job or business or any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lest weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>IOTE: Determine which adults are at home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or benzelf, each adult person who is at home.</li> <li>II. Were you aick or any time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-weak period which ended lest Sunday)?</li> <li>(c) What work the matter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>12. Lost weak or the weak before did you take any medicine or treatment for any condition (besideswhich you told me about)?</li> <li>(a) What were they?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>13. Lost weak or the weak before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(c) What were they?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>14. Did you ever have an (any other) occident or injury that was still bothering you last weak or the week before?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>14. Did you ever have an (any other) occident or injury that was still bothering you last weak or the week before?</li> <li>(c) Mart way did it bother you?</li> <li>(d) Anything else?</li> <li>15. AT THE PRESENT TIME do you have any aliments or conditions that have lasted for a long time? (If "No") Even though they don't bother you all the time?</li> <li>(e) Mart are they?</li> <li>(f) Anything else?</li> <li>16. Hes anyons in the family - you, your, stc had any of these conditions DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS?</li> <li>(f) Read Card A, condition by condition; record any conditions mentioned in the column for the person)</li> <li>17. Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions?</li> <li>(f) Berning 1.1.7. If person responded for self, show what the cation of many for langer?</li> <li>(f) Hav mary different times werey you in the hespitel overnight or lon</li></ul>	Yes       No         Yes       No
<ul> <li>If "Kceping house" or "Something else" in q. 9(a), ask:</li> <li>(b) Did you work at a job or business of any time last weak or the weak before?</li> <li>If "No," in q. 10(a) or 10(b), ask:</li> <li>(c) Even though you did not work lost weak or the weak before, do you have a job or business?</li> <li>IOTE: Determine which adults are at home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for binself or berself, each adult person who is at home.</li> <li>IV were you alck at any time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-week period which ended last Sunday)?</li> <li>(a) What was the matter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?<sup>2</sup></li> <li>12. Last week or the weak before did you take any medicing or treatment for any condition (basides, which you told me about)?</li> <li>(a) What was the matter?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>13. Last week or the weak before did you have any accidents or injuries?</li> <li>(a) What was an (any other) accident or injury that was still bothering you last week or the week before?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>14. Did you ever have an (any other) accident or injury that was still bothering you last week or the week before?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>15. AT THE PRESENT TIME do you have any aliments or conditions that have lasted for a long time? (if "No?" is You, your, etc had any of those conditions DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS? (Read Card A, condition by condition; record any conditions meationed in the column for the person)</li> <li>17. Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions?</li> <li>18. Anything else?</li> <li>19. Anything else?</li> <li>10. Mort was end the family have any of these conditions?</li> <li>(b) Anything else?</li> <li>(c) Han or they?</li> <li>(d) Baything else?</li> <li>(e) Card A, condition by condition; record any conditions meationed in the column for the person)</li> <li>17. Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions? record any conditions meationed in the column for t</li></ul>	Yes     No       Yes     No       At home     No       Yes     No. of times       Yes     No. of times

					Table I	· ILLNES	SES, IMPAIRMENTS A	ND INJURIES				+		0
Line number	Col. No. of person	Question number	EVER at any time talk to a doctor about ?	Ask for all illnesses and <u>measure effects</u> of old injuries alked to: Whot did the doctor say it wos? did he give it o medical name? (b) If doctor not talked name? (c) Jid doctor not talked finitury was it? (c) Jid talked for all injuries)	of7 (This column is to be asked if entry in Col. (d-1) is an Impairment or s Symptom or If entry in Col.(d-1) is form o the solution	If eye trouble of any kind and ô years old œ aver, ask: Can you see well enough to read ardinařy naw a- paper print with glosses?	What kind af is 19? Ask only for: Any enzy in Col. (d-1) or (d-2) that includes the words: Asthms "condition" Cysts "disease" Graveha Tumor "trooble" For an ailergy or stroke ask: How does the affect you?	What part of the bady is offsctod? Ask anly for: Impairments: injaries; and for: Abacesses, boils, infections, inflam- mation, sores, uicres; Actes, paiba, soremess, Bieseline or blood clots: Cancer, tumor, cysis or growths Neuralgis or neuritis Virus Show detail for: Euroreye - (one or both) Head - (Skul, scalp, face) Back - (Opper, Lang, Jover, wrist, m - elbow; Jover, wrist, hand; one or both) Leg - (Hip, yper, knec, footi one ar both)	OR TH WEEK FORE con ta cut an you activit day? Check No	HE BE- did dawn ir usual ties for	ine	How mony of these - days were you in the day in the day?	lf 6-16 years old ask: How many days did keep you from school last weeken before?	
	(1)	(Ъ)	(c)	(d-1)	(d-2)	(d-3)	(d-4)	(d-5)	(e)	(f)	(8)	(b)	(i)	
1			☐ Yea ☐ No		×	Yes	X.	×			Days	Days or None	Days or None	

						Table	I - HOSPI	TALIZAT	ION DURING PAST 12 MONTHS		
Liae aunber	Col. No. of per- son	tion	When did you enter the hos- pital? (Mooth, year)	How many nights were you In the hospital?	How many of these nights were in the past 12 months?	Will you need to ask cols.	How many of these nights were last week or the week before?	person still in	What did they say at the haspital the condition was- did they give it a modical name? (If "they" dida't say, sak): What did the last dactor you talked to say it was? (Show same detail as in cols. (d-1)-(d-5) of T.I) (If condition from accident or injury, siss fill Table A)	Were any operations perf you during this stay at the pital? If 'Yes,'' (a) What was the name a operation? (b) Any other operations	he hos- f the
	(a)	(Ь)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(x)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	
1			Mo: Yr:	Nights	All or Nights	Yes No	Nights	🗆 Yes		Yes Yes	[]] No
2			Mo: Yr:	Nights	All or Nights	□ Yes □ No	Nights	Yes No		Yes .	□ No
3			Mo: Yr:	Nights	All or Nights	Yes No	Nights	🗌 Yès 🗋 No		Yea	□ No

X-RAY QUESTIONS				
21. (a) We are interested in all kinds of X-rays - Did you have your teeth X-rayad during the past 3 months - (that is, from - through last Sunday)?	Tes Tes	No	Yes	No No
If "Yes," (b) How many times?	No. of times		No. of times	
22. During the past 3 months did you have a CHEST X-ray?	Yes-Chest	No No	Yes-Chest	No No
23. (a) Did you have any (other) kind of X-ray at all during the past 3 months? If "Yes,"	Yes Part(s) of body:	No No	Yes Part(s) of body:	No No
(b) What part of the body was X-rayed?				

			Ta	le X - FILL O	NE LINE FOR EA	CH PART OF BODY ENTRY FR	OM QUESTIONS	22.25	T
Line number	Col. No. of person	Question No.	Part of body	Haw many different times did you have your X-rayod dur- ing the past 3 months?	Where did you have the X-ray(s)? How many X-rays were at the (has- pital, doctor's office, etc.)?	What was this X-ray(s) for a check-up or an examination or for treatment?	If "both" in col. (f) ask: How many of theseX-ray(s) were for treat- ment?	lf "botb" or "treatment" in col. (f) ask: For what condition were you being treated?	,
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(1)	(g)	(h)	
1			2		Hospital Dr. office Other	Check-up/examination Treatment Both Check-up/examination			
2					Hospital Dr. office Other	Treatment Both			
3					Hospital Dr. office Other	Check-op/exemination Treatment Both			
	26. During the past 12 months in which group did the total income of your family fall, that is, your's, your-'s, etc.? (Show Card H) Include income from all sources, such as wages, salaries, rents from property, pensions, help from relatives, etc.     Group No.     Group No.								

 					Table I	- ILLNESS	ES, IMPAI	RMENTS	AND INJU	RIES						
If 17 years old or over and if . "Yes", in q. 10(a), 10(b) or	(did THE	it hap PAS1	rst notice pen) DURING T 3 MONTHS or t time?	To Inter- viewer:	Did you first notice DURING THE PAST 12 NONTHS or	How long since you last talked to a dactor about?	Do you still take any medicine or	many days durina	If 1 or more days in col. (q-1) and col. (e)	A: Please	fo If =1.=	ompleting s each per lf "Yes"	·	tion,	Lf ''1,'' or ''2'' or ''3'' in col. (r) ask:	
10(c),ask: How many	Chec] Before	7	Did start during the past 2 weeks	CON- TINUE if col.	before that time?	(If less than one month,	treatment that the doctor prescrib- ed for?	the past 12 months, has kept you	is check- ed, ask: How many of these	look at this card and read such state-	"2" or "3" in col.(t): Is this	in col.	[ If "1"	or "2" in ) ask:		
work last week or the week	3 mos.	ing 3 mos.	or before that time? (If during past 2 weeks, ask):	(k) is check- ed, or the condi-		enter "Und. 1" for "Mo.")	Or, follow any ødvice	in bed	days were during last week or	ment. Then tell me which stote- ment fits	because of any of the condi- tions	(Enter X on line	How leng hove you been	If 17 years old or over, ask:	Please look at this card and	
before?	(Qo to Col. (n))		Which week, last week or the week before?	tion is on Card A or is an im- pais- meor; orber-		•	ha gave?		the week before?	you best, in terms of health. (Show 'Cards C- F, as	you have tald me about?	for each condi- tion named)	(Insert the words of the state-	Were you working at a job or business	card and read each state- ment. Then tell me which	Line numb
ω	(12)	0	(m) -	wise, STOP (aa)	(a)	(0)	(p)	(g-1)	(q-2)	(r)			ment select- ed)	up to that time?	state- ment fits you best. (Show Card G)	
Days			Lest week	(	During past 12 months	Mos.	Yes	Days		<u>(</u> )	(3)	(t)	(u)	(v) Tes	( <del>,</del> , ( <del>,</del> , ),	Н
 or None			Week before     Before 2 wks		Before Birth	Yrs.	□ No □ No Dr.	or	or I None		□ No		Mos. Yrs.	□ No □ Und 17		<sup>1</sup>

,		*. *	
		Table II - HOSPITALIZATIO	N DURING PAST 12 MONTHS
For completed hospitaliz over who show an operation	stions ("No" in Col. (g)) o on, a setting of a fracture, or	f persons 6 years old and a delivery in Cols.(h)or(i):	What is the name and address of the haspital you were in?
How many nights were you in the hospital, be- fare you had your opera- tion (delivery, atc.)?	After you left the hos- pital, how many days was it before you returned to your usual activities full-time?	If "still unable" in (k), ask: How long hos it been since you left the hospitol?	(Enter name, city and State; if city oot known, enter county)
(j)	(k)	(1)	(m)
No. of nights	No. of days	Dever 6 months If under 6 months: Days Months:	
No. of nights	No. of days	Over 6 months If under 6 months:	
No. of nights	No. of days	Over 6 months If under 6 months:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

X-RAY QUESTIONS				
<ul> <li>(a) During the past 3 months, did anyone in the family have any X-rays for the treatment of a condition?</li> <li>If "Yea,"</li> <li>(b) What part of the bedy was treated?</li> </ul>	Yes Part(s) of body:	[] No	Yes Part(s) of hody:	No No
(c) Was this included in the X-ray(s) you taid me about before?	Yes	No	Yes	No No
25. (a) Did anyone in the family have a fluoroscope during the past 3 months? If "Yes,"	Yes Part(s) of hody:	No No	Yes Part(s) of body:	⊡ No
(b) What part of the body was this for?				
(c) Was this included in the X-ray(s) you told me about before?	Yes	No	Yes	

L	·····		Table X - F	ILL ONE LINE F	OR EACH PAI	RT OF BODY EN	TRY FROM QUESTIONS	22-25
(Ask	after all	Ask for each person X-rays have been recon	with 2 or mos	e lines in Table X:		FOOTNOTES		
1 17 "	les."	theseX-rays you tal ware these?	d me about tal (i)	cen at the same time	a 、	].		
No (Stop)	Yes	Enter information belo	w for X-rays	aken at same time:		1		. 3
		Part(s) of body:	No.	Part(s) of body:	No.			
		Part(s) of body:	No.	Part(s) of hody:	No.	· · ·		
ļ.		Part(s) of body:	No.	Part(s) of body:	No.	1:		
Grou	φ No.		Group No.		Group No.	L	Group No.	Group No.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Table A - (Accidents and Injuries)	
Line No.	1. When did the accident happen?	2. At the time of the occident, what part of th	we body was hurt? What kind of injury was it?
from Table I		Anything else? Part(s) of body	
	Year:	Part(s) or body	Kind of inj <del>ury</del> (s)
Accident	(If 1960 or 1961 also enter the month)		
happened	Month:		
week or week before (Co to q. 3)			
	l uch, bus or other motor vehicle involved in the a	ceident in any way? Yes	No (Go to Section B)
(b) Was more the	m ane motor vehicle involved?	Yes (more that	—
(c) Was it (eithe	r one) moving at the time?	_ Tyes	No (Go to Section B)
			2. [] Getting in or out (Go to
4. Were you outside	the vehicle, getting in ar out of it, a passenger	(Go to Section	3. Passenger Section A q. 6)
Sectio	n A - (Motor Vehicle Accidents)	A q.5)	4. Driver )
	If "Outside" in q. 4, ask:		
5. (a) How did the		7. How did the accident happen? A.1. Any injury involving an uncontroll	lad fire of employing
1. 🗖 Accide	an between motor vehicle and person riding	2. Any injury involving the discharge	
on bic	ycle, in streetcar, on milroad train, on horse- vehicle		ring a non-motor vehicle in morion (streetcar, railroad
	vehicle ant between motor vehicle and person who	5. Any injury from an accident involv train, airplane, boat, bicycle, hore	
	alking, running, or standing	B.4. 🔄 Any injury caused by machinery (b	welt or motor driven) while in operation
3. 🛄 Other (	(Specify how the accident happened)	. (Specify kind of mechinery)	
			t of knife, scissors, nail or other cutting or
		piercing implement	
(b) What kind(a)	of motor vehicle was involved?	6. 🛄 Any inj <del>ury</del> caused by foreign body	in eye, windpipe, or other orifices
1. 🛄 Car	2. 🗌 Tazi 3. 🔄 Bus	7. Any injury caused by snimal or ins	lect
4. 🛄 Truck	5. Motorcycle 6. Other (Specify)	8. 🛄 Âny injury caused by poisonous su	ubstance swallowed (Specify substance)
		C.9. 🔲 Fell on stairs or steps or from a b	eight
		10. 🔲 All other falls	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		<ol> <li>Bumped into object or person (corr punching, kicking, etc.)</li> </ol>	ers all collisions between persons including striking,
-	out" "Passenger" or "Driver," in q. 4, ask:		bjects held in own hand or hand of other person, also
6. (a) How did the i		12. Struck by moving object (include of falling, flying, or thrown objects)	
1. [_] Accide roadwa	ent between two or more motor vehicles on Ny		ough objects such as stones, splinters, broken
	ent hetween motor vehicle and some other	glass, rope,etc.	
	on roadway	14. [] Caught in, punched or crushed bety stationary object	ween two moving objects or between a moving and a
	fy object)	15. 🔲 Came in contact with hot object of	substance or open flame
	which came to sudden stop on roadway	16. 🔲 One-time lifting or other one-time	exertion
	vehicle ran off roadway	17. 🔄 Twisting, atumbling, etc.	
5. 📋 Other (	(Specify how the accident happened)	D.18. Dthet (Specify how accident happe	aned)
	Acc. on roadway	·	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(b) What kind of	motor vehicle were you in (getting in) (getting	· · · · ·	
out of) when	the accident happened?		·
1. 🔤 Car 4. 🛄 Truck	2. Taxi 3. Bus 5. Motorcycle 6. Other (Specify)		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		ASK FOR ALL ACCIDENTS	······································
8. (n) Where did the	occident hoppenat hame ar same other place?	,	
		home (adjacent premises)	Some other place
lf "Some orber p (b) What kind of			· ·
3. 🔄 Street	and highway (includes roadway) 6. Sc	nool (includes achool premises)	
4. 🛄 Farm 5. 🛄 Industr	. —	ace of recreation and sports, except at school her (Specify the piece where excident happened)	
	k at your jab or basiness when the accident happ		
1. 🗌 Yes			Under 17 at time of accident
		FOOTNOTES AND COMMENTS	
		. COTINGT LOWING COMMENTS	· · ·
		·	
	3		
	•		

Card A	Card C	Card E	Card G
NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY	NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY	NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY	NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY
Check List of Chronic Conditions	For: Workers and other persons except Housewives and Children	For: "Children from 6 through 16 years old	
1. Asthma15. Stomach ulcer2. Tuberculosis16. Any other chronic stomach3. Chronic bronchitistrouble4. Repeated attacks of sinus17. Kidney stones or chronictroubletrouble5. Rheumatic fever18. Arthritis or rheumatism6. Hardening of the arteries19. Mental illness7. High blood pressure20. Diabetes8. Heart trouble21. Thyroid trouble or goiter9. Stroke22. Any allergy10. Trouble with varicose veins23. Epilepsy11. Hemorrhoids or piles24. Chronic nervous trouble12. Hay fever25. Cancer13. Tumor, cyst or growth26. Chronic skin trouble14. Chronic gallbladder or liver trouble28. Prostate trouble	<ol> <li>Not able to work at all.</li> <li>Able to work but limited in amount of work or kind of work.</li> <li>Able to work but limited in kind or amount of other activities.</li> <li>Not limited in any of these ways.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Not able to go to school at all.</li> <li>Able to go to school but limited to certain types of schools or in school attendance.</li> <li>Able to go to school but limited in other activities.</li> <li>Not limited in any of these ways.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Confined to the house all the time, except in emergencies.</li> <li>Able to go outside but need the help of another person in getting around outside.</li> <li>Able to go outside alone but have trouble in getting around freely.</li> <li>Not limited in any of these ways.</li> </ol>
Cord B	Card D	Card F	Card H
NATIONAL REALTH SURVEY Check List of Selected Impairments	NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY	NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY For: Children under 6 years old	NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY
<ol> <li>Deafness or serious trouble with hearing</li> <li>Serious trouble with seeing, even when wearing glasses</li> <li>Cleft palate</li> <li>Any speech defect</li> <li>Missing fingers, hand, or armtoes, foot, or leg</li> <li>Palay</li> <li>Paralysis of any kind</li> <li>Repeated trouble with back or spine</li> <li>Club foot</li> <li>Permanent stiffness or any deformity of the foot, leg, fingers, arm or back</li> <li>Any condition present since birth</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Not able to keep house at all.</li> <li>Able to keep house but limited in amount or kind of housework.</li> <li>Able to keep house but limited in kind or amount of other activities.</li> <li>Not limited in any of these ways.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Not able to take part at all in ordinary play with other children.</li> <li>Able to play with other children but limited in amount or kind of play.</li> <li>Not limited in any of these ways.</li> </ol>	Group 1. Under \$500 (including loss) Group 2. \$500- \$999 Group 3. \$1,000- \$1,999 Group 4. \$2,000- \$2,999 Group 5. \$3,000- \$3,999 Group 6. \$4,000- \$4,999 Group 7. \$5,000- \$6,999 Group 8. \$7,000- \$9,999 Group 9. \$10,000 and over

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\* U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1962 O - 658528 . 39

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#### SELECTED REPORTS FROM THE U.S. NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY

Public Health Service Publication No. 584

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#### Catalog Card

U. S. National Health Survey

Chronic conditions causing limitation of activities, United States, July 1959-June 1961; statistics on persons limited in their activity and on persons limited in mobility, due to chronic conditions, by type of condition causing limitation, duration, usual activity, age, and sex. Based on data collected in household interviews during the period July 1959-June 1961. Washington, U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Public Health Service, 1962.

39 p. diagrs. tables 27 cm. (Its Health statistics, set. B-36) U. S. Public Health Service Publication no. 584-B36

1. Diseases, Chronic. I. Title. II. Title: Statistics on persons limited in their activity and on persons limited in mobility, due to chronic conditions. (Series)

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