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SECTION I Introduction

A. INTRODUCTION

This manual provides instructions to mortality medical coders and nosologists for coding multiple causes of death from death certificates filed in the states. These mortality coding instructions are used by both the State vital statistics programs and the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), which is the Federal agency responsible for the compilation of U.S. statistics on causes of death. NCHS is part of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

In coding causes of death, NCHS adheres to the World Health Organization Nomenclature Regulations specified in the most recent revision of the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems (ICD). NCHS also uses the ICD international rules for selecting the underlying cause of death for primary mortality tabulation in accordance with the international rules.

Beginning with deaths occurring in 1999, the Tenth Revision of the ICD (ICD-10) is being used for coding and classifying causes of death. This revision of the Classification is published by the World Health Organization (WHO) and consists of three volumes. Volume 1 contains a list of three-character categories, the tabular list of inclusions, and the four-character subcategories. The supplementary Z code appears in Volume 1 but is not used for classifying mortality data. Optional fifth characters are provided for certain categories and an optional independent four-character coding system is provided to classify histological varieties of neoplasm, prefixed by the letter M (for morphology) and followed by a fifth character indicating behavior. These optional codes, except those for place of occurrence of external cause and activity code related to external cause codes, are not used in NCHS. The place code and activity code are used as supplementary codes rather than as additional characters. Volume 2 includes the international rules and notes for use in classifying and tabulating underlying cause-of-death data. Volume 3 is an alphabetical index containing a comprehensive list of terms for use in coding. Copies of these volumes may be purchased in hard-copy or on diskette from the following address:

WHO Publications Center 49 Sheridan Avenue Albany, New York 12210 Tel. 518-436-9686

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NCHS has prepared an updated version of Volume 1 and Volume 3 to be used for both underlying and multiple cause-of-death coding. The major purpose of the updated version is to provide a single published source of code assignments including terms not indexed in Volume 3 of ICD-10. NCHS has included all nonindexed terms encountered in the coding of deaths during 1979-1994, under the Ninth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases (ICD-9). With the availability of the updated Volumes 1 and 3, NCHS will discontinue publishing the Part 2e manual, Nonindexed Terms, Standard Abbreviations, and State Geographic Codes Used in Mortality Data Classification, which was first published in 1983. Due to copyright considerations, the updated Volumes 1 and 3 may not be reproduced for distribution outside of NCHS and State vital statistics agencies.

The basic purpose of this manual is to document concepts and instructions for coding multiple causes of death, which were developed by NCHS for use with the Eighth Revision of the ICD adapted for use in the United States (ICDA-8), and which were updated to ICD-9, and subsequently to ICD-10. The coding concepts are generally consistent with provisions of ICD-10. Thus, this manual should be used with ICD-10, Volumes 1 and 3 as updated by NCHS. The list of abbreviations used in medical terminology (Appendix A), the list of synonymous sites (Appendix B), and the list of geographic codes (Appendix C) are included in this publication.

NCHS does not use the "dagger and asterisk" system which WHO introduced in ICD-9 and continued in ICD-10. For some medical conditions, this system provides two codes, which distinguish between the etiology or underlying disease process and the manifestation or complication for selected conditions. The etiology or underlying disease codes is denoted with a dagger (†) and the manifestation or complication code by an asterisk (*) following the code. For example, Coxsackie myocarditis has a code (B33.2†) marked with a dagger in the chapter for infectious and parasitic diseases and a different code (I41.1*) marked with an asterisk in the chapter for diseases of the circulatory system. Similarly, diabetic nephropathy has a dagger code (E14.2†) in the chapter relating to endocrine disease and an asterisk code (N08.3*) in the genitourinary system chapter. Under ICD-9, limited use was made of the asterisk codes in classifying mortality data for data years 1979-1982. Effective July 1982 the use of asterisk codes in mortality coding was discontinued and will not be used in the 10th revision for mortality coding. NCHS assigns only the dagger code to such conditions.

SECTION I Introduction

The multiple cause-of-death codes are used as inputs to the ACME program (Automated Classification of Medical Entities) developed by NCHS to automatically select the underlying cause of death, and the TRANSAX program (Translation of Axes) used to produce multiple cause-of-death statistics, beginning with deaths occurring in 1968. As inputs, the computer programs require codes for each condition reported on the death certificate, usually in the order in which the information is recorded.

The outputs of the ACME program are the traditional underlying cause-of-death codes selected according to the selection and modification rules of the Classification, the same cause that would be selected using manual underlying cause-of-death coding instructions specified in Instruction Manual Part 2a. Thus, a single cause is associated with each decedent.

Using the same input codes, the TRANSAX program generates two sets of outputs: "entity-axis" codes that reflect the placement of each condition on the certificate for each decedent; and "record-axis" codes that, where appropriate, link two or more diagnostic conditions to form composite codes that are classifiable to a single code, according to the provisions of the Classification. Record axis codes are preferred for multiple cause tabulation to better convey the intent of the certifier, and to eliminate redundant cause-of-death information (see Instruction Manual Part 2f).

SECTION I Introduction

Major revisions from previous manuals

- 1. Corrections have been made to clarify instructions, spelling, and format throughout the manual. These changes are not specifically noted.
- 2. Section II, Part A, 2. Created Codes, The created codes involving bilateral or multiple cerebrovascular diseases have been edited to add the modifier "or similar term". A foot note has been added to each page that includes similar terms or modifiers.
- 3. Section II, Part B, General coding concept, 1, b. Added the word Exception: following the third example explanation.
- 4. Section II, Part B, General coding concept 1, b. (2) Separated instruction # (2) into (a), (b), (c) and placed examples following specific part of instruction it demonstrates. Example (c) changed and an additional statement was added.
- 5. Section II, Part B, General coding concept, Added instruction # 6. Non-traumatic conditions, with instruction and example for coding conditions usually traumatic but qualified non-traumatic.
- 6. Section II, Part B, General coding concept, Added instruction # 7. instruction for coding drug dependent conditions.
- 7. Section II, Part C, Format, 10. Added instruction d. for coding conditions indexed together yet separated by a comma.
- 8. Section II, Part D, Doubtful diagnosis, 2. c. Following 2nd example and explanation a Note was added with instructions and examples for coding embolism and thrombosis qualified by "either... or "
- 9. Section II, Part L, Effect of age of decedent on classification, 2. Example was changed to code infantile osteomalacia.
- 10. Section II, Part O, Relating and modifying conditions, 1., b. (8) Instruction and example added to apply general instructions for relating and modifying Vasculitis NOS
- 11. Section II, Part O, Relating and modifying conditions, 1., c. (1) Added vascular disease NOS to list of terms that are not related.
- 12. Section II, Part O, Relating and modifying conditions, 2., a. Instruction was edited and bullets were added.
- 13. Section III, Intent of Certifier, Re-numbered each Intent of Certifier beginning with # 0 changing it to # 1.

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- 14. Section III, Intent of Certifier, # 2. Deleted codes A190, A180, B902.
- 15. Section III, Intent of Certifier, # 6 Changed parovirus to parvovirus in middle column of 1st chart.
- 16. Section III, Intent of Certifier, # 6. a., (1) (a) Edited instruction to read: Is preceded or followed by.
- 17. Section III, Intent of Certifier, # 6. h. A new instruction and examples for coding one infectious condition modified by more than one organism was added as letter h. The current letter h instruction was moved down as letter i.
- 18. Section III, Intent of Certifier, # 46 deleted "Cervical Dystocia (O622)" from title of Intent of Certifier.
- 19. Section III Intent of Certifier Added a new # 54 Compartment Syndrome (T796).
- 20. Section IV Part C, Pregnancy, Childbirth, and the puerperium, C. 1. Added a new instruction following the 3 check boxes to use when age of decedent is greater than 54 years old.
- 21. Section IV Part E, Conditions of early infancy, E., 1. First instruction deleted and remaining instructions renumbered.
- 22. Section IV Part G, Ill-defined and unknown causes, 2., c.(4) Added a note following the Excludes and preceding the examples explaining when to code R99 only.
- 23. Section IV Part G, Ill-defined and unknown causes, 3. a. Corrected the numbers to reflect (1) (2).
- 24. Section V Part C, Use of ampersand, 1. c., Edited Exception # 1. and added three bullets to include nature of injury codes, medical and surgical care, other external causes.
- 25. Section V Part C, Use of ampersand, 1. c., Corrected last sentence of Exception # 2 to read as...since both exceptions (1) and (2) apply.
- 26. Section V Part C, Use of ampersand, 2. a. Added a Place code to 3rd example.
- 27. Section V Part C, Use of ampersand, 2. b. Added a Place code to all examples.
- 28. Section V Part C, Use of ampersand, 2. b. First paragraph separated into 2 parts and a third part added to reference alcohol intoxication reported with exposure or hypothermia.
- 29. Section V Part E, Conditions qualified as traumatic, 2, a. Changed a. to 3.

SECTION I Introduction

- 30. Section V Part F, Assumption of nature of injury code, Added an exception 4. If a pathological fracture and an external event are reported, no assumption of a nature of injury code is required.
- 31. Section V Part L, Natural and environmental factors, 2. Added an example to clarify the ampersand placement when hypothermia is reported with alcohol.
- 32. Section V Part Q, Poisoning, 1.b. Exception, first sentence, changed code for glue sniffing to F181.
- 33. Section V Part R, 1.a. (3) Added "suicide" to 2nd bullet, third line following "accident".
- 34. Section V Part R, Complications of medical and surgical care, 2. a., (3) Added a note just before Step 6., do not apply surgery Step 6 when assigning a complication code for conditions classified to R00-R99.
- 35. Section V Part R, Complications of medical and surgical care, 2., b. Following (4) list of surgical procedures reported and the condition necessitating the surgery is not reported: Changed code for Choledochoduodenostomy to K839.
- 36. Section V Part R, 2., b., Condition necessitating surgery, added a second example following the paragraph and example that states <u>Surgical procedure</u> that indicates an organ or site with <u>one</u> related condition for which the surgery could have been performed.
- 37. Section V Part R, 3., a., Complications of medical procedures other than surgical, Step 2, deleted example and explanation following NOTE.
- 38. Section V, Part R, 6., Misadventures to patients during surgical and medical care, following the Indications of Misadventures chart, ... At end of 1st paragraph a sentence was added "Apply the instructions for Condition necessitating Surgery in Section V, R, 2, b."
- 39. Section V, Part R, 6., Misadventures to patients during surgical and medical care, following the Indications of Misadventures chart...the second example, line (b) changed to Colostomy and codes to &Y60 &K639. Explanation added to show since the surgery indicates a disease of the colon, code this as reason for surgery.
- 40. Appendix A, added HCPS, hantavirus (cardio) pulmonary syndrome, hantavirus cardiopulmonary syndrome.
- 41. Appendix A, added HPS, hantavirus pulmonary syndrome.
- 42. Appendix A, added an additional meaning to RAD, rheumatoid arthritis disease. This was placed in the first position followed by radiation absorbed dose.
- 43. Appendix B, Title changed to Synonymous Sites / Terms.

SECTION I Introduction

- 44. Appendix B, Added in alphabetical order, Geriatric in left column, Senile in right column.
- 45. Appendix B, Larynx and vocal cords were switched and placed in alphabetical order. Additional synonymous sites of larynx were added. Larynx in left column, Epiglottis, glottis, subglottis, supraglottis, vocal cords in right column.
- 46. Appendix B, Edited entry for Pharynx-Throat. Nasopharynx, pharynx in left column, Throat in right column.
- 47. Appendix D, # 1 Residential Institution, added in alphabetical order. Detox Center and Mental Hospital.
- 48. Appendix D, # 8 Other specified places, added in alphabetical order, Balcony and Bus stop.
- 49. Appendix H, Additional Drug Examples, Two new drug examples were added as 14. and 15. Remainder of Appendix H was renumbered.
- 50. Appendix H Additional Drug Examples, # 20 Accident added to MOD block. MOD A was added. No change in codes or explanation was required.

Other manuals relating to coding causes of death are:

Part 2a, NCHS Instructions for Classifying the Underlying Cause of Death, 2010

Part 2c, ICD-10 ACME Decision Tables for Classifying the Underlying Causes of Death, 2010

Part 2s, SuperMICAR Data Entry Instruction, 2010

B. MEDICAL CERTIFICATION

The U. S. Standard Certificate of Death provides spaces for the certifying physician, coroner, or medical examiner to record pertinent information concerning the diseases, morbid conditions, and injuries which either resulted in or contributed to death as well as the circumstances of the accident or violence which produced any such injuries. The medical certification portion of the death certificate includes items 32-44. It is designed to obtain the opinion of the certifier as to the relationship and relative significance of the causes, which he reports.

A cause of death is the morbid condition or disease process, abnormality, injury, or poisoning leading directly or indirectly to death. The underlying cause of death is the disease or injury, which initiated the train of morbid events leading directly or indirectly to death or the circumstances of the accident or violence, which produced the fatal injury. A death often results from the combined effect of two or more conditions. These conditions may be completely unrelated, arising independently of each other or they may be causally related to each other; that is, one cause may lead to another which in turn leads to a third cause, etc.

The order in which the certifier is requested to arrange the causes of death upon the certification form facilitates the selection of the **underlying cause** when two or more causes are reported. He is requested to report in Part I on line (a) the immediate cause of death and the antecedent conditions on lines (b), (c), and (d) which gave rise to the cause reported on I(a), **the underlying cause** being <u>stated</u> lowest in the sequence of events. However, no entry is necessary on I(b), I(c), or I(d) if the immediate cause of death, stated on I(a) describes completely the sequence of events. If the decedent had more than four causally related conditions relating to death, the certifier is requested to add lines (e), (f), etc., so all conditions related to the immediate cause of death are entered in Part I with only one condition to a line.

Any other significant condition which unfavorably influenced the course of the morbid process and thus contributed to the fatal outcome but not resulting in the underlying cause given in Part I is entered in Part II.

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SECTION I

Medical Certification

EXCERPT FROM U.S. STANDARD CERTIFICATE OF DEATH (Rev.11/2003)

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| Sec. 15. 15 | CAL FILE NO. 1. DECEDENT'S LEGAL NAME (Include AP | | . STANDARD CERTIFIC | 2 SEX | STATE FILE NO 3. SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER |). H |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 4e. AGE-Last Birthday 14b. UNDER 1 YEA | | | | PLACE (City and State or Foreign | |
| | (Years) Months Days | Hours Minu | AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT | (MolDayYr) 6. BIHITH | *LAGE (City and State or Foreign | Country |
| | 7e. RESIDENCE STATE | 76. COUNTY | | 76. CITY OR TOW | N | |
| | | | e. APT. NO. 71. ZIP CO | 1 | | |
| | 7d. STREET AND NUMBER 8. EVER IN US ARMED FORCES? 9. MA | ARITAL STATUS AT TH | | | POUSE'S NAME (If wife, give no | TY LIMITS? |
| | □ Yes □ No □ M | arried D Married, but | separated D Widowad | la. Gairring G | COOLOTTINE (II IIII), g. V. C | and prior to meeting regor |
| 3%: | 11. FATHER'S NAME (First, Middle, Last) | O TIEFOF BELLIO | 50 - C C C C C C C C | 12. MOTHER'S | NAME PRIOR TO FIRST MARR | IAGE (First, Middle, Last) |
| To Be Completed Verified By: FUNERAL DIRECTOR | 13s. INFORMANT'S NAME 13s | b. RELATIONSHIP TO | DECEMENT | 12c MAILING A | DDRESS (Street and Number, C | lity State. Zin Code) |
| d'Ver | Ide. In Chart of the | a. Heather and I | | 100, 4540,07 | | |
| Diete | IF DEATH OCCURRED IN A HOSPITAL: | 14. PLACE O | F DEATH (Check only one; s | D SOMEWHERE OTH | ER THAN A HOSPITAL: | |
| 88 | ☐ Inpetient ☐ Emergency Room/Outpatien 15. FACILITY NAME (If not institution, give s | t Dead on Arrival | 15. CITY OR TOWN, STA | lursing home/Long tem TE, AND ZIP CODE | o care facility Decedent's hon | ne Other (Specify): 17. COUNTY OF DEATH |
| \$ E | | | | | | |
| | 18. METHOD OF DISPOSITION: Duries Donation Disposition Disposition | from State | 19. PLACE OF DISPOSITIO | N (Name of cemetery, | crematory, other place) | |
| | Other (Specify): 20. LOCATION-CITY, TOWN, AND STATE | 21. | NAME AND COMPLETE A | DORESS OF FUNERA | LFACILITY | |
| | 22. SIGNATURE OF FUNERAL SERVICE L | CENSEE OR OTHER | AGENT | | | 23. LICENSE NUMBER (Of Licensee |
| | | | | | | |
| | ITEMS 24-28 MUST BE COMPLE WHO PRONOUNCES OR CERT | | ON 24, DATE PRON | OUNCED DEAD (Mo/ | Day/Yr) | 25. TIME PRONOUNCED D |
| | 26. SIGNATURE OF PERSON PRONOUNCE | | en applicable) | 27. LICENSE NUM | IBER . | 28. DATE SIGNED (Mo/Day/Yr) |
| | 29. ACTUAL OR PRESUMED DATE OF DE | ATH | 30. ACTUAL OR PRESU | MED TIME OF DEATH | I I31. WAS M | EDICAL EXAMINER OR |
| | (Mo/Day/Yr) (Spell Month) | | | | CORO | NER CONTACTED? 12 Yes 12 No |
| | 32. PART I. Enter the chain of eyents -cla arrest, respiratory arrest, or ventricular | AUSE OF DEATH | I (See Instructions at plications - that directly cause | nd examples) | enter terminal events such as car | Approximate interval: |
| | arrest, respiratory arrest, or ventricular lines if necessary. | librillation without show | wing the eliclogy. DO NOT Al | BBREVIATE. Enter on | ly one cause on a line. Add addi | tional Onset to death |
| | IMMEDIATE CAUSE (Final | | | | | |
| | disease or condition | Di | ue to (or as a consequence of | 0: | | |
| | Sequentially list conditions, b | D | ue to (or as a consequence of | 0: | | |
| | If any, leading to the cause listed on line a. Enter the UNDERLYING CAUSE C | | | | | |
| | (disease or injury that initiated the events resulting | D | lue to (or as a consequence o | ()· | | |
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| | in death) LAST d | | | | | |
| | in death) LAST d PART II. Enter other significant conditions o | ontributing to death but | not resulting in the underlying | | | AN AUTOPSY PERFORMED? |
| ಲಹ | PART II. Enter other <u>significant conditions o</u> | | not resulting in the underlying | | 34. WER | D Yes D No E AUTOPSY FINDINGS AVAILABLE TO |
| led By: TIREA | PART II. Enter other <u>significant conditions o</u> | ontribuling to death but 36. IF FEMALE: D Not pregnant w | | | 34, WER COMPLE 37. MANNER OF DEATH | D Yes D No E AUTOPSY FINDINGS AVAILABLE TO |
| impleted By: L CERTIFIER | PART II. Enter other significant conditions of the significant con | 36. IF FEMALE: | thin past year | | 34, WER COMPLE 37. MANNER OF DEATH □ Natural □ Homicide | DYSS DNO E AUTOPSY FINDINGS AVAILABLE TO TE THE CAUSE OF DEATH? DYSS D |
| Be Completed By: DICAL CERTIFIER | PART II. Enter other stealitizant conditions of the conditions of | 36. IF FEMALE: D Not pregnant wi | thin past year | g causs given in PART | 34. WER COMPLE 37. MANNER OF DEATH □ Natural □ Homicide □ Accident □ Pending Inve | DYSS DNO DYSS DNO EXITOPEY PRINDINGS AVAILABLE TO TE THE CAUSE OF DEATH? DYSS D SEQUETOR |
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| To Be Completed By: MEDICAL CERTIFIÉR | PART II. Enter other significant conditions of S. DIO TOBACCO USE CONTRIBUTE TO DEATH? U YOS D Probably No D Unknown SR. DATE OF INJURY (MOTOBYYY) (Spell Month) SP. DATE OF INJURY (MOTOBYYY) (Spell Month) STeel & Number: | 36. IF FEMALE: Divide prognant with the prognant at divide the prognant, but not not not not not not not not not no | thin past year a of death ut prognent within 42 days of ut prognent 43 days to 1 year agnent within the past year PLACE OF INJURY (e.g., Dec | g cause given in PART death before death | 34. WER 37. MANNER OF DEATH O Natural Accident Pending Inve Clion site, restaurant; wooded are | DYSS DNS DNS DNS DNS DNS DNS DNS DNS DNS D |
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SECTION I Medical Certification

In the following example, there are three causes reported. On line I(c) the underlying cause is entered-congenital heart disease. Congenital heart disease gave rise to congestive heart failure (line I(b)) which in turn led to a myocardial infarction (line I(a)) -- the immediate cause of death.

- I (a) Myocardial infarction
 - (b) Congestive heart failure
 - (c) Congenital heart disease
 - (d)

II

As demonstrated by the following example, the certifier may not always list one cause per line:

- I (a) Myocardial infarction and pulmonary embolism with congestive heart failure
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - (d)

II

Likewise, the causes may not be reported in an acceptable sequence. In the following example, cancer is reported as due to diabetes.

- I (a) Cancer
 - (b) Diabetes
 - (c)
 - (d)

II

To date, the causes of the majority of cancers are still unknown so the causal relationship tables stored in the NCHS computers preclude the assumption that diabetes caused the cancer. Cancer is selected as the underlying cause of death from this certification for statistical purposes. However, the selection of the underlying cause of death is not relevant for this manual. For coding purposes, the order and position of each cause of death reported on the death certificate must be interpreted accurately so the computer software can then determine the correct underlying cause of death.

SECTION I

Medical Certification

There is an average of three causes listed per certificate. Approximately 20 percent have only one cause of death and 45 percent have three or more causes. Frequently, a cause will be reported on I(a) in Part I and a cause in Part II with no other reported causes. For other records, several causes may all be reported on a single line of the certificate or they may be entered on several lines in Part I. Rarely, the only cause(s) reported may be in Part II. Representative examples follow.

- I (a) Pneumonia
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - (d)
- II Diabetes
- I (a) Cancer
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - (d)

II

- I (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - (d)
- II Diabetes
- I (a)
 - (b) Acute myocardial infarction
- II Renal disease
- I (a) AMI, renal disease, pulmonary embolism

A. Introduction

Code all information reported in the medical certification section of the death certificate and any other information pertaining to the medical certification, when reported elsewhere on the certificate. In Volumes 1 and 3 of ICD-10, the fourth-character subcategories of three-character categories are preceded by a decimal point. For coding purposes, omit the decimal point.

Enter codes in the same order and location as the entries they represent appear on the death certificate. Enter the codes for entries in Part II in the order the entries are reported, proceeding from the entry reported uppermost in Part II downward and from the left to right. If the uppermost line in Part II is an obvious continuation of a line below, enter the codes accordingly.

For instructions on placement of codes when the certifier states or implies a "due to" relationship between conditions not reported in sequential order, refer to Section II, Part C, Format. For instructions on placement of nature of injury (N-code) and external cause codes (E-codes), refer to Section V, Part B, Placement of Nature of Injury and External Cause Codes.

When an identical code applies to more than one condition reported on the same line, enter the code for the first-mentioned of these conditions only. When conditions classifiable to the same code are reported on different lines of the certificate, enter the code for each of the reported conditions. (This does not apply to external cause of morbidity and mortality (E-codes)).

1. Excessive Codes

- a. When a single line in Part I or Part II requires more than eight codes, delete the excessive codes (any over eight) for the line using the following criteria in the order listed:
 - (1) Delete ill-defined conditions (I469, I959, I99, J960, J969, P285, R00-R94, R96, R98) except when this code is the first code on a line, proceeding right to left.
 - (2) Delete nature of injury codes (S000-T983) except for the first one entered on a line, proceeding right to left.
 - (3) If, after applying the preceding criteria, any single line still has more than eight codes, delete beginning with the last code on the line until only 8 remain.

- I (a) I460
 - (b) I219 I739
 - (c)
 - (d)

II &E109 I739 T811 &Y835 R18 R33 N19 C475 N359 I490 I493 J181

After deleting excessive codes:

- I (a) I460
 - (b) I219 I739
 - (c)
 - (d)

II &E109 I739 T811 &Y835 N19 C475 N359 I490

Delete (1) R33, (2) R18, (3) J181 and (4) I493

- b. When a single record requires more than 14 codes, delete the excessive codes using the following criteria in the order listed:
 - (1) Delete ill-defined conditions (I469, I959, I99, J960, J969, P285, R00 R94, R96, R98) except when this code is the first code on a line, beginning with the last code in Part II, proceeding right to left then upward right to left on each line (Part II, line e, line d, line c, line b, line a).
 - (2) Delete nature of injury codes (S000-T983) except for the first one entered on a line beginning with the last code in Part II, proceeding right to left then upward right to left on each line (Part II, line e, line d, line c, line b, line a).
 - (3) Delete repetitive codes except when it is the first code on a line beginning with the last code in Part II, proceeding right to left then upward right to left on each line (Part II, line e, line d, line c, line b, line a).
 - (4) If after applying the preceding criteria, any record still has more than 14 codes, delete beginning with the last code in Part II, proceeding upward right to left on each line (Part II, line e, line d, line c, line b, line a).
 - I (a) C80 I460 R570
 - (b) R098 R53
 - (c) R54 F09 F03
 - (d) I709 I635
 - II I119 C473 R200 I258 I251 D539 R798 I635

After deleting excessive codes:

I (a) C80 I460

(b) R098

(c) R54 F09 F03

(d) I709 I635

II I119 C473 I258 I251 D539 I635

Delete (1) R798, (2) R200, (3) R53 and (4) R570

2. Created Codes

To facilitate automated data processing, the following ICD-10 codes have been amended for use in coding and processing the multiple cause data. Special five character subcategories are for use in coding and processing the multiple cause data; however, they will not appear in official tabulations.

A169 Respiratory tuberculosis, unspecified

Excludes: Any term indexed to A169 not qualified as respiratory

or pulmonary (A1690)

*A1690 Tuberculosis NOS

Includes: Any term indexed to A169 not qualified as

respiratory or pulmonary

E039 Hypothyroidism, unspecified

Excludes: Any term indexed to E039 qualified as advanced, grave, severe,

or with a similar qualifier (E0390)

*E0390 Advanced hypothyroidism

Grave hypothyroidism Severe hypothyroidism

Includes: Any term indexed to E039 qualified as advanced, grave,

severe, or with a similar qualifier

G122 Motor neuron disease

Excludes: Any term indexed to G122 qualified as advanced, grave, severe, or with

a similar qualifier (G1220)

*G1220 Advanced motor neuron disease

Grave motor neuron disease Severe motor neuron disease

Includes: Any term indexed to G122 qualified as advanced, grave,

severe, or with a similar qualifier

G20 Parkinson's disease

Excludes: Any term indexed to G20 qualified as advanced, grave, severe, or with

a similar qualifier (G2000)

*G2000 Advanced Parkinson's disease

Grave Parkinson's disease Severe Parkinson's disease

Includes: Any term indexed to G20 qualified as advanced, grave,

severe, or with a similar qualifier

I219 Acute myocardial infarction, unspecified

Excludes: Embolism of any site classified to I219

*I2190 Embolism cardiac, heart, myocardium or a synonymous site

Includes: Embolism of any site classified to I219

I420 Dilated cardiomyopathy

Excludes: Any term indexed to I420 qualified as familial, idiopathic,

or primary (I4200)

*I4200 Familial dilated cardiomyopathy

Idiopathic dilated cardiomyopathy Primary dilated cardiomyopathy

Includes: Any term indexed to I420 qualified as familial,

idiopathic, or primary

I421 Obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy

Excludes: Any term indexed to I421 qualified as familial, idiopathic.

or primary (I4210)

*I4210 Familial obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy

Idiopathic obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy Primary obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy

Includes: Any term indexed to I421 qualified as familial,

idiopathic, or primary

I422 Other hypertrophic cardiomyopathy

Excludes: Any term indexed to I422 qualified as familial, idiopathic,

or primary (I4220)

*I4220 Familial other hypertrophic cardiomyopathy

Idiopathic other hypertrophic cardiomyopathy Primary other hypertrophic cardiomyopathy

Includes: Any term indexed to I422 qualified as familial,

idiopathic, or primary

I425 Other restrictive cardiomyopathy

Excludes: Any term indexed to I425 qualified as familial, idiopathic,

or primary (I4250)

*I4250 Familial other restrictive cardiomyopathy

Idiopathic other restrictive cardiomyopathy Primary other restrictive cardiomyopathy

Includes: Any term indexed to I425 qualified as familial,

idiopathic, or primary

I428 Other cardiomyopathies

Excludes: Any term indexed to I428 qualified as familial, idiopathic,

or primary (I4280)

*I4280 Familial other cardiomyopathies

Idiopathic other cardiomyopathies Primary other cardiomyopathies

Includes: Any term indexed to I428 qualified as familial,

idiopathic, or primary

I429 Cardiomyopathy, unspecified

Excludes: Any term indexed to I429 qualified as familial, idiopathic,

or primary (I4290)

*I4290 Familial cardiomyopathy

Idiopathic cardiomyopathy Primary cardiomyopathy

Includes: Any term indexed to I429 qualified as familial,

idiopathic, or primary

I500 Congestive heart failure

Excludes: Any term indexed to I500 qualified as advanced, grave, severe, or with

a similar qualifier (I5000)

*I5000 Advanced congestive heart failure

Grave congestive heart failure Severe congestive heart failure

Includes: Any term indexed to I500 qualified as advanced, grave,

severe, or with a similar qualifier

SECTION II General Instructions

Part A Introduction

I514 Myocarditis, unspecified **Excludes:** Any term indexed to I514 qualified as arteriosclerotic (I5140) *I5140 Arteriosclerotic myocarditis **Includes:** Any term indexed to I514 qualified as arteriosclerotic I515 Myocardial degeneration **Excludes:** Any term indexed to I515 qualified as arteriosclerotic (I5150) *I5150 Arteriosclerotic myocardial degeneration **Includes:** Any term indexed to I515 qualified as arteriosclerotic I600 Subarachnoid hemorrhage from carotid siphon and bifurcation **Excludes:** Ruptured carotid aneurysm (into brain) (I6000) *I6000 Ruptured carotid aneurysm (into brain) I606 Subarachnoid hemorrhage from other intracranial arteries **Excludes:** Ruptured aneurysm (congenital) circle of Willis (I6060) *I6060 Ruptured aneurysm (congenital) circle of Willis I607 Subarachnoid hemorrhage from intracranial artery, unspecified **Excludes:** Ruptured berry aneurysm (congenital) brain (I6070) Ruptured miliary aneurysm (I6070) Ruptured berry aneurysm (congenital) brain *I6070 Ruptured miliary aneurysm I608 Other subarachnoid hemorrhage **Excludes:** Ruptured aneurysm brain meninges (I6080) Ruptured arteriovenous aneurysm (congenital) brain (I6080) Ruptured (congenital) arteriovenous aneurysm cavernous sinus (I6080) *I6080 Ruptured aneurysm brain meninges Ruptured arteriovenous aneurysm (congenital) brain Ruptured (congenital) arteriovenous aneurysm cavernous sinus I609 Subarachnoid hemorrhage, unspecified **Excludes:** Ruptured arteriosclerotic cerebral aneurysm (I6090) Ruptured (congenital) cerebral aneurysm NOS (I6090) Ruptured mycotic aneurysm brain (I6090) *I6090 Ruptured arteriosclerotic cerebral aneurysm Ruptured (congenital) cerebral aneurysm NOS

Ruptured mycotic aneurysm brain

| 7. | IIII outen | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|
| I610 | Intracerebral hemorrhage in hemisphere, subcortical Excludes: Any term indexed to I610 qualified as bilateral, multiple, or similar term (I6100) | | | |
| | *I6100 Bilateral, multiple [or similar term ¹] intracerebral hemorrhages in hemisphere, subcortical Includes: Any term indexed to I610 qualified as bilateral, | | | |
| | multiple, or similar term ¹ | | | |
| I611 | Intracerebral hemorrhage in hemisphere, cortical | | | |
| | Excludes: Any term indexed to I611 qualified as bilateral, multiple, or similar term (I6110) | | | |
| | *I6110 Bilateral, multiple [or similar term ¹] intracerebral hemorrhages in hemisphere, cortical | | | |
| | Includes: Any term indexed to I611 qualified as bilateral, multiple, or similar term ¹ | | | |
| I612 | Intracerebral hemorrhage in hemisphere, unspecified | | | |
| | Excludes: Any term indexed to I612 qualified as bilateral, multiple, or similar term (I6120) | | | |
| | *I6120 Bilateral, multiple [or similar term ¹] intracerebral hemorrhages, unspecified | | | |
| | Includes: Any term indexed to I612 qualified as bilateral, multiple, or similar term ¹ | | | |
| I613 | Intracerebral hemorrhage in brain stem | | | |
| | Excludes: Any term indexed to I613 qualified as bilateral, multiple, or similar term ¹ (I6130) | | | |
| | *I6130 Bilateral, multiple [or similar term ¹] intracerebral hemorrhages in brain stem | | | |
| | Includes: Any term indexed to I613 qualified as bilateral, multiple, or similar term ¹ | | | |
| I614 | Intracerebral hemorrhage in cerebellum | | | |
| | Excludes: Any term indexed to I614 qualified as bilateral, multiple, or similar term (I6140) | | | |
| | *I6140 Bilateral, multiple [or similar term ¹] intracerebral hemorrhages in cerebellum | | | |
| | Includes: Any term indexed to I614 qualified as bilateral, multiple, or similar term ¹ | | | |

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 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ Similar terms include modifiers such as many, numerous, recurrent, repeated, serial, series, or several.

Intracerebral hemorrhage, intraventricular

Excludes: Any term indexed to I615 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term 1 (I6150)

*I6150 Bilateral, multiple [or similar term¹] intracerebral hemorrhages,

intraventricular

Includes: Any term indexed to I615 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term $\frac{1}{2}$

I618 Other intracerebral hemorrhage

Excludes: Any term indexed to I618 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term 1 (I6180)

*I6180 Bilateral, multiple [or similar term¹] other intracerebral hemorrhages

Includes: Any term indexed to I618 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term¹

I619 Intracerebral hemorrhage, unspecified

Excludes: Any term indexed to I619 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term 1 (I6190)

*I6190 Bilateral, multiple [or similar term¹] intracerebral hemorrhages,

unspecified

Includes: Any term indexed to I619 qualified bilateral,

multiple, or similar term $\frac{1}{2}$

I630 Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of precerebral arteries

Excludes: Any term indexed to I630 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term 1 (I6300)

*I6300 Cerebral infarction due to bilateral, multiple [or similar term¹] thrombi

of precerebral arteries

Includes: Any term indexed to I630 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term¹

I631 Cerebral infarction due to embolism of precerebral arteries

Excludes: Any term indexed to I631 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term 1 (I6310)

*I6310 Cerebral infarction due to bilateral, multiple [or similar term¹] emboli

of precerebral arteries

Includes: Any term indexed to I631 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term $\frac{1}{2}$

 $\frac{1}{2}$ Similar terms include modifiers such as many, numerous, recurrent, repeated, serial, series, or several.

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| 7.400 | ~ | | |
|-------|--|---|--|
| I632 | Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of precerebral arteries | | |
| | | Any term indexed to I632 qualified as bilateral, | |
| | | multiple, or similar term ¹ (I6320) | |
| | *I6320 | Cerebral infarction due to bilateral, multiple [or similar term ¹] | |
| | | unspecified occlusions or stenosis of precerebral arteries | |
| | | Includes: Any term indexed to I632 qualified as bilateral, multiple, or similar term ¹ | |
| I633 | Cerebral in | farction due to thrombosis of cerebral arteries | |
| | Excludes: | Any term indexed to I633 qualified as bilateral, multiple, or similar term ¹ (I6330) | |
| | *I6330 | Cerebral infarction due to bilateral, multiple [or similar term ¹] thrombi | |
| | 10000 | of cerebral arteries | |
| | | Includes: Any term indexed to I633 qualified as bilateral, | |
| | | multiple, or similar term ¹ | |
| I634 | Cerebral in | farction due to embolism of cerebral arteries | |
| 1031 | | Any term indexed to I634 qualified as bilateral, | |
| | | multiple, or similar term ¹ (I6340) | |
| | *I6340 | Cerebral infarction due to bilateral, multiple [or similar term ¹] emboli | |
| | | of cerebral arteries | |
| | | Includes: Any term indexed to I634 qualified as bilateral, multiple, or similar term ¹ | |
| 1.605 | G 1 1: | | |
| I635 | | farction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of cerebral arteries Any term indexed to I635 qualified as bilateral, | |
| | Excludes. | multiple, or similar term ¹ (I6350) | |
| | *I6350 | Cerebral infarction due to bilateral, multiple [or similar term ¹] | |
| | | unspecified occlusions or stenosis of cerebral arteries | |
| | | Includes: Any term indexed to I635 qualified as bilateral, | |
| | | multiple, or similar term ¹ | |
| I636 | Cerebral in | farction due to cerebral venous thrombosis, nonpyogenic | |
| | Excludes: | Any term indexed to I636 qualified as bilateral, | |
| | | multiple, or similar term $\frac{1}{2}$ (I6360) | |
| | *I6360 | Cerebral infarction due to bilateral, multiple [or similar term ¹] | |
| | | cerebral venous thrombi, nonpyogenic Includes: Any term indexed to I636 qualified as bilateral, | |
| | | multiple, or similar term ¹ | |
| | | 1 / | |

1 Similar terms include modifiers such as many, numerous, recurrent, repeated, serial, series, or several.

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I638 Other cerebral infarction

Excludes: Any term indexed to I638 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term¹ (I6380)

*I6380 Bilateral, multiple [or similar term¹] other cerebral infarctions

Includes: Any term indexed to I638 qualified bilateral,

multiple, or similar term 1

I639 Cerebral infarction, unspecified

Excludes: Any term indexed to I639 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term 1 (I6390)

*I6390 Bilateral, multiple [or similar term¹] cerebral infarctions, unspecified

Includes: Any term indexed to I639 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term¹

I64 Stroke, not specified as hemorrhage or infarction

Excludes: Any term indexed to I64 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term 1 (I6400)

*I6400 Bilateral, multiple [or similar term¹] strokes, not specified as

hemorrhage or infarction

Includes: Any term indexed to I64 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term¹

I691 Sequelae of intracerebral hemorrhage

Excludes: Any term indexed to I691 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term 1 (I6910)

*I6910 Sequela of bilateral, multiple [or similar term¹] intracerebral

hemorrhages

Includes: Any term indexed to I691 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term¹

I693 Sequelae of cerebral infarction

Excludes: Any term indexed to I693 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term¹ (I6930)

*I6930 Sequela of bilateral, multiple [or similar term¹] cerebral infarctions

Includes: Any term indexed to I693 qualified as bilateral,

multiple, or similar term $\frac{1}{2}$

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 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ Similar terms include modifiers such as many, numerous, recurrent, repeated, serial, series, or several.

| I694 | Sequelae of stroke, not specified as hemorrhage or infarction Excludes: Any term indexed to I694 qualified as bilateral, multiple, or similar term ¹ (I6940) Sequela of bilateral, multiple [or similar term ¹] strokes, not specified as hemorrhage or infarction Includes: Any term indexed to I694 qualified as bilateral, multiple, or similar term ¹ |
|------|--|
| J101 | Excludes: Influenza, flu, grippe (viral), influenza virus identified (without specified manifestations) (J1010) Influenza, flu, grippe (viral), influenza virus identified (without specified manifestations) |
| J111 | Excludes: Influenza, flu, grippe (viral), influenza virus not identified (without specified manifestations) (J1110) Influenza, flu, grippe (viral), influenza virus not identified (without specified manifestations) |
| J841 | Other interstitial pulmonary diseases with fibrosis Excludes: Chronic pneumonia, not elsewhere classified (J8410) *J8410 Chronic pneumonia, not elsewhere classified |
| J849 | Interstitial pulmonary disease, unspecified Excludes: Interstitial pneumonia, not elsewhere classified (J8490) Interstitial pneumonia, not elsewhere classified |
| J984 | Other disorders of lung Excludes: Lung disease (acute) (chronic) NOS (J9840) *J9840 Lung disease (acute) (chronic) NOS |
| K319 | Disease of stomach and duodenum, unspecified Excludes: Disease, stomach NOS (K3190) Lesion, stomach NOS (K3190) *K3190 Disease, stomach NOS Lesion, stomach NOS |

 $\frac{1}{2}$ Similar terms include modifiers such as many, numerous, recurrent, repeated, serial, series, or several.

K550 Acute vascular disorders of intestine

Excludes: Any term indexed to K550 qualified as embolic (K5500)

*K5500 Acute embolic vascular disorders of intestine

Includes: Any term indexed to K550 qualified

as embolic

K631 Perforation of intestine (nontraumatic)

Excludes: Intestinal penetration, unspecified part (K6310)

Intestinal perforation, unspecified part (K6310) Intestinal rupture, unspecified part (K6310)

*K6310 Intestinal penetration, unspecified part

Intestinal perforation, unspecified part Intestinal rupture, unspecified part

K720 Acute and subacute hepatic failure

Excludes: Acute hepatic failure (K7200)

*K7200 Acute hepatic failure

K721 Chronic hepatic failure

Excludes: Chronic hepatic failure (K7210)

*K7210 Chronic hepatic failure

K729 Hepatic failure, unspecified

Excludes: Hepatic failure (K7290)

*K7290 Hepatic failure

M199 Arthrosis, unspecified

Excludes: Any term indexed to M199 qualified as advanced, grave, severe,

or with a similar qualifier (M1990)

*M1990 Advanced arthrosis

Grave arthrosis Severe arthrosis

Includes: Any term indexed to M199 qualified as advanced, grave,

severe, or with a similar qualifier

Q278 Other specified congenital malformations of peripheral vascular system

Excludes: Congenital aneurysm (peripheral) (Q2780)

*Q2780 Congenital aneurysm (peripheral)

Q282 Arteriovenous malformation of cerebral vessels

Excludes: Congenital arteriovenous cerebral aneurysm (nonruptured) (Q2820)

*Q2820 Congenital arteriovenous cerebral aneurysm (nonruptured)

SECTION II General Instructions

Part A Introduction

| Q283 | Other malformations of cerebral vessels | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|
| | Excludes: | Congenital cerebral aneurysm (nonruptured) (Q2830) | | |
| | *Q2830 | Congenital cerebral aneurysm (nonruptured) | | |
| R58 | Hemorrhage, not elsewhere classified | | | |
| | Excludes: | Hemorrhage of unspecified site (R5800) | | |
| | *R5800 | Hemorrhage of unspecified site | | |
| R99 | Other ill-defined and unspecified causes of mortality | | | |
| | Excludes: | Cause unknown (R97) | | |
| | *R97 | Cause unknown | | |

3. "Dagger and asterisk" codes

ICD-10 provides for the classification of certain diagnostic statements according to two different axes-etiology or underlying disease process and manifestation or complication. Thus, there are two codes for diagnostic statements subject to dual classification. The etiology or underlying disease codes are marked with a dagger (†) and the manifestations or complication codes are marked with an asterisk (*) following the code. The terms classified to codes with an asterisk are to be coded to the dagger code for the term only. These codes will not appear in official tabulations on multiple cause data.

I (a) Salmonella meningitis

A022

Use only the dagger code for multiple cause-of-death coding.

Do not use the following ICD-10 codes for multiple cause coding:

| D63* | H03* | I68* | M36* |
|------|------|------|------|
| D77* | H06* | I79* | M49* |
| E35* | H13* | I98* | M63* |
| E90* | H19* | J17* | M68* |
| F00* | H22* | J91* | M73* |
| F02* | H28* | J99* | M82* |
| G01* | H32* | K23* | M90* |
| G02* | H36* | K67* | N08* |
| G05* | H42* | K77* | N16* |
| G07* | H45* | K87* | N22* |
| G13* | H48* | K93* | N29* |
| G22* | H58* | L14* | N33* |
| G26* | H62* | L45* | N37* |
| G32* | H67* | L54* | N51* |
| G46* | H75* | L62* | N74* |
| G53* | H82* | L86* | P75* |
| G55* | H94* | L99* | |
| G59* | I32* | M01* | |
| G63* | I39* | M03* | |
| G73* | I41* | M07* | |
| G94* | I43* | M09* | |
| G99* | I52* | M14* | |

B. General coding concept

The coding of cause-of-death information for the ACME system consists of the assignment of the most appropriate ICD-10 code(s) for each diagnostic entity that is reported on the death certificate. In order to arrive at the appropriate code for a diagnostic entity, code each entity separately. Do not apply provisions in ICD-10 for linking two or more diagnostic terms to form a composite diagnosis classifiable to a single ICD-10 code.

I (a) Cholecystitis with cholelithiasis

K819 K802

<u>Code</u> each entity separately even though the Index has provided for a combination code for cholecystitis with cholelithiasis.

I (a) Malignant neoplasm of colon with rectum

C189 C20

<u>Code</u> malignant neoplasm of colon and malignant neoplasm of rectum separately even though the Index has provided for a combination code for malignant neoplasm of colon with rectum.

Place I (a) Injury of intra-abdominal and intrathoracic organs S369 S279 II & X599

<u>Code</u> injury of each site separately even though the Index has provided for a combination code for intra-abdominal and intrathoracic injury.

1. Definitions and types of diagnostic entities

A diagnostic entity is a single term or a composite term, comprised of one word or of two or more adjoining words, that is used to describe a disease, nature of injury, or other morbid condition. In this manual diagnostic entity and diagnostic term are used interchangeably. A diagnostic entity may indicate the existence of a condition classifiable to a single ICD-10 category or it may contain elements of information that are classifiable to different ICD-10 categories. For coding purposes, it is necessary to distinguish between two different kinds of diagnostic entities – a "one-term entity," and a "multiple one-term entity."

a. One-term entity

(1) A one-term entity is a diagnostic entity that is classifiable to a single ICD-10 code.

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 |
|---|-----|------------------|------|
| | (b) | Arteriosclerosis | I709 |
| | (c) | Emphysema | J439 |

These terms are codable one-term entities.

General Coding Concept

Part B

I (a) Allergic vasculitis

D690

This condition is indexed as one-term entity under "vasculitis."

I (a) Cerebral arteriosclerosis

I672

This condition is indexed as one-term entity.

(2) A diagnostic term that contains one of the following adjectival modifiers indicates the condition modified has undergone certain changes and is considered to be a one-term entity.

adenomatous hypoxemic
anoxic hypoxic
congestive inflammatory
cystic ischemic
embolic necrotic

erosive obstructed, obstructive

gangrenous ruptured

hemorrhagic

(These instructions apply to these adjectival modifiers **only**).

For code assignment, apply the following criteria in the order stated.

- (a) If the modifier and lead term are indexed together, code as indexed.
 - I (a) Embolic nephritis

N058

<u>Code</u> Nephritis, embolic. The adjectival modifier "embolic" is indexed under nephritis.

- (b) If the modifier is not indexed under the lead term, but "specified" is, use the code for specified (usually .8).
 - I (a) Obstructive cystitis

N308

<u>Code</u> Cystitis, specified NEC. The adjectival modifier "obstructive" is not indexed under cystitis.

- (c) If neither the modifier nor "specified" is indexed under the lead term, refer to Volume 1 under the NOS code for the lead term and look for a specified 4th character subcategory.
 - I (a) Hemorrhagic cardiomyopathy I428

<u>Code</u> hemorrhagic cardiomyopathy to I428, Other cardiomyopathies. "Hemorrhagic" is not indexed under cardiomyopathy, neither is Cardiomyopathy, specified NEC indexed. The Classification does provide a code, I428, for "Other cardiomyopathies" in Volume 1.

(d) If neither (a), (b), or (c) apply, code the lead term without the modifier.

I (a) Adenomatous bronchiectasis J

J47

"Adenomatous" is not an index term qualifying bronchiectasis. Code bronchiectasis only, since there is no provision in the Classification for coding "other bronchiectasis."

b. Multiple one-term entity

A multiple one-term entity is a diagnostic entity consisting of two or more contiguous words on a line for which the Classification does not provide a single code for the entire entity but does provide a single code for each of the components of the diagnostic entity. Consider as a multiple one-term entity if each of the components can be considered as separate one-term entities, i.e., they can stand alone as separate diagnosis. Code each component of the multiple one-term entity as indexed and on the same line where reported.

| I | (a) | Myocardial infarction | I219 | |
|---|-----|-----------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | Uremic acidosis | N19 | E872 |
| | (c) | Chronic nephritis | N039 | |

"Uremic acidosis" is not indexed as a one-term entity. Code "uremia" and "acidosis" as separate one-term entities, each of which can stand alone as a diagnosis.

| I | (a) | Uremia | N19 | |
|---|-----|------------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | Diabetic heart disease | E149 | I519 |
| | (c) | | | |

"Diabetic heart disease" is not indexed as a one-term entity. Code "diabetic" and "heart disease" as separate one-term entities, each of which can stand alone as a diagnosis.

Part B

General Coding Concept

I (a) Senile cardiovascular disease, MI

R54 I516 I219

(b)

(c)

"Senile cardiovascular disease." is not indexed as a one-term entity. Code "senile" and "cardiovascular disease" as separate one-term entities each of which can stand alone as a diagnosis.

Exception:

When any condition classifiable to I20-I25, except I250, or I60-I69 is qualified as "hypertensive," code to I20-I25 or I60-I69 **only**.

I (a) Hypertensive arteriosclerotic cerebrovascular disease

I672

I (a) Hypertensive myocardial ischemia

I259

(1) Code an adjective reported at the end of a diagnostic entity as if it preceded the entity. This applies whether reported in Part I or II.

I (a) Arteriosclerosis, hypertensive

I10 I709

(b)

(c)

The complete term is not indexed as a one-term entity. "Hypertensive" is an adjectival modifier; code as if it preceded the arteriosclerosis.

I (a) MI

I219

(b)

(c)

II Coronary occlusion, arteriosclerotic

I709 I219

"Coronary occlusion, arteriosclerotic" is not indexed as a one-term entity. Arteriosclerotic is an adjectival modifier; code as if it preceded the coronary occlusion.

- (2)(a) When a multiple one-term entity indicates a condition involving different sites or systems for which the Classification provides different codes, code the condition of each site or system separately.
 - I (a) Cardiac, respiratory, hepatic, renal failure I509 J969 K7290 N19

<u>Code</u> each site separately since the Classification provides a different code for each site.

- (b) Where there is provision for coding the condition of one or more but not all of the sites or systems, code the conditions of the site(s) or system(s) that are indexed. Disregard the site(s) or system(s) for which the Classification does not provide a code.
 - I (a) Cerebro-hepatic failure

K7290

"Hepatic failure" is the only term indexed. Do not enter a code for "cerebral failure."

- (c) When a site is not indexed and the Classification provides an NOS code for the condition, assign this code.
 - I (a) Ischemia colon, liver and spleen

K559 I99

(b)

"Ischemia colon" is the only term indexed. Since liver and spleen are not indexed and the condition has an NOS code, assign the NOS code for these terms.

- c. Adjectival modifier reported with multiple conditions
 - (1) If an adjectival modifier is reported with more than one condition, modify only the first condition.

| I | (a) | Arteriosclerotic cardiomyopathy |
|---|-----|---------------------------------|
| | | and nephritis |

I251 N059

I (a) Diabetic coma and gangrene

E140 R02

- (2) If an adjectival modifier is reported with one condition and more than one site is reported, modify all sites.
 - I (a) Diabetic gangrene of hands and feet

E145

I (a) Arteriosclerotic cardiovascular and cerebrovascular disease

I250 I672

- (3) When an adjectival modifier precedes two different diseases that are reported with a connecting term, modify only the first disease.
 - I (a) Arteriosclerotic cardiovascular disease I250 I679 and cerebrovascular disease

2. Parenthetical entries

a. When one medical entity is reported, followed by another complete medical entity enclosed in parenthesis, disregard the parenthesis and enter as separate terms.

I (a) Heart dropsy I500 (b) Renal failure (CVRD) N19 I139

Code each medical entity as indexed.

Place I (a) Pneumonia (aspiration) J189 T179 &W80

Code each medical entity as indexed.

b. When the adjectival form of words or qualifiers are reported in parenthesis, use these adjectives to modify the term preceding it.

I (a) Collapse of heart I509
(b) Heart disease (rheumatic) I099
(c)

Use the adjective to modify the term and code rheumatic heart disease.

- c. If the term in parenthesis is not a complete term and is not a modifier, consider as part of the preceding term.
 - I (a) Metastatic carcinoma (ovarian) C56

Consider the site as part of the preceding term and code metastatic ovarian carcinoma.

I (a) Drug dependence (heroin) (cocaine) F112 F142

Consider the specified drugs as part of the preceding term and code heroin and cocaine dependence.

3. Special diagnostic entities

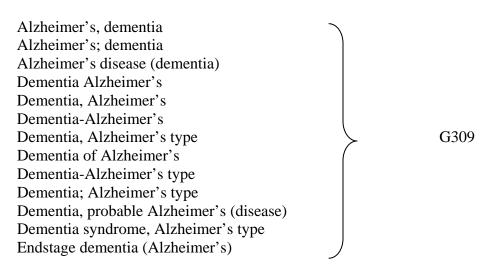
a. When a condition is qualified as "HIV-related," "AIDS-related," or is modified by "AIDS," or "HIV," disregard the indexing of these conditions and code as separate one-term entities.

| I (a) | HIV-related encephalopathy | B24 | G934 |
|-------|----------------------------|-----|-------|
| I (a) | AIDS-related tuberculosis | B24 | A1690 |
| I (a) | AIDS encephalopathy | B24 | G934 |
| I (a) | HIV encephalopathy | B24 | G934 |

b. Alzheimer's dementia: Consider the following terms as one term entities and code as indicated:

| When reported as: | Code |
|--|------|
| Endstage Alzheimer's, senile dementia Senile dementia, Alzheimer's Senile dementia, Alzheimer's type Senile dementia of the Alzheimer's | G301 |

When reported as:



Part B

4. Plural form of disease

Do not use the plural form of a disease or the plural form of a site to indicate multiple.

I (a) Cardiac arrest

I469

(b) Congenital defects

Q899

<u>Code</u> I(b) Q899 (congenital defect); do not code as multiple (Q897).

5. <u>Implied "disease"</u>

When an adjective or noun form of a site is entered as a separate diagnosis, i.e., it is not part of an entry immediately preceding or following it, assume the word "disease" after the site and code accordingly.

I (a) Congestive heart failure

I500

(b) Myocardial

I515

<u>Code</u> I(b) to I515, myocardial disease. The site "myocardial" is not indexed with congestive heart failure.

I (a) Coronary

I251

(b) Hypertension

I10

<u>Code</u> I(a) to I251, coronary disease. Coronary hypertension is not indexed.

I (a) Renal

I129

(b) Hypertension

<u>Code</u> I(a) to I129, renal hypertension. Consider the site, renal, to be a part of the condition that immediately follows it on line b, since Hypertension, renal is indexed.

6. Non-traumatic conditions

Consider conditions that are usually but not always traumatic in origin to be qualified as non-traumatic when reported due to or on the same line with disease.

I (a) Fat embolism

I749

(b) Pathological fracture

M844

<u>Code</u> line (a) as non-traumatic since reported due to disease.

Part B

7. Drug dependent, drug dependency

When drug dependent or drug dependency modifies a condition, consider as a non-codable modifier unless indexed.

I (a) Perforated gastric ulcer K255 (b) Steroid-dependent COPD J449

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed. Code I(b) to J449, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease NOS. Consider the "steroid dependent" to be a non-codable modifier.

C. Format

1. "Due to" relationships involving more than four causally related conditions

Four lines, (a), (b), (c), and (d) have been provided in Part I of the death certificate for reporting conditions involved in the sequence of events leading directly to death and for indicating the causal relationship of the reported conditions. In cases where the decedent had more than four causally related conditions leading to death, certifiers have been instructed to report all of these conditions and to add line, (e), to indicate the relationship of the conditions. In the ACME system, provision has been made for identifying conditions reported on the additional "due to" line in Part I. Code conditions reported on line (e) or in equivalent "due to" positions as having been reported on separate lines. (Refer to Section II, Part I, 2, Reject code 9 - More than four "due to" statements, for instructions for coding certificates with conditions reported on more than five "due to" lines.)

| I | (a) | Shock due to pneumonia | R579 |
|---|-----|--------------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Rupture of esophageal varices | J189 |
| | (c) | Cirrhosis of liver due to alcoholism | I859 |
| | (d) | | K746 |
| | (e) | | F102 |

2. Connecting terms

a. "Due to" written in or implied

When the certifier has stated that one condition was due to another or has used another connecting term that implies a due to relationship between conditions in Part I, enter the codes as though the conditions had been reported, one due to the other, on separate lines. Code the conditions on each of the remaining lines in Part I, if there are any, as though they had been reported on the succeeding line. (Refer to Section II, Part I, 2, Reject code 9 - More than four "due to" statements, for instructions for coding certificates with more than four "due to" statements).

| I | (a) | Myocardial infarction as a result of | I219 |
|---|-----|--------------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | ASHD | I251 |

Interpret "as a result of" as "due to" and code the ASHD on I(b).

| Ι | (a) | Stomach hemorrhage from gastric ulcer | K922 |
|---|-----|---------------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Cholecystitis | K259 |
| | (c) | | K819 |

Because of the implied "due to," code the gastric ulcer on I(b) and the cholecystitis on I(c).

(1) The following connecting terms should be interpreted as meaning "due to" or "as a consequence of" when the entity immediately preceding and following these terms is a disease condition, nature of injury, or an external cause.

| after arising in or during as (a) complication of as a result of because of caused by complication(s) of during etiology following for from in | incident to incurred after incurred during incurred in incurred when induced by occurred after occurred during occurred in occurred when occurred when occurred while origin received from | received in resulting from resulting when secondary to (2°) subsequent to sustained as sustained by sustained during sustained in sustained when sustained while |
|--|--|--|
| I (a) Myocardial infarcti (b) Nephritis due to art (c) Hypertension from (d) (e) | eriosclerosis | I219 N059 I709 I10 E050 |

Both "due to" and "from" indicate the conditions following these terms are moved to the next due to position.

| I | (a) | Neurological devastation due to stroke | |
|---|-----|--|-----|
| | (b) | | I64 |

Neurological devastation is a disease condition. Move stroke down to the next due to position.

| I | (a) | Death from heart attack | I219 |
|---|-----|-------------------------|------|
| | (b) | | |

Death is not a disease condition, nature of injury, or external cause. Do not reformat heart attack.

I (a) Complication from diabetes E149

Complication is not a disease condition, nature of injury, or external cause. Do not reformat diabetes.

(2) When one of the previous terms is the first entry in Part II, indicating that the following entry is a continuation of Part I, code in Part I in next due to position.

| I | (a) | Respiratory failure | J969 |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|
| | (b) | Cardiac arrest | I469 |
| | (c) | Coronary occlusion | I219 |
| | (d) | | I251 |

II due to ASHD

Since Part II is indicated to be a continuation of Part I, code the ASHD on I(d).

(3) Certain connecting terms imply that the condition following the connecting term was "due to" the condition preceding it. In such cases, enter the code for the condition following the connecting term on the line above that for the condition that preceded it.

Interpret the following connecting terms as meaning that the condition following the term was due to the condition that preceded it:

| as a cause of | manifested by |
|---------------|----------------|
| cause of | producing |
| caused | resulted in |
| causing | resulting in |
| followed by | underlying |
| induced | with resultant |
| leading to | with resulting |
| led to | _ |

| I | (a) | Myocardial infarction | I469 |
|---|-----|----------------------------|------|
| | (b) | followed by cardiac arrest | I219 |
| | (c) | | |

<u>Code</u> the cardiac arrest on I(a) since "followed by" indicates it was due to the myocardial infarction.

| I | (a) | Respiratory arrest | R092 | |
|---|-----|-------------------------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | Pulmonary edema | J81 | |
| | (c) | Bronchitis with resulting pneumonia | J189 | I469 |
| | (d) | and cardiac arrest | J40 | |

<u>Code</u> the pneumonia and cardiac arrest on I(c) since "with resulting" indicates they were due to the bronchitis.

b. Not indicating a "due to" relationship

When conditions are separated by "and" or by another connecting term that does not imply a "due to" relationship, enter the codes for these conditions on the same line in the order that the conditions are reported on the certificate.

The following terms imply that conditions are meant to remain on the same line. They are separated by "and" or by another connecting term that does not **imply** a "due to" relationship:

| and | consistent with |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| accompanied by | with (\bar{c}) |
| also | precipitated by |
| associated with | predisposing (to) |
| complicated by | superimposed on |
| complicating | |

I (a) Acute bronchitis superimposed on J209 J439

(b) Emphysema

(c) Tobacco abuse (smokes 3 packs a day) F171 F179

Interpret "superimposed on" as "and." Enter the code for the condition on I(b) as the second code on I(a). Do not enter a code on I(b).

| I | (a) | MI | I219 | |
|---|-----|--------------|------|-------|
| | (b) | ASHD | I251 | |
| | (c) | Hypertension | I10 | |
| | (4) | Diebotos | E140 | E1/12 |

(d) Diabetes E149 E142

II also diabetic nephropathy

Consider "also" as a connecting word that does not imply "due to" and code Part II as a continuation of I(d).

3. Condition entered above line I(a)

When a condition is reported on the certificate above line I(a), enter the code for this condition on I(a). Code the condition(s) entered on line I(a) on line I(b); then code the conditions entered on each of the remaining line(s) in Part I as though they had been reported on the succeeding lines.

| \mathbf{N} | Iyoca | ardial infarction | |
|--------------|-------|--------------------------|------|
| I | (a) | Pulmonary embolism | I219 |
| | (b) | Congestive heart failure | I269 |
| | (c) | Congenital heart disease | I500 |
| | (d) | _ | Q249 |

<u>Code</u> the condition entered above I(a) on I(a), then code the condition entered on I(a) on I(b); then code the conditions entered on each of the remaining line(s) in Part I as though they had been reported on the succeeding lines.

4. Condition reported between lines in Part I

When a condition is reported between I(a) and I(b) or I(b) and I(c) or I(c) and I(d), without a connecting term, enter the code for this condition on the following "due to" line. Code the conditions entered on each of the remaining line(s) in Part I as though they had been reported on the succeeding line.

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 |
|---|-----|----------------|------|
| | | Bronchitis | |
| | (b) | Emphysema | J40 |
| | (c) | Cancer of lung | J439 |
| | (d) | | C349 |

<u>Code</u> the condition reported between lines I(a) and I(b) in the next "due to" position, and move the codes for conditions reported on lines I(b) and I(c) downward.

When a condition is reported between I(a) and I(b) or I(b) and I(c) or I(c) and I(d) with a connecting word, consider as a continuation of the line above and code accordingly unless there is a definite indication that it is a continuation of the line below.

| I | (a) | Cerebral hemorrhage | I619 | I64 |
|---|-----|---------------------------|------|-----|
| | | c CVA | | |
| | (b) | Cerebral arteriosclerosis | I672 | |

<u>Code</u> the condition entered between I(a) and I(b) as a continuation of I(a).

| 1 | (a) | Cerebral hemorrhage | | 1619 | |
|---|-----|---------------------------|-----|------|-----|
| | | c CVA | ◆── | | |
| | (b) | Cerebral arteriosclerosis | | I672 | I64 |

Since the certifier indicated by an arrow that the condition entered between I(a) and I(b) was a continuation of I(b), code the CVA on I(b).

| I | (a) | Cerebrovascular accident | I64 |
|---|-----|----------------------------|------|
| | | due to cerebral hemorrhage | |
| | (b) | Cerebral arteriosclerosis | I619 |
| | (c) | | I672 |

Consider the condition entered between I(a) and I(b) as a continuation of I(a) and code accordingly.

5. Condition reported as due to I(a), I(b), or I(c)

When a condition(s) in Part I is reported with a specific statement interpreted or stated as "due to" another on lines I(a), I(b), I(c), or I(d), rearrange the codes according to the certifier's statement. **Do not apply** this instruction to such statements reported in Part II.

| I | (a) | Myocardial failure | | I249 |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | Pneumonia | | I509 |
| | (c) | Myocardial ischemia | | J189 |
| | | due to (a) | 3wks | |

Accept the certifier's statement that the condition reported on I(c) is "due to" the condition on I(a). Move the codes for conditions reported on I(a) and I(b) downward. (Apply the duration on I(c) to the myocardial ischemia).

| I | (a) | Heart failure | I509 | N19 |
|---|-----|-------------------|------|-----|
| | (b) | Pneumonia | J189 | |
| | (c) | Uremia due to (b) | | |

Take into account the certifier's statement on I(c) and code the condition reported on I(c) as the second entry on I(a).

| I | (a) | Carcinomatosis | I469 |
|---|-----|------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Cancer of lung | C80 |
| | (c) | Cardiorespiratory arrest due | C349 |
| | | to above | |

Take into account the certifier's statement and code the cardiorespiratory arrest on I(a), then move the codes for the remaining conditions downward.

| I (a) Coronary thrombosis | I219 |
|---------------------------|------|
| (b) Chronic nephritis | N039 |
| (c) Arteriosclerosis | I709 |
| II Uremia caused by above | N19 |

Disregard the certifier's statement, "caused by above," reported in Part II.

6. Conditions reported in Part II

Enter the codes for entries in Part II in the order the entries are reported, proceeding from the entry reported uppermost in Part II downward and from left to right, if there is more than one entry on the same line. If the conditions are numbered, code in numerical order.

I (a) MI I219 (b) ASHD I251

(c)

II Pneumonia

Heart murmur, arteriosclerosis J189 R011 I709

7. Deletion of "due to" on the death certificate

When the certifier has indicated that conditions in Part I were not causally related by marking through items I(a), I(b), I(c), and /or I(d), or through the printed "due to, or as a consequence of" which appears below items I(a) - I(c) on the death certificate, proceed as follows:

a. If the deletion(s) indicates that none of the conditions in Part I were causally related, consider as though all of the conditions had been reported on the uppermost used line. In determining the order of the codes, proceed from I(a) downward and from left to right if more than one condition is reported on a line.

I (a) Heart disease I519 I10 N039

(b) Malignant hypertension

(c) Chronic nephritis

II Cancer of kidney C64

I (a) Cardiac failure I509 I251 J439 J40

(b) Arteriosclerotic heart disease

(c) Emphysema and bronchitis

(d)

b. If only item I(b), I(c), or I(d) or the printed "due to, or as a consequence of" which appears below lines I(a), I(b), or I(c) is marked through, consider the condition(s) reported on the crossed out line as though reported as the last entry (or entries) on the preceding line.

| I | (a) Diabetes (b) | E149 | N40 |
|----|---|------|------|
| | (e) BPH | | |
| I | (a) Cardiac arrest (b) Cirrhosis of liver | I469 | K746 |
| | (c) Alcoholism | F102 | |
| I | (a) Congestive failure | I500 | I251 |
| | (b) ASHD (c) | | |
| II | Pneumonia | J189 | |
| I | (a) Heart block | I459 | |
| | (b) Degenerative myocarditis | I514 | I619 |
| 11 | (e) Cerebral hemorrhage | 1100 | |
| 11 | Bronchopneumonia | J180 | |

c. If only one part of the printed "due to, or as a consequence of" which appears below I(a), I(b), and I(c) is marked through, consider the condition(s) reported on that line as though reported as the last entry (or entries) on the preceding line.

| I | (a) | Cardiorespiratory failure | R092 | |
|---|-----|--------------------------------|------|------|
| | | Due to, or as a consequence of | | |
| | (b) | Infarction of brain | I639 | I259 |
| | , , | Due to, or as a consequence of | | |
| | (c) | Ischemic heart disease | | |

<u>Code</u> ischemic heart disease as though reported as second entry on I(b).

8. Deletion of "Part II" on death certificate

Due to, or as a consequence of

When the certifier has marked through the printed Part II, code the condition(s) reported in Part II as the last entry on the lowest used line in Part I.

| (a) | Apoplectic coma | I64 | |
|-----|--------------------------|--|--|
| (b) | Ruptured aneurysm, brain | I6090 | |
| (c) | Arteriosclerosis | I709 | |
| (d) | ESRD | N180 | I10 |
| | (b) (c) | (a) Apoplectic coma(b) Ruptured aneurysm, brain(c) Arteriosclerosis(d) ESRD | (b) Ruptured aneurysm, brain(c) ArteriosclerosisI6090I709 |

H and hypertension

Since Part II is indicated to be a continuation of I(d), code hypertension as last entry on I(d).

I (a) Myocarditis I514 I219 I500 I250 E149

(b) M.I.

(c) CHF

(d) Cardiovascular arteriosclerosis

H Diabetes

 I (a) M.I.
 I219

 (b) Uremia
 N19

 (c) Arteriosclerosis
 I709

(d) Hypertension I10 N059

H Nephritis

9. Numbering of causes reported in Part I

a. When the certifier has numbered all causes or lines in Part I, that is 1, 2, 3, etc., code these entries as if reported on the same line. This instruction applies whether or not the numbering extends into Part II, and it also applies whether or not the "due to" below lines I(a) and/or I(b) and/or I(c) are marked through.

I (a) 1. Coronary thrombosis I219 I250 I10 I709 N289 J1110

(b) 2. ASCVD

(c) 3. Hypertension and arteriosclerosis

(d) 4. Renal disease

II 5. Influenza

Code all the entries on I(a).

b. When part of the causes in Part I are numbered, make the interpretation for coding such entries on an individual basis.

I (a) 1. Bronchopneumonia J180 C169

(b) 2. Cancer of stomach

(c) Chronic nephritis N039

Enter the codes for the conditions numbered "1" and "2" on I(a) in the order indicated by the certifier. Do not enter a code on I(b); however, enter the code for the condition on I(c) on that line.

I (a) Bronchopneumonia J180

(b) 1. Cancer of stomach C169 N039

(c) 2. Chronic nephritis

Enter the codes for conditions numbered "1" and "2" on I(b) in the order indicated by the certifier. Do not enter a code on I(c).

| I | (a) | Congestive heart failure | I500 | | |
|----|-----|--------------------------|-------|------|------|
| | (b) | Influenza | J1110 | | |
| | (c) | 1. Pulmonary emphysema | J439 | J449 | C349 |
| | (d) | 2. COPD | | | |
| II | | 3. Cancer of lung | | | |

Enter the codes for the conditions numbered 1, 2, and 3 on I(c) in the order

indicated by the certifier. Do not enter a code on I(d) or in Part II.

c. When the causes in Part I are numbered, and an entry is stated or implied as "due to" another, enter the code(s) connected by the stated or implied "due to" in the next "due to" position, followed by the codes for the **remaining numbered** causes.

| I | (a) | 1. Bronch | opneum | onia | due to |) | J1 | 80 | | |
|---|-----|-----------|--------|------|--------|---|----|-----|------|-----|
| | (b) | influe | nza | | | | J1 | 110 | J841 | J40 |
| | () | 0 D 1 | C*1 | | 0 D | 1 | | | | |

(c) 2. Pulmonary fibrosis 3. Bronchitis

Enter the code for the condition followed by the stated "due to" on I(b), followed by codes for the conditions numbered "2" and "3." Do not enter a code on I(c).

| I | (a) | 1. Pneumonia | J189 | |
|---|-----|--------------|------|------|
| | (b) | MI | I219 | I251 |
| | (c) | 2. ASHD | | |

<u>Code</u> the condition numbered "2" as a continuation of I(b). Leave I(c) blank.

10. Punctuation marks

a. Disregard punctuation marks such as a period, comma, semicolon, colon, dash, slash, question mark, or exclamation mark when placed at the end of a line in Part I. Do not apply this instruction to a hyphen (-), which indicates a word is incomplete.

| I | (a) | Myocardial infarct? | I219 | |
|---|-----|-------------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | Meningitis, mastoiditis | G039 | H709 |
| | (c) | Otitis media | H669 | |

Disregard the punctuation marks and code the conditions reported on I(a), I(b), and I(c) as indicated by the certifier.

| I | (a) | Chronic rheu - | I099 | I958 | |
|---|-----|--|------|------|--|
| | (b) | matic heart disease, chronic hypotension | | | |

IJЬ

(c) Cancer C80

Regard the conditions reported on I(b) as a continuation of I(a). Do not enter a code on I(b).

b. When conditions are separated by a slash (/), code each condition as indexed.

| I | (a) | Cardiac arrest/respiratory | I469 | R092 | J189 |
|---|-----|----------------------------|------|------|------|
| | | arrest/pneumonia | | | |
| | (b) | ASHD | I251 | | |

Disregard the slash and code conditions as indexed.

- c. When a dash (-) or slash (/) is used to separate sites reported with one condition and the combination of the sites is indexed to a single ICD-10 code, disregard the punctuation and code as indexed. This does not apply to commas.
 - I (a) Cardiac-respiratory arrest

I469

Code as one code assignment since the 2 sites are indexed as Arrest, cardiorespiratory.

I (a) Cardiac, respiratory arrest

I469 R092

<u>Code</u> each site separately since this instruction does not apply to commas.

I (a) Cardiac respiratory arrest

I469

Code as one code assignment since the 2 sites are indexed as Arrest, cardiorespiratory.

d. When conditions are indexed together yet separted by a comma, code conditions separately. If the term following the comma is an adjective, refer to Section II, Part B, 1, b(1).

I (a) Cancer, cachexia C80 R64 (b) Anxiety, depression F419 F329

Code each term separately even though indexed together.

11. Conditions in the duration box

When a condition is entered in the duration block, code the condition on the same line where it is reported.

| Ι | (a) Arteriosclerotic heart disease(b)(c) | Duration CVA | I251 | I64 |
|---|--|-----------------|------|-----|
| Π | Arteriosclerosis | | I709 | |

Code the condition reported in the duration block as the last entry on I(a).

D. <u>Doubtful diagnosis</u>

1. <u>Doubtful qualifying expression</u>

a. When expressions such as "apparently," "presumably," "?," "perhaps," and "possibly," qualify any condition, disregard these expressions and code condition as indexed.

| I | (a) | ? hemorrhage of stomach | K922 |
|---|-----|---------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Possible ulcer of stomach | K259 |

Disregard "?" and code hemorrhage of stomach on I(a) as reported. Disregard "possible" and code ulcer of stomach on I(b) as reported.

I (a) Heart disease, probable ASHD I519 I251

Disregard "probable" and code heart disease and ASHD on I(a).

| Place | I | (a) | Pneumonia, probably aspiration | J189 | T179 | &W80 |
|-------|---|-----|--------------------------------|------|------|------|
| 9 | | | | | | |

Disregard the "probably" and code both pneumonia and aspiration as indexed.

b. When these expressions are reported at the end of a line in Part I, **do not** consider to be a continuation of the next lower line.

| I | (a) | Heart disease probably | I519 |
|---|-----|-----------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Acute myocardial infarction | I219 |

Disregard "probably" and code heart disease on I(a) and acute myocardial infarction on I(b).

| I | (a) | Cardiovascular disease presumably | I516 |
|---|-----|-----------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Cerebral thrombosis | I633 |

Disregard "presumably" and code each condition on the line where it is reported.

c. When these expressions are reported at the beginning of a line in Part I, **do not** consider to be a continuation of the line above it.

I (a) Heart disease I519 (b) Possibly acute myocardial infarction I219

Disregard "possibly" and code each condition on the line where it is reported.

d. When these expressions are reported at the beginning of Part II, **do not** consider to be a continuation of Part I.

I (a) Heart disease probably I519

(b)

(c)

II Probably MI I219

Disregard "probably" and code heart disease on I(a) and MI in Part II.

2. <u>Interpretation of "either...or..."</u>

Consider the following as a statement of "either or:"

- Two conditions reported on **one** line and **both** conditions qualified by expressions such as "apparently," "presumably," "?," "perhaps," and "possibly"
- Two or more conditions connected by "or" or "versus"

Code using the following instructions:

a. When a condition of more than one site is qualified by a statement of "either...or..." and both sites are classified to the **same system**, code the condition to the residual category for the **system**.

I (a) Pneumonia J189 (b) Cancer of kidney or bladder C689

<u>Code</u> I(b) C689, malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified urinary organs.

I (a) Heart failure I509 (b) Coronary or pulmonary blood clot I749

Code I(b) I749, blood clot.

b. When a condition of more than one site is qualified by a statement of "either...or..." and these sites are in different systems, code to the residual category for the disease or condition specified.

I (a) Cardiac arrest I469
(b) Carcinoma of gallbladder C80
or kidney

<u>Code</u> I(b) C80, malignant neoplasm without specification of site.

I (a) Respiratory failure J969
(b) Congenital anomaly of heart Q899
or lungs

Code I(b) Q899, anomaly, congenital, unspecified.

- c. When conditions are qualified by a statement of "either...or..." and **only one site/system** is involved, code to the residual category for the site/system.
 - I (a) Apparently stroke, perhaps heart attack I99

<u>Since</u> both conditions are preceded by a doubtful qualifying expression, consider as a statement of "either...or...." Stroke and heart attack are classified to the circulatory system. Code to Disease, circulatory system, NEC.

I (a) Pulmonary edema J81 (b) Tuberculosis or cancer of lung J9840

Code I(b) J9840, lung disease NOS.

Note: When embolism and thrombosis are qualified by a statement of "either...or...," code to Clot (I749)

I (a) Cardiac thrombosis vs pulmonary embolism I749

<u>Code</u> I(a) I749, Clot (blood). Embolism and thrombosis are both blood clots, and Clot NOS is a more specific category than Disease, circulartory system.

d. When conditions are classified to the same three character category with different fourth characters, code to the three character category with fourth character "9."

I (a) ASCVD vs ASHD

I259

<u>Code</u> to I259 the residual category. ASCVD and ASHD are both classified to 125.-, chronic ischemic heart disease.

- e. When conditions are classified to different three character categories and Volume 1 provides a residual category for the diseases in general, code to that residual category.
 - I (a) MI vs coronary aneurysm

I259

<u>Code</u> to I259 the residual category for ischemic heart disease. MI and coronary aneurysm are both classified as "ischemic heart diseases."

f. When conditions involving different systems are qualified by "either... or...," and cannot be classified to the residual category for the disease, code R688, other specified general symptoms and signs.

I (a) Coma R402 (b) ? gallbladder colic ? coronary R688 thrombosis

<u>Code</u> I(b) R688, other ill-defined conditions. (Consider the two question marks on a single line as "either...or...").

- g. When diseases and injuries are qualified by "either... or...," code R99, other unknown and unspecified cause, provided this is the only entry on the certificate. When other classifiable entries are reported, omit R99.
 - I (a) Head injury or CVA

R99

Code I(a) R99, other unknown and unspecified cause.

h. For doubtful diagnosis in reference to "either... or..." **accidents**, **suicides**, and **homicides**, refer to Section V, Part A, <u>External Cause Code</u> Concept.

Part E

E. Conditions specified as "healed" or "history of"

The Classification provides sequela categories for certain conditions qualified as "healed" or "history of." Refer to Section IV, Part F, <u>Sequela</u>. When the Classification does not provide a code or a sequela category for a condition qualified as "healed" or "history of," code the condition as though not qualified by this term.

I (a) Myocardial infarction I219

(b)

(c)

II Gastritis, healed K297

Code K297, gastritis NOS in Part II.

F. Coding entries such as "same," "ditto (")," "as above"

When the certifier enters "same," "ditto mark (")," "as above," etc., in a "due to" position to a specified condition, do not enter a code for that line.

| I | (a) | Coronary occlusion | I219 |
|---|-----|--------------------|------|
| | (b) | Same | |
| | (c) | Hypertension | I10 |

Do not enter a code on I(b) for the entry "same."

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 |
|---|-----|-----------|------|
| | (b) | " | |
| | (c) | Emphysema | J439 |

Do not enter a code on I(b) for the "ditto mark (")."

Part G

Conditions Qualified by "Postmortem," "Rule Out," "Ruled Out," "R/O"

G. Conditions qualified by "postmortem," "rule out," "ruled out," "r/o"

When a condition is qualified by "postmortem," "rule out," "ruled out," or "r/o," etc., **do not** enter a code for the condition.

Part H

H. Nonindexed and illegible entries

1. Terms that are not indexed

When a term is reported that does not appear in the ICD-10 Index, refer the term to the supervisor.

2. <u>Illegible entries</u>

When an illegible entry is the **only** entry on the certificate, code R99. When an illegible entry is reported with other classifiable entries, disregard the illegible entry and code the remaining entries as indexed.

I. Coding one-character reject codes

When a death record qualifies for more than one reject code, code only one in this order: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9.

1. Reject code 1-5-Inconsistent duration

When a duration of an entity in a "due to" position is shorter than that of an entity reported on a line above it and only **one** codable entity is reported on each of these lines, enter a reject code (1-5) in the appropriate data position. When more than one codable entity is reported on the same line, disregard the duration entered on that line. Use the appropriate reject code even though there are lines without a duration or with more than one codable entity between the entities with the inconsistent duration; in such cases, consider the inconsistency to be between the line immediately above and the line with the shorter duration.

If the inconsistent duration is between:

| Lines | Enter Reject Code |
|---|-------------------|
| I (a) and I (b) | 1 |
| I (b) and I (c) | 2 |
| I (c) and I (d) | 3 |
| I (d) and I (e) | 4 |
| Inconsistent durations between more than two lines is | n Part I, |
| or any situation where reject codes 1-4 would not be | applicable 5 |

Do not enter a reject code if the only inconsistency is between the durations of malignant neoplasms classifiable to C00-C96.

| I | (a) | ASHD | 10 yrs. | I251 | |
|---|-----|------------------------------------|---------|------|-----|
| | (b) | Chronic nephritis and hypertension | 5 yrs. | N039 | I10 |
| | (c) | Diabetes | 5 yrs. | E149 | |
| | | | | | |

Reject 2

Disregard the duration on I(b), since more than one codable entity is reported on this line. Only **one** codable entity is reported on lines I(a) and I(c) and the duration of the diabetes was shorter than that of ASHD. For the purposes of assigning the reject code, consider the duration on I(b) to be at least as long as the duration on I(a). Therefore, enter reject code 2 denoting an inconsistency between I(b) and I(c).

Part I

Coding One-Character Reject Codes

| I | (a) | ASHD | 5 yrs | I251 | |
|---|-----|------------------------------------|--------|------|-----|
| | (b) | Chronic nephritis and hypertension | 10 yrs | N039 | I10 |
| | (c) | Diabetes | 5 yrs | E149 | |

Do not enter reject code 2. The duration on I(b) is disregarded. The duration of diabetes on I(c) was not shorter than that of ASHD on I(a).

| I | (a) | Cardiac arrest | | I469 |
|---|-----|---------------------------|----------|------|
| | (b) | Congestive heart failure | 1 week | I500 |
| | (c) | Cancer of stomach | 1 year | C169 |
| | (d) | Metastatic cancer of lung | 6 months | C780 |

Do not use reject code 3 since the inconsistent duration is between malignant neoplasms.

| Ι | (a) | Basilar artery thrombosis | 7 weeks | I630 |
|---|-----|---------------------------|---------|------|
| | (b) | Renal failure | 4 weeks | N19 |
| | (c) | Pneumonia | 1 week | J189 |

Reject 5

Enter reject code 5 since the inconsistent durations are between more than 2 lines.

Age 1 yr.

| I | | Congenital nephrosis | life | N049 |
|---|------------|-----------------------|-------|----------|
| | (b) (c) | Intestinal hemorrhage | 1 day | K922 |
| | | | | Reject 5 |

Enter reject code 5 since reject codes 1-4 are not applicable.

Reject code 9 – More than four "due to" statements

When certifier's entries or reformatting result in more than **four** statements of "due to," continue the remaining codes horizontally on the **fifth** line and enter reject **code 9** in the appropriate position.

| Ι | (a) | Terminal pneumonia | J189 |
|---|-----|------------------------------|-----------|
| | (b) | Congestive heart failure | I500 |
| | (c) | Myocardial infarction | I219 |
| | (d) | ASHD | I251 |
| | (e) | Generalized arteriosclerosis | I709 E039 |
| | (f) | Myxedema | |

(I) Myxedema

Reject 9

Enter the code for the myxedema reported on the fifth "due to" line, I(f), following the code for the condition reported on this line (generalized arteriosclerosis). Enter reject code 9 in the appropriate data position.

If there are more than four "due to" statements in Part I and there is no codable condition reported on one or more lines, consider the condition(s) on each subsequent "due to" line as though reported on the preceding line. Enter reject code 9 only if, after reformatting, there are codable conditions on more than five lines.

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 |
|---|-----|-------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Debilitating illness | G839 |
| | (c) | Paralysis following CVA | I64 |
| | (d) | Hypertension due to | I10 |
| | (e) | adrenal adenoma | D350 |

Do not enter reject code 9. Since debilitating illness is not a codable condition, enter the code for paralysis on I(b), the code for CVA on I(c), etc. As a result of the rearrangement of the conditions, there are codable conditions on only five lines.

When a death record qualifies for more than one reject, prefer a reject code for inconsistent durations over reject code 9.

Part J

J. Inclusion of additional information (AI) to mortality source documents

Code supplemental information when it modifies or supplements data on the original mortality source document.

1. When additional information (AI) **states** the underlying cause of a **specified disease in Part I**, code the additional information (AI) in a "due to" position to the specified disease.

| (a) | Pulmonary edema | J81 |
|-----|--------------------------|---|
| (b) | Congestive heart failure | I500 |
| (c) | Arteriosclerosis | I251 |
| (d) | | I709 |
| | (b) (c) | (a) Pulmonary edema(b) Congestive heart failure(c) Arteriosclerosis(d) |

II

AI The underlying cause of the congestive heart failure was ASHD.

Since the certifier **states** the underlying cause of the congestive heart failure is ASHD, code I251 on I(c) and move the condition on I(c) to the next "due to" position.

2. When additional information (AI) **modifies** a disease condition, use the AI and code the disease modified by the AI in the position **first** indicated by the certifier.

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J181 |
|---|-----|------------|------|
| 1 | (a) | 1 iicumoma | 3101 |

(b)

(c)

AI Lobar pneumonia

<u>Code</u> lobar pneumonia as the **specified** type of pneumonia on I(a) <u>only</u>.

3. When there is a stated or implied complication of surgery and the additional information indicates the condition for which surgery was performed, code this condition in a "due to" position to the surgery when reported in Part I and following the surgery when reported in Part II. Precede this code with an ampersand (&).

| I | (a) | Coronary occlusion | T818 |
|---|-----|--------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Gastrectomy | &Y836 |
| | (c) | | &K259 |

AI Gastrectomy done for gastric ulcer.

<u>Code</u> the condition necessitating the surgery on I(c) and precede this code with an ampersand.

Inclusion of Additional Information (AI) to Mortality Source Documents

Part J

| I (a) Respiratory arrest(b) Septicemia | R092 T814 | | |
|---|--------------|-------|-------|
| (c) II Uremia, cholecystectomy AI Surgery for gallstones | N19 | &Y836 | &K802 |

Code the condition necessitating the surgery following the E-code for surgery in Part II.

When additional information (AI) states a certain condition is the underlying cause of death, **code** this condition in Part I in a "due to" position (on a separate line) to the conditions reported on the original death record.

| I | (a) | Cardiac arrest | I469 |
|---|-----|----------------|------|
| | (b) | MI | I219 |
| | (c) | ASHD | I251 |
| | (d) | | E149 |
| П | | | |

AI U.C. was diabetes

Accept the certifier's statement that the underlying cause of death was "diabetes," and code this condition on I(d) in a "due to" position to the conditions originally reported in Part I.

When any morphological type of neoplasm is reported in Part I with no mention of a "site" and additional information specifies a site, code the specified site only on the line where the morphological type is reported.

I (a) Cancer C349 (b) (c)

II

AI Cancer of lung

Code only the specified cancer (lung) on I(a).

Inclusion of Additional Information (AI) to Mortality Source Documents

Part J

6. When additional information states the primary site of a malignant neoplasm, code this condition in a "due to" position to the other malignant neoplasms reported in Part I.

| I | (a) | Metastatic neoplasm | C80 |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|
| | (b) | Metastasis to liver | C787 |
| | (c) | | C189 |

II

AI Colon was primary site.

<u>Code</u> the stated primary site on I(c) in a "due to" position to the other neoplasms reported in Part I.

| I | (a) | Carcinomatosis | C80 |
|---|-----|----------------|-----|
| | (b) | | C61 |
| | (c) | | |

II

AI Prostate was probably the primary site.

<u>Code</u> the presumptive primary site (prostate) on I(b) in a "due to" position to the stated neoplasm reported on the original death certificate.

7. When the additional information **does not modify** a condition on the certificate, or **does not state** that this condition is the underlying cause, code the AI as the last condition(s) in Part II. Code AI reported on the certificate beginning with the uppermost downward and from left to right.

| I (a) Coronary thrombosis | I219 | | | |
|--------------------------------|------|------|-----|------|
| (b) HASCVD | I119 | | | |
| (c) | | | | |
| II Hypertension | I10 | I709 | I64 | I258 |
| AL Arteriosclerosis CVA old MI | | | | |

The additional information does not modify conditions on the certificate. Code as the last entries in Part II.

| | Male, 30 minutes-Twin B | | | |
|--------|-------------------------|------|------|------|
| | I (a) Immature | P073 | | |
| 600 gm | (b) | | | |
| | (c) | | | |
| | II Atelectasis | P281 | P015 | P070 |

<u>Code</u> the additional information in the order reported, uppermost downward and from left to right.

Part K Amended Certificates

K. Amended certificates

When an "amended certificate" is submitted, **code** the conditions reported on the amended certificate only.

L. Effect of age of decedent on classification

Always note the **age of the decedent** at the time the causes of death are being coded. Certain groups of categories are provided for certain age groups. There are several conditions within certain categories which cannot be properly classified unless the **age** is taken into consideration. Use the following terms to identify certain age groups:

1. NEWBORN OR NEONATAL means less than 28 days of age at the time of death.

Code any index term with the indention of "newborn," "neonatal," "neonatorum," "perinatal," "perinatal period," "fetus or newborn," or "fetal" (in this priority order) to the newborn category if the decedent is less than 28 days of age or there is evidence the condition originated in the first 27 days of life, even though death may have occurred later.

Female, 4 hours

| Ι | (a) | Anoxia | P219 |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|
| | (b) | Cerebral hemorrhage | P524 |

Since the age of decedent is less than 28 days, code anoxia of newborn, and cerebral hemorrhage of newborn.

| Male, 31 days | | | <u>Duration</u> | | |
|---------------|-----|----------------------|-----------------|------|--|
| I | (a) | Pulmonary hemorrhage | 26 days | P269 | |
| | (b) | | | | |

Since the condition originated in the first 27 days of life, code as a newborn.

2. INFANT or INFANTILE means less than 1 year of age at the time of death.

| Male, 9 months | | | | |
|------------------|------|--|--|--|
| I (a) Pneumonia | J189 | | | |
| (b) Osteomalacia | E550 | | | |

Since the decedent is less than 1 year of age at the time of death, code Osteomalacia, infantile.

3. <u>CHILD or CHILDHOOD</u> means **less than 18 years of age** at the time of death.

Male, 11 years I (a) Asthma

J450

Code as Asthma, childhood.

4. Congenital anomalies (Q00-Q99)

Regard the conditions listed below as congenital and code to the appropriate congenital category if death occurred within the age limitations stated, provided there is no indication that they were acquired after birth.

a. Less than 28 days:

heart disease NOS hydrocephalus NOS

Male, 27 days

I (a) Renal failure N19 (b) Hydrocephalus Q039

<u>Code</u> the hydrocephalus as congenital since the decedent was less than 28 days of age at the time of death.

b. Less than 1 year:

aneurysm (aorta) (aortic) cyst of brain (brain) (cerebral) (circle of deformity Willis) (coronary) displacement of organ (peripheral) (racemose) ectopia of organ (retina) (venous) hypoplasia of organ aortic stenosis pulmonary stenosis valvular heart disease (any atresia atrophy of brain valve)

Female, 3 months

I (a) Pneumonia J189 (b) Cyst of brain Q046

Code cyst of brain as congenital since the age of the decedent is less than 1 year.

Part L

5. Congenital syphilis

Regard syphilis and conditions that are qualified as syphilitic as congenital and code to the appropriate congenital syphilis category if the decedent was less than two years of age.

Male, 16 mos

I (a) Syphilitic pneumonia

A500

- (b)
- (c)

Code congenital syphilitic pneumonia since age is less than 2 years.

6. Age limitation

Some categories in ICD-10 are limited by provisions of the Classification to certain ages. Code the categories listed below only if the age at the time of death was as follows:

a. Age 28 days or over

| A32 | E14 | J13 | R00 |
|------|------|------|------|
| A35 | E162 | J14 | R01 |
| A40 | E561 | J15 | R048 |
| A41 | E63 | J16 | R090 |
| A56 | E834 | J18 | R092 |
| A74 | E835 | J43 | R11 |
| B30 | F10 | J80 | R17 |
| B370 | F11 | J849 | R230 |
| B371 | F12 | J96 | R233 |
| B372 | F13 | J981 | R290 |
| B373 | F14 | J982 | R40 |
| B374 | F15 | J984 | R50 |
| B375 | F16 | J988 | R53 |
| B376 | F17 | K27 | R56 |
| B377 | F18 | K631 | R58 |
| B378 | F19 | K65 | R60 |
| B379 | G473 | K92 | R633 |
| D65 | G700 | L01 | R680 |
| D751 | I48 | L10 | R681 |
| E05 | I49 | L50 | |
| E10 | I50 | L530 | |
| E11 | I61 | M34 | |
| E12 | I62 | N390 | |
| E13 | J12 | N61 | |
| | | | |

Male, age 25 days

I (a) Urinary tract infection

P393

(b)

Code urinary tract infection, newborn since age is less than 28 days.

Female, age 27 days I (a) Respiratory failure P285 (b) (c) Code respiratory failure, newborn since age is less than 28 days. Female, age 28 days I (a) Atelectasis J981 (b) (c) Code atelectasis, J981 since age is reported as 28 days. b. Age under 1 year: R95 c. Age 1 year or over: R960 Age 1 year I (a) Sudden infant death syndrome R960 d. Age 5 years or over: X60-X84 Age 4 years Place I (a) GSW to head Suicide S019 &W34

Part M Sex Limitations

M. Sex limitations

Certain categories in ICD-10 are limited to one sex:

| For Males Only | For Female | s Only |
|--|--|--|
| B260 C60-C63 D074-D076 D176 D29 D40 E29 E895 F524 I861 L291 N40-N50 Q53-Q55 Q98 R86 S312-S313 | A34 B373 C51-C58 C796 D06 D070-D073 D25-D28 D39 E28 E894 F525 F53 I863 L292 L705 M800-M801 | M830 N70-N98 N992-N993 O00-O99 P546 Q50-Q52 Q96 Q97 R87 S314 S374-S376 T192-T193 T833 Y424 Y425 Y76 |
| | M810-M811 | |

If the cause of death is inconsistent with the sex, code the cause of death to R99, other ill-defined and unspecified causes of mortality (R99).

Female, age 32

I (a) Cancer of prostate

R99

- (b)
- (c)

Code other ill-defined and unspecified causes of mortality (R99).

N. Effect of duration on assignment of codes

Before assigning codes, take into account any statements entered on the certificate in the spaces for duration since these statements may affect the code assignments for certain conditions.

- 1. Qualifying conditions as acute or chronic
 - a. Usually the duration should **not** be used to qualify the condition as "acute" or "chronic."

I (a) Nephritis Duration 2 years N059

<u>Code</u> nephritis as indexed. Do not use the duration to qualify the nephritis as chronic.

- b. However, when assigning codes to certain conditions classified as "ischemic heart diseases" the Classification provides the following specific guidelines for classifying a condition with a **stated** duration as acute or chronic:
 - acute or with a stated duration of 4 weeks or less
 - chronic or with a stated duration of over 4 weeks

Duration

- I (a) Acute myocardial infarction 3 mos. I258
 - (b)
 - (c)

<u>Code</u> Infarction, myocardium, chronic or with a stated duration of over 4 weeks, I258.

(1) For the purpose of interpreting these instructions:

| Consider these terms: | To mean: |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| brief | |
| days | |
| hours | |
| immediate | |
| instant | 4 weeks or less |
| minutes | or acute |
| recent | |
| short | |
| sudden | |
| weeks (few) (several) | |
| | |
| longstanding | over 4 weeks |
| 1 month | or chronic |

| I (a) Aneurysm heart (b) (c) | <u>Duration</u> weeks | I219 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|------|
|------------------------------|--------------------------|------|

<u>Code</u> Aneurysm, heart, acute or with a stated duration of 4 weeks or less, I219. "Weeks" is interpreted to mean 4 weeks or less.

c. When the duration is stated to be "acute" or "chronic," consider the condition to be specified as acute or chronic.

| I | | | <u>Duration</u> | |
|---|-----|---------------|-----------------|------|
| | (a) | Heart failure | 1 hour | I509 |
| | (b) | Bronchitis | acute | J209 |

Code "acute" bronchitis on I(b).

2. Subacute

In general, code a disease that is specified as subacute as though qualified as acute if there is provision in the Classification for coding the acute form of the disease but **not** for the subacute form.

I (a) Subacute pyelonephritis N10

<u>Code</u> subacute pyelonephritis to N10, acute pyelonephritis since there is no code for subacute pyelonephritis.

3. Exacerbation

Interpret "exacerbation" as an acute phase of a disease. Code "exacerbation" of a chronic specified disease to the acute and chronic stage of the disease if the Classification provides separate codes for "acute" and "chronic."

| I | (a) | Exacerbation of leukemia | C950 | |
|---|------------|---|------|--------------|
| | (b) | Chronic lymphocytic leukemia | C911 | |
| I | (a) (b) | Exacerbation of chronic lymphocytic leukemia | C910 | C911 |
| | (0) | , , | | |
| Ι | (a) (b) | Chronic leukemia with conversion to acute phase | C951 | C950 |
| Ι | (a) (b) | Exacerbation of chronic pyelonephritis | N10 | N119 |
| I | (a) (b) | Exacerbation of bronchitis | J209 | |
| ī | (a) | Acute exacerbation of chronic | J209 | J42 |
| - | (b) | bronchitis | | - · - |
| I | ` / | Exacerbation of chronic | J441 | J449 |
| | (b) | obstructive lung disease | | |

<u>Code</u> the preceding examples to the acute and chronic stages of each specified disease since the Classification provides separate codes for the "acute" and "chronic."

4. Acute and chronic

Sometimes the terms acute and chronic are reported preceding two or more diseases. In these cases, use the term ("acute" or "chronic") with the condition it **immediately** precedes.

I (a) Chronic renal and liver failure N189 K7290

Code renal failure, chronic and liver failure NOS.

5. Qualifying conditions as congenital or acquired

Code conditions classified as congenital in the Classification as congenital, even when not specified as congenital if the interval between onset and death and the age of the decedent indicate that the condition existed from birth.

| Female, age 2 years | <u>Duration</u> | <u>Duration</u> | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| I (a) Pneumonia | 1 week | J189 | | |
| (b) Heart disease | 2 years | Q249 | | |

<u>Code</u> the condition on I(b) as congenital since the age of the decedent and the duration of the condition indicate that the heart disease existed at birth.

Do not use the interval between onset and death to qualify conditions that are classified to categories Q00-Q99, congenital anomalies, as acquired.

| Male, 62 years | | | <u>Duration</u> | <u>Duration</u> | | |
|----------------|-----|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| I | (a) | Renal failure | 3 months | N19 | | |
| | (b) | Pulmonary stenosis | 5 years | Q256 | | |

Do not use the duration to qualify the pulmonary stenosis as acquired.

6. Two conditions with one duration

When two or more conditions are entered on the same line with one duration, disregard the duration and code the conditions as indexed.

| | | | <u>Duration</u> | | |
|---|-----|--------------------------|-----------------|------|------|
| I | (a) | Myocardial ischemia and | 3 weeks | I259 | I500 |
| | | congestive heart failure | | | |
| | (b) | Hypertension | 5 years | I10 | |

Disregard the duration on I(a) and code the myocardial ischemia as indexed.

| | | | <u>Duration</u> | |
|---|-----|---------------------|-----------------|------|
| I | (a) | MI due to nephritis | 3 months | I219 |
| | (b) | Arteriosclerosis | | N059 |
| | (c) | | | I709 |

Disregard the duration on I(a) and code myocardial infarction as indexed.

7. Conflict in durations

When conflicting durations are entered for a condition, give preference to the duration entered in the space for interval between onset and death.

| | | | | <u>Duration</u> | |
|---|-----|------------------------|---------|-----------------|------|
| I | (a) | Ischemic heart disease | 2 weeks | years | I259 |

Use the duration in the block to qualify the ischemic heart disease.

8. Span of dates

Interpret dates that are entered in the spaces for interval between onset and death separated by a slash (/), dash (-), etc., as meaning from the first date to the second date. Disregard such dates if they extend from one line to another and there is a condition reported on both of these lines since the span of dates could apply to either condition.

| Date of death 10-6-98 | <u>Duration</u> | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|------|
| I (a) MI | 10/1/98 - | I219 |
| (b) Ischemic heart disease | 10/6/98 | I259 |

Disregard duration and code each condition as indexed since the dates extend from I(a) to I(b).

| Date of death 10-6-98 | <u>Duration</u> | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------|--|
| I (a) Aneurysm of heart | 10/1/98 - 10/6/98 | I219 | |
| (b) | | | |

Since there is only one condition reported, apply the duration to this condition.

| Date of death 10-6-98 | <u>Duration</u> | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------|
| I (a) Ischemic heart disease | 10/1/98 - 10/6/98 | I249 |
| (b) Arteriosclerosis | | I709 |

Apply the duration to I(a).

O. Relating and modifying conditions

1. <u>Implied site of disease</u>

Certain conditions are classified in the ICD-10 according to the site affected, e.g.:

| atrophy | enlargement | obstruction |
|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| calcification | failure | perforation |
| calculus | fibrosis | rupture |
| congestion | gangrene | stenosis |
| degeneration | hypertrophy | stones |
| dilatation | insufficiency | stricture |
| embolism | necrosis | |

(This list is not all inclusive)

Occasionally, these conditions are reported without specification of site. Relate conditions such as these for which the Classification does not provide a NOS code. Also relate conditions which are usually reported of a site. Generally, it may be assumed that such a condition was of the same site as another condition if the Classification provides for coding the condition of unspecified site to the site of the other condition. These coding principles apply whether or not there are other conditions reported on other lines in Part I. Apply the following instructions when relating a condition of unspecified site to the site of a specified condition:

a. General instructions for implied site of a disease

- (1) Conditions of unspecified site reported on the same line:
 - (a) When conditions are reported on the same line, with or without a connecting term that implies a due to relationship, assume the condition of unspecified site was of the same site as the condition of specified site.

| I | (a) | Congestive heart failure | I500 | |
|---|-----|----------------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | Infarction with myocardial | I219 | I515 |
| | (c) | degeneration | | |
| | (d) | Coronary sclerosis | I251 | |

<u>Code</u> the infarction as myocardial, the site of the condition reported on the same line.

| I | (a) | Aspiration pneumonia | J690 |
|---|-----|---------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Cerebrovascular accident due to | I64 |
| | (c) | thrombosis | I633 |

<u>Code</u> the thrombosis as cerebral, the site of the condition reported on the same line.

I (a) Duodenal ulcer with internal hemorrhage K269 K922

<u>Code</u> Hemorrhage, duodenal (K922). Relate the internal hemorrhage to the site of the condition reported on the same line.

| I | (a) | CVA with hemorrhage | I64 | I619 |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | MI | I219 | |

<u>Code</u> Hemorrhage, cerebral (I619). Relate the hemorrhage to the site of the condition reported on the same line.

(b) When conditions of different sites are reported on the same line, assume the condition of unspecified site was of the same site as the condition immediately preceding it.

| I (a | a) ASHD, infarction, CVA | I251 | I219 | I64 |
|------|--------------------------|------|------|-----|
| (1 | b) | | | |
| (0 | c) | | | |

<u>Code</u> Infarction, heart (I219). Relate the infarction to the site of the condition immediately preceding it.

- (2) Conditions of unspecified site reported on a separate line:
 - (a) If there is only one condition of a specified site reported either on the line above or below it, code to this site.

| I | (a) | Massive hemorrhage | K922 |
|---|-----|--------------------|------|
| | (b) | Gastric ulceration | K259 |

<u>Code</u> the hemorrhage as gastric. Relate hemorrhage to the site of the condition reported on I(b).

| I | (a) | Uremia | N19 |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|
| | (b) | Chronic prostatitis | N411 |
| | (c) | Benign hypertrophy | N40 |

<u>Code</u> the hypertrophy as prostatic. Relate hypertrophy to prostate, the site of the condition reported on I (b).

| I | (a) | Internal hemorrhage | K868 |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|
| | (b) | Pancreatitis | K859 |

<u>Code</u> Hemorrhage, pancreas (K868). Relate the internal hemorrhage to the site of the condition reported on I(b).

(b) If there are conditions of different specified sites on the lines above and below it **and** the Classification provides for coding the condition of unspecified site to only one of these sites, code to that site.

| I | (a) | Intestinal fistula | K632 |
|---|-----|-------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Obstruction | K566 |
| | (c) | Carcinoma of peritoneum | C482 |

<u>Code</u> the obstruction as intestinal since the Classification does not provide for coding obstruction of the peritoneum.

(c) If there are conditions of different specified sites on the lines above and below it **and** the Classification provides for coding the condition of unspecified site to both of these sites, code the condition unspecified as to site.

| I | (a) | CVA | I64 |
|---|-----|------------|------|
| | (b) | Thrombosis | I829 |
| | (c) | ASHD | I251 |

<u>Code</u> Thrombosis NOS on I(b). Do not relate the thrombosis since the Classification provides codes for both sites reported.

(3) Do not relate conditions which are not reported in the first position on a line to the line above. It is acceptable to relate conditions not reported as the first condition on a line to the line below.

| I | (a) | Kidney failure | | N19 | |
|---|-----|--------------------------|------------|------|------|
| | (b) | Vascular insufficiency c | thrombosis | I99 | I219 |
| | (c) | ASHD | | I251 | |

Code Thrombosis, cardiac (I219). Relate thrombosis to line below.

| (4) | When relating condition | ns to sites | start at the | top of the | certificate | and |
|-----|-------------------------|-------------|--------------|------------|-------------|-----|
| | work down. | | | | | |

| Ι | (a) | Hemorrhage | R5800 |
|---|-----|------------|-------|
| | (b) | Necrosis | K729 |
| | (c) | Hepatoma | C220 |

<u>The</u> hemorrhage cannot be related. Relate necrosis to liver (K729), the site of the hepatoma.

b. Relating specific categories

(1) When ulcer, site unspecified or peptic ulcer NOS is reported causing, due to, or on the same line with gastrointestinal hemorrhage, code peptic ulcer NOS (K279).

| I | (a) | Gastrointestinal hemorrhage | K922 |
|---|-----|-----------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Peptic ulcer | K279 |

(c)

<u>Code</u> peptic ulcer (K279). Do not relate to gastrointestinal.

I (a) Ulcer causing gastrointestinal hemorrhage K922 (b) K279

Code ulcer to peptic ulcer (K279).

(2) When ulcer NOS (L984) is reported causing, due to, or on the same line with diseases classifiable to K20-K22, K30-K31, and K65, code peptic ulcer NOS (K279).

| I | (a) | Peritonitis | K659 |
|---|-----|-------------|------|
| | (b) | Ulcer | K279 |

Code Ulcer, peptic (K279).

(3) When hernia (K40-K46) is reported with disease(s) of unspecified site(s), relate the disease of unspecified site to the intestine.

I (a) Hernia with hemorrhage K469 K922

Code Hemorrhage, intestine.

| (4) | When calculus NOS or stones NOS is reported with pyelonephritis, |
|-----|--|
| | code to N209 (urinary calculus). |

I (a) Pyelonephritis with calculus

N12 N209

<u>Code</u> calculus (N209) since it is reported with pyelonephritis.

- (5) When arthritis (any type) is reported with
 - contracture code contracture of the site
 - deformity code deformity acquired of the site

If no site is reported or if site is not indexed, code contracture or deformity, joint.

| I | (a) | Phlebitis | I809 |
|---|-----|----------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Contractures | M245 |
| | (c) | Osteoarthritis lower limbs | M199 |

<u>Code</u> Contracture, joint (M245) since contracture lower limb is not indexed.

| I | (a) | Pulmonary embolism | I269 |
|---|-----|------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Multiple deformities | M219 |
| | (c) | Arthritis in both hips | M139 |

Code deformity (acquired) of hip.

- (6) When embolism, infarction, occlusion, thrombosis NOS is reported
 - from a specified site code the condition of the site reported
 - of a site, from a specified site code the condition to both sites reported

| I | (a) | Congestive heart failure | I500 |
|---|-----|--------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Embolism from heart | I2190 |
| | (c) | Arteriosclerosis | I709 |

Code I(b) embolism of heart (I2190).

| I | (a) | Pulmonary embolism from leg veins | I269 |
|---|-----|-----------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | | I803 |
| | (c) | | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) pulmonary embolism (I269) and I(b) leg veins embolism (I803).

| (7) | Relate a condition of unspecified site to the complete term of a multiple site | |
|-----|--|--|
| | entity. If it is not indexed together, relate the condition to the site of the | |
| | complete indexed term. | |

I (a) Cardiorespiratory arrest \overline{c} failure

I469 R092

<u>Code</u> Failure, cardiorespiratory (R092). Relate failure to the complete term.

I (a) Cardiorespiratory arrest

I469 I509

(b) \overline{c} insufficiency

<u>Code</u> Insufficiency, heart (I509) since cardiorespiratory arrest is indexed to a heart condition. Relate insufficiency to the site of the complete term.

(8) When vasculitis NOS is reported, apply the general instructions for relating and modifying.

I (a) Renal failure

N19

(b) Vasculitis

I778

<u>Code</u> Vasculitis, kidney (I778). Relate vasculitis to the site reported on line I(a).

- c. Exceptions to relating and modifying instructions
 - (1) Do not relate the following conditions:

Arteriosclerosis Neoplasms Congenital anomaly NOS Paralysis

Hypertension Vascular disease NOS

Infection NOS (refer to Section III, #6)

I (a) Arteriosclerosis with CVA I709 I64

(b)

(c)

Code Arteriosclerosis NOS (I709).

I (a) Cardiac arrest I469 (b) Congenital anomaly Q899

(c)

Code congenital anomaly NOS (Q899).

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 |
|---|-----|-----------|------|
| | (b) | Infection | |

(c)

Code Pneumonia (J189) on I(a). Do not enter a code on I(b).

I (a) Perforation esophagus K223 (b) Cancer C80

(c)

Code cancer NOS (C80).

(2) Do not relate hemorrhage when causing a condition of a specified site. Relate hemorrhage to site of disease reported on **same** line or on line **below** only.

I (a) Respiratory failure J969 (b) Hemorrhage R5800

<u>Code</u> Hemorrhage NOS. Do not relate to respiratory.

| I | (a) | Respiratory failure | J969 |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|
| | (b) | Hemorrhage | K922 |
| | (c) | Gastric ulcer | K259 |

Relate hemorrhage on I(b) to gastric on I(c) and code gastric hemorrhage.

(3) Do not relate conditions classified to R00-R99 except:

| Gangrene and necrosis | R02 |
|------------------------|-------|
| Hemorrhage | R5800 |
| Regurgitation | R11 |
| Stricture and stenosis | R688 |

I (a) Myocardial infarction with anoxia I219 R090

<u>Code</u> anoxia as indexed. Do not relate to heart since anoxia is classified to R090.

I (a) Pneumonia with gangrene J189 J850

<u>Code</u> the gangrene as pulmonary, the site of the disease reported on the same line since gangrene is one of the exceptions.

- (4) Do not relate a disease condition that, by the name of the disease, implies a disease of a specified site unless it is obviously an erroneous code. If not certain, refer to supervisor.
 - I (a) Cirrhosis, encephalopathy

K746 G934

<u>Do</u> not relate encephalopathy to liver since the name of the disease implies a disease of a specific site, brain.

I (a) Pulmonary embolism I269 (b) Thrombophlebitis I809

<u>Code</u> thrombophlebitis (I809) as indexed. Do not relate thrombophlebitis since it is not usually reported of any site other than extremities.

I (a) Cerebral hemorrhage c herniation I619 G935

<u>Relate</u> herniation to brain since hernia NOS is classified to a disease of the digestive system (K469) and it seems illogical to have a brain disease paired with a digestive system disease.

Refer to Section V, Part D, <u>Implied site of injury</u> for instructions on relating the site of injuries to another site.

2. Coding conditions classified to injuries as disease conditions

- a. Some conditions (such as injury, hematoma or laceration) of a specified organ are indexed directly to a traumatic category but may not always be traumatic in origin. Consider these types of conditions to be qualified as nontraumatic when reported:
 - due to or on the same line with a disease
 - due to: drug poisoning drug therapy

If there is provision in the Classification for coding the condition that is considered to be qualified as nontraumatic as such, code accordingly. Otherwise, code to the category that has been provided for "Other" diseases of the organ (usually .8).

| I | (a) | Laceration heart | I518 |
|---|-----|-----------------------|------|
| | (b) | Myocardial infarction | I219 |
| | (c) | | |

<u>Code to</u> myocardial infarction (I219) selected by General Principle. Since laceration heart is reported due to myocardial infarction, consider the laceration to be nontraumatic.

| I | (a) | Subdural hematoma | I620 |
|---|-----|-------------------|------|
| | (b) | CVA | I64 |
| | (c) | | |

Code Hematoma, subdural, nontraumatic (I620) as indexed.

| I | (a) | Injury liver | K768 |
|---|-----|-----------------|------|
| | (b) | Viral hepatitis | B199 |
| | (0) | | |

(c)

<u>Code</u> injury, liver as nontraumatic (K768) other specified diseases of liver.

| I | (a) | Cardiorespiratory failure | R092 | |
|---|-----|-------------------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | Intracerebral hemorrhage | I619 | |
| | (c) | Meningioma, subdural hematoma | D329 | I620 |

<u>Code</u> subdural hematoma as nontraumatic since it is reported on the same line with a disease.

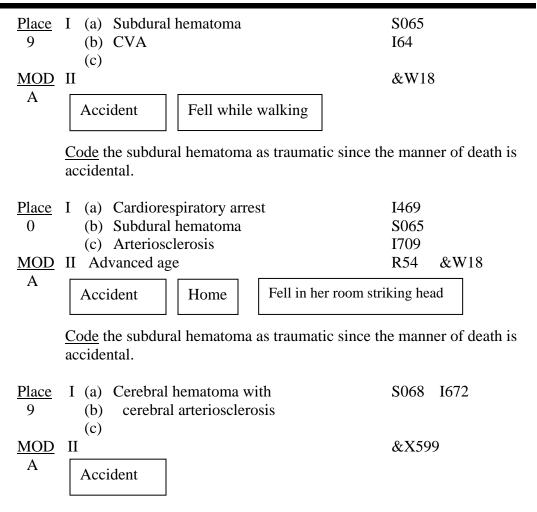
| I | (a) | (a) Liver failure | | |
|---|-----|--------------------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | Cirrhosis with injury to liver | K746 | K768 |
| | (c) | | | |

<u>Code</u> injury to liver as nontraumatic since it is reported on the same line with a disease.

| I | (a) | Cerebral arteriosclerosis with | I672 | I620 |
|---|-----|--------------------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | subdural hematoma | | |

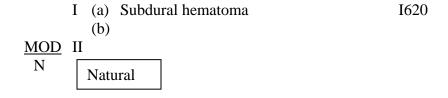
<u>Code</u> subdural hematoma as nontraumatic since it is reported on the same line with a disease.

b. Some conditions are indexed directly to a traumatic category but the Classification also provides a nontraumatic code. When these conditions are reported due to or with a disease <u>and</u> an external cause is reported on the record or the Manner of Death box is checked as Accident, Homicide, Suicide, Pending Investigation or could not be determined, code the condition as traumatic.



<u>Code</u> the cerebral hematoma as traumatic since the manner of death is accidental.

c. Some conditions are indexed directly to a traumatic category, but the Classification also provides a nontraumatic code. When these conditions are reported and the Manner of Death is Natural, code condition as nontraumatic unless the condition is reported due to or on the same line with an injury or external cause. This instruction applies only to conditions with the term "nontraumatic" in the Index. It does not apply to conditions in Section III, Intent of Certifier.



Code I(a) as nontraumatic since Manner of Death box states "Natural."

Part O

| Place I (a) Subdural hematoma 2 (b) (c) | I620 |
|---|-------------------------------|
| MOD II Hip fracture | S720 &W19 |
| N | |
| Natural Fell in hospital | |
| | |
| Code I(a) as nontraumatic since Manner of | f Death box states "Natural." |
| Place I (a) Subdural hematoma | S065 |
| 2 (b) Open wound of head | S019 |
| MOD II Fell in hospital | &W19 |
| Natural Natural | |

<u>Code</u> subdural hematoma as traumatic since it is reported due to an injury, disregarding Natural in the Manner of Death box.

In order to assign the most appropriate code for a given diagnostic entity, it may be necessary to take other recorded information and the order in which the information is reported into account. It is important to interpret this information properly so the meaning intended by the certifier is correctly conveyed. The objective is to code each diagnostic entity in accordance with the intent of the certifier without combining separate codable entities. The following instructions help to determine the intent of the certifier. Apply Intent of Certifier instructions to "See also" terms in the Index as well.

2b January 2010

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1. Other and unspecified gastroenteritis and colitis of unspecified origin (A090)

a. Code A090 (Gastroenteritis and colitis of infectious origin)

When reported due to:

A000-C97 R75 Y431-Y434 Y632 Y842

> I (a) Enteritis A090 (b) Listeriosis A329

<u>Code</u> I(a) gastroenteritis and colitis of infectious origin, A090, since enteritis is reported due to a condition classified to A329.

b. Code K529 (Noninfective gastroenteritis and colitis, unspecified)

When reported due to:

C000-K929

L272

M000-N999

P000-R749

R760-Y430

Y435-Y631

Y633-Y841

Y843-Y899

| I | (a) | Enteritis | K529 |
|---|-----|----------------------|------|
| | (b) | Abscess of intestine | K630 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) noninfective gastroenteritis and colitis, unspecified, K529, since enteritis is reported due to a condition classified to K630.

I (a) Colitis A099

Code I(a) gastroenteritis and colitis of unspecified origin, A099, as indexed.

2. Spinal Abscess (A180)

<u>Code</u> M462 (Nontuberculous spinal abscess):

When reported due to:

| A400-A419 | H650-H669 | M910-M939 |
|-----------|------------|-----------|
| A500 | H950-H959 | M960-M969 |
| A509 | J00-J399 | N10-N12 |
| A527 | J950-J959 | N136 |
| A539 | K650-K659 | N151 |
| B200-B24 | K910-K919 | N159 |
| B89 | L00-L089 | N288 |
| B99 | M000-M1990 | N340-N343 |
| C412 | M320-M351 | N390 |
| C760 | M359 | N700-N768 |
| C795 | M420-M429 | N990-N999 |
| C810-C969 | M45-M519 | R75 |
| D160-D169 | M600 | S000-T983 |
| D480 | M860-M889 | |
| D550-D589 | M894 | |

| I | (a) | Spinal Abscess | M462 |
|---|-----|---------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Staphylococcal septicemia | A412 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) nontuberculous spinal abscess, M462, since spinal abscess is reported due to a condition classified to A412.

3. Charcot's Arthropathy (A521)

Code G98 (Arthropathy, neurogenic, neuropathic (Charcot's), nonsyphilitic):

When reported due to:

| A30 | Leprosy | G608 | Hereditary sensory |
|---------|--------------------------------|------|-----------------------|
| E10-E14 | Diabetes mellitus | | neuropathy |
| E538 | Subacute combined degeneration | G901 | Familial dysautonomia |
| | (of spinal cord) | G950 | Syringomyelia |
| F101 | Alcohol abuse | Q059 | Spina bifida, |
| F102 | Alcoholism | | meningo-myelocele |
| G600 | Hypertrophic interstitial | Y453 | Indomethacin |
| | neuropathy | Y453 | Phenylbutazone |
| G600 | Peroneal muscular atrophy | Y427 | Corticosteroids |
| | | | |
| | | | |

I (a) Charcot's arthropathy G98
(b) Diabetes E149

4. General Paresis (A521)

a. Code G839 (Paralysis)

When reported due to or on the same line with:

| A022 | A988 | B690 | D180-D181 | I159 |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| A040 | B003-B004 | B719 | D210 | I600-I709 |
| A051 | B010-B011 | B75 | D233-D234 | I748 |
| A066 | B020-B022 | B832 | D320-D339 | J108 |
| A078 | B03-B04 | B888 | D352 | J118 |
| A170-A179 | B050-B051 | B89 | D355 | M000-M1990 |
| A180 | B060 | B900 | D360-D367 | M420-M429 |
| A190-A191 | B200-B24 | B901-B909 | D420-D439 | M45-M519 |
| A203 | B258 | B91 | D443 | M860-M949 |
| A228 | B259 | B92-B940 | D446 | N000-N399 |
| A260-A289 | B261-B262 | B941 | D448 | O100-O16 |
| A321-A329 | B268 | B948-B949 | D45-D479 | O740-O749 |
| A368 | B270-B279 | C470 | D487 | O900-O909 |
| A390-A394 | B334-B338 | C479 | D489 | O95 |
| A398-A399 | B375 | C700-C729 | E713 | O994 |
| A428 | B384 | C751 | E750-E756 | P000-Q079 |
| A440-A539 | B428 | C754 | F449 | Q750-Q799 |
| A544 | B450-B459 | C758 | G000-G239 | Q860-Q999 |
| A548 | B461 | C760 | G300-G379 | R270-R278 |
| A680-A689 | B49-B64 | C770 | G450-G459 | R75 |
| A692 | B673 | C793-C794 | G540-G729 | |
| A800-A959 | B676 | C798-C97 | G839-G98 | |
| A981-A982 | B679 | D170 | I10 | |

I (a) CVA with general paresis

I64 G839

(b)

(c)

b. Code T144 (Paralysis, traumatic)

Refer to Section V, Part S, <u>Sequela of injuries</u>, <u>poisonings</u>, and <u>other consequences of external causes</u>, if a sequela is indicated.

When reported due to or on the same line with:

| S000-T149 | W81-X39 |
|-----------|-----------|
| T20-T35 | X50-X599 |
| T66-T79 | X70-X84 |
| T90-T95 | X91-Y09 |
| T981-T982 | Y20-Y369 |
| V010-W43 | Y850-Y872 |
| W45-W77 | Y890-Y899 |

| I | (a) | General paresis | T144 |
|---|-----|-----------------|------|
| | (b) | Brain injury | S069 |

(c)

II Auto accident &V499

5. <u>Viral Hepatitis (B161, B169, B171-B178)</u>

Code:

| For Viral Hepatitis in Categories | Code Chronic Viral Hepatitis |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| B161 | B180 |
| B169 | B181 |
| B171 | B182 |
| B172 | B188 |
| B178 | B188 |

When reported as causing liver conditions in:

K721, K7210 K740-K742 K744-K746

> I (a) Cirrhosis of liver K746 (b) Viral hepatitis B B181

<u>Code</u> I(b) B181, chronic viral hepatitis B, since reported as causing a condition classified to K746.

6. Organisms and Infections NOS (B99)

Organisms

| Bacterial organisms | Viral organisms | Organisms classified to |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| classified to A49 | classified to B34 | other than A49 or B34 |
| | | |
| Escherichia coli | Adenovirus | Aspergillus |
| Haemophilus influenzae | Coronavirus | Candida |
| Pneumococcal | Coxsackie | Cytomegalovirus |
| Staphylococcal | Enterovirus | Fungus |
| Streptococcal | Parvovirus | Meningococcal |
| | | _ |

Infectious conditions

| Abscess | Infection | Sepsis, Septicemia | |
|------------|-----------|------------------------|--|
| Bacteremia | Pneumonia | Septic Shock | |
| Empyema | Pyemia | Words ending in "itis" | |

These lists are **NOT** all inclusive. Use them as a guide.

In order to determine which instruction to use, refer to the Index under the named organism or under Infection, named organism.

- a. Bacterial organisms and infections classified to A49 and Viral organisms and infections classified to B34
 - (1) When an infectious or inflammatory condition is reported and
 - (a) Is preceded or followed by condition classified to A49 or B34 or
 - (b) A condition classifiable to A49 or B34 is reported as the only entry or first entry on the next lower line **or**
 - (c) Is followed by a condition classified to A49 or B34 separated by a connecting term not indicating a due to relationship

(i) If a single code is provided for the infectious or inflammatory condition modified by the condition classified to A49 or B34, use this code. Do not assign a separate code for the condition classifiable to A49 or B34. It may be necessary to use "due to" or "in" in the Index to assign the appropriate code.

I (a) E. coli diarrhea

A044

Code as indexed under Diarrhea, due to, Escherichia coli.

I (a) Pneumonia

J129

(b) Viral infection

Code as indexed under Pneumonia, viral.

I (a) Meningitis and sepsis

G000 A413

(b) H. influenzae

<u>Code</u> as indexed under Meningitis, Haemophilus (influenzae) and Septicemia, Haemophilus influenzae.

I (a) Sepsis with staph

A412

<u>Code</u> as staphylococcal sepsis as indexed under Septicemia, staphylococcal.

I (a) Pneumonia \overline{c} MRSA

J152

<u>Code</u> as methicillin resistant staphylococcal aureus pneumonia as indexed under Pneumonia, MRSA.

- (ii) If (i) does not apply, and the Index provides a code for the infectious or inflammatory condition qualified as "bacterial," "infectious," "infective," or "viral," assign the appropriate code based on the reported type of organism. Do not assign a separate code for the condition classified to A49 or B34.
 - I (a) Coxsackie virus pneumonia

J128

<u>Coxsackie virus</u> is a specified virus. Code as indexed under Pneumonia, viral, specified NEC.

I (a) Peritonitis

K650

(b) Campylobacter

<u>Campylobacter</u> is a specified bacteria. Code as indexed under Peritonitis, bacterial.

I (a) Pneumonia with coxsackie virus J

J128

<u>Code</u> as coxsackie virus pneumonia. Since coxsackie virus is a specified virus, code as indexed under Pneumonia, viral, specified NEC.

- (iii) If (i) and (ii) do not apply, assign the NOS code for the infectious or inflammatory condition. Do not assign a separate code for the condition classified to A49 or B34.
 - I (a) Klebsiella urinary tract infection N390

The Index does not provide a code for Infection, urinary tract specified as bacterial, infectious, infective, or Klebsiella. Therefore, code Infection, urinary tract.

I (a) Pyelonephritis

N12

(b) Staphylococcus

The Index does not provide a code for pyelonephritis specified as bacterial, infectious, infective, or staphylococcal. Therefore, code Pyelonephritis as indexed.

I (a) Pyelonephritis and pseudomonas N12

The Index does not provide a code for pyelonephritis specified as bacterial, infectious, infective or pseudomonas. Therefore, code pyelonephritis as indexed.

- b. Organisms and infections classified to categories other than A49 and B34
 - (1) When an infectious or inflammatory condition is reported and
 - (a) Is preceded by a condition classifiable to Chapter I other than A49 or B34
 - (i) Refer to the Index under the infectious or inflammatory condition. If a single code is provided for this condition, modified by the condition from Chapter I, use this code. It may be necessary to use "due to" or "in" in the Index to assign the appropriate code.

I (a) Cytomegaloviral pneumonia

B250

<u>Code</u> as indexed under Pneumonia, cytomegaloviral.

- (ii) If (i) does not apply, refer to Volume 1, Chapter I to determine if the Classification provides an appropriate fourth character for the organism. Indications of appropriate fourth characters for sites would be "of other sites," "other specified organs," or "other organ involvement."
 - I (a) Candidiasis peritonitis

B378

<u>Since</u> this term is not indexed together, refer to Volume I, Chapter I and select the fourth character, .8, candidiasis of other sites.

- (iii) If (i) and (ii) do not apply, code as two separate conditions.
 - I (a) Mononucleosis pharyngitis

B279 J029

<u>Since</u> this term is not indexed together and Volume I, Chapter I does not provide an appropriate fourth character under B27.-, code as two separate conditions.

- (b) A condition from Chapter I other than A49 or B34 is reported as the only entry or the first entry on the next lower line
 - (i) Code each condition as indexed where reported.

I (a) Peritonitis

K659

(b) Candidiasis

B379

<u>Since</u> candidiasis is classified to a condition other than A49 or B34, code each condition as indexed.

(c) A condition from Chapter I other than A49 or B34 is reported separated by a connecting term not indicating a due to relationship

(i) Code each condition as indexed where reported.

I (a) Pneumonia with candidiasis J189 B379

<u>Since</u> candidiasis is classified to a condition other than A49 or B34, code each condition as indexed.

c. Do not use HIV or AIDS to modify an infectious or inflammatory condition. Code as two separate conditions.

I (a) HIV pneumonia

B24 J189

- d. When an infectious or inflammatory condition is reported and a specified organism or specified nonsystemic infection is not the only entry or the first entry on the next lower line.
 - ◆ Code the infectious or inflammatory condition and the organism or infection separately.

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 | |
|---|-----|-----------------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | Emphysema & viral infection | J439 | B349 |
| | | | | |
| I | (a) | Peritonitis | K659 | |

(b) Gastric ulcer and staphylococcal infection K259 A490

- e. When an infectious or inflammatory condition is reported and
 - (1) Infection NOS is reported as the only entry or the first entry on the next lower line
 - ♦ Code the infectious or inflammatory condition where it is entered on the certificate and do not enter a code for infection NOS, but take into account if it modifies the infectious condition.

| I | , , | Cholecystitis & hepatitis Infection | K819 | B159 |
|---|-----|-------------------------------------|--------------|------|
| I | ` ′ | Meningitis Infection & brain tumor | G039 D432 | |

(2) Infection NOS is not the only entry or the first entry on the next lower line

◆ Code the infectious or inflammatory condition where it is entered on the certificate and code infection NOS separately.

I (a) Septicemia A419 (b) Diabetes & infection E149 B99

f. When a noninfectious or noninflammatory condition is reported and infection NOS is reported on a lower line

◆ Code the noninfectious or noninflammatory condition as indexed and code infection NOS (B99) where entered on the certificate.

I (a) ASHD I251 (b) Infection B99

g. When an organism is reported preceding two or more infectious conditions reported consecutively on the same line

• Code each of the infectious conditions modified by the organism.

I (a) Staphylococcal pneumonia and J152 G003

(b) meningitis

h. When one infectious condition is modified by more than one organism, modify the condition by all organisms.

I (a) Strep, Klebsiella and MRSA pneumonia J154 J150 J152

I (a) Strep pneumonia, MRSA J154 J152

I (a) Sepsis enterococcus, MRSA A402 A412

i. When any condition is reported and a generalized infection such as bacteremia, fungemia, sepsis, septicemia, systemic infection, or viremia is reported on a lower line

◆ Code both the condition and the generalized infection where entered on certificate. Do not modify the condition by the infection.

I (a) Bronchopneumonia J180 (b) Septicemia A419

I (a) Pneumonia J189 (b) Viremia B349

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7. Erythremia (C940)

<u>Code</u> D751 (Secondary erythremia):

When reported due to:

| A000-D489 | F55 | L710-L719 | N700-N768 | R730-R739 |
|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| D510-D619 | G000-G419 | L930-L932 | N980 | R75 |
| D751 | G450-G459 | L950-L959 | N990-Q999 | R780 |
| D760-E149 | G600-G979 | M000-M1990 | R030 | R826 |
| E240-E279 | I00-J989 | M300-M359 | R040-R049 | R893 |
| E65-E678 | K20-L00 | M420-M549 | R090-R098 | S000-Y899 |
| E890 | L100-L139 | M800-M949 | R160-R162 | |
| E896-E899 | L230-L309 | M960-M969 | R31 | |
| F100-F199 | L500-L599 | N000-N399 | R58-R5800 | |

I (a) Septicemia A419 (b) Erythremia D751 (c) Polycythemia D45

8. Polycythemia (D45)

Excludes: idiopathic primary rubra vera

<u>Code</u> D751 (Secondary polycythemia):

When reported due to:

| A000-D489 | F55 | L710-L719 | N700-N768 | R730-R739 |
|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| D510-D619 | G000-G419 | L930-L932 | N980 | R75 |
| D751 | G450-G459 | L950-L959 | N990-Q999 | R780 |
| D760-E149 | G600-G979 | M000-M1990 | R030 | R826 |
| E240-E279 | I00-J989 | M300-M359 | R040-R049 | R893 |
| E65-E678 | K20-L00 | M420-M549 | R090-R098 | S000-Y899 |
| E890 | L100-L139 | M800-M949 | R160-R162 | |
| E896-E899 | L230-L309 | M960-M969 | R31 | |
| F100-F199 | L500-L599 | N000-N399 | R58-R5800 | |

| I | (a) | Polycythemia | D751 |
|---|-----|--------------|------|
| | (b) | Pneumonia | J189 |

I (a) Polycythemia &D751 (b) Chloromycetin therapy Y408

I (a) Polycythemia vera D45 (b) Emphysema J439

9. Hemolytic Anemia (D589)

Code D594 (Secondary hemolytic anemia):

When reported due to:

| A000-D489 | F180-F199 | Q200-Q289 |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| D594 | G000-G09 | R75 |
| D65-D699 | I00-I519 | R780 |
| D760 | I776 | R823 |
| D800-D899 | J09-J22 | R826 |
| E201 | K700-K769 | R893 |
| E280-E289 | M000-M359 | S000-Y899 |
| E40-E46 | N000-N399 | |
| E700-E899 | O000-O998 | |
| F100-F169 | P550-P579 | |

| I | (a) | Hemolytic anemia | D594 |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|
| | (b) | Hairy cell leukemia | C914 |
| | (-) | | |

(c)

I (a) Hemolytic anemia D589

(b) (c)

II Hypogammaglobulinemia D801

I (a) Secondary hemolytic D594

(b) anemia

10. Sideroblastic Anemia (D643)

a. Code D641 (Secondary sideroblastic anemia due to disease):

When reported due to:

| A000-C97 | E230 | F180-F182 | J069 | M023 |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| D45 | E531 | F190-F192 | J65 | M101 |
| D461 | E539 | F55 | K700-K703 | M352 |
| D471 | E798 | G030 | K709 | N143 |
| D510-D599 | E800-E802 | G040 | K721 | N188-N19 |
| D640-D643 | E831 | G361 | K730-K746 | N341 |
| D648 | E880 | G933 | K760 | O980-O981 |
| D731 | E890 | I330 | K761 | R162 |
| D748 | F100-F102 | I423 | K766 | R75 |
| D758 | F109-F112 | I729 | K769 | R780 |
| D860-D869 | F119-F122 | I888 | K908 | R826 |
| D892 | F130-F132 | J00 | L081 | R893 |
| E018-E02 | F140-F142 | J020 | L448 | R897 |
| E032-E0390 | F150-F152 | J030 | L946 | |
| E050-E059 | F160-F162 | J040-J042 | M021 | |

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 |
|---|-----|----------------------|------|
| | (b) | Sideroblastic anemia | D641 |
| | (c) | Alcoholic cirrhosis | K703 |

b. Code D642 (Secondary sideroblastic anemia due to drugs or toxins):

| D642 | X60-X69 |
|-----------|-----------|
| T510-T659 | Y10-Y19 |
| T97 | Y400-Y599 |
| X40-X49 | Y86-Y880 |

| I | (a) | CHF | I500 |
|---|-----|----------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Sideroblastic anemia | &D642 |
| | (c) | Chloramphenicol | Y402 |

11. Hemorrhagic Purpura NOS (D693)

Code D690 (Hemorrhagic purpura not due to thrombocytopenia):

| A000-C97 | F119 | I771-I779 | N19 | Q848 |
|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| D45-D460 | F120 | I872 | N200-N219 | Q872-Q873 |
| D462-D469 | F121-F122 | I878 | N250-N311 | Q878 |
| D471 | F130-F132 | I879 -I889 | N312-N319 | R104 |
| D510 | F140 | I898-I899 | N320-N390 | R162 |
| D511-D581 | F141-F142 | I99-J00 | N392 | R233 |
| D582 | F150 | J020 | N398-N399 | R238 |
| D588-D618 | F151-F152 | J030 | N719 | R291 |
| D619 | F160-F162 | J040-J042 | N897 | R31 |
| D648 | F180-F181 | J069 | N910-N939 | R398 |
| D65-D692 | F182 | J65 | N948 | R72 |
| D698-D71 | F190-F191 | K658 | N950-N959 | R75 |
| D720 | F192 | K660 | N991 | R780 |
| D721 | G000-G032 | K700-K769 | P070-P073 | R826 |
| D728 | G038-G039 | K908 | P219 | R893 |
| D729-D759 | G040 | L081 | P221-P289 | R897 |
| D860-D869 | G042-G049 | L272 | P546 | T360-T658 |
| D892 | G060 | L448 | P916 | T659 |
| E240 | G061-G09 | L573 | Q458 | T780-T784 |
| E241 | G312 | L80-L819 | Q680 | T789 |
| E242 | G361 | L946 | Q740-Q741 | T806 |
| E243 | G373-G374 | L958 | Q758 | T818 |
| E248 | G540 | L959 | Q772 | T881 |
| E249 | G92 | M021-M023 | Q775-Q776 | T885 |
| E301 | G933 | M050-M089 | Q778 | T886-T887 |
| E54 | G958 | M101 | Q779-Q783 | T96-T97 |
| E569 | G961 | M120 | Q785 | T981 |
| E642 | I00-I019 | M138 | Q788-Q789 | X20-X29 |
| E648 | I10 | M159 | Q791 | X40-X48 |
| E703 | I159 | M300 | Q794-Q795 | X49 |
| E798 | I308 | M301-M352 | Q796 | X60-X69 |
| E850-E859 | I330-I339 | M358 | Q798 | Y10-Y19 |
| E871 | I400-I409 | M359 | Q808 | Y400-Y599 |
| E880 | I423 | M898 | Q810-Q819 | Y86 |
| F100 | I729 | N000-N078 | Q820 | Y870 |
| F101-F102 | I749 | N079 | Q821-Q825 | Y871 |
| F110-F112 | I770 | N10-N189 | Q828 | Y872 |
| | | | | |

| I | (a) | CVA | I64 |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|
| | (b) | Hemorrhagic purpura | D690 |
| | (c) | Leukemia | C959 |

12. Thrombocytopenia (D696)

<u>Code</u> D695 (Secondary thrombocytopenia):

| A000-D447 | F110 | J030 | P350 -P399 | T752 |
|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| D448 | F111-F112 | J040-J042 | P550 -P560 | T780-T783 |
| D449-D509 | F119 | J069 | P570 | T784 |
| D510 | F120 | J09-J118 | P610 | T788-T789 |
| D511-D691 | F121-F122 | J65 | P614 | T803-T804 |
| D692 | F130 | K658 | P916 | T808-T809 |
| D693-D699 | F131-F132 | K660-K661 | Q204 -Q205 | T818 |
| D730-D752 | F140 | K700-K769 | Q206 | T881 |
| D758 | F141-F142 | K908 | Q208 | T882 -T883 |
| D759-D763 | F150 | K920-K921 | Q209 | T885 |
| D814 | F151-F152 | K922 | Q210 | T886 -T888 |
| D820 | F160 | L081 | Q220 -Q246 | T889 |
| D821 | F161-F162 | L448 | Q248 | T950 -T97 |
| D840 | F180-F181 | L590 | Q249 | T981 |
| D841-D848 | F182 | L818 | Q289 | T983 |
| D860-D892 | F190-F191 | L946 | Q758 | V010-V99 |
| E000-E009 | F192 | M021 | Q775-Q776 | W00-W53 |
| E018-E02 | F55 | M023 | Q778 | W54-W56 |
| E031-E033 | G000-G032 | M050-M089 | Q779-Q783 | W57 |
| E034 | G038-G039 | M101 | Q788-Q789 | W58-W87 |
| E035-E0390 | G040 | M120 | Q798 | W88-W93 |
| E055 | G042-G048 | M138 | Q828 | W94-X19 |
| E059 | G049-G060 | M159 | Q850 | X20-X32 |
| E071 | G061-G09 | M199-M1990 | R001 | X34-X39 |
| E230 | G312 | M219 | R008 | X40-X48 |
| E349 | G361 | M300 | R012 | X49-X599 |
| E46 | G373-G374 | M301-M329 | R161-R162 | X65 |
| E538 | G450-G452 | M352 | R233 | X69-Y369 |
| E539-E54 | G454-G459 | M898 | R291 | Y400-Y601 |
| E560-E639 | G540 | N000-N078 | R31 | Y603 |
| E642 | G903 | N079 | R398 | Y605 |
| E648 | G92 | N10-N219 | R58-R5800 | Y610-Y611 |
| E649 | G933 | N250-N311 | R75 | Y613 |
| E713 | G936 | N312-N319 | R771 | Y615 |
| E740 | G938 | N320-N390 | R780 | Y617 |
| E750 | G951 | N392 | R788 | Y620-Y621 |
| E752 | G958 | N398-N399 | R798 | Y623 |
| E753 | G961 | N980-N989 | R825 | Y625 |

| E755-E756 | I00-I019 | N991 | R826 | Y630-Y633 |
|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| E768-E779 | I10-I629 | O360-O369 | R827-R828 | Y640-Y655 |
| E782 | I630-I6300 | O430-O431 | R829 | Y658 |
| E798 | I631-I6310 | O438 | R893 | Y66-Y831 |
| E803 | I633-I677 | O439-O469 | R897 | Y840 |
| E835 | I678-I679 | O60 | T200 | Y842 |
| E871 | I690-I891 | O670-O689 | T201-T289 | Y848-Y849 |
| E880 | I898 | O700-O719 | T300 | Y850-Y872 |
| E888 | I899-I972 | O908 | T301-T329 | Y880-Y881 |
| E890 | I978 | O980-O981 | T360-T658 | Y890-Y891 |
| E898 | I99 | P070-P073 | T659 | Y899 |
| F100 | J00 | P219 | T66-T670 | |
| F101-F102 | J020 | P221-P289 | T68 | |

I (a) Multiple hemorrhages R5800 (b) Thrombocytopenia D695 (c) Cancer lung C349

13. Hyperparathyroidism (E213)

<u>Code</u> E211 (Secondary hyperparathyroidism):

| A180 | D136-D137 |
|-----------|-----------|
| A187 | D300-D309 |
| A188 | D351-D353 |
| B650-B839 | D410-D419 |
| B902-B908 | D442-D444 |
| C250-C259 | E130-E139 |
| C64-C689 | E15-E215 |
| C750-C752 | E240-E259 |
| C788 | E270-E279 |
| C790-C791 | E892 |
| C798 | M880-M889 |
| C900-C902 | N000-N399 |
| D017 | Q600-Q649 |
| D090-D091 | Q770-Q789 |
| D093 | Q798 |
| | |

| I | (a) | Hypercalcemia | E835 |
|---|-----|--------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Hyperparathyroidism | E211 |
| | (c) | Cancer parathyroid gland | C750 |

14. <u>Hyperaldosteronism (E269)</u>

<u>Code</u> E261 (Secondary hyperaldosteronism)

| 1 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 | F250 F46 | 7500 7500 | T 0 (T 0 T |
|-----------------|-----------|------------|----------------------------------|
| A220-A229 | E270-E46 | I500-I509 | T96-T97 |
| B500-B54 | E511-E519 | I701 | T983 |
| B560-B575 | E660-E669 | I778 | X40-X49 |
| C740-C749 | E713 | K700-K709 | X60-X69 |
| C797 | E86 | K721-K7210 | X85-X90 |
| D093 | E871 | K730-K746 | Y10-Y19 |
| D350 | E880 | K850-K851 | Y400-Y599 |
| D441 | E890 | K853-K859 | Y86-Y880 |
| D448-D449 | E892 | N000-N399 | |
| D840-D849 | E895-E899 | T360-T659 | |
| E000-E249 | I10-I150 | T783 | |
| E250-E269 | I159 | T880-T889 | |

| Ι | (a) | MI | I219 |
|---|-----|-----------------------|------|
| | (b) | Hyperaldosteronism | E261 |
| | (c) | Renal artery stenosis | I701 |

15. Lactase Deficiency (E730)

Code E731 (Secondary lactase deficiency):

When reported due to:

| E730-E749 | K590-K599 |
|-----------|-----------|
| K500 | K630 |
| K508-K510 | K633 |
| K519-K529 | K639 |
| K570 | K900-K902 |
| K574 | K912 |
| K580-K589 | N200-N209 |

I (a) Severe diarrhea K529 (b) Lactase deficiency E731 (c) Celiac disease K900

<u>Code</u> I(b) secondary lactase deficiency, E731, since reported due to celiac disease.

16. Korsakov's Disease, Psychosis, or Syndrome (F106)

<u>Code</u> F04 (Nonalcoholic Korsakov's disease, psychosis, or syndrome):

When reported due to:

| A000-D591 | L920 | S710-S729 | T904 |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| D592 | L928-L932 | S740-S799 | T905 |
| D593-D610 | L951 | S810-S829 | T908 |
| D611 | L980-L981 | S840-S899 | T909 |
| D612-E243 | M000-N459 | S910-S929 | T910 |
| E248-E519 | N490-N809 | S940-S999 | T911-T915 |
| E52 | N990-N992 | T012-T029 | T918 |
| E530-F09 | N994-Q999 | T041-T08 | T919-T922 |
| F200-G311 | R54 | T091 | T924-T926 |
| G318-G619 | R75 | T093-T10 | T928 |
| G620 | S010-S029 | T111 | T929-T932 |
| G622 | S040-S050 | T113-T12 | T934-T936 |
| G628-G720 | S052-S099 | T131 | T938 |
| G722-G98 | S110-S129 | T133-T139 | T939 |
| I00-I4250 | S140-S199 | T141-T142 | T940-T953 |
| I427-J989 | S210-S229 | T144-T329 | T954 |
| K20-K291 | S240-S299 | T340-T349 | T958-T959 |
| K293-K669 | S310-S328 | T351-T399 | T96-X40 |
| K710-K851 | S340-S399 | T410-T422 | X43-X44 |
| K853-K859 | S410-S429 | T425-T426 | X46-Y449 |
| K861-L109 | S440-S499 | T427 | Y451-Y468 |
| L129-L449 | S510-S529 | T428 | Y480-Y485 |
| L510-L599 | S540-S599 | T440-T509 | Y500-Y899 |
| L710-L719 | S610-S628 | T520-T889 | |
| L88 | S640-S699 | T901-T903 | |

| I | (a) | Korsakoff's psychosis | F04 |
|---|-----|---------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Wernicke's encephalopathy | E512 |

(c)

17. Drug Use NOS - Named Drug Use (F11-F16, F18-F19)

<u>Code</u> drug use NOS, F199, when reported anywhere on the certificate. Code use of named drug, F11-F16, F18-F19 with fourth character "9," when reported anywhere on the certificate and the named drug is listed in Volume 3, under Addiction/Dependence. If the named drug is not listed in Volume 3 under Addiction/Dependence, do not enter a code.

Exceptions:

- (1) Complication(s) reported due to (named) drug use. Code the (named) drug use to the appropriate external cause code for adverse effects of drugs in therapeutic use unless the drug is one not used for medical care purposes. Refer to Section V, Part R, 1, Drugs, medicaments, biological substances causing adverse effects in therapeutic use (Y40-Y59) for coding instructions.
- (2) There is mention of drug poisoning anywhere on the certificate, code the (named) drug use to F11-F16, F18-F19, with fourth character "9," if listed in Volume 3 under Addiction/Dependence. If (named) drug is not indexed in Volume 3 under Addiction/Dependence, code F19, specified drug NEC with fourth character "9." Refer to Section V, Part Q, 2, Poisoning by drugs.

| I | (a) Chronic alcoholism | F102 |
|----|------------------------|------|
| | (b) | |
| | (c) | |
| II | Drug use | F199 |

<u>Code</u> drug use to F199. There is no complication reported due to the drug use.

I (a) Cancer of pancreas C259
(b)
(c)
II Methadone use F119

<u>Code</u> methadone use to F119 as listed under Dependence in Volume 3. There is no complication reported due to the methadone use.

I (a) Systemic lupus erythematosus M329 (b) (c)

II Steroid use

<u>Do not</u> code steroid use. Steroid is not listed in Volume 3 under Addiction/Dependence and no complication is reported due to the steroid use.

| I (a) Diabetes | E139 |
|-------------------------|-------|
| (b) Steroid use | Y427 |
| (c) | |
| II Rheumatoid arthritis | &M069 |

<u>Code</u> the diabetes as a complication of the steroids given in therapeutic use for rheumatoid arthritis. Refer to Section V, Part R, 1, <u>Drugs, medicaments, biological substances causing adverse effects in therapeutic use (Y40-Y59)</u> for coding complications of drugs during therapeutic use.

| I | (a) | Bacterial endocarditis | &I330 |
|---|-----|------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Use of morphine | Y450 |
| | (c) | | |

<u>Code</u> the bacterial endocarditis as a complication of the morphine given in therapeutic use. Precede the complication with an ampersand since the condition requiring the drug is not reported. Refer to Section V, Part R, 1, <u>Drugs</u>, <u>medicaments</u>, <u>biological substances causing adverse effects in therapeutic use</u> (Y40-Y59) for coding complications of drugs during therapeutic use.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Acute cod | caine poisoning | T405 | &X42 |
|--------------|----|---------------|------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | | | |
| | | (c) | | | |
| <u>MOD</u> | II | Cocaine use | | F149 | T405 |
| A | | Accident | Ingested cocaine | | |

<u>Code</u> cocaine use to F149 as listed under Dependence in Volume 3 since reported on the certificate with drug poisoning. Refer to Section V, Part Q, 2, <u>Poisoning by drugs</u> for instructions in coding drug poisoning.

| Place 9 | I | (a) Respirato(b) Acute dru(c) | • | J969 F199 | |
|------------|----|---|----------------------|--------------|-----|
| MOD | II | | | &X42 T | 102 |
| A | | Accident | Overdose of morphine | | |

<u>Code</u> acute drug use to F199 since reported on the certificate with drug poisoning.

| Place | I (a) Poisoning by drugs | T509 &X44 |
|-------|--------------------------|-----------|
| 9 | (b) (c) | |
| | II Use of sedatives | F139 |

<u>Code</u> use of sedative to F139 as listed under Dependence in Volume 3 since reported on the certificate with drug poisoning.

| 18. | Tobacco Use (F179) | | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Code F179 (Tobacco use): | | | | |
| | When the certifier selects "Yes" or "Probably" in the tobacco box on the US Standard Certificate of Death. | | | | |
| | Did tobacco use contribute to death? | | | | |
| | Yes Probably No Unknown | | | | |
| | The F179 should follow the last code in Part II. | | | | |
| | I (a) Pneumonia J189 (b) Lung cancer C349 II COPD J449 F179 | | | | |
| | Did tobacco use contribute to death? | | | | |
| | Yes Probably No Unknown | | | | |

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19. Psychotic Episode NOS (F239)

Code F068 (Psychotic episode, organic NEC):

When reported due to or on the same line with conditions classifiable to the following categories:

| A000-E899 | L88 | R042-R048 |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| F068 | L920 | R060-R065 |
| G000-G98 | L92-L932 | R068 |
| H600-H709 | L951 | R090-R091 |
| H720-H739 | L980-L981 | R291 |
| I00-J989 | M000-N459 | R54 |
| K20-L109 | N490-N809 | R600-R609 |
| L120-L449 | N990-N992 | R75 |
| L510-L599 | N994-Q999 | |
| L710-L719 | R02 | |

| I | (a) | TIA's with psychotic episodes | G459 | F068 |
|---|-----|-------------------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | Cerebral arteriosclerosis | I672 | |
| | (c) | Arteriosclerosis | I709 | |

<u>Code</u> psychotic episode on I(a) F068, since reported on the same line with TIA (G459). It could also be coded to F068 since reported due to cerebral arteriosclerosis (I672).

20. Psychosis (any F29)

<u>Code</u> F09 (Psychosis, organic NEC):

When reported due to or on the same line with conditions classifiable to the following categories:

| A000-E899 | R75 | S840-S899 | T909 |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| F09 | S010-S029 | S910-S929 | T910 |
| G000-G98 | S040-S050 | S940-S999 | T911-T915 |
| I00-J989 | S052-S099 | T012-T029 | T918 |
| K20-L109 | S110-S129 | T041-T08 | T919-T922 |
| L120-L449 | S140-S199 | T091 | T924-T926 |
| L510-L599 | S210-S229 | T093-T10 | T928 |
| L710-L719 | S240-S299 | T111 | T929-T932 |
| L88 | S310-S328 | T113-T12 | T934-T936 |
| L920 | S340-S399 | T131 | T938 |
| L928-L932 | S410-S429 | T133-T139 | T939 |
| L951 | S440-S499 | T141-T142 | T940-T953 |
| L980-L981 | S510-S529 | T144-T329 | T954 |
| M000-N459 | S540-S599 | T340-T349 | T958-T959 |
| N490-N809 | S610-S628 | T351-T889 | T96-Y899 |
| N950-N959 | S640-S699 | T901-T903 | |
| N990-N992 | S710-S729 | T904 | |
| N994-Q999 | S740-S799 | T905 | |
| R54 | S810-S829 | T908 | |

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 | |
|---|-----|--|------|------|
| | (b) | Psychosis – cerebrovascular arteriosclerosis | F09 | I672 |
| | (c) | Arteriosclerosis | I709 | |

21. <u>Dissociative Disorder (F449)</u>

<u>Code</u> F065 (Organic dissociative disorder):

When reported due to conditions classifiable to the following categories:

| A000-E899 | L88 | R042-R048 |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| F065 | L920 | R060-R065 |
| G000-G98 | L928-L932 | R068 |
| H600-H709 | L951 | R090-R091 |
| H720-H739 | L980-L981 | R291 |
| I00-J989 | M000-N459 | R54 |
| K20-L109 | N490-N809 | R600-R609 |
| L120-L449 | N990-N992 | R75 |
| L510-L599 | N994-Q999 | S000-Y899 |
| L710-L719 | R02 | |

| I | (a) | Dissociative disorder | F065 |
|---|-----|---------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Chronic subdural hematoma | T905 |
| | (c) | Car accident | &Y850 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) <u>organic</u> dissociative disorder, F065, since reported due to an injury.

| I | (a) | Dissociative disorder | F065 |
|---|-----|-----------------------|------|
| | (b) | Senility | R54 |

Code I(a) organic dissociative disorder, F065, since reported due to senility.

22. Personality Disorder (F609)

Personality Change (Enduring) (F629)

<u>Code</u> F070 (Organic personality disorder):

When reported due to conditions classifiable to the following categories:

| A000-E899 | N490-N809 | S440-S499 | T093-T10 |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| F070 | N990-Q999 | S510-S529 | T111 |
| G000-G98 | R54 | S540-S599 | T113-T12 |
| I00-J989 | R75 | S610-S628 | T131 |
| K20-L109 | S010-S029 | S640-S699 | T133-T139 |
| L120-L449 | S040-S050 | S710-S729 | T141-T142 |
| L510-L599 | S052-S099 | S740-S799 | T144-T329 |
| L710-L719 | S110-S129 | S810-S829 | T340-T349 |
| L88 | S140-S199 | S840-S899 | T351-T889 |
| L920 | S210-S229 | S910-S929 | T901-T922 |
| L928-L932 | S240-S299 | S940-S999 | T924-T932 |
| L951 | S310-S328 | T012-T029 | T934-Y899 |
| L980-L981 | S340-S399 | T041-T08 | |
| M000-N459 | S410-S429 | T091 | |

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Personality disorder | F070 |
|--------------|---|-----|----------------------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Head injury | S099 |
| | | (c) | Assault | &Y09 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) <u>organic</u> personality disorder, F070, since reported due to a head injury.

| Ι | (a) | Personality disorder | F070 |
|---|-----|----------------------|------|
| | (b) | Meningioma brain | D320 |

 $\underline{\text{Code}}\ \text{I(a)}\ \underline{\text{organic}}\ \text{personality disorder},$ F070, since reported due to a meningioma brain.

| Ι | (a) | Personality change | F070 |
|---|-----|----------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Jakob-Creutzfeldt Syndrome | A810 |

 $\underline{\text{Code}}$ I(a) $\underline{\text{organic}}$ personality disorder, F070, since reported due to Jakob-Creutzfeldt Syndrome.

23. Mental Disorder (any F99)

Code F069 (Organic mental disorder)

When reported due to or on the same line with conditions classifiable to the following categories:

| A000-G98 | M000-N459 | S000-S199 | T510-T519 |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| H600-H709 | N490-N809 | T019 | T66-T68 |
| H720-H739 | N990-N992 | T028 | T698-T758 |
| I00-J989 | N994-Q999 | T029 | T790-T799 |
| K20-L109 | R02 | T049 | T900-T911 |
| L120-L449 | R042-R048 | T062 | T913 |
| L510-L599 | R060-R065 | T064 | T918-T919 |
| L710-L719 | R068 | T07-T08 | T940-T950 |
| L88 | R090-R091 | T093-T094 | T958-T959 |
| L920 | R291 | T140-T149 | T97 |
| L928-L932 | R54 | T200-T207 | T981-T982 |
| L951 | R600-R609 | T340-T341 | V010-Y872 |
| L980-L981 | R75 | T350-T352 | |

| I | (a) | Cardiorespiratory arrest | I469 |
|---|-----|--------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Heart failure | I509 |

⁽c) Multiple sclerosis and mental disorder G35 F069

24. Parkinson's Disease (G20)

Code G219 (Secondary parkinsonism):

| B91 | R75 |
|-----------|---|
| B941 | S000-T357 |
| B949 | T66-T876 |
| F200-F209 | T900-T982 |
| G000-G039 | T983 |
| G041-G09 | X50-X599 |
| G20-G2000 | X70-X84 |
| G218-G219 | X91-Y09 |
| G300-G309 | Y20-Y369 |
| I672-I673 | Y600-Y849 |
| I678-I679 | Y850-Y872 |
| I698 | Y881-Y899 |
| I709 | |
| I950-I959 | |
| | B941 B949 F200-F209 G000-G039 G041-G09 G20-G2000 G218-G219 G300-G309 I672-I673 I678-I679 I698 I709 |

- I (a) Parkinson's disease G219 (b) Tuberculous meningitis A170
 - (c)
- I (a) Parkinsonism G219 (b) Arteriosclerosis I709
 - (c)
- I (a) Secondary Parkinson's disease G219
 - (b)
 - (c)

25. Cerebral Sclerosis (G379)

<u>Code</u> I672 (Cerebrovascular atherosclerosis):

a. When reported due to or on the same line with:

| A500-A539 | M100-M109 |
|-----------|-----------|
| E000-E349 | M300-M359 |
| E660-E669 | N000-N289 |
| E700-E839 | N390 |
| E890-E899 | Q600-Q619 |
| I10-I150 | Q630-Q639 |
| I159 | Q890-Q892 |
| I672 | R54 |
| I700-I709 | T383 |
| I770 | Y423 |
| I99 | |
| | |

b. When reported as causing:

I600-I679

| I | (a) Cerebral edema | G936 |
|----|----------------------------------|----------|
| | (b) Cerebral sclerosis | G379 |
| I | (a) Cerebral thrombosis | I633 |
| т | (b) Cerebral sclerosis | I672 |
| Ι | (b) | I251 |
| | (c) | |
| II | Cerebral sclerosis, hypertension | 1672 I10 |

26. Myopathy (G729)

Code I429 (Cardiomyopathy):

When reported due to:

| A150-A1690 | E660-E669 | M100-M109 |
|------------|------------|-----------|
| A178 | E740 | M300-M359 |
| A181 | E760-E769 | M625 |
| A188 | E831 | N000-N399 |
| B200-B24 | E850-E859 | P200-P220 |
| B332 | E880-E889 | P916 |
| B560-B575 | F100-F199 | Q200-Q249 |
| B948 | G111 | R31 |
| C000-C97 | G600 | R54 |
| D151 | G700-G729 | R75 |
| D467-D469 | I00-I259 | T360-T66 |
| D500-D649 | I300-I4290 | T97 |
| D758 | I514-I5150 | X45 |
| D860-D869 | I700-I709 | X65 |
| E000-E0390 | K700-K709 | Y15 |
| E050-E059 | K721 | Y400-Y599 |
| E100-E149 | K730-K739 | Y842 |
| E220 | K743 | Y86-Y872 |
| E40-E519 | K745-K746 | Y883 |
| E639 | K760 | |
| E641 | K768-K769 | |
| E648-E649 | M069 | |

| I | (a) | Myopathy | I429 |
|---|-----|----------|------|
| | (b) | ASHD | I251 |
| | (c) | | |

Code I(a) cardiomyopathy, I429, since reported due to a specific heart condition.

27. Brain Damage, child (G809)

Code G939 (Brain damage):

When reported due to:

| A000-F199 | M000-N399 | R400-R402 |
|-----------|-----------|------------|
| F200-F99 | N700-N889 | R54 |
| G000-G98 | O000-Q999 | R560-R5800 |
| H600-H749 | R02 | R600-R609 |
| H950-J80 | R040-R049 | R630 |
| J82-J989 | R060-R068 | R75 |
| K700-K769 | R090-R092 | S000-Y899 |
| L00-L989 | R291 | |

Male, 11 years

I (a) Cardiac arrest I469 (b) Brain damage G809

<u>Since</u> the age of the decedent is less than 18 years of age and there is no indication of the cause of the brain damage, code G809, brain damage, child.

Male, 11 years

I (a) Brain damage G939 (b) Down's syndrome Q909

<u>Since</u> there is an indication of the cause of the brain damage, code brain damage, G939.

28. Paralysis (any G81, G82, or G83 excluding senile paralysis)

<u>Code</u> the paralysis for decedent age 28 days and over to G80 (Infantile cerebral palsy) with appropriate fourth character:

When reported due to:

P000-P969

Female, 3 months

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | 1wk | J189 |
|---|-----|--------------------------------|-------|------|
| | (b) | Paraplegia | 3 mos | G808 |
| | (c) | Injury spinal cord since birth | | P115 |

<u>Code</u> the paraplegia on I(b) to infantile paraplegia, G808, since reported due to an injury of the spinal cord since birth.

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29. Cataract (H269)

Code H264 (Secondary cataract):

When reported due to:

| A1690 | H269 |
|-----------|------|
| B200-B24 | H579 |
| E100-E149 | R54 |
| E160-E162 | R75 |
| E711 | T66 |
| E742 | Y493 |
| E830 | Y540 |
| E835 | Y576 |
| H264 | |

| I | (a) | CVA | I64 |
|---|-----|----------|------|
| | (b) | Cataract | H264 |
| | (c) | Diabetes | E149 |

<u>Code</u> I(b), secondary cataract, H264, since reported due to diabetes (E149).

30. Varices NOS and Bleeding Varices NOS (I839)

Code (a) I859 (Esophageal varices) or

(b) I850 (Bleeding esophageal varices):

When reported due to or on same line with:

Alcoholic diseases classified to: F100-F109

Liver diseases classified to: B150-B199, B251, B942, K700-K769

Toxic effect of alcohol classified to: T510-T519, T97

I (a) Varices I859 (b) Cirrhosis of liver K746

I (a) Bleeding varices I850 (b) Cirrhosis of liver K746

31. Pneumoconiosis (J64)

<u>Code</u> J60 (Coal worker's pneumoconiosis):

When Occupation is reported as:

Coal miner Coal worker Miner

Occupation: Coal Miner

I (a) Bronchitis J40 (b) Pneumoconiosis J60

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32. Alveolar Hemorrhage (Diffused) (K088)

Code R048 (Lung hemorrhage):

When reported anywhere on record with:

A000-R825

R826

R827-R892

R893

R894-R961

R98-Y899

I (a) Respiratory Failure J969 (b) Alveolar Hemorrhage R048

<u>Code</u> I(b) lung hemorrhage, R048, since alveolar hemorrhage is reported on the record with a condition classified to J969

33. Diaphragmatic Hernia in K44.-

Code Q790 (Congenital diaphragmatic hernia):

When reported as causing hypoplasia or dysplasia of lung NOS (Q336).

I (a) Lung dysplasia Q336 (b) Diaphragmatic hernia Q790

(c)

34. Laennec's Cirrhosis NOS (K703)

Code K746 (Nonalcoholic Laennec's cirrhosis):

When reported due to:

| A000-B99 | K710-K718 | Y574-Y599 |
|------------|-----------|-----------|
| C000-D539 | K730-K760 | Y640 |
| D730-D739 | K761 | Y86 |
| E02-E0390 | K763 | Y870-Y872 |
| E100-E149 | K768-K851 | Y880 |
| E500-E519 | K853-K859 | Y881 |
| E52 | K861-K909 | |
| E530-E849 | Q410-Q459 | |
| F110-F169 | Q900-Q999 | |
| F180-F199 | R75 | |
| I050-I099 | T360-T509 | |
| I110-I119 | T520-T659 | |
| I130-I4250 | T97 | |
| I427-I519 | X40-X44 | |
| I81 | X46-X49 | |
| K500-K519 | Y400-Y572 | |
| K630-K639 | Y573 | |

| Ι | (a) | Cardiac arrest | I469 |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|
| | (b) | Laennec's cirrhosis | K746 |
| | (c) | Diabetes | E149 |

<u>Code</u> I(b) nonalcoholic Laennec's cirrhosis since reported "due to" diabetes

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35. Biliary Cirrhosis NOS (K745)

<u>Code</u> K744 (Secondary biliary cirrhosis):

When reported due to:

| A000-B99 | K763 |
|-----------|-----------|
| C000-D539 | K768-K909 |
| D730-D739 | Q410-Q459 |
| E02-E0390 | Q900-Q999 |
| E100-E149 | R75 |
| E500-E849 | R780 |
| F100-F169 | R826 |
| F180-F199 | R893 |
| I050-I099 | T360-T659 |
| I110-I119 | T97 |
| I130-I519 | X40-X49 |
| I81 | X65 |
| K500-K519 | Y15 |
| K630-K639 | Y400-Y599 |
| K700-K718 | Y640 |
| K730-K760 | Y86-Y880 |
| K761 | Y881 |
| | |

| I | (a) | Biliary cirrhosis | K745 |
|---|-----|-------------------|------|
|---|-----|-------------------|------|

(b)

(c)

I (a) Primary biliary cirrhosis K743

(b)

(c)

I (a) Secondary biliary cirrhosis K744

(b)

(c)

I (a) Biliary cirrhosis K744 (b) Carcinoma pancreas

C259

(c)

36. <u>Lupus Erythematosus (L930)</u> <u>Lupus (L930)</u>

<u>Code</u> M321 (Systemic lupus erythematosus with organ or system involvement):

When reported as causing a disease of the following systems:

Anemia
Circulatory (including cardiovascular,
lymph nodes, spleen)
Gastrointestinal
Musculoskeletal
Respiratory
Thrombocytopenia
Urinary

I (a) Nephritis N059 (b) Lupus erythematosus M321

(c)

37. Gout (M109)

<u>Code</u> M104 (Secondary gout):

| B200-B24 | L578-L589 |
|-----------|-----------|
| C880-C959 | L930-L932 |
| D45 | L945 |
| D550-D599 | L951 |
| D751 | L981 |
| D758 | M100-M109 |
| E168 | R75 |
| E740 | T510-T519 |
| F100-F102 | T97 |
| F109 | X45 |
| K700-K769 | X65 |
| L100-L109 | Y15 |
| L120-L449 | Y86-Y872 |
| L510-L569 | |

| Ι | (a) | Perforated gastric ulcer | K255 |
|---|-----|---------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Gout | M104 |
| | (c) | Waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia | C880 |

38. Polyarthrosis (M159)

<u>Code</u> M153 (Secondary multiple arthrosis):

When reported due to:

A399

B200-B24

E660-E669

G810-G839

M150-M1990

N924

N950-N959

R54

R75

S000-T983

I (a) Hypostatic pneumonia J182 (b) Polyarthrosis M153 (c) Obesity E669

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Code I(b) secondary multiple arthrosis, M153, since reported due to obesity.

39. Coxarthrosis (M169)

<u>Code</u> (a) M166 (Coxarthrosis, secondary, bilateral):

(b) M167 (Coxarthrosis, secondary, NEC, (unilateral)):

When reported due to:

A399

B200-B24

E660-E669

G810-G839

M150-M161

M166-M1990

N924

N950-N959

R54

R75

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 |
|---|-----|---------------|------|
| | (b) | Debility | R53 |
| | (c) | Coxarthrosis | M167 |
| | (d) | Polyarthrosis | M159 |

<u>Code</u> I(c) secondary coxarthrosis, M167, since reported due to polyarthrosis (M159).

40. Gonarthrosis (M179)

<u>Code</u> (a) M174 (Secondary gonarthrosis, bilateral):

(b) M175 (Secondary gonarthrosis, (unilateral)):

When reported due to:

A399 B200-B24 E660-E669 G810-G839 M150-M171 M174-M1990 N924 N950-N959 R54 R75

> I (a) Pneumonia, gonarthrosis J189 M175 (b) Hemiplegia G819 (c) Old CVA I694

 $\underline{\text{Code}}$ I(a) secondary gonarthrosis, M175, since reported due to hemiplegia.

41. <u>Arthrosis (M199)</u>

Code M192 (Secondary arthrosis):

When reported due to:

A399 B200-B24 E660-E669 G810-G839 M150-M190 M192-M1990 N924 N950-N959

R54 R75

I (a) Pathological fractures M844
(b) Arthrosis M192
(c) Senility R54

Code I(b) secondary arthrosis, M192, since reported due to senility.

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42. <u>Kyphosis (M402)</u>

<u>Code</u> M401 (Secondary kyphosis):

When reported due to:

| A1690 | E890-E899 | M359-M489 |
|-----------|------------|-----------|
| A180 | G110-G119 | M800-M949 |
| B902 | G20-G2000 | M960-M969 |
| B91 | G35-G379 | Q050-Q059 |
| C400-C419 | G540-G549 | Q760-Q799 |
| C490-C499 | G600-G839 | Q850 |
| C795 | G950-G959 | Q870-Q878 |
| D166 | G970-G979 | Q893-Q999 |
| D480 | M000-M120 | S000-Y899 |
| E200-E215 | M150-M1990 | |
| E550-E559 | M320-M351 | |

| I | (a) | COPD | J449 |
|---|-----|-----------------------|------|
| | (b) | Kyphosis | M401 |
| | (c) | Spinal osteoarthritis | M479 |

 $\underline{\text{Code}}\ \text{I(b)}$ secondary kyphosis, M401, since reported due to spinal osteoarthritis.

43. <u>Scoliosis (M419)</u>

a. Code M414 (Neuromuscular scoliosis):

When reported due to:

| A800-A809 | G700-G709 |
|-----------|-----------|
| B91 | G800-G809 |
| G111 | M414 |

| I | (a) | Respiratory failure | | J969 |
|---|-----|---------------------|-------|------|
| | (b) | Severe scoliosis | years | M414 |
| | (c) | Polio | years | B91 |

Code I(b) neuromuscular scoliosis, M414, since reported due to polio (B91).

b. Code M415 (secondary scoliosis):

When reported due to:

| A1690 | G09 | M415-M489 |
|-----------|------------|-----------|
| A180 | G20-G2000 | M800-M949 |
| B902 | G360-G379 | M960-M969 |
| C400-C419 | G540-G549 | Q050-Q059 |
| C490-C499 | G600-G64 | Q760-Q799 |
| C795 | G950-G959 | Q850 |
| D166 | G970-G979 | Q870-Q878 |
| D480 | M000-M120 | Q893-Q999 |
| E200-E215 | M150-M1990 | S000-Y899 |
| E550-E559 | M320-M351 | |
| E890-E899 | M359-M413 | |

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 |
|---|-----|--------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Scoliosis | M415 |
| | (c) | Progressive systemic sclerosis | M340 |

 $\underline{\text{Code}}\ \text{I(b)}$ secondary scoliosis, M415, since reported due to progressive systemic sclerosis.

44. Osteonecrosis (M879)

<u>Code</u> M873 (Secondary osteonecrosis):

When reported due to:

| A000-A399 | D550-D589 | M860-M870 |
|-----------|------------|-----------|
| A400-A419 | H650-H669 | M873 |
| A420-B889 | J00-J399 | M878-M889 |
| B89 | L00-L089 | M894 |
| B900-B949 | M000-M1990 | M910-M939 |
| B99 | M320-M351 | N340-N343 |
| C400-C419 | M359 | N390 |
| C763 | M420-M429 | N700-N768 |
| C795 | M45-M461 | R75 |
| C810-C969 | M462 | |
| D160-D169 | M463-M479 | |
| D480 | M600 | |

| I | (a) | Septicemia | A419 |
|---|-----|--------------------|------|
| | (b) | Osteonecrosis hip | M873 |
| | (c) | Infective myositis | M600 |

 $\underline{\text{Code}}\ I(b)$ secondary osteonecrosis, M873, since reported due to infective myositis (M600).

45. <u>Dysmenorrhea (N946)</u>

Code N945 (Secondary dysmenorrhea):

When reported due to:

| C530-C55 | N800-N809 |
|-----------|-----------|
| C798 | N840-N841 |
| D060-D069 | N850-N889 |
| D073 | N945 |
| D250-D269 | Q510-Q519 |
| D390 | Q528 |
| N710-N739 | |

I (a) Anemia and gastric ulcer D649 K259
(b) Menorrhagia with dysmenorrhea N920 N945
(c) Cancer of endocervix C530

<u>Code</u> I(b) secondary dysmenorrhea, N945, since reported due to cancer of endocervix (C530).

46. Cesarean Delivery for Inertia Uterus (O622)

Hypotonic Labor (O622)

Hypotonic Uterus Dysfunction (O622)

Inadequate Uterus Contraction (O622)

Uterine Inertia During Labor (O622)

Code O621 (Secondary uterine inertia):

When reported due to:

| O100-O209 | O440-O469 |
|-----------|-----------|
| O230-O249 | O621 |
| O260-O264 | O670-O679 |
| O266-O269 | O95 |
| O310 | O980-O998 |
| O330-O349 | |

| Ι | (a) | Cardiac arrest | O754 |
|---|-----|--------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Uterine inertia | O621 |
| | (c) | Diabetes mellitus of pregnancy | O249 |

<u>Code</u> I(b) secondary uterine inertia, O621, since reported due to diabetes mellitus of pregnancy (O249).

47. Brain Damage, newborn (P112)

Code P219 (Anoxic brain damage, newborn):

When reported due to:

A000-R825

R826

R827-R892

R893

R894-R961

R98-Y899

Male, 9 hours

I (a) Brain damage P219 (b) Congenital heart disease Q249

<u>Code</u> I(a) anoxic brain damage, P219, since reported due to congenital heart disease.

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48. <u>Intracranial Nontraumatic Hemorrhage of Fetus and Newborn (P52)</u>

<u>Code</u> P10 (Intracranial laceration and hemorrhage due to birth injury) with the appropriate fourth character:

When reported due to:

P030-P039 P100-P112 P119 P130-P131 P159

Male, 9 hours

I (a) Cerebral hemorrhage P101 (b) Fractured skull during birth P130

(c)

<u>Code</u> I(a) cerebral hemorrhage due to birth injury, P101, since reported due to a fracture skull occurring during birth.

Female, 2 weeks

I (a) Cerebral hemorrhage P101 (b) Birth injury P159

(c)

Code I(a) cerebral hemorrhage due to birth injury, P101.

49. Septal Defect, (atrial), (auricular), (heart), (ventricular), (Q210, Q211, Q212, Q219)

 $\underline{\text{Code}}$ I510 (Acquired septal defect) providing there is no indication the defect is congenital:

a. When reported due to:

| A000-A099 | I400-I519 | N990-N999 | R502-R509 |
|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| A181 | I700-J80 | P000-P049 | R53-R54 |
| A200-B89 | J82-J989 | P100-Q079 | R560-R609 |
| B908-E899 | K20-K929 | Q240-Q249 | R634-R635 |
| F100-F199 | L89 | Q260-Q349 | R64 |
| G000-G419 | L97 | Q380-Q459 | R688-R799 |
| G450-G459 | L984 | Q600-Q799 | R826 |
| G500-G729 | M000-M1990 | Q850-R098 | R893 |
| G900-G98 | M300-M549 | R11 | S000-Y899 |
| H650-H839 | M800-M959 | R160-R18 | |
| I00-I029 | N000-N399 | R222 | |
| I10-I339 | N600-N96 | R300-R398 | |

b. When reported on the same line with:

I110-I119 I130-I139 I200-I339 I400-I519

| I | (a) | Cardiac arrest | I469 |
|---|-----|---------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Ventricular septal defect | I510 |
| | (c) | Myocardial infarction | I219 |

50. Hypoplasia or Dysplasia of Lung NOS (Q336)

<u>Code</u> P280 (Primary atelectasis of newborn):

When reported anywhere on the record with the following codes and not reported due to diaphragmatic hernia in K44.- or in Q790, and there is no indication that the condition was congenital.

A500-A509 B200-B24 P000-P009 P011-P013 P050-P073 P220-P229 P280 P350-P399 P612 Q600-Q611 Q613-Q649 R75

| Ι | (a) Hypoplasia lung(b) | | P280 |
|---------|---|-------|------|
| II | (c) Prematurity | | P073 |
| Fe I | emale, 5 hrs. (a) Dysplasia of lung (b) (c) | 5 hrs | Q336 |

II Hyaline membrane disease

<u>Code</u> Q336, since the duration and age are the same indicating the condition was congenital.

P220

51. <u>Injury (S000-T149)</u>

Code P10-P15 (Birth trauma):

a. When the age of decedent is less than 28 days

AND

b. There is no mention of external cause

AND

c. Reported due to a condition in P000-P969

Male, 5 days

I (a) Femur fracture P132 (b) Breech delivery P030

Code femur fracture as indexed under Birth, injury, fracture, femur.

52. Fracture (any site) (T142)

<u>Code</u> M844 (Pathological fracture):

a. When reported due to:

| A180 | D480 | M320-M351 | M854-M889 | Q799 |
|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| A500-A509 | D489 | M359 | M893-M895 | R54 |
| A521 | E210-E215 | M420-M429 | M898-M939 | T810-T819 |
| A527-A539 | E550-E559 | M45-M519 | M941-M949 | T840-T849 |
| A666 | E896-E899 | M600 | M960 | T870-T889 |
| C000-C97 | G120-G129 | M800-M839 | M966-M969 | |
| D160-D169 | M000-M1990 | M843-M851 | Q770-Q789 | |

b. When reported on the same line with:

| C40-C41 | M80-M81 | M88 |
|---------|---------|-----|
| C795 | M83 | |

NOTE 1: If accident box is checked, do not enter an external cause code.

NOTE 2: If a fracture qualifies as pathological, all fractures reported of the same site will be coded pathological as well.

| | I | (a) Fracture hip | M844 | |
|------------|-----|-----------------------------------|--------|------------|
| | | (b) Osteoarthritis | M199 | |
| | I | (a) Myocardial infarction | I219 | |
| | | (b) ASHD | I251 | |
| | П | (c) Fracture of spine due to | M844 | M139 W19 |
| | | arthritis causing fall | 1,1011 | 11135 1113 |
| | I | (a) Pneumonia | J189 | |
| | | (b) Osteoporosis c fracture spine | M819 | M844 |
| | I | (a) Pneumonitis | J189 | |
| | | (b) Arteriosclerosis | I709 | |
| | | (c) Fracture femur | M844 | |
| MOD | II_ | | - | |
| A | | Accident Spontaneous in bed | | |
| | | | | |

<u>Code</u> fracture of femur as pathological, M844, since the certifier indicated it was spontaneous. Do not enter code for "accident" in checkbox.

| I (a) Aspiration pneumonia | J690 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| (b) Left hip fracture | M844 |
| (c) | |
| II Hip fracture, anemia, osteoporosis | M844 D649 M819 |

<u>Code</u> the hip fracture on (b) and in Part II as pathological, applying instruction b and note 2.

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53. Starvation NOS (T730)

Code E46 (Malnutrition NOS):

When reported due to:

| A000-E649 | L100-L129 | R13 | T058 |
|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| E670-F509 | L400-L409 | R54 | T065-T08 |
| F530-F539 | L510-L539 | R600-R609 | T091-T099 |
| F608-F609 | L89 | R630 | T141 |
| F680-F73 | L97 | R633-R634 | T148-T149 |
| F920 | L984 | R75 | T170-T217 |
| F982-F983 | M000-M1990 | S010-S099 | T270-T329 |
| F989-G98 | M300-N459 | S110-S199 | T360-T659 |
| I00-J80 | N700-N768 | S210-S299 | T800-T889 |
| J82-J989 | O000-Q079 | S310-S399 | T97 |
| K020-K029 | Q200-Q824 | T019-T021 | T983 |
| K040-K069 | Q850-Q999 | T029 | V010-Y899 |
| K080-K929 | R11 | T041 | |

| I | (a) | Anemia | D649 |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|
| | (b) | Starvation | E46 |
| | (c) | Cancer of esophagus | C159 |

Code I(b) E46, malnutrition, since reported due to a neoplasm.

| I | (a) | Starvation | E46 |
|----|-----|-----------------|-------|
| | (b) | Crushed abdomen | S381 |
| II | Au | to accident | &V499 |

Code I(a) E46, malnutrition, since reported due to an internal injury.

54. Compartment Syndrome (T796)

Code M622 (Nontraumaic compartment syndrome)

When reported due to:

| A530-A539 | F109 | N040-N049 |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| B200-B24 | F449 | N170-N19 |
| B91 | G10-G419 | Q000-Q079 |
| C000-D489 | G450-G98 | Q250-Q269 |
| D610-D699 | I250-I259 | Q650-Q799 |
| E000-E039 | I48 | Q900-Q999 |
| E230-E237 | I600-I99 | R190 |
| E40-E46 | K310-K389 | R198 |
| E511-E52 | K560-K567 | R263 |
| E630-E649 | K590-K599 | R402 |
| E750-E752 | K650-K659 | R58-R5800 |
| E754 | K850-K869 | R75 |
| E872 | K910-K919 | |
| E890-E899 | L89 | |
| F100-F102 | L97-M999 | |
| | | |

| I | (a) | Compartment syndrome | M622 |
|---|-----|--------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Hemorrhagic pancreatitis | K859 |

Code I(a) M622 since reported due to pancreatitis.

Part A

General information

Separate categories are provided in ICD-10 for coding malignant primary and secondary neoplasms (C00-C96), carcinoma in situ (D00-D09), benign neoplasms (D10-D36), and neoplasms of uncertain or unknown behavior (D37-D48). Categories and subcategories within these groups identify sites and/or morphological types.

Morphology describes the difference in type and structure of cells or tissues (histology) as seen under the microscope and behavior. The ICD classification of neoplasms consists of several major morphological groups (types) of neoplasms including the following:

Carcinomas including squamous cell carcinoma and adenocarcinoma Sarcomas and other soft tissue tumors including mesotheliomas Lymphomas including Hodgkin's lymphoma and non-Hodgkin's lymphoma Site specific types (types that indicate the site of the primary neoplasm)

Leukemias

Other specified morphological groups

The morphological types of neoplasms are listed in ICD-10 following Chapter XX in Volume 1 and also appear in Volume 3. Morphology, behavior, and site must all be considered when coding neoplasms. This may take the form of a reference to the appropriate column in the "Neoplasm" listing in the Index when the morphological type could occur in several organs. For example:

Adenoma, villous (M8261/1) - see Neoplasm, uncertain behavior

Or to a particular part of that listing when the morphological type originates in a particular type of tissue. For example:

Fibromyxoma (M8811/0) - see Neoplasm, connective tissue, benign

The Index may give the code for the site assumed to be most likely when no site is reported for a morphological type. For example:

Adenocarcinoma

- pseudomucinous (M8470/3)
- - specified site see Neoplasm, malignant
- - unspecified site C56

Or the Index may give a code to be used regardless of the reported site when the vast majority of neoplasms of that particular morphological type occur in a particular site. For example:

Nephroma (M8960/3) C64

Always look up the morphological description in the Index before referring to the listing under "Neoplasm" for the site.

The morphological code numbers consist of five characters: the first four identify the histological type of the neoplasm and the fifth, following a slash, indicates its behavior. These morphological codes (M codes) are not used by NCHS for coding purposes.

The behavior of a neoplasm is an indication of how it will act. The following terms describe the behavior of neoplasms:

| Malignant, primary site (capable of rapid growth and of spreading to nearby and distant sites) | C00-C76, C80-C96 |
|--|---------------------|
| Malignant secondary (spread from another site; metastases) | C77-C79 |
| In-situ (confined to one site) | D00-D09 |
| Benign (non-malignant) | D10-D36 |
| Uncertain or unknown behavior (undetermined whether benign or malignant) | D37-D48 |

Unless it is specifically indexed, code a morphological term ending in "osis" in the same way as the tumor name to which "osis" has been added is coded. For example, code neuroblastomatosis in the same way as neuroblastoma. However, do not code hemangiomatosis that is specifically indexed to a different category in the same way as hemangioma.

All combinations of the order of prefixes in compound morphological terms are not indexed. For example, the term "chondrofibrosarcoma" does not appear in the Index, but "fibrochondrosarcoma" does. Since the two terms have the same prefixes (in a different order), code the chondrofibrosarcoma the same as fibrochondrosarcoma.

A. Malignant neoplasms (C00-C96)

The categories that have been provided for the classification of malignant neoplasms distinguish between those that are stated or presumed to be primary (originate in) of the particular site or types of tissue involved, those that are stated or presumed to be secondary (deposits, metastases, or spread from a primary elsewhere) of specified sites, and malignant neoplasms without specification of site. These categories are the following:

- **C00-C75** Malignant neoplasms, stated or presumed to be primary, of specified sites and different types of tissue, except lymphoid, hematopoietic, and related tissue
- C76 Malignant neoplasms of other and ill-defined sites
- **C77-C79** Malignant secondary neoplasm, stated or presumed to be spread from another site, metastases of sites, regardless of morphological type of neoplasm
- C80 Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site (primary) (secondary)
- **C81-C96** Malignant neoplasms, stated or presumed to be primary, of lymphoid, hematopoietic, and related tissue

In order to determine the appropriate code for each reported neoplasm, a number of factors must be taken into account including the morphological type of neoplasm and qualifying terms. Assign all malignant neoplasms to the appropriate category for the morphological type of neoplasm, i.e., to the code shown in the Index for the reported term.

Morphological types of neoplasm include categories C40-C41, C43, C44, C45, C46, C47, C49, C70-C72, and C80. Specific morphological types include:

C40-C41 Malignant neoplasm of bone and articular cartilage of other and unspecified sites

Osteosarcoma Osteochondrosarcoma Osteofibrosarcoma Any neoplasm cross-referenced as "See also Neoplasm bone, malignant"

I (a) Osteosarcoma of leg C402

<u>Code</u> the morphological type "Osteosarcoma" to Neoplasm, malignant, bone of the specified site as cross-referenced.

Part A

Neoplasms (C00-D48)

C43 Malignant melanoma of skin

Melanosarcoma

Melanoblastoma

Any neoplasm cross-referenced as "See also Melanoma"

I (a) Melanoma of arm

C436

Based on the note in the Index, code melanoma of arm as indexed under **Melanoma**, site classification.

I (a) Melanoma of stomach

C169

Melanoma of stomach is not found under Melanoma in the Index. The term should be coded by site under Neoplasm, malignant.

C44 Other malignant neoplasm of skin

Basal cell carcinoma

Sebaceous cell carcinoma

Any neoplasm cross-referenced as "See also Neoplasm skin, malignant"

I (a) Sebaceous cell carcinoma nose

C443

<u>Code</u> the morphological type "Sebaceous cell carcinoma" to Neoplasm, malignant, skin of the specified site as cross-referenced.

C49 Malignant neoplasm of other connective and soft tissue

Liposarcoma

Rhabdomyosarcoma

Any neoplasm cross-referenced as "See also Neoplasm, connective tissue, malignant"

I (a) Rhabdomyosarcoma abdomen

C494

<u>Code</u> the morphological type "Rhabdomyosarcoma" to Neoplasm, malignant, connective tissue of the specified site as cross-referenced.

I (a) Sarcoma pancreas

C259

<u>Code</u> the morphological type "Sarcoma" to Neoplasm, malignant, connective tissue of the specified site as cross-referenced. Refer to the "Note" under Neoplasm, malignant, connective tissue concerning sites that do not appear in this list.

Part A

Neoplasms (C00-D48)

C80 Malignant neoplasm without specification of site

Cancer

Carcinoma

Malignancy

Malignant tumor or neoplasm

Any neoplasm cross-referenced as "See also Neoplasm, malignant"

I (a) Carcinoma of stomach

C169

<u>Code</u> the morphological type "Carcinoma" to Neoplasm, malignant, stomach as indexed.

I (a) Cancer prostate

C61

<u>Code</u> the morphological type "Cancer" to Neoplasm, malignant, prostate as indexed.

I (a) Adenosarcoma breast

C509

<u>Code</u> the morphological type "Adenosarcoma" to Neoplasm, malignant, of the specified site as cross-referenced.

C81-C96 Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, hematopoietic, and related tissue

Leukemia Lymphoma

I (a) Lymphoma of brain

C859

<u>Code</u> Lymphoma NOS, C859, as indexed. Neoplasms in C81-C96 are coded by morphological type and not by site.

Neoplasms (C00-D48)

1. Neoplasms stated to be secondary

Categories C77-C79 include secondary neoplasms of specified sites regardless of the morphological type of the neoplasm. The Index contains a listing of secondary neoplasms of specified sites under "Neoplasm." Secondary neoplasms of specified sites without indication of the primary site require an additional code to identify the morphological type of neoplasm if the morphological type is classifiable to one of the following categories: C40, C41, C43, C44, C45, C46, C49, C70, C71, and C72.

I (a) Secondary melanoma of lung

C439 C780

Melanoma is classified to C43; therefore, when stated secondary of a site, code Melanoma, unspecified site and secondary neoplasm of the reported site.

I (a) Secondary carcinoma of intestine

C785

The morphological type of the term "carcinoma" is C80; therefore, code a secondary neoplasm code only.

2. Malignant neoplasms with primary site indicated

NOTE: If two or more malignant neoplasms are indicated as primary, refer to instructions under 5. Independent (primary) sites.

- a. If a particular site is indicated as primary, it should be coded as primary and other neoplasms coded as secondary whether in Part I or Part II. The primary site may be indicated in one of the following ways:
 - (1) If two or more sites with the same morphology are reported, and one site is specified as primary in either Part I or II

| I | (a) Carcinoma of bladder | C791 |
|----|--------------------------|------|
| II | Primary in kidney | C64 |

<u>Code</u> carcinoma of bladder as secondary and code primary malignant neoplasm of kidney.

| I | (a) | Primary cancer of lung | C349 |
|---|-----|------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Cancer of breast | C798 |

<u>Code</u> primary malignant neoplasm of lung and code cancer of breast as secondary.

Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

| (2) | The specification of other sites as "secondary," "metastases," |
|-----|--|
| | "metastasis," "spread," or a statement of "metastasis NOS" or |
| | "metastases NOS" |

I (a) Carcinoma of breast C509 (b) Secondaries in brain C793

<u>Code</u> I(a) primary malignant neoplasm of breast, and I(b) to secondary malignant neoplasm of brain.

I (a) Stomach metastases C788 (b) Lung cancer C349

<u>Code</u> I(a) secondary neoplasm of stomach and I(b) primary malignant neoplasm of lung.

I (a) Brain metastases C793 (b) Liver cancer C229

<u>Code</u> I(a) secondary neoplasm of brain and I(b) primary malignant neoplasm of liver.

I (a) Lung cancer with metastases C349 C80

<u>Code</u> I(a) primary cancer of lung followed by the NOS code for metastases.

(3) Morphology indicates a primary malignant neoplasm

If a morphological type implies a primary site, such as hepatoma, consider this as if the word "primary" had been included.

I (a) Hepatoma C220

Code hepatoma as a primary neoplasm.

I (a) Carcinoma C80 (b) Pseudomucinous C56 adenocarcinoma

<u>Code</u> I(a) Carcinoma as neoplasm malignant, unspecified site. Code I(b) to primary malignant neoplasm of ovary, since pseudomucinous adenocarcinoma of unspecified site is assigned to the ovary in the Index.

Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

b. If a morphological type of malignant neoplasm indicating primary is reported in Part I or Part II with a different morphological type of malignant neoplasm that is stated primary, consider both neoplasms to be primary.

I (a) Sarcoma of thigh C492
II Primary liver carcinoma C229

<u>Code</u> each neoplasm as indexed. Both I(a) Sarcoma of thigh and Part II Primary liver carcinoma are primary malignant neoplasms.

3. Site specific neoplasms

a. Certain neoplasms are classified or indexed directly to a specific site. Classify morphological types of neoplasms that appear in the Index with specific codes (site specific neoplasms) e.g. "Hepatocarcinoma (M8170/3) C220," as indexed.

I (a) Renal cell carcinoma C64

Code renal cell carcinoma as indexed.

b. If there is a conflict between the code for a site specific neoplasm and the stated site, code the site specific neoplasm as indexed and code the stated site as secondary. Enter the code for the secondary neoplasm on the same line with and immediately following the code for the site specific neoplasm.

I (a) Hepatocarcinoma of brain C220 C793

<u>Code</u> hepatocarcinoma as indexed and code secondary malignant neoplasm of brain as the second entry on I(a).

c. When a site specific neoplasm is reported due to the same site specific neoplasm, code each as indexed.

I (a) Bronchogenic carcinoma C349 (b) Bronchogenic carcinoma C349

Code I(a) and I(b) to bronchogenic carcinoma, as indexed.

Part A

4. Other morphological types of neoplasms

If adenocarcinoma, cancer, carcinoma, neoplasm (malignant) or tumor (malignant) of a site, except neoplasms classifiable to C81-C96, are reported due to a morphological type of neoplasm of unspecified site, code the neoplasm on the upper line qualified by the morphological type, and do not enter a code for the morphological type of unspecified site on the lower line if:

a. The morphological type of neoplasm reported on the lower line is C80.

I (a) Tumor of upper lung

C341

(b) Carcinoma

<u>Code</u> the tumor on I(a) modified by the morphological type (C80) on I(b). Leave line I(b) blank.

I (a) Cancer of bladder

C679

(b) Papillary carcinoma

<u>Code</u> the cancer on I(a) modified by the morphological type (C80) on I(b). Leave line I(b) blank.

b. The morphological type of neoplasm of unspecified site on the lower line is classified to the same site as the neoplasm on the upper line.

I (a) Cancer of brain

C719

(b) Astrocytoma

<u>Code</u> the specified site on I(a) modified by the morphological type of unspecified site on I(b) since they are classified to the same site. Leave I(b) blank.

I (a) Adenocarcinoma of stomach

C169

(b) Linitis plastica

<u>Code</u> the specified site on I(a) modified by the morphological type of unspecified site on I(b) since they are classified to the same site. Leave I(b) blank.

c. The morphological type of neoplasm of unspecified site on the lower line is classified according to the site affected, e.g., the malignant neoplasms classifiable to the following categories: C40, C41, C43, C44, C47, C49, C70, C71, and C72. Code the neoplasm on the upper line qualified by the morphological type on the lower line, and do not enter a code for the morphological type of unspecified site on the lower line.

Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

I (a) Adenocarcinoma of face

C433

(b) Melanoma

Code melanoma of face on I(a) and leave I(b) blank.

I (a) Carcinoma of leg

C492

(b) Fibroliposarcoma

Code fibroliposarcoma of leg on I(a) and leave I(b) blank.

5. Independent (primary) sites

The presence of more than one primary neoplasm could be indicated in one of the following ways:

- mention of two different anatomical sites
- or two distinct morphological types (e.g., hypernephroma and intraductal carcinoma)
- or by a mix of a morphological type that implies a specific site, plus a second site.

It is highly unlikely that one primary would be due to another primary malignant neoplasm except for a group of malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, hematopoietic, and related tissue (C81-C96), within which, one form of malignancy may terminate in another (e.g., leukemia may follow non-Hodgkin's lymphoma).

a. If two or more sites are mentioned in Part I and there is no indication that either site is primary or secondary, code each site as indexed.

I (a) Cancer of stomach 3 months C169 (b) Cancer of breast 1 year C509

<u>Code</u> to primary malignant neoplasm of each site mentioned, since it is unlikely that one primary malignant neoplasm would be due to another.

I (a) Carcinoma of colon and rectum C189 C20

Code both sites as primary and enter both on I(a).

Part A

Neoplasms (C00-D48)

b. If two or more morphological types of malignant neoplasm occur, one reported due to the other or reported anywhere on the record, code each as indexed.

| I | (a) Lymphosarcoma of mesentery | C850 |
|----|--------------------------------|------|
| II | Adenocarcinoma of cecum | C180 |

<u>Code</u> each as though the other had not been reported since there are two different morphological types of malignant neoplasms.

| I | (a) | Cancer of esophagus | C159 |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|
| | (b) | Hodgkin's sarcoma | C817 |

<u>Code</u> the cancer of the esophagus as primary and code the Hodgkin's sarcoma as indexed. They are different morphological types.

| I | (a) Leukemia | C959 |
|----|---------------------|------|
| II | Carcinoma of breast | C509 |

<u>Code</u> each neoplasm as indexed. Two different morphological types are mentioned.

c. If two or more morphological types of malignant neoplasm occur in lymphoid, hematopoietic, or related tissue (C81-C96), code each as indexed. When acute exacerbation of, or blastic crisis (acute) in, chronic leukemia is reported, code both the acute form and chronic form. If stated acute and chronic, code both as indexed.

| I | (a) | Acute lymphocytic leukemia | C910 |
|---|-----|----------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma | C859 |

<u>Code</u> each as indexed since both are morphological types classified within the categories C81-C96.

| I | (a) | Chronic lymphocytic | C911 | C910 |
|---|-----|------------------------------|------|------|
| | | leukemia with blastic crisis | | |

<u>Code</u> both chronic lymphocytic leukemia and acute lymphocytic leukemia.

| I | (a) | Acute exacerbation of chronic | C910 C911 |
|---|------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| | (1.) | 1 1 2 1 1 . | |

(b) lymphocytic leukemia

<u>Code</u> to the acute and chronic form when reported as acute exacerbation of a chronic form of leukemia and code both on the same line.

Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

d. Do not use a neoplasm in a due to position to determine secondary and primary.

I (a) Carcinoma of head of pancreas C250 (b) Carcinoma of tail of pancreas C252

<u>Code</u> primary malignant neoplasm of head of pancreas for I(a) and code primary malignant neoplasm of tail of pancreas for I(b).

I (a) Cancer of stomach C169
(b) Cancer of gallbladder C23

Code each site primary.

I (a) Cancer of breast C509 (b) Cancer of endometrium C541

Code each site primary.

Part A

6. Metastases

Metastases is the spread of a primary malignant neoplasm to another site; therefore, metastases of a site is always secondary.

a. When malignancy NOS or any morphological type classifiable to C80 is reported with metastases of a site on a line, code C80 and the secondary neoplasm.

I (a) Malignancy with metastases of bladder

C80 C791

<u>Code</u> malignancy as first entry on I(a) and code secondary bladder neoplasm as the second neoplasm on I(a).

b. Although malignant cells can metastasize anywhere in the body, certain sites are more common than others and must be treated differently. If one of the common sites of metastases (excluding lung) is qualified by the word "metastatic," it should be coded as secondary (see other neoplasm instructions). However, if one of these sites appears alone on a death certificate and is not qualified by the word "metastatic," it should be considered primary.

Common sites of metastases:

Bone Lymph nodes
Brain Mediastinum
Central nervous system Meninges
Diaphragm Peritoneum
Heart Pleura

Liver Retroperitoneum Lung Spinal cord

Ill-defined sites (sites classifiable to C76)

I (a) Cancer of brain C719

<u>Code</u> primary cancer of brain since it is reported alone on the certificate.

Neoplasms (C00-D48)

(1) Special Instruction: Lung

The lung poses special problems in that it is a common site for both metastases and primary malignant neoplasms.

- Lung should be considered as a common site of metastases whenever it appears in Part I with sites not on this list.
- If lung is mentioned anywhere on the certificate and the only other sites are on the list of common sites of metastases, consider lung primary.
- However, when the bronchus or bronchogenic cancer is mentioned, this neoplasm should be considered primary.
- I (a) Carcinoma of lung

C349

<u>Code</u> primary malignant neoplasm of lung since it is reported alone on the certificate.

| I | (a) | Cancer of bone | C795 |
|---|-----|-------------------|------|
| | (b) | Carcinoma of lung | C349 |

<u>Code</u> primary malignant neoplasm of lung on I(b) since bone is on the list of common sites of metastases and lung can, therefore, be assumed to be primary.

| I | (a) | Carcinoma of bronchus | C349 |
|---|-----|-----------------------|------|
| | (b) | Carcinoma of breast | C509 |

<u>Code</u> primary malignant neoplasm of bronchus on I(a) and primary malignant neoplasm of breast on I(b). Do not code I(a) as secondary malignant neoplasm, because bronchus is excluded from the list of common sites.

• (2) <u>Special Instruction: Lymph Node</u>

Malignant neoplasm of lymph nodes not specified as primary should be assumed to be secondary.

(a) Cancer of cervical lymph nodes C770

Code secondary malignant neoplasm of cervical lymph nodes.

Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

7. Multiple sites

a. If all sites reported (anywhere on certificate) are on the list of common sites of metastases, code to secondary neoplasm of each site of the morphological type involved, unless lung is mentioned, in which case code to (C349) primary malignant neoplasm of lung.

| I | (a) | Cancer of liver | C787 |
|---|-----|-------------------|------|
| | (b) | Cancer of abdomen | C798 |

<u>Code</u> to secondary neoplasm of both sites since both are on the list of common sites of metastases. Abdomen is one of the ill-defined sites included in the C76.-category.

| I | (a) | Malignant carcinoma of pleura | C782 | C781 |
|---|-----|-------------------------------|------|------|
| | | and mediastinum | | |

<u>Code</u> secondary malignant neoplasm of pleura and secondary malignant neoplasm of mediastinum on I(a).

| I | (a) Peritoneal carcinoma | C786 |
|----|--------------------------|------|
| II | Liver carcinoma | C787 |

<u>Code</u> secondary malignant neoplasm of peritoneum on I(a) and secondary malignant neoplasm of liver in Part II.

| I | (a) | Cancer of brain | C793 |
|---|-----|-----------------|------|
| | (b) | Cancer of lung | C349 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) secondary cancer of brain since brain is on the list of common sites. Code I(b) primary cancer of lung because the only other site mentioned is on the list of common sites.

b. If one or more of the common sites of metastases, excluding lung, is reported and one or more site(s) or one or more morphological type(s) is mentioned on the certificate, none specified as primary, code the common site(s) secondary and the other site(s) or morphological type(s) primary.

| I | (a) | Cancer of stomach | C169 |
|---|-----|-------------------|------|
| | (b) | Cancer of liver | C787 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) primary cancer of stomach and code I(b) secondary cancer of liver since liver is on the list of common sites and stomach is not.

Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

| I | (a) | Liver cancer | C787 |
|---|-----|----------------|------|
| | (b) | Bladder cancer | C679 |
| | (c) | Colon cancer | C189 |

 $\underline{\text{Code}}$ I(a) secondary neoplasm of liver since liver is on the list of common sites of metastases. $\underline{\text{Code}}$ I(b) and I(c) as primary.

| I | (a) Peritoneal cancer | C786 |
|----|-----------------------|------|
| II | Mammary carcinoma | C509 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) secondary peritoneal cancer since peritoneum is on the list of common sites. Code Part II primary carcinoma of breast.

| I | (a) Brain carcinoma | C793 |
|-------|---------------------|------|
| Π | Melanoma of scalp | C434 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) secondary brain carcinoma since brain is on the list of common sites. Code Part II melanoma of scalp.

NOTE: If a malignant neoplasm of lymphatic, hematopoietic, or related tissue (C81-C96) is reported in one part and one of the common sites is mentioned in the other part, code the common site primary.

| I | (a) | Brain cancer | C793 |
|---|-----|--------------|------|
| | (b) | Lymphoma | C859 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) secondary brain cancer since brain is on the list of common sites and is reported in the same part with a neoplasm indexed to C859.

| I | (a) Brain cancer | C719 |
|-------|------------------|------|
| Π | Lymphoma | C859 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) primary brain cancer. Brain is on the list of common sites of metastases, but it is reported in one part and a neoplasm indexed to C859 is reported in the other part.

c. If lung is mentioned in the same part with another site(s), not on the list of common sites, or one or more morphological type(s), code the lung as secondary and the other site(s) primary.

| I | (a) | Lung cancer | C780 |
|---|-----|----------------|------|
| | (b) | Stomach cancer | C169 |

<u>Code</u> secondary lung cancer on I(a) and code primary stomach cancer on I(b) since both are in the same part.

Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

| I | (a) | Lung cancer | C780 |
|---|-----|-------------|------|
| | (b) | Leukemia | C959 |

<u>Code</u> secondary lung cancer on I(a) and code leukemia on I(b) since both are in the same part.

| I | (a) Bladder carcinoma | C679 | |
|----|----------------------------|------|------|
| II | Lung cancer, breast cancer | C780 | C509 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) primary bladder carcinoma and code primary breast cancer in Part II. Code secondary lung cancer in Part II. Lung is in the same part with another site.

d. If lung is mentioned in one part, and one or more site(s), not on the list of common sites, or one or more morphological type(s) is mentioned in the other part, code the lung as primary and the other site(s) or other morphological type primary.

| I | (a) | Stomach cancer | C169 |
|----|-----|----------------|------|
| II | Lun | g cancer | C349 |

<u>Code</u> primary stomach cancer on I(a) and code primary lung cancer in Part II. Lung is mentioned in one part and the other site is mentioned in the other part.

| I | (a) Leukemia | C959 |
|----|--------------|------|
| II | Lung cancer | C349 |

<u>Code</u> leukemia on I(a) and code primary lung cancer in Part II. Lung is mentioned in one part and the other morphological type is mentioned in the other part.

8. Metastatic neoplasms

The adjective "metastatic" is used in two ways—sometimes meaning a secondary neoplasm from a primary elsewhere and sometimes denoting a primary that has given rise to metastases. Neoplasms qualified as metastatic are **always** malignant, either primary or secondary. In order to avoid confusion, use the following to determine whether to code a metastatic neoplasm as primary or secondary.

a. Malignant neoplasm described as "from" or "metastatic from" a specified site should be interpreted as primary of that site and all other sites should be coded as secondary unless stated as primary whether in Part I or Part II.

| I | (a) | Metastatic teratoma from ovary | C80 |
|---|-----|--------------------------------|-----|
| | (b) | | C56 |

Interpret as: I (a) Metastatic teratoma

(b) Primary ovary teratoma

Then, code I(b) to primary malignant neoplasm of ovary since it states metastatic from ovary. Code I(a) to C80, malignant neoplasm, unspecified site.

| I | (a) | Metastatic cancer from kidney | C80 |
|---|-----|-------------------------------|-----|
| | (b) | | C64 |

Interpret as: I (a) Metastatic cancer

(b) Primary kidney cancer

Then, code I(b) to primary malignant neoplasm of kidney since it states metastatic from kidney. Code I(a) to C80, malignant neoplasm, unspecified site.

| I | (a) | Carcinomatosis | C80 |
|----|-----|-----------------------|------|
| | (b) | Metastatic from bowel | C260 |
| II | Car | cinoma of rectum | C785 |

Code I(b) primary neoplasm of bowel. Code the site in Part II as secondary.

- b. Malignant neoplasms of morphological type C80 of unspecified site described "to a site" or "metastatic to a site" should be interpreted as secondary of that site(s).
 - I (a) Metastatic carcinoma to the rectum C785

<u>Code</u> to secondary malignant neoplasm of rectum. The word "to" indicates that the rectum is secondary.

Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

I (a) Metastatic carcinoma to lungs and liver C780 C787

<u>Code</u> I(a) secondary neoplasm of lungs and liver since the record states "metastatic to."

I (a) Metastatic carcinoma to lungs and liver C780 C787

(b) Bladder carcinoma C679

<u>Code</u> I(a) secondary neoplasm of lungs and liver since it states "metastatic to" and code I(b) primary malignant bladder carcinoma.

c. Malignant neoplasms described as "from a site to a site" should be interpreted as primary of the site stated "from" and secondary of all other sites unless stated primary whether in Part I or Part II

I (a) Metastatic cancer from bowel to liver C787

(b) C260

<u>Code</u> I(a) secondary liver neoplasm. Interpret metastatic cancer from bowel to be a statement of primary and code I(b) primary cancer of bowel.

I (a) Metastatic cancer from liver to abdomen C798

(b) C229

<u>Code</u> secondary malignant neoplasm of abdomen on I(a) and primary malignant neoplasm of liver on I(b).

I (a) Malignant neoplasm of bone from leg C795

(b) C765

<u>Code</u> I(a) secondary bone neoplasm. Interpret metastatic neoplasm of bone from leg to be a statement of primary and code I(b) primary malignant neoplasm of leg.

d. Malignant neoplasm described as (of) a site to a site should be interpreted as primary of the site preceding "to a site" and all other sites should be coded as secondary unless stated as primary, whether in Part I or Part II.

I (a) Cancer of breast C509 (b) Metastatic to mediastinum C781

<u>Code</u> I(a) to primary malignant neoplasm of breast and I(b) to secondary malignant neoplasm of mediastinum since it is reported as "metastatic to." Enter the codes on the lines where reported.

Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

I (a) Metastatic liver cancer to the brain C229 C793 II Esophageal cancer C788

<u>Code</u> liver cancer as primary since it is the site preceding "to a site" and code other sites as secondary.

- e. If the morphological type of neoplasm classifiable to one of the following categories: C40, C41, C43, C44, C45, C46, C49, C70, C71, and C72 is described as "to a site" or "metastatic to a site," code the morphological type of unspecified site and code the site that follows as secondary.
 - I (a) Metastatic osteosarcoma to brain C419 C793

<u>Code</u> to malignant neoplasm of bone since this is the unspecified site of osteosarcoma. Code secondary brain neoplasm.

f. Consider any form of the following terms as synonymous with "metastases or metastatic to" when these terms follow or are reported as due to a malignant neoplasm classifiable to C00-C76, C80, C81-C96.

Extension
Infiltration
Invasion
Involvement
Metastatic
Secondaries
Spread

in,
into, of,
or to another site

I (a) Ca of stomach with invasion C169 C780 of lung

Code cancer of stomach primary and invasion of lung as secondary.

I (a) Carcinoma of bladder with C679 C791

(b) infiltration into the ureter

<u>Code</u> carcinoma of bladder as primary and code secondary carcinoma of ureter since it is the site following "infiltration into."

- g. The terms "metastatic" and "metastatic of" should be interpreted as follows:
 - (1) If one site is mentioned and this is qualified as metastatic, code to malignant primary of that particular site if the morphological type is C80 and the site is not a common site of metastases, excluding lung.
 - I (a) Metastatic carcinoma of pancreas

C259

<u>Code</u> primary malignant neoplasm of pancreas since one site is reported and it is not a common site.

I (a) Metastatic cancer of lung

C349

<u>Code</u> to primary malignant neoplasm of lung since no other site is mentioned.

- (2) If no site is reported but the morphological type is qualified as metastatic, code to primary site unspecified of the particular morphological type involved. Do not use "metastatic" to qualify a malignant neoplasm, stated or presumed to be primary, of lymphoid, hematopoietic, and related tissue, classifiable to C81-C96 as secondary.
 - I (a) Metastatic melanoma

C439

<u>Code</u> as indexed. Melanoma is a morphological type of neoplasm and is indexed to C439.

I (a) Metastatic Hodgkin's Disease

C819

<u>Code</u> a morphological type of neoplasm that is classified to C81-C96 as indexed regardless of whether qualified as metastatic.

- (3) Site-specific neoplasms reported as metastatic
 - (a) When a site specific neoplasm is qualified as metastatic, code as indexed.
 - I (a) Metastatic hypernephroma

C64

<u>Code</u> as indexed. Hypernephroma is a site specific neoplasm and is indexed to C64.

I (a) Metastatic meningioma

C709

Metastatic meningioma is a malignant site specific morphological type of neoplasm. Code as indexed under Meningioma, malignant.

- (b) If there is a conflict between the code for a site specific neoplasm and the stated site, code the site specific neoplasm as indexed and consider the stated site to be qualified as secondary and code accordingly. Enter the code for the secondary site on the same line with and immediately following the code for the site specific neoplasm.
 - I (a) Metastatic renal cell carcinoma

C64 C780

(b) of lung

<u>Code</u> the site specific neoplasm, renal cell carcinoma followed by the code for secondary neoplasm of lung.

I (a) Metastatic hepatoma of brain

C220 C793

<u>Code</u> the site specific neoplasm, hepatoma as indexed followed by the code for secondary brain neoplasm.

- (4) If a single morphological type and a site, other than a common site of metastases are qualified as metastatic, code to the specific category for the morphological type and site involved.
 - I (a) Metastatic melanoma of arm

C436

<u>Code</u> to malignant melanoma of skin of arm (C436), since in this case the ill-defined site of arm is a specific site for melanoma, not a common site of metastases classifiable to C76.

I (a) Metastatic sarcoma of stomach

C169

Code as indexed.

- (5) If a single C80 morphological type is qualified as metastatic and the site mentioned is one of the common sites of metastases **except lung**, code to secondary malignant neoplasm of the site mentioned. If the single site is lung, qualified as metastatic, code to primary of lung.
 - I (a) Metastatic cancer of peritoneum

C786

<u>Code</u> to secondary cancer of peritoneum since peritoneum is on the list of common sites of metastases and the morphological type of neoplasm is classified to C80.

Neoplasms (C00-D48)

I (a) Metastatic cancer of lung

C349

<u>Code</u> to primary malignant neoplasm of lung, C349, since no other site is mentioned.

- (6) If a single morphological type, other than C80 type, is qualified as metastatic and the site mentioned is one of the common sites of metastases **except lung**, code the unspecified site for the morphological type. Code the common site as secondary and as a second entry on the same line.
 - I (a) Metastatic rhabdomyosarcoma of

C499 C771

(b) hilar lymph nodes

<u>Code</u> to unspecified site for rhabdomyosarcoma and code the lymph nodes as secondary.

I (a) Metastatic sarcoma of lung

C349

<u>Code</u> to malignant neoplasm of lung since lung is not considered a common site for this instruction.

Exception: Metastatic mesothelioma or Kaposi's sarcoma

- 1. If site IS indexed under "Mesothelioma or Kaposi's sarcoma," assign that code.
 - I (a) Metastatic mesothelioma of liver

C457

Code site as indexed under mesothelioma.

I (a) Metastatic mesothelioma of mesentery

C451

Code as indexed under mesothelioma.

- 2. If site is NOT indexed under "Mesothelioma or Kaposi's sarcoma" and site reported is NOT a common site of metastases assign code for specified site NEC.
 - I (a) Metastatic mesothelioma of kidney

C457

<u>Code</u> mesothelioma specified site NEC. Kidney is not a common site of metastases.

Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

3. If site is NOT indexed under "Mesothelioma or Kaposi's sarcoma" and site reported IS a common site of metastases - assign code for unspecified site and secondary code for common site.

I (a) Metastatic mesothelioma of

C459 C779

(b) lymph nodes

<u>Code</u> the morphological type as the first entry followed by the code for the site not indexed under mesothelioma.

I (a) Metastatic Kaposi's of brain

C469 C793

<u>Code</u> the morphological type and code brain as secondary. Brain is on the list of common sites of metastases.

I (a) Kaposi's sarcoma of brain

C467

This instruction does not apply since Kaposi's sarcoma is not qualified as metastatic. Code Kaposi's sarcoma, specified site, since not qualified as metastatic.

(7) When morphological types of neoplasms classifiable to C40, C41, C43, C44, C45, C46, C47, C49, C70, C71, and C72 without mention of a site are jointly reported with the same morphological type of neoplasm with mention of a site, code the morphological type of unspecified site as indexed.

I (a) Metastatic rhabdomyosarcoma

C499

(b) Rhabdomyosarcoma kidney

C64

<u>Code</u> to unspecified site of rhabdomyosarcoma on I(a) and code rhabdomyosarcoma kidney as indexed.

Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

- h. More than one malignant neoplasm qualified as metastatic.
 - (1) If two or more sites with a morphology of C80, not on the list of common sites of metastases, are reported and all are qualified as "metastatic" code as follows:
 - (a) If the sites are in the same anatomical system code each site as primary. Use the list below to determine if the sites are in the same organ system.

| C150-C269 | Digestive system |
|-----------|---|
| C300-C399 | Respiratory system |
| C400-C419 | Bone and articular cartilage of limbs, other, and |
| | unspecified sites |
| C490-C499 | Connective and soft tissue |
| C510-C579 | Female genital organ |
| C600-C639 | Male genital organ |
| C64-C689 | Urinary organ |
| C690-C699 | Eye and adnexa |
| C700-C729 | Central nervous system |
| C73 -C759 | Thyroid and other endocrine glands |

| I | (a) | Metastatic stomach carcinoma | C169 |
|---|-----|-------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Metastatic pancreas carcinoma | C259 |

<u>Code</u> both sites primary since they are a C80 morphological type, are in the same organ system, and neither is on the list of common sites of metastases.

(b) If the sites are in different anatomical systems, code each as secondary.

| I | (a) | Metastatic carcinoma of stomach | C788 |
|---|-----|---------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Metastatic carcinoma of bladder | C791 |

<u>Code</u> secondary neoplasm of each site listed. Stomach and bladder are in two different anatomical systems.

(2) If two or more morphological types are qualified as metastatic, code to malignant neoplasms, each independent of the other.

| I | (a) | Metastatic adenocarcinoma of bowel | C260 |
|---|-----|------------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Metastatic sarcoma of uterus | C55 |

<u>Code</u> to primary neoplasm of each site since adenocarcinoma and sarcoma are of different morphological types.

| Part A Ne | leoplasms (C00-D48) |
|-----------|---------------------|
|-----------|---------------------|

| I | (a) | Metastatic cancer of pleura | C782 |
|---|-----|-----------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Metastatic melanoma of back | C435 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) to secondary neoplasm of pleura since pleura is on the list of common sites of metastases. Code I(b) to melanoma of back (C435) from the site list under melanoma.

(3) If a morphology implying site and an independent anatomical site are both qualified as metastatic, code to secondary malignant neoplasm of each site.

I (a) Metastatic colonic and renal cell C785 C790 carcinoma

Code both sites as secondary.

- (4) If more than one site with a morphology of C80 is mentioned code as follows:
 - (a) If all but one site is qualified as metastatic and/or appear on the list of common sites of metastases, including lung, code to primary neoplasm of the site that is not qualified as metastatic or not on the list of common sites of metastases, irrespective of the order of entry or whether it is in Part I or Part II. Code all other sites as secondary.

| I | (a) | Metastatic carcinoma of stomach | C788 |
|---|-----|---------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Carcinoma of gallbladder | C23 |
| | (c) | Metastatic carcinoma of colon | C785 |

<u>Code</u> primary carcinoma of gallbladder since it is the only site not specified as metastatic. Assign a primary code on I(b) and secondary codes on I(a) and I(c).

| I | (a) | Metastatic carcinoma of stomach | C788 |
|----|-----|---------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Metastatic carcinoma of lung | C780 |
| II | Car | cinoma of colon | C189 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) and I(b) secondary and code primary carcinoma of colon in Part II since this is the only malignant neoplasm not qualified as metastatic, even though it is in Part II.

| Part A N | Neoplasms (C00-D48) |
|----------|---------------------|
|----------|---------------------|

| I | (a) | Cancer of kidney | C64 |
|---|-----|-------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Metastatic cancer of prostate | C798 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) primary cancer of kidney since the only other site on the record is qualified as metastatic. Code I(b) secondary cancer of prostate since it is qualified as metastatic.

| I | (a) Metastatic cancer of ovary | C796 |
|----|--------------------------------|------|
| II | Cancer of colon | C189 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) secondary and code part II primary. There are two sites reported and one is qualified as metastatic while the second site is not reported metastatic.

(b) If all sites are qualified as metastatic and/or are on the list of common sites of metastases, including lung, code to secondary malignant neoplasm of all reported sites.

| I | (a) | Metastatic cancer of stomach | C788 |
|---|-----|------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Metastatic cancer of breast | C798 |
| | (c) | Metastatic cancer of lung | C780 |

<u>Code</u> secondary neoplasm of each site listed. All sites are reported as metastatic.

| I | (a) | Metastatic carcinoma of ovary | C796 |
|---|-----|---------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Carcinoma of lung | C780 |
| | (c) | Metastatic pancreatic carcinoma | C788 |

<u>Code</u> to secondary malignant neoplasm of each site. Lung is on the list of common sites of metastases and ovary and pancreas are both reported as metastatic.

| I | (a) | Metastatic stomach cancer | C788 |
|---|-----|---------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Lung cancer | C780 |

<u>Code</u> to secondary malignant neoplasm of each site. Lung is on the list of common sites of metastases and stomach cancer is reported as metastatic.

| I | (a) | Carcinoma of spine | C795 |
|---|-----|------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Metastatic lung cancer | C780 |

<u>Code</u> to secondary malignant neoplasm of each site. Spine is on the list of common sites of metastases and lung is reported as metastatic.

Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

| I | (a) Metastatic carcinoma of abdomen | | C798 |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Metastatic carcinoma of colon | C785 |

<u>Code</u> both sites as secondary since both are qualified as metastatic.

| I | (a) | Metastatic brain carcinoma | C793 |
|---|-----|----------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Metastatic lung carcinoma | C780 |

<u>Code</u> both sites as secondary malignant neoplasm since both are qualified as metastatic.

(5) When a metastatic malignant neoplasm is reported on a record with a malignant neoplasm of the same site whether stated as metastatic or not, code both primary.

| I | (a) | Metastatic gastric carcinoma | C169 |
|---|-----|------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Gastric carcinoma | C169 |

Code primary gastric carcinoma on I(a) and code primary gastric carcinoma on I(b).

- (6) If two or more sites with a morphology of C40, C41, C43, C44, C45, C46, C47, C49, C70, C71, and C72 are reported and all sites are qualified as metastatic, add an additional code to identify the morphological type of neoplasm. Code the morphological type of neoplasm to the unspecified site category, i.e., to "9." Enter this code on the same line with and preceding the code for the first mentioned secondary site.
 - I (a) Metastatic leiomyosarcoma arm, C499 C798 C788 C793 stomach and brain

<u>Code</u> leiomyosarcoma, the morphological type of neoplasm, to C499 and code the reported sites as secondary neoplasms since all three sites are qualified as metastatic.

I (a) Metastatic sarcoma of stomach and C499 C788 C784 small intestine

<u>Code</u> the sarcoma, the morphological type of neoplasm, to C499 and code the reported sites as secondary neoplasms.

I (a) Metastatic squamous cell carcinoma of head and neck C449 C798

<u>Since</u> the reported sites are marked with a # sign in the Index, code the morphological type to malignant neoplasm of skin, C449, and code the reported sites as secondary neoplasms.

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Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

I (a) Metastatic squamous cell carcinoma of head (b) Metastatic squamous cell carcinoma of neck (C798)

<u>Since</u> the reported sites are marked with a # sign in the Index, code the morphological type to malignant neoplasm of skin, C449, and code the reported sites as secondary neoplasms. Enter C449 for the morphological type as first code on I (a) preceding the first secondary site. Enter only the secondary code on line b.

9. Primary site unknown

Consider the following terms as equivalent to "primary site unknown:"

- ? Origin (Questionable origin)
- ? Primary (Questionable primary)
- ? Site (Questionable site)
- ? Source (Questionable source)

Undetermined origin

Undetermined primary

Undetermined site

Undetermined source

Unknown origin

Unknown primary

Unknown site

Unknown source

- a. When the statement, "primary site unknown," or its equivalent, appears anywhere on the certificate with a site specific neoplasm or a neoplasm classifiable to C81-C96, code the neoplasm as though the statement did not appear on the certificate.
 - I (a) Renal cell carcinoma

C64

(b) Primary site unknown

<u>Code</u> renal cell carcinoma (C64) as though the statement "primary site unknown" was not on the certificate.

I (a) Reticulum cell sarcoma

C833

II Undetermined source

<u>Code</u> reticulum cell sarcoma (C833) as though the statement "undetermined source" was not on the certificate.

Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

b. When primary site unknown or its equivalent appears on the certificate with a morphological type of neoplasm classifiable to C40, C41, C43, C44, C45, C46, C47, C49, C70, C71, and C72, add an additional code to identify the morphological type of neoplasm. Code the morphological type of neoplasm to the unspecified site category. This additional code should be entered on the same line with and preceding the code for the first mentioned secondary site.

I (a) Generalized metastases C80

(b) Melanoma of back C439 C798

(c) Primary site unknown

<u>Code</u> I(b) melanoma, unspecified site, followed by the code for the secondary site reported.

c. When "primary site unknown," or its equivalent, appears on the certificate with neoplasms classified to morphological type C80, (classifiable to C00-C76), code all reported sites as secondary and precede the first neoplasm code with C80.

I (a) Secondary carcinoma of liver C80 C787

(b) Primary site unknown

<u>Code</u> secondary liver carcinoma preceded with C80.

I (a) Carcinoma of stomach C80 C788

(b) Primary site unknown

Code secondary stomach carcinoma preceded with C80.

I (a) Carcinoma of stomach C80 C788

(b) Primary site of carcinoma unknown C80

<u>Code</u> I(a) secondary carcinoma of stomach preceded with C80. Code I(b) C80 for carcinoma since the term carcinoma is repeated.

I (a) Cancer of intestines, stomach, C80 C785 C788 C798

(b) and abdomen

(c) Unknown primary

Code all sites as secondary; precede the first code with C80.

Neoplasms (C00-D48)

10. Implication of malignancy

Mention on the certificate that a neoplasm has produced metastases (secondaries) means it must be coded as malignant, even though this neoplasm without mention of metastases would be classified to some other section of Chapter II.

Code neoplasms indexed to D00-D09 (in situ neoplasms), D10-D36 (benign neoplasms), or D37-D48 (neoplasms of uncertain or unknown behavior) to a primary malignant neoplasm category in C00-C76 if reported on the record with the following conditions:

a. Metastases NOS and metastases of a site

I (a) Breast tumor with metastases C509 C80

<u>Code</u> I(a) to primary malignant neoplasm of breast and code metastases NOS. Code breast tumor as malignant neoplasm of breast since it is reported with metastases NOS.

| I | (a) | Brain metastasis | C793 |
|---|-----|------------------|------|
| | (b) | Lung tumor | C349 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) secondary neoplasm of brain and I(b) primary malignant neoplasm of lung since the lung tumor is reported with metastases of a site.

b. Any neoplasm indexed to C77-C79 in Volume III

| I | (a) | Lymph node cancer | C779 |
|---|-----|-----------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Carcinoma in situ of breast | C509 |

<u>Code</u> the carcinoma in situ of breast as primary malignant neoplasm of breast since it is reported with a neoplasm that is indexed to C779. Malignant neoplasm of lymph node is indexed to secondary neoplasm.

c. A common site of metastases (excluding lung) qualified by the word "metastatic"

| I | (a) | Metastatic liver cancer | C787 |
|---|-----|-------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Small intestine tumor | C179 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as secondary neoplasm of liver and code primary malignant neoplasm of small intestine on I(b), since the small intestine tumor is reported with a common site of metastases qualified by the word "metastatic."

d. If a, b, or c do not apply, code the neoplasm in D00-D09, D10-D36, D37-D48 as indexed.

11. Sites with prefixes or imprecise definitions

Neoplasms of sites prefixed by "peri," "para," "supra," "infra," etc. or described as in the "area" or "region" of a site, unless these terms are specifically indexed, should be coded as follows: for morphological types classifiable to one of the categories C40, C41, C43, C44, C45, C46, C47, C49, C70, C71, and C72, code to the appropriate subdivision of that category; otherwise, code to the appropriate subdivision of C76 (other and ill-defined sites).

I (a) Fibrosarcoma in the region of the leg

C492

<u>Code</u> I(a) fibrosarcoma in the region of the leg to the appropriate subdivision of the category, malignant neoplasm of connective and soft tissue of lower limb.

I (a) Carcinoma in lung area

C761

<u>Since</u> the morphological type of the term "carcinoma" is C80, code I(a), carcinoma in lung area, to the appropriate subdivision of C76 (other and ill-defined sites).

12. Malignant neoplasms described with "either/or"

Malignant neoplasms of more than one site described as "or" and both sites are classified to the same anatomical system, code the residual category for the system. If the sites are in different systems, and are in the same morphological category, code to the residual category for the morphological type.

I (a) Cancer of kidney or bladder

C689

Code C689, malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified urinary organs.

I (a) Cancer of gallbladder or kidney

C80

<u>Code</u> to C80, malignant neoplasm without specification of site since there is more than one site qualified by the statement "or" and the sites are in different systems.

I (a) Osteosarcoma of lumbar vertebrae

C419

(b) or sacrum

<u>Code</u> to malignant neoplasm of bone unspecified (C419). Both sites separated by the "or" are indexed to bone.

Part A Neoplasms (C00-D48)

13. Mass or lesion with malignant neoplasms

When mass or lesion is reported with malignant neoplasms, code mass or lesion as indexed.

I (a) Lung mass R91 (b) Carcinomatosis C80

Code mass as indexed. Do not consider as malignant mass.

I (a) Metastatic lung carcinoma C349
II Lung lesion J984

Code lung lesion as indexed.

Part B

B. Rheumatic heart diseases

- 1. Heart diseases considered to be described as rheumatic
 - a. When rheumatic fever (I00) or any heart disease that is specified as rheumatic is reported anywhere on the death certificate, consider conditions listed in categories I300-I319, I339, I340-I38, I400-I409, I429, and I514-I519 to be described as rheumatic unless there is indication they were due to a nonrheumatic cause.

I (a) Myocarditis I090 (b) Rheumatic heart disease I099

<u>Consider</u> "myocarditis" to be described as "rheumatic" since reported with a heart disease specified as rheumatic.

I (a) Cardiac tamponade I092 (b) Rheumatic endocarditis I091

(c)

<u>Consider</u> "cardiac tamponade" to be described as "rheumatic" since reported with a heart disease specified as rheumatic.

b. When rheumatic fever and a heart disease are jointly reported, enter a separate code for the rheumatic fever <u>only</u> when it is not used to qualify a heart disease as rheumatic. This applies whether or not the heart disease is stated or classified as rheumatic.

I (a) Heart disease I099

(b) Rheumatic fever

<u>Consider</u> "heart disease" to be described as "rheumatic." Do not enter a separate code for rheumatic fever since it is used to qualify the heart disease as rheumatic.

I (a) Rheumatic heart disease I099

(b) Rheumatic fever

<u>Code</u> "rheumatic heart disease" as indexed. Do not enter a separate code for rheumatic fever since the heart disease is qualified as rheumatic.

I (a) Cardiac arrest I469 (b) Rheumatic fever I00

<u>Cardiac arrest</u> is not one of the conditions considered to be described as rheumatic when reported with rheumatic fever. Code each condition as indexed.

c. When a condition listed in category I50.- is indicated to be due to rheumatic fever and there is no mention of another heart disease that is classifiable as rheumatic, consider the condition in I50.- to be described as rheumatic.

I (a) Heart failure

1099

(b) Rheumatic fever

<u>Since</u> there is no other heart disease classified as rheumatic, use the rheumatic fever to qualify the heart disease on I(a) as rheumatic.

I (a) Heart failure I509 (b) Rheumatic heart disease I099

<u>Since</u> there is a heart disease qualified as rheumatic reported on the record, code heart failure, I509.

2. <u>Distinguishing between active and chronic rheumatic heart disease</u>

Rheumatic heart diseases are classifiable to I010-I019, Rheumatic fever with heart involvement, or to I050-I099, <u>Chronic rheumatic heart diseases</u>, depending upon whether the rheumatic process was active or inactive at the time of death.

a. When rheumatic fever or any rheumatic heart disease is stated to be active, recurrent, or recrudescent, code all rheumatic heart diseases as active. Conversely, code all rheumatic heart diseases as inactive if rheumatic fever or any rheumatic heart disease is stated to be inactive.

I (a) Endocarditis I011

(b) Active rheumatic fever

<u>Code</u> I(a), active rheumatic endocarditis since the rheumatic fever is stated as active. Leave I(b) blank.

I (a) Heart failure I509 (b) Inactive rheumatic heart disease I099

(c)

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed since another heart disease classified as rheumatic is reported. Code I(b) as indexed since stated as inactive.

Part B Rheumatic Heart Diseases

| b. | When there is no statement of active, recurrent, recrudescent, or inactive, code all |
|----|---|
| | heart diseases that are stated to be rheumatic or that are considered to be described |
| | as rheumatic as active <u>if</u> any of the following instructions apply: |

(1) The interval between onset of rheumatic fever and death was less than one year.

I (a) Endocarditis - 6 months I011

(b) Rheumatic fever - 9 months

(2) One or more of these heart diseases (listed in Section IV, Part B, 1, a) is stated to be acute or subacute.

NOTE: This does not mean rheumatic fever stated to be acute or subacute.

I (a) Acute myocarditis I012 (b) Rheumatic heart disease I019

I (a) Rheumatic heart disease I099

(b) Acute rheumatic fever

(3) One of these heart diseases is pericarditis.

I (a) Pericarditis I010 (b) Rheumatic heart disease I019

(4) At least one of these heart diseases is "carditis," "endocarditis" (any valve), "heart disease," "myocarditis," or "pancarditis" with a stated duration of less than one year.

I (a) Endocarditis - 9 months I011 (b) Rheumatic heart disease I019

(5) At least one of these heart diseases is "carditis," "endocarditis" (any valve), "heart disease," "myocarditis," or "pancarditis" without a duration and the age of the decedent was less than 15 years.

Age: 10 years

I (a) Rheumatic heart disease I019

(b) Rheumatic fever

Part B **Rheumatic Heart Diseases**

c. In the absence of the previous mentioned indications of an active rheumatic process, consider all heart diseases that are stated to be rheumatic or that are considered to be described as rheumatic as inactive and code to categories I050-I099.

Age: 75 years

I (a) Rheumatic heart disease I099

(b) Rheumatic fever

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed, there is no indication the rheumatic process was active. Leave line I(b) blank.

Valvular diseases jointly reported

a. When diseases of the mitral, aortic, and tricuspid valves, not qualified as rheumatic, are jointly reported, whether on the same line or on separate lines, code the disease of all valves as rheumatic unless there is indication to the contrary.

I (a) Mitral insufficiency and aortic stenosis I051 I060

(b)

Code both valvular diseases as rheumatic since there is no indication to the contrary.

I (a) Aortic insufficiency I061

(b) Mitral endocarditis with I059 I051

mitral insufficiency

Code the diseases of both valves as rheumatic since there is no indication to the contrary.

I (a) Mitral endocarditis \overline{c} I059 I051 I050

(b) insufficiency and stenosis

(c) Aortic endocarditis I069

Code the diseases of both valves as rheumatic since there is no indication to the contrary.

I (a) Mitral valve disease I059 I051 I48

(b) with insufficiency and

atrial fibrillation (c)

II Aortic stenosis I060

Code the diseases of both valves as rheumatic since there is no indication to the contrary.

- b. When mitral insufficiency, incompetence, or regurgitation is jointly reported with mitral stenosis NOS (or synonym), code all these conditions as rheumatic unless there are indications to the contrary.
 - I (a) Mitral insufficiency with mitral stenosis I051 I050

<u>Code</u> the mitral insufficiency as rheumatic since it is reported with mitral stenosis and there is no indication to the contrary.

4. Valvular diseases not indicated to be rheumatic

In the Classification, certain valvular diseases, i.e., disease of mitral valve (except insufficiency, incompetence, and regurgitation without stenosis) and disease of tricuspid valve are included in the rheumatic categories even though not indicated to be rheumatic. This classification is based on the assumption that the vast majority of such diseases are rheumatic in origin. Do not use these diseases to qualify other heart diseases as rheumatic. Code these diseases as nonrheumatic if reported due to one of the nonrheumatic causes on the following list.

| I | (a) | Pericarditis | I319 |
|---|-----|-----------------|------|
| | (b) | Mitral stenosis | I050 |

<u>Although</u> mitral stenosis is classified to a rheumatic category, do not use it to qualify the pericarditis as rheumatic.

a. When valvular heart disease (I050-I079, I089 and I090) <u>not</u> stated to be rheumatic is reported due to:

| A1690 | C73-C759 | E804-E806 | J030 |
|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| A188 | C790-C791 | E840-E859 | J040-J042 |
| A329 | C797-C798 | E880-E889 | J069 |
| A38 | C889 | F110-F169 | M100-M109 |
| A399 | D300-D301 | F180-F199 | M300-M359 |
| A500-A549 | D309 | I10-I139 | N000-N289 |
| B200-B24 | D34-D359 | I250-I259 | N340-N399 |
| B376 | D440-D45 | I330-I38 | Q200-Q289 |
| B379 | E02-E0390 | I420-I4290 | Q870-Q999 |
| B560-B575 | E050-E349 | I511 | R75 |
| B908 | E65-E678 | I514-I5150 | T983 |
| B909 | E760-E769 | I700-I710 | Y400-Y599 |
| B948 | E790-E799 | J00 | Y883 |
| C64-C65 | E802 | J020 | |

Code nonrheumatic valvular disease (I340-I38) with appropriate fourth character.

| I | (a) | Mitral stenosis and aortic stenosis | I342 | I350 |
|---|-----|-------------------------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | Hypertension | I10 | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as separate one-term entities to nonrheumatic mitral and aortic stenosis since they are reported "due to" a nonrheumatic condition.

| I | (a) | Mitral insufficiency | I340 |
|---|-----|------------------------------|-----------|
| | (b) | Goodpasture's syndrome & RHD | M310 I099 |

 $\underline{\text{Code}}$ I(a) to nonrheumatic mitral insufficiency since it is reported "due to" a nonrheumatic condition. Apply this instruction even though rheumatic heart disease is entered as the second entry on I(b).

Part B

Rheumatic Heart Diseases

b. Consider diseases of the aortic, mitral, and tricuspid valves to be nonrheumatic if they are reported on the same line due to a nonrheumatic cause in the previous list. Similarly, consider diseases of these three valves to be nonrheumatic if any of them are reported due to the other and that one, in turn, is reported due to a nonrheumatic cause in the previous list.

| Ι | (a) | Mitral disease | I349 |
|---|-----|------------------|------|
| | (b) | Aortic stenosis | I350 |
| | (c) | Arteriosclerosis | I709 |

<u>Classify</u> both valvular diseases as nonrheumatic. The mitral disease is reported due to the aortic disease which is, in turn, reported due to a nonrheumatic cause.

| I | (a) | Congestive heart failure | I500 |
|---|-----|--------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Mitral stenosis | I342 |
| | (c) | Arteriosclerosis | I709 |

<u>Code</u> the mitral stenosis as nonrheumatic since the certifier indicated it was due to a nonrheumatic cause.

| I | (a) | Aortic and mitral insufficiency | I351 | I340 |
|---|-----|---------------------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | Subacute bacterial endocarditis | 1330 | |

<u>Code</u> the valvular diseases as nonrheumatic since they are reported due to a nonrheumatic cause.

C. Pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium (O00-O99)

1. General information

Conditions classifiable to categories O00-O99 are limited to deaths of females of childbearing age. Some of the <u>maternal conditions are also the cause of death in newborn infants</u>. Always refer to the age and sex of the decedent before coding a condition to O00-O99.

Obstetric deaths are classified according to time elapsed between the obstetric event and the death of the woman:

- O95 Obstetric death of unspecified cause
- O96 Death from any obstetric cause occurring more than 42 days but less than one year after delivery
- O97 Death from sequela of direct obstetric causes (death occurring one year or more after delivery)

The standard certificate of death contains a separate item regarding pregnancy. Any positive response to one of the following items should be taken into consideration when coding pregnancy related deaths:

| Pregnant at time of death |
|---|
| Not pregnant, but pregnant within 42 days of death |
| Not pregnant, but pregnant 43 days to 1 year before death |

If the third option from the previous list is marked and the decedent is greater than 54 years old, code as pregnancy record only when there is a condition reported which indicates the person was pregnant either at the time of death or pregnant 43 days to 1 year before death.

Consider the pregnancy to have terminated 42 days or less prior to death unless a specific length of time is written in by the certifier. Take into consideration the length of time elapsed between pregnancy and death if reported as more than 42 days.

Maternal deaths are subdivided into two groups:

<u>Direct obstetric deaths (O00-O97)</u>: those resulting from obstetric complications of the pregnant state (pregnancy, labor and puerperium), from interventions, omissions, incorrect treatment, or from a chain of events resulting from any of the above.

<u>Indirect obstetric deaths (O98-O99)</u>: those resulting from previous existing disease or disease that developed during pregnancy and which was not due to direct obstetric causes, but which was aggravated by physiologic effects of pregnancy.

When coding pregnancies, code any direct obstetric cause to O00-O97 and any indirect obstetric cause to O98-O99.

- 2. Pregnancy or childbirth without mention of complication
 - a. Do not assign a separate code for "pregnancy" or "delivery" if any other condition is reported other than HIV infection (B200-B24) and/or nature of injuries and external causes (S000-Y899).

Female, 39 years

Place I (a) Asphyxia by hanging T71 &X70

9 (b)

MOD II 1st trimester pregnancy O95

Suicide

<u>Code</u> I(a) to nature of injury and external cause. Code pregnancy in Part II to Pregnancy, death from (O95) since the only other reported condition is classified to a nature of injury and external cause.

- b. When pregnancy or delivery is the <u>only entry</u> on the certificate, apply the following instructions:
 - (1) Code to category O95 if death occurred 42 days or less after termination of pregnancy or when there is no indication of when the pregnancy terminated.

Female, 28 years
I (a) Pregnancy O95

<u>Code</u> "pregnancy" to Pregnancy, death from (O95) since it is the only entry on the certificate.

(2) Code to category O96 if death resulted from direct or indirect obstetric causes that occurred more than 42 days but less than one year after termination of the pregnancy.

Female, 28 years
I (a) Childbirth 3 months O96

<u>Code</u> childbirth to death from any obstetric cause occurring more than 42 days but less than one year after delivery.

Part C

Pregnancy, Childbirth, and the Puerperium (O00-O99)

(3) Code to category O97 if death occurred 1 year or more after termination of pregnancy.

Female, 28 years

I (a) Pregnancy 1 year O97

Code to death from sequela of a direct obstetric cause.

- 3. Pregnancy with abortive outcome (O000-O089)
 - a. Code all <u>complications</u> of conditions listed in categories O000-O029 to the appropriate subcategory of O08 and also code O000-O029 as indexed. To determine the appropriate subcategory for O08, refer to the Index under Abortion, complicated by and select appropriate fourth character from last column.

Female, 28 years

I (a) Septicemia O080 (b) Tubal pregnancy O001

<u>Code</u> I(a) Abortion, complicated by, septicemia (O080) and I(b) Pregnancy, tubal (O001).

Female, 20 years

I (a) Shock O083 (b) Ectopic pregnancy O009

<u>Code</u> I(a) Abortion, complicated by, shock (O083) and I(b) Ectopic, pregnancy (O009).

b. Code all <u>complications</u> of conditions listed in categories O03-O07 to the appropriate subcategory of O08 and also code O03-O07 with fourth character "9." To determine the appropriate subcategory for O08, refer to the Index under Abortion, complicated by and select appropriate fourth character from last column.

Female, 22 years

I (a) Pulmonary embolism O082 (b) Spontaneous abortion O039

<u>Code</u> I(a) Abortion, complicated by, pulmonary embolism (O082) and I(b) Abortion, spontaneous (O039).

- c. When conditions in categories O00-O07 are reported in Part I or Part II of the death certificate with:
 - (1) a direct obstetric complication classifiable to category O08, code the complication to category O08 with the appropriate fourth character. Also code O00-O02 as indexed or O03-O07 with fourth character "9."

Female, 31 years

I (a) Cardiac arrest O088 (b) Abortion O069

<u>Code</u> I(a) Abortion, complicated by, cardiac arrest, a direct obstetric complication and I(b) Abortion NOS.

(2) an indirect obstetric complication classifiable to categories O98-O99, code the O98-O99. Also code the O00-O02 as indexed or O03-O07 with fourth character "9."

Female, 25 years

I (a) Abortion O069
II Rheumatic heart disease O994

<u>Code</u> I(a) Abortion NOS (O069). Code Pregnancy, complicated by rheumatic heart disease (O994), an indirect obstetric cause.

(3) both a direct and an indirect obstetric complication, code the direct complications to O08 with the appropriate fourth character and the indirect complications to O98-O99. Also code the O00-O02 as indexed or O03-O07 with fourth character "9."

Female, 33 years

I (a) Renal failure O084 (b) Abortion O069 II Anemia O990

<u>Code</u> I(a) Abortion, complicated by, renal failure. Direct complications of abortions are classified to category O08 with the appropriate fourth character. Code I(b) Abortion NOS. Code Part II Pregnancy, complicated by, anemia, an indirect obstetric complication.

- 4. Other complications of pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium (O00-O99)
 - a. If death occurred more than 42 days but less than 1 year after termination of pregnancy, code all direct and indirect obstetric complications to O96.

Female, 28 years

I (a) Cardiomyopathy O96

(b) Childbirth 3 months

<u>Code</u> cardiomyopathy as a direct obstetric cause occurring more than 42 days but less than 1 year after childbirth.

Female, 28 years

I (a) Intracerebral hemorrhage O96

(b) Childbirth 3 months

<u>Code</u> intracerebral hemorrhage as an indirect obstetric cause occurring more than 42 days but less than 1 year after childbirth.

b. If death occurred 1 year or more after termination of pregnancy, code any direct obstetric cause to category O97. If only indirect obstetric causes are reported, code all reported conditions as though the maternal condition had not been reported unless the maternal condition modifies the coding. In the latter case, take the maternal condition into account when assigning the code for the other reported condition, but **do not** code O00-O99.

Female, 28 years

I (a) Cardiomyopathy O97

(b) Childbirth 1 year

<u>Code</u> to O97, Death from sequela of direct obstetric causes. Cardiomyopathy is a direct obstetric cause. **Do not** enter a code on I(b) for childbirth.

Female, 28 years

I (a) Intracerebral hemorrhage I619

(b) Childbirth 1 year

<u>Code</u> to I619, the appropriate category outside Chapter XV. Intracerebral hemorrhage is an indirect obstetric cause. **Do not** enter a code on I(b) for childbirth.

- c. Code all complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium to categories O00-O75, O85-O92, O96-O99. When delivery is mentioned on the certificate, consider complications to be of delivery unless otherwise specified.
 - (1) When both direct and indirect obstetric causes are reported on the same certificate code as indexed to appropriate code in Chapter XV.
 - (2) When a complication is reported and not indexed to a direct or indirect obstetric code, assign the complication to O98-O99 with the appropriate fourth character. Refer to Volume I for correct code assignment.

Female, 35 years

I (a) Thrombosis 1 hr O229
(b) Pregnancy 8 mos

II Obesity O992

Code I(a) to Pregnancy, complicated by, thrombosis. Do not enter a code on

I(b) for pregnancy. Code Part II to Pregnancy, complicated by, endocrine diseases NEC as indexed. Obesity is an endocrine disorder.

Female, 29 years

I (a) Acute anemia O990 (b) Massive postpartum hemorrhage O721

(c) Delivered liveborn

<u>Code</u> I(a) to Anemia, complicating pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium, an indirect obstetric cause. Code I(b) to Hemorrhage, postpartum, a direct obstetric cause. **Do not** enter a code on I(c) for delivery NOS.

Female, 21 years

I (a) Gram negative sepsis O988
(b) Congenital anomalies of ureters O998
II 30 weeks pregnant

<u>Code</u> I(a) to Pregnancy, complicated by, septicemia, an indirect obstetric cause. Code I(b) to Pregnancy, complicated by, congenital malformation, an indirect obstetric cause. **Do not** enter a code in Part II for pregnancy.

Part C

Pregnancy, Childbirth, and the Puerperium (O00-O99)

Female, 28 years

I (a) Aspiration pneumonia O995

(b) Delivery

II Rubella in first trimester

O985

<u>Code</u> the indirect causes, aspiration pneumonia and rubella to the appropriate code in Chapter XV. Do not enter a code for delivery on I(b).

- 5. Delivery reported with anesthetic death or anesthesia
 - a. When delivery (normal) NOS is reported with <u>anesthetic death</u>, code O748 only. When reported with anesthesia, code O749 only.

Female, 29 years

I (a) Anesthetic death

O748

(b) Delivery

<u>Code</u> I(a) to O748, other complications of anesthesia during labor and delivery. Do not enter code on I(b) for delivery.

b. When <u>anesthetic death</u> is reported with a complication(s) of delivery or puerperium, code O748 and the code(s) for complication(s) of pregnancy, delivery, or puerperium.

Female, 26 years

I (a) Anesthetic death O748 (b) Obstructed labor O669

Code Delivery, complicated by, anesthetic death on I(a). Code I(b) as indexed.

c. When <u>anesthesia</u> is reported with a complication(s) of delivery or puerperium, code O749 and the code(s) for complication(s) of pregnancy, delivery, or the puerperium.

Female, 28 years

I (a) Prolonged labor O639 (b) Anesthesia - delivery O749

<u>Code</u> prolonged labor as a complication of delivery. Code "anesthesia-delivery" to O749.

Pregnancy, Childbirth, and the Puerperium (O00-O99)

| Female, 34 years | |
|-----------------------|------|
| I (a) Cardiac arrest | O742 |
| (b) Anesthesia | O749 |
| (c) Obstructive labor | O669 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) cardiac arrest as a complication of anesthesia. Code the anesthesia on I(b) to O749. Code I(c) as indexed.

6. Operative delivery

- a. Code an operative delivery such as cesarean section or hysterectomy to O759.
- b. Code <u>reported complications</u> of the operative delivery to complications of obstetric surgery (O754).
- c. Code conditions reported due to <u>complications</u> of operative delivery as indexed under complication of delivery and/or the puerperium.

| Female | , 18 | years |
|--------|------|-------|
|--------|------|-------|

| Ι | (a) | Cardiac arrest | O742 |
|---|-----|----------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Anesthesia during C-section | O749 |
| | (c) | Premature separation of placenta | O759 |
| | (d) | | O459 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) cardiac arrest as a complication of anesthesia. Code O749 for the anesthesia. There is no complication of the C-section; therefore, code the C-section to O759. Code premature separation of placenta as indexed on line I(d).

Female, 27 years

| I | (a) | Pulmonary embolism | O882 |
|---|-----|--------------------|------|
| | (b) | Pelvic thrombosis | O754 |
| | (c) | C-section delivery | O759 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) Puerperal, embolism (pulmonary). Code I(b) as a complication of the operative delivery. Code I(c) Delivery, cesarean, as indexed.

Female, 39 years

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | O995 |
|---|-----|---------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Peritoneal hemorrhage | O754 |
| | (c) | Cesarean section delivery | O759 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) O995, an indirect obstetric cause. Pneumonia is reported due to the complication and coded as complicating delivery. Code I(b) as a complication of the operative delivery. Code I(c) Delivery, cesarean, as indexed.

Part C

Pregnancy, Childbirth, and the Puerperium (O00-O99)

| Female, 30 years | | |
|-------------------------|-------|------|
| I (a) Pneumonia | 24 hr | O995 |
| (b) Pulmonary embolism | days | O754 |
| II | | O759 |
| Operation Block: C-sect | ion | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) an indirect obstetric cause. Code I(b) as a complication of the operative delivery reported in Part II. Code Part II cesarean section as indexed.

| Female, 28 years | | | |
|------------------|------|------|--|
| I (a) Pneumonia | O754 | | |
| (b) C-section | O759 | | |
| II | O759 | O321 | |

Operation Block: C-section for breech presentation

 $\underline{\text{Code}}$ I(a) as a complication of the operative delivery. Code cesarean section on I(b) as indexed. Code cesarean section and breech presentation as indexed in Part II.

Part D

D. Congenital conditions

The Classification does not provide congenital and acquired codes for all conditions.
 When no provision is made for a distinction, disregard the statement of congenital or
 acquired and code the NOS code.

Female, 45 years

| I | (a) | Patent ductus arteriosus - acquired | Q250 |
|---|-----|-------------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Pneumonia | J189 |

Code I(a) to Q250 since patent ductus arteriosus does not have an acquired code.

Male, 33 years

| I | (a) | Gastric hemorrhage | K922 |
|---|-----|----------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Gastric ulcer - congenital | K259 |

<u>Code</u> I(b) to K259 since gastric ulcer does not have a congenital code.

2. When a condition specified as "congenital" is reported "due to" another condition not specified as congenital, code both conditions as congenital.

Male, 2 months

| I | (a) Peritonitis – birth | | P781 | |
|---|-------------------------|------------------------|------|--|
| | (b) | Intestinal obstruction | Q419 | |

Code the condition on I(b) as congenital.

3. Code hydrocephalus (G91.0, 1, 2, 8, 9) (any age) to Q039 (congenital hydrocephalus) when it is reported with another cerebral or other central nervous system condition (Q00-Q07, Q280-Q283) which is classified as congenital.

Male, 3 months

| Ι | (a) | Cerebral anoxia | G931 |
|---|-----|----------------------------|-----------|
| | (b) | Hydrocephalus & hypoplasia | Q039 Q061 |
| | (0) | of animal aard | |

(c) of spinal cord

<u>Code</u> hydrocephalus NOS to Q039 since the hypoplasia of spinal cord is classified as congenital.

Part D

Congenital Conditions

| Male, 3 months | |
|-----------------------|------|
| I (a) Cerebral anoxia | G931 |
| (b) Hydrocephalus | Q039 |
| II Meningomyelocele | Q059 |

 $\underline{\text{Code}}$ the hydrocephalus NOS to Q039 since the meningomyelocele is classified as congenital.

E. Conditions of early infancy (P000-P969)

1. When reported on certificate of infant, code the following entries as indicated:

| Birth weight of: | 2 pounds (999 gms) or und Over 2 pounds (1000 gms) 5 ½ pounds (2499 gms) 10 pounds (4500 gms) or n | but not m | ore thanP071 |
|--|---|-----------|--------------|
| Gestation of: | Less than 28 weeks | | P072 |
| | 28 weeks but less than 37 v | veeks | P073 |
| | 42 or more completed weel | ΧS | P082 |
| Premature labor or d | elivery NOS | | P073 |
| Female, 3 hours | | | |
| I (a) Respiratory | distress syndrome | P220 | |
| (b) Prematurity | | P073 | |
| II 26 weeks gestation | on | P072 | |
| <u>Code</u> Gestation, less than 28 weeks to P072. | | | |
| Male, 8 hours | | | |
| I (a) Respiratory | failure | P285 | |
| (b) Prematurity, | 23 weeks | P073 | P072 |
| | | | |

<u>Code</u> I(b) as two separate conditions. Code prematurity as indexed P073 and code P072 for "23 weeks." The 23 weeks is an implied length of gestation.

2. When a multiple birth or low birth weight is reported on an infant's death certificate outside of Part I or Part II, code this entity as the last entry in Part II.

| Male, 29 minutes - Twin A | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------|------|--|--|
| I (a) Immature | P073 | | | |
| (b) Weight 1,500 grams - twin | P071 | P015 | | |
| II Atelectasis | P281 | P015 | | |

201

 \underline{Code} "twin" as the last entry in Part II.

Part E

Conditions of Early Infancy (P000-P969)

Male, 5 minutes
4 lbs. I (a) Immaturity of lung P280
(b)
(c)
II P071

Code P071 for "4 lbs." as last entry in Part II.

3. When "termination of pregnancy" or "abortion" (legal) <u>other than criminal</u> is the only reported cause of an infant death, code P964. Do not code P964 if any other codable entry is reported.

Female, 3 minutes

I (a) Legal abortion

P964

<u>Since</u> "legal abortion" is the only entry on the certificate, code P964, as indexed.

4. When a condition classifiable to P703-P720, P722-P749 is the only cause(s) reported on a newborn's death, code P969. If reported with other perinatal conditions, code as indexed.

Male, 7 days

(a) Hypomagnesemia

P969

- (b)
- (c)

<u>Code</u> the hypomagnesemia to P969, even though it is indexed to P712 since it is the only cause of death reported.

Female, 2 weeks

(a) Hypoglycemia(b) Maternal diabetesP704P701

Code I(a) as indexed since reported with another perinatal condition.

F. Sequela

A sequela is a late effect, an after effect, or a residual of a disease, nature of injury or external cause. ICD-10 provides sequela codes for the following conditions:

| B900-B909 | Sequela of tuberculosis |
|------------|---|
| B91 | Sequela of acute poliomyelitis |
| B92 | Sequela of leprosy |
| B940-B949 | Sequela of other and unspecified infectious and parasitic diseases |
| E640-E649 | Sequela of malnutrition and other nutritional deficiencies |
| E68 | Sequela of hyperalimentation |
| G09 | Sequela of inflammatory diseases of central nervous system |
| I690-I698 | Sequela of cerebrovascular disease |
| O97 | Death from sequela of direct obstetric causes |
| T900-T983* | Sequela of injuries, of poisoning, and of other consequences of external causes |
| Y850-Y859* | Sequela of transport accidents |
| Y86* | Sequela of other accidents |
| Y870-Y872* | Sequela of intentional self-harm, assault and events of undetermined intent |
| Y880-Y883* | Sequela with surgical and medical care as external cause |
| Y890-Y899* | Sequela of other external causes |

^{*} See **Section V**, **Part S** for instructions for coding sequela of injuries and external causes.

NOTE: When conditions in categories A000-A310, A318-A427, A429-A599, A601-A70, A748-B001, B003-B004, B007, B009-B069, B080, B082-B085, B09-B199, B25-B279, B330-B349, B370-B49, B58- B64, B99 are mentioned on the record with HIV (B20-B24, R75), do not consider the infectious or parasitic condition as a sequela.

When there is evidence death resulted from <u>residual effects</u> rather than the active phase of conditions for which the Classification provides a sequela code, code the appropriate sequela category. Code specified <u>residual effects</u> separately. Apply the following instructions to the sequela categories.

1. <u>B900-B909 Sequela of tuberculosis</u>

Use these subcategories for the classification of tuberculosis (conditions in A162-A199) if:

a. A statement of a late effect or sequela of the tuberculosis is reported.

| I | (a) Pulmonary fibrosis | | J841 |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Sequela of pulmonary tuberculosis | B909 |

Code sequela of pulmonary tuberculosis (B909) since "sequela of" is stated.

- b. The tuberculosis is stated to be ancient, arrested, cured, healed, history of, inactive, old, quiescent, or remote, whether or not the residual (late) effect is specified, unless there is evidence of active tuberculosis.
 - I (a) Arrested pulmonary tuberculosis B909

<u>Code</u> arrested pulmonary tuberculosis, B909, since there is no evidence of active tuberculosis.

- c. When there is evidence of active tuberculosis of a site with inactive (ancient, arrested, cured, healed, history of, old, quiescent, remote) tuberculosis of a **different** site, code both.
- d. When there is evidence of active and inactive (ancient, arrested, cured, healed, history of, old, quiescent, remote) tuberculosis of the **same** site, code active tuberculosis of the site only.

NOTE: Do not use duration to code sequela of tuberculosis.

| I | (a) | Respiratory failure | J969 |
|---|-----|--------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Pneumonia | J189 |
| | (c) | Pulmonary tuberculosis 2 years | A162 |

<u>Code</u> pulmonary tuberculosis as active. Do not use duration of the tuberculosis to indicate sequela.

| 2. | B91 Sec | juela of | acute | poliom | yelitis |
|----|----------------|----------|-------|--------|---------|
| | | | | | |

Use this category for the classification of poliomyelitis (conditions in A800-A809) if:

- a. A statement of a late effect or sequela of acute poliomyelitis is reported.
 - I (a) Sequela of acute poliomyelitis

B91

Code sequela of acute poliomyelitis as indexed.

- b. A chronic condition or a condition with a duration of one year or more that was due to the acute poliomyelitis is reported.
 - I (a) Paralysis 1 year

G839

(b) Acute poliomyelitis

B91

<u>Code</u> sequela of acute poliomyelitis, since the paralysis has a duration of 1 year.

- c. The poliomyelitis is stated to be history of, old, or the interval between onset of the poliomyelitis and death is indicated to be one year or more whether or not the residual (late) effect is specified.
 - I (a) Old polio

B91

Code old polio.

- d. The poliomyelitis is not stated to be acute or active and the interval between the onset of the poliomyelitis and death is not reported.
 - I (a) Poliomyelitis

B91

- (b)
- (c)
- I (a) ASHD

I251

- (b)
- (c)
- II Poliomyelitis

B91

| I (a) Paralysis (b) Polio (c) | G839 B91 |
|--|-------------|
| I (a) Poliomyelitis with (b) paralysis (c) | B91 G839 |

3. B92 Sequela of leprosy

Use this category for the classification of leprosy (conditions in A30) if:

- a. A statement of a late effect or sequela of the leprosy is reported.
- b. A chronic condition or a condition with a duration of one year or more that was due to leprosy is reported.

4. <u>B940 Sequela of trachoma</u>

Use this subcategory for the classification of trachoma (conditions in A710-A719) if:

- a. A statement of a late effect or sequela of the trachoma is reported.
 - I (a) Late effects of trachoma B940
- b. The trachoma is stated to be healed or inactive, whether or not the residual (late) effect is specified.
 - I (a) Healed trachoma B940
- c. A chronic condition such as blindness, cicatricial entropion or conjunctival scar that was due to the trachoma is reported unless there is evidence of active infection.

| I | (a) | Conjunctival scar | I | H112 |
|---|-----|-------------------|---|------|
| | (b) | Trachoma | J | B940 |

5. <u>B941 Sequela of viral encephalitis</u>

Use this subcategory for the classification of viral encephalitis (conditions in A830-A839, A840-A849, A850-A858, A86) if:

- a. A statement of a late effect or sequela of the viral encephalitis is reported.
 - I (a) Late effects of viral encephalitis

B941

Code sequela of viral encephalitis as indexed.

- b. A chronic condition or a condition with a duration of one year or more that was due to the viral encephalitis is reported.
 - I (a) Chronic brain syndrome

F069

(b) Viral encephalitis

B941

<u>Code</u> sequela of viral encephalitis, since a resultant chronic condition is reported.

- c. The viral encephalitis is stated to be ancient, history of, old, remote, or the interval between onset of the viral encephalitis and death is indicated to be one year or more whether or not the residual (late) effect is specified.
 - I (a) St. Louis encephalitis

1 yr

B941

<u>Code</u> sequela of viral encephalitis, since a duration of 1 year is reported.

I (a) Old viral encephalitis

B941

Code sequela of viral encephalitis, since it is stated "old."

d. Brain damage, cerebral fungus, CNS damage, epilepsy, hydrocephalus, mental retardation, paralysis (G810-G839) is reported due to the viral encephalitis.

I (a) Paralysis

G839

(b) Viral encephalitis

B941

<u>Code</u> sequela of viral encephalitis since paralysis is reported due to the viral encephalitis.

6. <u>B942 Sequela of viral hepatitis</u>

Use this subcategory for the classification of viral hepatitis (conditions in B150-B199) if:

A statement of a late effect or sequela of the viral hepatitis is reported.

7. <u>B948 Sequela of other specified infectious and parasitic diseases</u> B949 Sequela of unspecified infectious and parasitic diseases

Use B948 for the classification of other specified infectious and parasitic diseases (conditions in A000-A099, A200-A289, A310-A70, A740-A799, A811-A829, A870-B09, B250-B89) and

Use B949 for the classification of only the terms "infectious disease NOS" and "parasitic disease NOS" if:

- a. A statement of a late effect or sequela of the infectious or parasitic disease is reported.
- b. The infectious or parasitic disease is stated to be ancient, arrested, cured, healed, history of, inactive, old, quiescent, or remote, whether or not the residual (late) effect is specified, unless there is evidence of activity of the disease.
- c. A chronic condition or a condition with a duration of one year or more that was due to the infectious or parasitic disease is reported.

| Ι | (a) Reye's syndrome 1 yr(b) Chickenpox | G937 B948 |
|---|---|--------------|
| I | (a) Chronic brain syndrome(b) Meningococcal encephalitis | F069 B948 |

d. There is indication the interval between onset of the infectious or parasitic disease and death was one year or more, whether or not the residual (late) effect is specified.

8. <u>E640-E649 Sequela of malnutrition and other nutritional deficiencies</u>

| Use Sequela Code | For Categories | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| E640 | E40-E46 | | | |
| E641 | E500-E509 | | | |
| E642 | E54 | | | |
| E643 | E550-E559 | | | |
| E648 | E51-E53 E610-E638 E56-E60 | | | |
| E649 | E639 | | | |

Use these subcategories for the classification of malnutrition and other nutritional deficiencies (conditions in E40-E639) if:

a. A statement of a late effect or sequela of malnutrition and other nutritional deficiencies (E40-E639) is reported.

I (a) Cardiac arrest I469 (b) Sequela of malnutrition E640

b. A condition with a duration of one year or more is qualified as rachitic or that was due to rickets (E55.-) is reported.

I (a) Scoliosis 3 years M419 (b) Rickets E643

9. <u>E68 Sequela of hyperalimentation</u>

Use this category for the classification of hyperalimentation (conditions in E67 and hyperalimentation NOS in R632) if:

- a. A statement of a late effect or sequela of the hyperalimentation is reported.
- b. A condition with a duration of one year or more that was due to hyperalimentation is reported.

10. G09 Sequela of inflammatory diseases of central nervous system

Use this category for the classification of intracranial abscess or pyogenic infection (conditions in G000-G009, G030-G049, G060-G069, G08) if:

- a. A statement of a late effect or sequela of the condition in G000-G009, G030-G049, G060-G069, G08 is reported.
- b. A condition with a duration of one year or more that was due to the condition in G000-G009, G030-G049, G060-G069, G08 is reported.
- c. The condition in G000-G009, G030-G049, G060-G069, G08 is stated to be ancient, history of, old, remote, or the interval between onset of this condition and death is indicated to be one year or more, whether or not the residual (late) effect is specified.
- d. Brain damage, cerebral fungus, CNS damage, epilepsy, hydrocephalus, mental retardation, paralysis (G810-G839) is reported due to a condition in G000-G009, G030-G049, G060-G069, G08.

| I | (a) | Hydrocephalus | G919 |
|---|-----|---------------|------|
| | (b) | Meningitis | G09 |

11. <u>I690-I698 Sequela of cerebrovascular disease</u>

Use this category for the classification of cerebrovascular disease (conditions in I600-I64, I670-I671, I674-I679) if:

a. A statement of a late effect or sequela of a cerebrovascular disease is reported.

I (a) Sequela of cerebral infarction

I693

<u>Code</u> sequela of cerebral infarction as indexed.

b. A condition with a duration of one year or more that was due to one of these cerebrovascular diseases is reported.

I (a) Hemiplegia 1 year G819 (b) Intracranial hemorrhage I692

<u>Code</u> sequela of other nontraumatic intracranial hemorrhage since the residual effect (hemiplegia) has a duration of one year.

c. The condition in I600-I64, I670-I671, I674-I679 is stated to be ancient, history of, old, remote, or the interval between onset of this condition and death is indicated to be one year or more, whether or not the residual (late) effect is specified.

I (a) Brain damage G939 (b) Remote cerebral thrombosis I693

<u>Code</u> sequela of cerebral thrombosis since the cerebral thrombosis is reported as remote.

I (a) Old intracerebral hemorrhage I691

<u>Code</u> sequela of intracerebral hemorrhage since the intracerebral hemorrhage is stated as old.

I (a) Cerebrovascular occlusion

6 yrs

I693

<u>Code</u> sequela of cerebrovascular occlusion since the duration is one year or more.

I (a) History of CVA

I694

Code sequela of CVA since "history of" CVA is reported.

- d. The condition in I600-I64, and I670-I671, I674-I679 is reported with paralysis (any) stated to be ancient, history of, old, remote, or the interval between onset of this condition and death is indicated to be one year or more whether or not the residual (late) effect is specified.
 - I (a) CVA with old hemiplegia

I694 G819

<u>Code</u> sequela of CVA since it is reported with hemiplegia stated as old.

12. O97 Sequela of direct obstetric cause

Use this category for the classification of a direct obstetric cause (conditions in O00-O927) if:

- a. A statement of a late effect or sequela of the direct obstetric cause is reported.
- b. A chronic condition or a condition with a duration of one year or more that was due to the direct obstetric cause is reported.

Part G

G. Ill-defined and unknown causes

1. Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)

Includes:

Cot death

Crib death

SDII, SID, SIDS, SUD, SUDI, SUID

Sudden (unexpected) (unattended) (unexplained)

- death (cause unknown) (in infancy) (syndrome)
- infant death (syndrome)

Causing death at ages under 1 year

Excludes:

The listed conditions causing death at ages one year or over (R960)

Female, 6 months

I (a) Sudden death R95

Male, 3 weeks

I (a) Sudden death, cause unknown R95 (b) R97

Female, 3 months

I (a) SIDS, pneumonia R95 J189

2. Other sudden death and other unspecified cause (R960-R961, R98-R99)

Code R960-R961, R98-R99 only when:

- a. A term(s) classifiable to one of these codes is the only entry (or entries) on the death certificate.
- b. The only other entry on the death certificate is classifiable to R97 (cause unknown).

Female, 2 years

I (a) Sudden death R960 (b) Crib death R960

Ill-defined and Unknown Causes

Part G

- c. When more than one term classifiable to two or more of these categories is reported, code only one in this priority: R960, R961, R98, R99.
 - (1) Instantaneous death (R960)

Includes:

Cot death

Crib death

SDII, SID, SIDS, SUD, SUDI, SUID

Sudden (unexpected) (unattended) (unexplained)

- death (cause unknown) (in infancy) syndrome
- infant death (syndrome)

Causing death at age 1 year or over

Excludes:

The listed conditions causing death at ages under one year (R95).

Male, 3 years

I (a) Sudden death, cause unknown R960 R97

Female, 2 years

I (a) SIDS, pneumonia J189

- (2) <u>Death occurring in less than 24 hours from onset of symptoms, not otherwise explained (R961)</u>
 - I (a) Died—no sign of disease R961
- (3) Unattended death (R98)

I (a) Found dead R98

(b) Investigation pending

I (a) Found dead at foot of steps R98

(b) Natural causes

Part G

(4) Ill-defined and unspecified cause of mortality (R99)

Includes:

Bone(s) found

Dead on arrival (DOA)

Diagnosis deferred

Died without doctor in attendance

Inquest pending

Natural cause(s)

Natural causes, cause unknown

Natural causes uncertain

Natural causes undetermined

Natural causes unknown

Natural causes unspecified

Natural disease undetermined

No doctor

Pending examination (any type)

(pathological) (toxicological)

Pending investigation (police)

Skeleton

Uncertain natural causes

Undetermined natural causes

Undetermined natural disease

Undiagnosed disease

Unknown natural causes

Unspecified natural causes

Excludes:

Unknown cause (R97)

NOTE: When a term from the preceding list is reported immediately preceding or following a term from the Unknown Cause (R97) list, assign R99 only.

| I | () | DOA Cause unknown | R99 R97 |
|---|-----|---|------------|
| Ι | ` / | No doctor Pending investigation | R99 R99 |
| I | ` ′ | Cause unknown Pending pathological examination | R97 R99 |
| Ι | (a) | Natural causes, cause unknown | R99 |

Classification of Certain ICD Categories

Part G

Ill-defined and Unknown Causes

3. Unknown cause (R97)

Includes:

Cause not found Immediate cause unknown

Cause unknown No specific etiology

Cause undetermined identified

Could not be determined No specific known causes

Etiology never determined Nonspecific causes

Etiology not defined Not known
Etiology uncertain Obscure etiology
Etiology unexplained Undetermined
Etiology unknown Uncertain
Etiology undetermined Unclear

Etiology unspecified Unexplained cause

Final event undetermined Unknown Immediate cause not ? Cause determined ? Etiology

- a. Use this category for the classification of the listed terms $\underline{\text{except}}$ when the term in R97 is reported
 - (1) On the same line with and preceding a condition qualified as "possible," "probable," etc.
 - (2) In "Describe How Injury Occurred" (Item 43) of the death certificate.

In such cases, **do not** enter a code for the term in R97.

| I | (a) G. I. h(b) Cause(c) Carcin | | K922 R97 C80 | |
|----|--|--|--------------------|-----|
| I | (a) Unkno | own cause | R97 | |
| I | ` ' | inal obstruction own, possibly cancer | K566 C80 | |
| I | (a) Amylo (b) Chron (c) | oidosis nic ulcerative colitis | E859 K519 | |
| II | ` / | of liver, cause unknown | K746 I | R97 |

Classification of Certain ICD Categories

Part G

Ill-defined and Unknown Causes

| Place 1 | (a) Cardia | ic arrest | | I469 |
|------------|------------|-----------|---------|------|
| 9 | (b) Hip fr | acture | | S720 |
| <u>MOD</u> | (c) Fall | | | &W19 |
| A] | <u>I</u> | • | | |
| | Accident | 43 | Unknown | |

b. If the term in R97 is reported in Part I on the same line with and following the condition to which it applies, enter the code for unknown cause on the next due to line whether or not "cause unknown" is in parentheses beside the condition in Volume 3. Code the conditions on each of the remaining lines in Part I, if there are any, as though they had been reported on the succeeding line(s).

| Female, 3 months | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|------|-----|
| I (a) SIDS, cause unk | known | R95 | |
| (b) | | R97 | |
| I (a) Unknown cause | | R97 | |
| (b) Found dead | | R98 | |
| I (a) Unknown | | R97 | |
| (b) Known to have l | had ASHD | I251 | J42 |
| (c) and chronic bro | onchitis | | |
| I (a) Gastric ulcer, ca | use unknown | K259 | |
| (b) Rheumatoid arth | nritis | R97 | |
| (c) | | M069 |) |
| | | | |

Part A

In ICD-10, the Nature of Injury Chapter (XIX) is part of the main Classification but certain effects of external causes are classified in Chapters I-XVIII. The external cause codes (Chapter XX) are intended for use, where relevant, to identify the external cause of conditions classifiable to Chapters I-XVIII, as well as to Chapter XIX. While not all external causes will have a corresponding code in Chapter XIX, an external cause code is required when a code from Chapter XIX is applicable.

A. External cause code (E-Code) concept

An external cause of injury may be classified to Accidents (V01-X59), Intentional self harm (X60-X84), Assault (X85-Y09), Event of undetermined intent (Y10-Y34), Legal intervention and operations of war (Y35-Y36), Complications of medical and surgical care (Y40-Y84), and Sequela of external causes (Y85-Y89). When unspecified, assume all external cause one-term entities to be accidental unless the External Causes of Injury Index provides otherwise.

The objective in assigning the external cause codes is to combine into the entity being coded any related entries on the record that will permit the assignment of the most specific external cause codes in accordance with the intent of the certifier. After the determination of the most specific external cause code is made, enter this code where it is first encountered on the record. Do not repeat the same external cause code when it is reported on other lines. When more than one external cause is reported, code each external cause code where it is first encountered on the certificate.

The death certificate provides a specific place for information concerning the external cause of injury that is usually entered on the lines below the line labeled "Part II." However, a description of the external cause is reported frequently in Part I and may be repeated in the space provided for this information.

When such statements as: "jumped or fell," "don't know," "accident or suicide," "accident or homicide," "undetermined," or "open verdict" are reported, code the external cause as "undetermined." The "undetermined" categories include self-inflicted injuries, except poisoning, when not specified whether accidental or with intent to harm.

1. Use of Index

ICD-10 provides separate indexing in Volume 3, Section II for the external causes of injury, with frequent references to Volume 1. The External Causes of Injury Index provides a double axis of indexing — descriptions of the circumstances under which the accident or violence occurred and the agent involved in the occurrence. Usually, the "lead terms" in the External Causes of Injury Index describe the circumstances of the injury with a secondary (indented) entry naming the agent involved.

Fall from building

W13

Locate the E-code for "fall":

Fall, falling

- from, off
- - building W13.-

2. Use of Tabular List

After locating the external cause code in the Index, always refer to Volume 1 since certain external cause codes for transport accidents require a fourth character not provided for in the Index. When ICD-10 provides a fourth character subcategory for an external cause code, always code the fourth character.

Fell from boat

V929

Locate the E-code for "fall":

Fall

- from
- - boat, ship, watercraft NEC (with drowning or submersion) V92.-

In Volume 1, the fourth character describes the type of boat. Code the fourth character "9," unspecified watercraft.

The Classification provides a fourth character for use with categories W00-Y34, except Y06.- and Y07.-, to identify the place of occurrence of the external cause. NCHS uses a separate field for this purpose. Only the three-character category codes are assigned in multiple cause coding.

House fire X00

Locate the E-code for "House fire": House Fire (uncontrolled) X00.-

In Volume 1, a fourth character identifying the place of occurrence is required. Assign code 0 (home) to the place of occurrence variable in the field provided for this variable.

3. Place of occurrence of external cause

Enter a one-character place of occurrence code (0-9), in the appropriate data position, for external causes of injury classifiable to W00-Y34, except Y06.- and Y07.-, **if the effects of the external cause are classifiable to Chapter XIX**. Do not enter a place code for external causes classifiable to any other external cause code. Use only the information reported in the medical certification section of the death certificate or additional information (AI) to determine the place code. Refer to Appendix D for the list of place of occurrence codes.

4. Manner of death (Item 37) on death certificate

- a. Affecting multiple cause codes
 - (1) When separate check boxes for indicating whether an external cause was accidental, suicidal, homicidal, undetermined, or pending investigation appear on the medical certification form, treat the check box entry as a one-term entity.
 - (2) When "accident," "pending," "unknown," or "undetermined" is written in the "check box" or is one of the items checked **and no condition is coded to**Chapter XIX, disregard the check box entry for assignment of codes.
 - (3) When "suicide" or "homicide" is written in the "check box", or is one of the items checked **and no condition is coded to Chapter XIX**, assign the appropriate external cause code preceded by Injury NOS, T149.
 - (4) When "unknown" or "open verdict" is written in the check box and there is a condition(s) coded to Chapter XIX, code the external cause to the appropriate "event of undetermined intent" category.

- (5) When "pending," "pending investigation," "deferred," or "unclassified" is reported in the check box and there is a condition(s) coded to Chapter XIX, code the external cause as indexed.
- (6) Enter a code for an entry in a check box for "natural cause" only if this is the only codable entry on the certificate or the only other codable entry is "unknown cause" (R97).

b. As a separate variable

Enter an alpha character manner of death code (N, A, S, H, P, or C) in the appropriate data position for any entry in the manner of death check box. Use only the information reported in the manner of death box to assign the code.

Code the manner of death as:

| Natural | N |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Accident | A |
| Suicide | S |
| Homicide | Н |
| Pending Investigation | P |
| Could not be determined | C |
| Blank | Blank |

5. Nature of injury and external cause code lists

Since certain entities state or imply cause (E-code) and effect (N-code), ICD-10 provides both N-codes and E-codes for many terms. Determination must be made whether to code nature of injury code only, external cause code only, or both nature of injury and external cause codes for such terms. Use the following lists as **guides** in classifying these terms. When ICD-10 provides a nature of injury code for an entity that does **not** appear on either list, use the nature of injury code only.

The E-code is only coded the first time external information is mentioned. A term requiring a N-code is coded each time it is reported.

Part A

Nature of injury code only (N-Code)

Allergy Intoxication when due to a

Anaphylactic reaction drug
Anaphylactic shock Lacerations
Anaphylaxic, anaphylaxis Lack of care
Anoxia Mucus plug

Bezoar Multiple injuries
Burns Polypharmacy (when

Burns Polypharmacy (when it means Cremation drug poisoning)
Crushed Scald

Decapitation Severed
Deceleration injury Smoke
Drug NOS or named drug Starvation

(when it means drug poisoning) Trauma NOS (any site)

Drug synergism Traumatic
Exhaustion Traumatic death

Fracture Traumatic injury (any site)

Inattention at birth Traumatism

Incineration Wound (penetrating)

Injury NOS (any site)

SECTION V

Explosion

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning External Cause Code (E-Code) Concept

Part A

External cause code only (E-code)

Abandonment Explosive blasts to site(s) Inhalation

Accident, accidental Fall Physical violence

Arson Fight Projectile
Assault Fire Reaction of

Assault Fire Reaction of drug with a Beaten Flood reported complication Blow to any site Foreign body Striking any site

Blunt force NOS

Heat

Blunt impact NOS

Hitting any site

Suicide, suicidal

Hitting any site

Conflagration Homicide, homicidal
Desertion Hot environment
Excessive heat Hot weather

Impact

Part A

Entities Requiring nature of injury and external cause codes on the same line (N\E Codes)

Abuse (child) (elder) (spousal) Hypothermia Airway obstruction by foreign Immersion

body Impact injury (any site)
Alcohol intoxication (any term Impact to a site (any)
meaning intoxication) Incised (wound)

Anastomotic leak

*Asphyxia

Ingestion of foreign body
Inhalation injury (any)

*Aspiration

*Inhalation of foreign body

Battered child (syndrome)

Lightning (struck by)

Bite Mangled

Blunt blow to a site Mechanical trauma

Blunt force injury (any site) Overdose (of drug or alcohol)

Blunt force to a site (any)

Overheated
Blunt impact to a site (any)

Overexertion

Blunt injury (any site) Poisoning (by substance)

Blunt trauma (any site) Pulled trigger

Bullet (to site) Puncture, punctured (any site)

Bullet wound Puncture wound Child neglect Radiation burns

Choking on foreign body Rape
Crushed by specified object Razor cut

CutShooting, shot (to site)DrowningShotgun blast (to site)ElectrocutionSlash, slashed (any site)

Electrical burns Smothered
Electrical shock Snake bite
Exposure (to element) (cold, heat) Stab
Firearm (any type) (discharge) Sting

Flame burn Strangulation
Foreign body in any site Submersion
Freezing, froze, frostbite Suffocation
Got too hot Sunstroke

Gun went off
Gunshot (to site)
Swallowed object
Gunshot wound
Toxicity (of substance)
Hanging (by neck)
Heat exhaustion
Weapon wound
Heat stress
.22, .32 or any caliber

Heat stroke

(* This does not apply when certain localized effects result from asphyxia, aspiration, or inhalation. Refer to Section V, Part O.)

B. Placement of nature of injury and external cause codes

When a nature of injury code and an external cause code are required for an entity, enter the nature of injury code followed by the external cause code on the same line.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Gunshot w | ound of chest | S219 | &W34 |
|--------------|----|-----|-----------|---------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | | | | |
| | | (c) | | | | |
| <u>MOD</u> | II | _ | | | | |
| A | | 1 | Accident | | | |

<u>Since</u> "gunshot wound" requires a nature of injury and an E-code, enter on I(a) the nature of injury code for wound of chest followed by the most specific E-code for gunshot, accidental. Code place of occurrence as 9 (unspecified). Code manner of death as A (accident).

When entries requiring nature of injury codes and external cause codes are reported on the same line in Part I, code **the first nature of injury code** followed by the **most specific external cause code**; then code any remaining conditions for the line in the order indicated by the certifier.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Laceration of throat | S118 | | | |
|--------------|---|-----|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Dog bite of shoulder, | S410 | &W54 | T111 | S119 |
| | | (c) | arm and neck | | | | |

<u>Code</u> the nature of injury code only for I(a). On I(b), code the nature of injury code for "bite of shoulder" followed by the E-code for dog bite followed by the remaining nature of injury codes for "bite arm and neck." Code place of occurrence as 9 (unspecified).

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Fracture skull | S029 | | |
|--------------|---|-----|---------------------------|------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Fell from window, crushed | S280 | &W13 | S381 |
| | | (c) | chest and abdomen | | | |

<u>I(a)</u> requires a nature of injury code only. I(b) requires both nature of injury and E-code since the external cause and injuries are reported on this line. Code first nature of injury code followed by the external cause code, followed by the remaining nature of injury codes. Code place of occurrence as 9 (unspecified).

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Renal failure | N19 | | | |
|--------------|---|-----|----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| 0 | | (b) | Injury kidney, liver and | S370 | &W11 | S361 | S360 |
| | | (c) | spleen. Fell from ladder at home | | | | |

<u>Code</u> I(b) injury kidney followed by external cause code for the fall, followed by the remaining injuries. Code place of occurrence as 0 (home).

Part B

| <u>Place</u> | Ι | (a) | Cerebral laceration & contusion | S062 |
|--------------|---|-----|---------------------------------|-------|
| 9 | | (b) | Blow to right temporal area | &X599 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) to the nature of injury code only, and I(b) to the external cause code only. Code place of occurrence as 9 (unspecified).

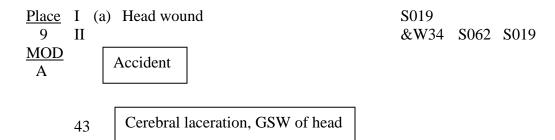
In Part II, code each entry in the same order as entered on the certificate. For entities requiring both nature of injury and external cause codes, enter the nature of injury code followed by the external cause code. Enter the information recorded in the special spaces that have been provided on the medical certification form for recording information about external causes of injury following any codes that are applicable to Part II.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Cr | rushed chest | S280 | | |
|--------------|-------------------------|--------|------------------------|------|-----|------|
| 9 | | (b) Br | oken rib | S223 | | |
| | | (c) | | | | |
| | II Fracture hip and arm | | | S720 | T10 | &W24 |
| | | 43 | Run over by a forklift | | | |

<u>In Part II</u>, code each entry in the order entered on the certificate. Code place of occurrence as 9 (unspecified).

| <u>Place</u> | I (a | Subdural hem | S065 | | |
|--------------|------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|-----|
| 9 | II E | Blunt impact inju | S099 | &Y00 | |
| MOD | | | | | |
| Н | | Homicide | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | 43 | Struck on hea | nd with a blunt object b | y another per | son |

<u>Since</u> the entry in Part II requires both nature of injury and external cause codes, enter the nature of injury code followed by the most specific external cause code. Code place of occurrence as 9 (unspecified).



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<u>Code</u> external cause code first in Part II since manner of death box requires an external cause code. Code place of occurrence as 9 (unspecified).

C. Use of ampersand

- 1. Use an ampersand to identify the following:
 - a. The most specific external cause code causing injuries or poisoning.
 - b. Certain localized effects of poisonous substances (X45-X49) or aspiration (W78,W79, W80) when classifiable to Chapters I-XVIII.
 - c. Ampersand the E-code for aspiration (W78-W80) anytime it is reported.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Asp | iration | T | 179 | &W78 |
|--------------|----|---------|--------------|---|-----|------|
| 0 | | (b) Von | nitus | | | |
| | II | Fx Hip | Fall at home | S | 720 | &W19 |

<u>Ampersand</u> both the E-code for aspiration and the E-code for fall at home.

Exceptions to c:

- 1. When reported **due to:**
 - nature of injury codes
 - medical and surgical care
 - other external causes
- 2. When a nature of injury code other than T179 is reported as the **first** condition on the lowest used line in Part I.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Aspiration of vomitus | T179 W78 |
|--------------|----|---------------------------|----------|
| 0 | | (b) Fx hip | S720 |
| | II | Fall at home | &W19 |

<u>Do not</u> ampersand the E-code for aspiration since both Exception 1 and 2 apply.

- 2. More than one external cause reported
 - a. In determining the most specific external cause code, consider all of the information reported on the record. <u>If two or more</u> external causes are reported and the nature of the injuries and/or the order in which the conditions are reported indicates that one of the external causes led to the condition that terminated in death, precede the code for this external cause by an ampersand. If no determination can be made, precede the code for the first mentioned external cause with an ampersand.

| Place | I | (a) | Aspiration of vomitus | T179 | W78 |
|-------|---|-----|-----------------------|------|-----|
| 9 | | (b) | Internal chest injury | S279 | |
| | | (c) | Fall down stairs | &W10 | |

<u>The</u> order in which the conditions are reported indicates that the fall down stairs led to aspiration; therefore, the ampersand precedes the code for this external cause.

| Place I | (a) | Gunshot wound | d of head | S019 | &X95 |
|---------|-----|---------------|-----------|------|------|
| 9 | (b) | Stab wound of | chest | S219 | X99 |
| MOD I | [| | | | |
| Н | | Homicide | | | |
| | | | | | |

<u>The</u> order in which the external causes are reported does not indicate which event occurred first; therefore, precede the code for the gunshot wound with an ampersand since it is the first external cause reported.

| <u>Place</u> | I (a) Head trauma | S099 | | |
|--------------|--|------|-----|-------|
| 9 | II Alcohol intoxication, auto accident | T519 | X45 | &V499 |

<u>Precede</u> the code for the auto accident with an ampersand. Alcohol intoxication did not cause the head trauma.

b. When alcohol intoxication (or any term meaning intoxication) is reported with another external cause other than aspiration, precede the code for the first mentioned external cause with an ampersand.

When alcohol intoxication is reported with drugs, refer to Section V, Part Q, 4, Poisoning by alcohol and drugs.

When alcohol intoxication is reported with exposure or hypothermia, refer to Section V, Part L, 2, Exposure, cold exposure and hypothermia.

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning Use of Ampersand

Part C

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Head trauma | S099 | | |
|--------------|---|-----|----------------------|--------|-------|--|
| 9 | | (b) | Auto Accident | &V499 | &V499 | |
| | | (c) | Alcohol intoxication | T519 X | 45 | |

<u>Precede</u> the code for the auto accident with an ampersand since it is the first external cause reported.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Drowning | T751 | &W74 |
|--------------|----|--------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) Alcohol intoxication | T519 | X45 |
| | II | Drinking heavily | F101 | |

<u>Precede</u> the code for the drowning with an ampersand since it is the first external cause reported. Code Part II as indexed.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Alcohol intoxication and hip fx | T519 | &X45 S720 |
|--------------|----|------|---------------------------------|------|-----------|
| 9 | II | Fall | while intoxicated | W19 | T519 |

<u>Precede</u> the code for the alcohol intoxication with an ampersand since it is the first external cause reported.

Part D

D. Certifications with mention of nature of injury and without mention of external cause

All certifications that have an entry classifiable to Chapter XIX must have an external cause code. When only one type of injury is reported without indication of the external cause and the External Cause Index provides a code for this type of injury, code accordingly. If the External Cause Index does not provide a code for the type of injury, code to Accident, unspecified (X599). When no external cause is reported and the external cause code must be assumed, code the external cause code as the last entry in Part II.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Crushed chest | S280 |
|--------------|----|-----|---------------|-------|
| 9 | II | | | &X599 |

<u>Code</u> Crushed (accidentally), X599 as indexed.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Fracture of hip and arm | S720 | T10 |
|--------------|----|-----|-------------------------|-------|-----|
| 9 | II | | | &X590 |) |

Code Fracture (circumstances unknown or unspecified), X590 as indexed.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Penetrating wound of abdomen | S318 | S219 |
|--------------|----|-----|------------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | and chest | | |
| | II | | | &X59 | 9 |

Code Wound (accidental) NEC, X599 as indexed.

If different types of injuries are reported without indication of the external cause, use the injury reported in the lowest due to position to assign the appropriate external cause code for this injury. If more than one injury is reported on the lowest line, assign the appropriate external cause code for the first mentioned injury.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Brain injury | S069 |
|--------------|---|-----|-------------------|-------|
| 9 | | (b) | Fracture of skull | S029 |
| | П | | | &X590 |

Code Fracture (circumstances unknown or unspecified), X590.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Fracture of hip | S720 |
|--------------|----|-----|---------------------|-------|
| 9 | | (b) | Crushing hip injury | S770 |
| | II | | | &X599 |

Code Crushed (accidentally), X599.

Part D

| <u>Place</u> | Ι | (a) | Cerebral concussion and | S060 | S062 |
|--------------|----|-----|-------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | laceration of brain | | |
| | II | | | &X59 | 9 |

<u>Concussion</u> is not indexed in External Cause Index. Code to Accident, unspecified, X599.

These generalizations do not apply if the place of occurrence of the injury was highway, street, road, or alley. Refer to instructions for transport accidents in Section V, Part J.

Implied site of injury

Relate most injuries of an unspecified site to a condition of a specified site, whether or not qualified as generalized, multiple, or stated plural, following general instructions for relating disease conditions.

Exceptions:

Do not relate

Injury(ies) (generalized) (internal) (multiple)

Trauma(s) (generalized) (internal) (multiple)

Wound(s) (generalized) (internal) (multiple)

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Crushed skull with multiple fractures | S071 | S029 |
|--------------|----|-----|---------------------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | II | | | &X59 | 9 |

<u>Code</u> crushed skull followed by multiple skull fractures relating the injury of unspecified site to the site of the injury that is reported on the same line. Since there is no external cause reported, code Crushed (accidentally) as indexed in Part II.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Fractured neck and contusions | S129 | S109 |
|--------------|----|-----|-------------------------------|-------|--------------|
| 9 | II | | | &X590 | \mathbf{C} |

<u>Code</u> fractured neck followed by neck contusion relating the injury of unspecified site to the site of the injury that is reported on the same line. Since there is no external cause reported, code Fracture (circumstances unknown or unspecified) as indexed in Part II.

SECTION V

Part D

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning Certifications with Mention of Nature of Injury and without Mention of External Cause

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Fracture of hip | S720 |
|--------------|---|-----|-----------------|-------|
| 9 | | (b) | Crushing injury | S770 |
| | Π | | | &X599 |

<u>Code</u> crushing injury hip since there is only one site reported either on the line above or below the fracture. Since there is no external cause reported, code Crushed (accidentally) as indexed in Part II.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Fracture of skull with generalized trauma | S029 | T07 |
|--------------|----|-----|---|------|-----|
| 9 | II | | | &X59 | 0 |

<u>Code</u> the generalized trauma as indexed. Do not relate to the site of the injury reported on the same line with it. Since there is no external cause reported, code Fracture (circumstances unknown or unspecified) as indexed in Part II.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Skull fracture | S029 |
|--------------|----|-----|----------------|-------|
| 9 | | (b) | Wound | T141 |
| | II | | | &X599 |

<u>Code</u> I(b) to Wound as indexed. Do not relate to the site of the fracture reported on the upper line. Since there is no external cause reported, code Wound (accidental) NEC, X599 as indexed in Part II.

E. Conditions qualified as traumatic

- 1. Some conditions are indexed directly to a nontraumatic category but the Classification also provides a traumatic code. Consider these conditions to be traumatic and code as traumatic:
 - a. When they are qualified as "traumatic"
 - b. Or they are reported on the certificate with:
 - Injury or trauma (any specified type or site)
 - An external cause
 - The **Manner of Death** is Accident, Homicide, Suicide, Pending Investigation or Undetermined

Exception:

Do not apply this instruction if:

- the condition is reported due to a nontraumatic condition
- W78–W80 is the only external cause reported
- poisoning is reported

| <u>Place</u> | Ι | (a) Pneumothorax | S270 |
|--------------|----|--------------------------|-------|
| 6 | | (b) Fracture rib | S223 |
| | II | | &X590 |
| | | Place of injury- Factory | |

<u>Since</u> pneumothorax is reported on the certificate with an injury, code pneumothorax as traumatic.

| <u>Place</u> | Ι | (a) C | erebral | hemorrh | nage | | S062 | |
|--------------|----|-------|---------|---------|------|--|-------|--|
| 9 | | (b) | | | | | | |
| | | (c) | | | | | | |
| <u>MOD</u> | II | | | | | | &X599 | |
| A | | Accio | lent | | | | | |

<u>Consider</u> cerebral hemorrhage to be traumatic since Accident is reported in the Manner of Death box.

| | I | (a) Cardiorespiratory failure | R092 |
|------------|----|-------------------------------|------|
| | | (b) Intracerebral hemorrhage | I619 |
| | | (c) Meningioma | D329 |
| MOD | II | | |
| A | | Accident | |

<u>Since</u> intracerebral hemorrhage is reported due to a disease condition, code as nontraumatic. Do not enter an E-code for Accident reported in the check box since no condition is coded to Chapter XIX.

| <u>Place</u> I | (a) Subarachnoid hemorrhage | S066 |
|----------------|-----------------------------|------|
| 9 | (b) Fall | &W19 |
| MOD II | . ` ´ ´ · | |
| N | Natural | |

<u>Code</u> subarachnoid hemorrhage as traumatic since it is reported on the certificate with an external cause, disregarding Natural in the Manner of Death box.

Exceptions:

a. Code emphysema, encephalitis, and meningitis to the nature of injury code only when they are stated to be "traumatic" or are reported **due to** or **on the same line with** an injury or external cause.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Emphysema | T797 |
|--------------|---|-----|--------------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Injury chest | S299 |
| | | (c) | Fall | &W19 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) emphysema, traumatic since the condition is reported due to an injury.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Internal injury | T148 |
|--------------|----|----------------------|------|
| 9 | | (b) Fall from ladder | &W11 |
| | II | Meningitis | G039 |

<u>Do not</u> code the meningitis as traumatic since it is not reported due to or on the same line with an injury or external cause. Code place of occurrence as 9 (unspecified).

b. Code the following terms to the traumatic category **only** when stated to be "traumatic:"

blindness (H540-H547) epilepsy (G400-G409) gastrointestinal hemorrhage (any K922) pneumonia (classifiable to J120-J168, J180-J189, J690, J698)

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 |
|--------------|----|-----|--------------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Fracture hip | S720 |
| | II | Fal | 1 | &W19 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) pneumonia as indexed since it is not reported as traumatic.

| I | (a) | Traumatic epilepsy | T905 |
|---|-----|--------------------|------|
| | (b) | Head injury | T909 |
| | (c) | Fall from ladder | &Y86 |

<u>Code</u> epilepsy to the nature of injury code since it is stated traumatic.

c. When the traumatic form of a condition is classified to Chapters I-XVIII, code as traumatic **only** when stated to be "traumatic"

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Cardiac arrest | I469 |
|--------------|---|-----|------------------------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Organic brain syndrome | F069 |
| | | (c) | Brain injury | S069 |
| | | (d) | Fall | &W19 |

<u>Code</u> organic brain syndrome as indexed since it is not stated "traumatic."

2. When a condition of a specified site is stated to be traumatic but there is no provision in the Classification for coding the condition as traumatic, code to injury unqualified of the site.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Traumatic cerebral thrombosis | S069 |
|--------------|---|-----|-------------------------------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Fall | &W19 |

Code Injury, cerebral.

3. When a condition that does not indicate a specified site is stated to be traumatic, but there is no provision in the Classification for coding the condition as traumatic, code trauma unspecified and the condition separately.

Place I (a) Traumatic coma T149 R402 9 (b) Fall &W19

Code trauma unspecified and coma separately.

4. Traumatic hemorrhage (T148, T149)

| Internal hemorrhage NOS | 1 | Due to or on same line with injury (any site) | Code the hemorrhage to T148, internal injury NOS |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Hemorrhage NOS | 2 | Due to injury of a specified site | Relate the hemorrhage to the site of the specified injury |
| | 3 | Due to injury NOS or multiple injuries NOS | Code the hemorrhage to T149, injury NOS |
| | 4 | Due to injury of multiple specified sites | Relate the hemorrhage to site of the first mentioned specified injury |
| | 5 | Due to internal injury NOS or internal injuries NOS | Code the hemorrhage to T148, internal injury NOS |
| | 6 | On same line with injury of site | Relate the hemorrhage to the site of the specified injury |
| | 7 | On same line with injury of multiple specified sites | Code the hemorrhage to T149, injury NOS |
| | 8 | On same line with internal injury NOS or internal injuries NOS | Code the hemorrhage to T148, internal injury NOS |
| | 9 | Due to and on same line with injuries of different specified sites | Relate the hemorrhage to the site of the injury that is entered on the same line with hemorrhage |

| Place I (a) Internal hemorrhage T148 9 (b) Crushed thorax S280 1 II &X599 2 Place I (a) Hemorrhage S799 2 9 (b) Fracture of femur S729 2 (c) II &X590 2 Place I (a) Hemorrhage S299 2 9 (b) Laceration of chest S219 2 | <u>ion</u> r_ |
|--|------------------|
| Place I (a) Hemorrhage S799 2 9 (b) Fracture of femur S729 (c) II & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & | |
| 9 (b) Fracture of femur S729 (c) II & &X590 Place I (a) Hemorrhage S299 2 | |
| (c) II & &X590 Place I (a) Hemorrhage S299 2 | |
| Place I (a) Hemorrhage S299 2 | |
| | |
| ` ' | |
| (c) II &X599 | |
| Place I (a) Hemorrhage T149 9 (b) Multiple injuries T07 | |
| (c) II &X599 | |
| Place I (a) Hemorrhage S299 4 9 (b) Injury of chest, lung and S299 S273 S223 (c) fractured rib | |
| (c) fractured rib II &X599 | |
| Place I (a) Contusion chest with S202 S299 (b) hemorrhage (c) | |
| II &X599 | |
| Place I (a) Laceration of liver, lung, S361 S273 S360 T149 7 9 (b) & spleen with hemorrhage (c) 7 | |
| II Fracture rt. femur S729 &X599 | |
| Place I (a) Cerebral contusion S062 9 (b) with hemorrhage | |
| (c) Injury of chest, lung, back S299 S273 S399 II & &X599 | |

Part F

F. Assumption of nature of injury code

When an external cause is reported on a certificate without a nature of injury code, assign both a nature of injury and an external cause code. Assume the nature of injury to be Injury NOS, T149 and place it preceding the external cause code.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Respiratory failure | J969 | |
|--------------|---|-----|---------------------|------|------|
| | | | Fire | | &X09 |

I(b) is an external cause code only. Since there is not a nature of injury reported on the certificate, code nature of injury T149 preceding the external code for fire.

| Place | I | (a) | Subarachnoid hemorrhage | I609 | |
|-------|---|-----|-------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | | Stroke | I64 | |
| | | (c) | Fall | T149 | &W19 |

Do not code the hemorrhage on I(a) as traumatic since it is reported due to a nontraumatic condition. I(c) is an external cause code only and there is not a nature of injury reported on the certificate. Code nature of injury T149 preceding the external code for fall.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Struck by falling tree | &W20 |
|--------------|---|----------------------------|------|
| 9 | П | Head wound | S019 |

I(a) is an external cause code only. Since there is a nature of injury on the certificate, do not code T149 preceding the external code.

| Place | I (a) Struck by falling tree | T149 | &W20 |
|-------|------------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | II Respiratory failure | J969 | |

I(a) is an external cause code only. Since there is not a nature of injury on the certificate, code T149 preceding the external code.

Exceptions:

1. When conditions classified to categories A000-R99 are reported due to "second hand smoke," code the "second hand smoke" to X49.

| Ι | ` ′ | Pulmonary emphysema Second hand smoke | J439 X49 |
|---|-----|--|-------------|
| I | ` ′ | Lung cancer Second hand smoke | C349 X49 |

Part F

I (a) Cardiac arrest I469 (b) Second hand smoke X49

2. Anthrax is reported with accident, suicide, homicide or undetermined

When anthrax (A220-A229) is reported with accident, suicide or homicide anywhere on the record (including in the check box) or undetermined in the check box only, code the anthrax as indexed and code the external cause code as:

- Accident specified (X58)
- Suicide specified (X83)
- Homicide specified (Y08)
- Undetermined specified (Y33)

Anthrax designated as an act of terrorism is classified to U016.

| <u>MOD</u> | I | (a) | Inhalation | anthrax | A221 |
|------------|----|-----|------------|---------|------|
| Н | II | | | | Y08 |
| | | | Homicide | | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed under Anthrax, inhalation. Code an E-code only in Part II for homicide based upon the check box entry. Also enter a H for Homicide in the Manner of Death item.

| I | (a) | Anthrax | A229 |
|---|-----|----------|------|
| | (b) | Homicide | Y08 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed. Code an E-code only on I(b); do not assume an injury code.

- 3. When conditions in J680-J709 are reported due to an external cause not considered to be medical or surgical care, refer to Section V, Part O, <u>Guides for differentiating</u> between effects of external causes classifiable to Chapters I-XVIII and Chapter XIX.
- 4. If a pathological fracture and an external event are reported, no assumption of a nature of injury code is required.

G. Multiple injuries (T00-T07)

When injury (of a site) or specified type of injury (of a site) is:

| Stated as | Code as indexed under |
|-----------|---|
| Bilateral | Injury (or specified type of injury), site, bilateral |
| Both | Injury (or specified type of injury), site, both |
| Multiple | Injury (or specified type of injury), site, multiple |

Do not consider the plural form of injury or the plural form of a site to indicate multiple. Do not consider "right and left" as bilateral or both.

Examples of injuries:

Wound - limb

- - lower NEC

- - - multiple sites T013

1. Fracture of both hips T025 Fracture - hip - - both T025 2. Fracture of hips S720 Fracture - hip S720 3. Multiple fractures of ribs S224 Fracture - rib - - multiple S224 Fractures of ribs S223 Fracture - rib S223 5. Multiple wounds of lower limb T013

2b January 2010

1.

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning Multiple Injuries

Part G

| 1. Multiple injuries | Followed by specified type(s) of injuries | Code T07 and the specified injuries |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| 2. Multiple injuries | Followed by specified site(s) | Code multiple injuries by site(s) only |
| 3. Single site | Reported on same line with multiple types of injuries | Code the specified types of injuries of the reported site |
| 4. More than one site | Reported on same line with multiple types of injuries | Code the specified type of injury immediately preceding the reported sites to the sites, code all other injuries to the NOS code |

Place I (a) Multiple injuries with

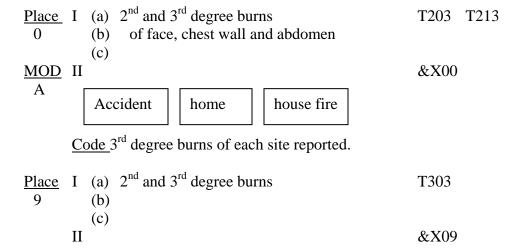
(b) fracture skull and

| | | II | (c) | laceration brain | &X59 | 9 | | |
|----|------------|---------|------------|--|---------------|------------|-----------|---|
| 2. | Place 9 | I II | (a) | Multiple injuries - head, neck, chest | S097 &X599 | \$197 9 | S297 | |
| 3. | Place 9 | Ι | (b) | Fracture, laceration and contusion of leg Fall from roof | T12 &W13 | T131 | T130 | |
| 4. | Place 9 | I II | (a) (b) | Contusions, lacerations, fracture of trunk and extremities | T140 &X59 | | T021 T142 | 2 |

T07 S029 S062

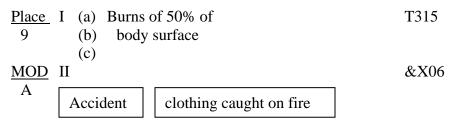
Part H

- H. Burns: multiple degrees of burns/percentage of body surface burned
 - 1. When multiple degrees of burns are reported, with or without mention of sites, code the most severe degree only.



<u>Code</u> 3rd degree burns of unspecified body region.

2. When a percentage of burns or a percentage of body (entire, total) burns is reported, code to the percentage.



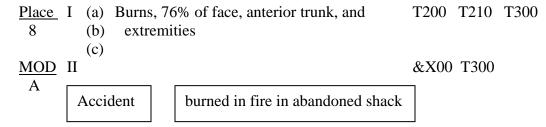
Code burns involving 50-59% of body surface.

3. When specified degrees of burns are reported with the percentage of body surface involved, code only the percentage of body surface involved.

<u>Code</u> burns involving 40-49% of body surface.

Part H

4. When a percentage of burns of specified sites is reported, code to burn of site(s) involved.



<u>Code</u> unspecified degree burns of each site reported. In Part II, code burned as burn of unspecified body region, unspecified degree.

- I. Specified types and sites of injuries
 - 1. When specified **types** of injuries of sites are reported, code to site only. <u>Do not</u> use Index entries of "specified type NEC" or "specified NEC" (usually .8).

Place I (a) Impact injury, upper arm S499 &X599

Indexed as:

Injury

- arm NEC T119
- -- upper S499
- --- specified NEC S498

Place I (a) Blunt injury, trunk

T099 &X599

S129

&W19

Indexed as:

Injury

- trunk T099
- - specified type NEC T098
- 2. When specified **sites** of injuries are reported, <u>do not</u> use Index entries of "specified type NEC" or "specified NEC". Use only if indexed as "specified <u>site</u> NEC" or "specified <u>part</u> NEC."

Place I (a) Fracture third cervical vertebra

(b) Fall

Indexed as:

Fracture

- vertebra T08
- -- cervical (teardrop) S129
- - specified NEC S122

Place 9 I (a) GSW right side of neck S118 &W34

Indexed as:

Wound

- neck S119
- - specified part NEC S118

J. Transportation accidents (V01-V99)

The main axis of classification for land transports (V01-V89) is the victim's mode of transportation. The vehicle of which the injured person is an occupant is identified in the first two characters since it is seen as the most important for prevention purposes.

Definitions and examples relating to transport accidents are in Volume 1, pages XX-9 - XX-17. Refer to these definitions when any means of transportation (aircraft and spacecraft, watercraft, motor vehicle, railway, other road vehicle) is involved in causing death.

For classification purposes, a motor vehicle not otherwise specified is **NOT** equivalent to a car. Motor vehicle accidents where the type of vehicle is unspecified are classified to V87-V89.

A vehicle not otherwise specified is **NOT** equivalent to a motor vehicle **unless** the accident occurred on the street, highway, road(way), etc. Vehicle accidents where the type of vehicle is unspecified are classified to V87-V89.

Additional information about type of transports are given below:

- (1) Car (automobile) includes blazer, jeep, minivan, sport utility vehicle
- (2) Pick-up truck or van includes ambulance, motor home, or truck (farm) (utility)
- (3) Heavy transport vehicle includes armored car, dump truck, fire truck, panel truck, semi, tow truck, tractor trailer, 18-wheeler
- (4) A special all-terrain vehicle (ATV) or motor vehicle designed primarily for off-road use includes dirt bike, dune buggy, four-wheeler, go cart, golf cart, race car, snowmobile, three-wheeler
- (5) Motor vehicle includes passenger vehicle (private)

1. Use of the Index and Tabular List

The Classification provides a Table of land transport accidents in Volume 3, Section II. This table is referenced with any land transport accident if the mode of transport is known. Since the Index does not always provide a complete code, reference to Volume 1, Chapter XX is required.

For V01-V09, the fourth character indicates whether a pedestrian was injured in a nontraffic accident, traffic accident, or unspecified whether traffic or nontraffic accident.

For V10-V79, the fourth character represents the status of the victim, i.e., whether the decedent was driver, passenger, etc. For each means of transportation, there is a different set of fourth characters. Each means of transportation is preceded by its set of fourth characters in Volume 1.

• Car overturned, killing driver V485

In the Index refer to:

Overturning

- transport vehicle NEC (see also Accident, transport) V89.9

Accident

- transport (involving injury to) (see also Table of land transport accidents) V99

In the Table of land transport accidents, select the intersection of:

Under Victim and mode of transport, select

Occupant of:

- car (automobile)

Under In collision with or involved in: select

Noncollision transport accident

The code is V48.-. From Volume 1 the fourth character is 5, driver injured in traffic accident.

Auto collision with animal V409

In the Index refer to:

Collision (accidental) NEC (see also Accident, transport) V89.9

Accident

- transport (involving injury to) (see also Table of land transport accidents) V99

In the Table of land transport accidents, select the intersection of:

Under Victim and mode of transport, select

Occupant of:

- car (automobile)

Under In collision with or involved in: select

Pedestrian or animal

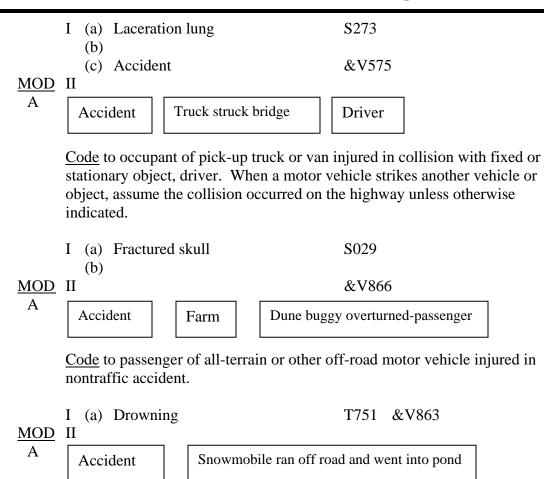
The code is V40.-. From Volume 1, determine the fourth character is 9, unspecified car occupant injured in traffic accident.

2. <u>Classifying accidents as traffic or nontraffic.</u>

If an event is unspecified as to whether it is a traffic or nontraffic accident, it is assumed to be:

- a. A traffic accident when the event is classifiable to categories V02-V04, V10-V82 and V87.
- b. A nontraffic accident when the event is classifiable to categories V83-V86. These vehicles are designed primarily for off-road use.
- c. Consider category V05 to be unspecified whether traffic or nontraffic if no place is indicated or if the place is railroad (tracks).
- d. Consider category V05 to be traffic if place is railway crossing.
- e. Consider accidents involving occupants of motor vehicles as traffic when the place is indicated or if the place is railroad (tracks).

Part J



<u>Code</u> to unspecified occupant of all-terrain or other off road motor vehicle injured in traffic accident. Code as traffic accident since the accident originated on the road.

3. Status of victim

a. General coding instructions relating to transport accidents are in Volume 1, Chapter XX. Refer to these instructions for clarification of the status of the victim when not clearly stated.

| I | (a) | Multiple internal injuries | T065 | |
|---|-----|----------------------------|------|-------|
| | (b) | Crushed by car | T147 | &V031 |

<u>Code</u> to pedestrian injured in collision with car, pick-up truck or van, traffic. Refer to Volume 1, Chapter XX, instruction 3, Crushed by car. The victim is classified as a pedestrian. Refer to Table of land transport accidents. Victim and mode of transport, pedestrian, in collision (with) car. Refer to Volume 1 for fourth character.

b. In classifying motor vehicle traffic accidents, a victim of less than 14 years of age is assumed to be a passenger provided there is evidence the decedent was an occupant of the motor vehicle. A statement such as "thrown from car," "fall from," "struck head on dashboard," "drowning," or "carbon monoxide poisoning" is sufficient.

Female, 4 years old

I (a) Fractured skull

S029

(b) Struck head on windshield when car

&V476

(c) struck tree that had fallen across road

<u>Code</u> to car occupant injured in collision with fixed or stationary object, passenger (V476).

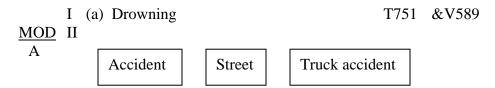
c. When transport accident descriptions do not specify the victim as being a vehicle occupant and the victim is described as:

| pedestrian | versus (vs) | any vehicle (car, truck, etc.) |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|
| any vehicle (car, truck, etc.) | versus (vs) | pedestrian |

classify the victim as a pedestrian (V01-V09).

4. Coding categories V01-V89

a. When drowning occurs as a result of a motor vehicle accident NOS, code as noncollision transport accident. The assumption is the motor vehicle ran off the highway into a body of water. If drowning results from a specified type of motor vehicle accident, code the appropriate E-code for the specified type of motor vehicle accident.

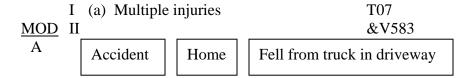


<u>Refer</u> to Table of land transport accidents. Code to occupant of truck injured in noncollision transport accident, unspecified.



<u>Refer</u> to Table of land transport accidents. Code to occupant of car injured in collision with car, driver.

- b. When falls from transport vehicles occur, apply the following instructions:
 - (1) Consider a transport vehicle to be in motion unless there is clear indication the vehicle was not in transit. Refer to Table of land transport accidents, specified type of vehicle reported, noncollision. Refer to Volume 1 for appropriate fourth character.

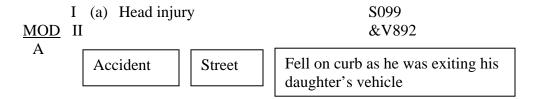


<u>Refer</u> to Table of land transport accidents under Victim and mode of transport. Select occupant of pick-up truck, noncollision transport accident, (V58.-). Refer to Volume 1 for fourth character and select 3, unspecified occupant of pick-up truck, nontraffic accident.

- (2) Consider a transport vehicle to be stationary when statements such as these are reported:
 - (a) When alighting, boarding, entering, leaving, exiting, getting in or out of vehicle
 - (b) Stated as stationary, parked, not in transit, not in motion

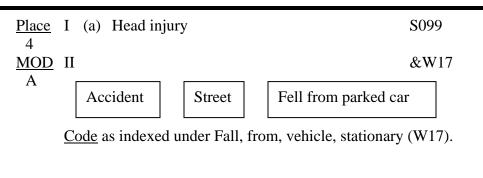


Refer to Table of land transport accidents under Victim and mode of transport. Select occupant of bus, noncollision transport accident, (V78.-). Refer to Volume 1 for fourth character and select 4, person injured while boarding or alighting.

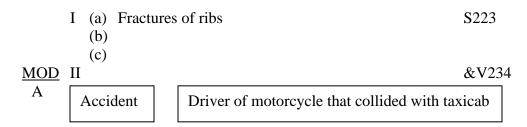


<u>Refer</u> to Table of land transport accidents under Victim and mode of transport. Select occupant of motor vehicle (traffic), noncollision transport accident (V892).

Part J



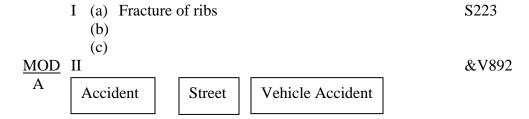
5. Additional examples



<u>Code</u> to motorcycle rider injured in collision with car, pick-up truck or van, driver (V234).

I (a) Third degree burns T303
(b) Auto accident - car overturned &V489
(c)

<u>Code</u> to car occupant injured in noncollision transport accident, unspecified (V489).



<u>Code</u> to person injured in unspecified motor vehicle accident, traffic (V892). Code as motor vehicle accident since the accident occurred on the street.

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning Transportation Accidents

Part J

6. Occupant of special all-terrain or other motor vehicle designed primarily for off-road use, injured in transport accident (V86)

This category includes accidents involving an occupant of any off-road vehicle. The fourth character indicates whether the decedent was injured in a nontraffic or traffic accident. Unless stated to the contrary, these accidents are assumed to be nontraffic.

I (a) Multiple injuries T07
(b) Driver of snowmobile that collided with auto &V860

<u>Code</u> to driver of all-terrain or other off-road motor vehicle injured in traffic accident since the collision occurred with an automobile.

I (a) Injuries of head S099
(b) Fracture both legs T025
(c) Driver of ATV &V865

<u>Code</u> to driver of all-terrain or other off-road motor vehicle injured in nontraffic accident.

I (a) Head injuries S099 (b) Overturning snowmobile &V869

<u>Code</u> to unspecified occupant of all-terrain or other off-road motor vehicle injured in nontraffic accident.

I (a) Fracture skull S029 (b) ATV accident &V869

<u>Code</u> to unspecified occupant of all-terrain or other off-road motor vehicle injured in nontraffic accident (V869)

- 7. <u>Traffic accident of specified type but victim's mode of transport unknown (V87)</u> Nontraffic accident of specified type but victim's mode of transport unknown (V88)
 - a. If more than one type of vehicle is mentioned, do not make any assumptions as to which vehicle was occupied by the victim unless the vehicles are the same.
 Instead, code to the appropriate categories V87-V88. Statements such as these do not indicate status of victim:
 - Auto (passenger) vs. truck
 - -
- Passenger car vs. truck
- Car vs. truck-driver
- Car vs. truck, driver
- Driver, car vs. truck
- Driver-car vs. truck
- I (a) Intrathoracic injury

S279

(b)

(c) Auto vs. motor bike accident

&V870

<u>Do</u> not make any assumption as to which vehicle the victim was occupying. Using the Index, code:

Accident

- transport (involving injury to) (see also Table of land transport accidents) V99
- - person NEC (unknown means of transportation) (in) V99
- - collision (between)
- - car (with)
- ---- two- or three-wheeled motor vehicle (traffic) V87.0
- I (a) Multiple injuries

T07

(b) Driver - collision of car and bus

&V873

(c)

<u>Do</u> not make any assumption as to which vehicle the victim was driving. Using the Index, code:

Accident

- transport (involving injury to) (see also Table of land transport accidents) V99
- - person NEC (unknown means of transportation) (in) V99
- - collision (between)
- - car (with)
- ---- bus (traffic) V87.3

b. If reported types of vehicles are not indexed under Accident, transport, person, collision, code V877 for traffic and V887 for nontraffic.

I (a) Multiple injuries T07
(b) Bus and pick-up truck collision, driver &V877

(c)

<u>Do</u> not make any assumption as to which vehicle the victim was driving. Collision between bus and pick-up is not indexed under Accident, transport, person, collision. Code V877.

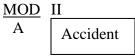
8. Water transport accidents (V90-V94)

The fourth character subdivision indicates the type of watercraft. Refer to Volume 1, Chapter XX, Water transport accidents for a list of the fourth character subdivisions.

I (a) Drowning

T751 &V929

(b) Fell over-board



<u>Code</u> drowning, due to fall overboard. Use fourth character "9," unspecified watercraft.

9. Air and space transport accidents (V95-V97)

For air and space transport accidents, the victim is only classified as an occupant.

Military aircraft is coded to V958, Other aircraft accidents injuring occupant, since a military aircraft is not considered to be either a private aircraft or a commercial aircraft. Where death of military personnel is reported with no specification as to whether the airplane was a commercial or private craft, code V958.

- 10. Miscellaneous coding instructions (V01-V99)
 - a. When multiple deaths occur from the same transportation accident, all the certifications should be examined, and when appropriate, the information obtained from one may be applied to all. There may be other information available such as newspaper articles. A query should be sent to the certifier if necessary to obtain the information.
 - b. When classifying accidents which involve more than one kind of transport, use the following order of precedence:

aircraft and spacecraft (V95-V97) watercraft (V90-V94) other modes of transport (V01-V89, V98-V99)

I (a) Multiple fractures and internal injuries

T029 T148

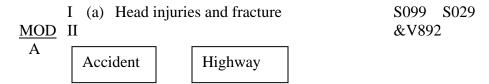
(b) Driver of car killed when a private plane

&V973

(c) collided with car on highway after forced landing.

<u>Code</u> to person on ground injured in air transport accident following above order of precedence. Refer to Index under Accident, transport, aircraft, person, on ground.

c. When no external cause information is reported and the place of occurrence of the injury was highway, street, road(way), or alley, assign the external cause code to person injured in unspecified motor vehicle accident occurring on the highway.



<u>Code</u> to person injured in unspecified motor vehicle accident, traffic since the accident occurred on the highway.

d. Homicide, suicide or undetermined in manner of death

(1) When "undetermined" is reported in the manner of death box with transport accidents, code the external cause as accidental unless a statement on the certificate **clearly establishes** an investigation has not determined whether accidental, homicidal, or suicidal.

| | I | (a) Multiple head | injuries | S097 |
|------------|----|---------------------|----------|-------|
| | | (b) Car ran off cli | ff | &V489 |
| <u>MOD</u> | II | | | |
| C | ı | Undetermined | | |

Code I(a) as indexed. Code I(b) as unspecified car occupant injured in noncollision transport accident. Do not code to undetermined since there is no statement that clearly establishes an investigation resulted in an undetermined verdict.

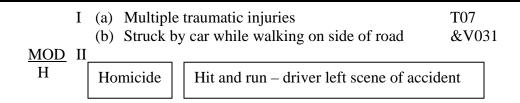
| <u>Place</u> | I (a) Multiple he | ad injuries | S097 |
|--------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 8 | (b) Car ran off | cliff | &Y32 |
| <u>MOD</u> | II Police report in | dicates possible suicid | le or accident. Verdict |
| C | pending. | | |
| | Undetermined | | |

Code I(a) as indexed. Code I(b) as indexed under Crash, transport vehicle, motor NEC, undetermined since there is a statement, which clearly establishes an investigation of "undetermined intent," is pending.

(2) When "homicide" is reported in the manner of death box with transport accidents, code the external cause as accidental unless a statement on the certificate clearly establishes an intentional act of homicide occurred.

| Place 8 | I (a) Multiple traumatic injuries(b) Decedent run over by vehicle | T07 &Y03 |
|------------|--|-------------|
| | several times in parking lot | |
| MOD H | | |
| 11 | Homicide | |

Code I(a) as indexed. Code I(b) as indexed under Assault, crashing of motor vehicle. Homicide is coded since there was evidence the victim was repeatedly run over.

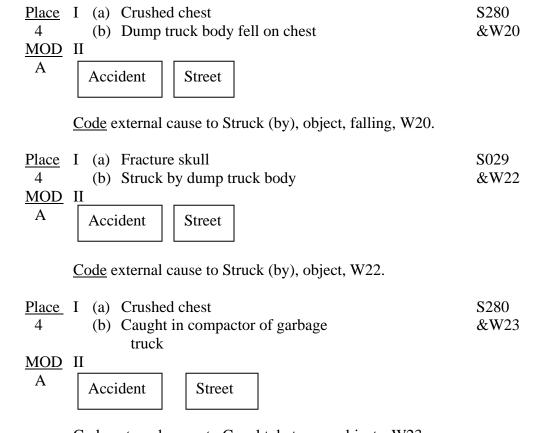


<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed. Code pedestrian struck by car on I(b). Do not code as homicide since there is no statement of intentional homicide.

(3) When "suicide" is reported in the manner of death box with transport accidents, code the external cause qualified as suicide.

e. Garbage /dump truck accidents

When accidents involving garbage/dump trucks are reported and information indicates the mechanism of the body or truck bed caused the injuries, assign the E-code based on reported information. Usually, the statement of events will be falling on, struck by, or caught in and external codes W20, W22, or W23 will be used.



<u>Code</u> external cause to Caught, between, objects, W23.

Part K

K. Falls

1. Other fall on same level (W18)

Code W18 if other or additional information is reported about the fall such as:

Fell from standing height

Fell moving from wheelchair to bed

Fell striking head

Fell striking object

Fell to floor

Fell while transferring from chair to bed

Fell while walking

Lost balance and fell

| <u>Place</u> | I (a) Fractu | ure right hip | S720 |
|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|------|
| 0 | II Lost balan | nce and fell to floor | &W18 |
| MOD A | Accident | Home | |

<u>Code</u> external cause to other fall on same level.

2. <u>Unspecified fall (W19)</u>

Code W19, unspecified fall, for terms such as:

Fall

Fell

Fell at a place

| <u>Place</u> | I (a) Fractur | S720 | | | | | |
|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | II Fell at nursing home & | | | | | | |
| MOD | | | • | | | | |
| A | Accident | Nursing Home | | | | | |

<u>Code</u> external cause to fall, unspecified.

L. Natural and environmental factors

1. Lightning

Code X33 only when the decedent is injured from direct contact with lightning.

Code injuries, such as stroke or shock, due to direct contact with lightning to T750.

Code burn(s) due to lightning to burn(s) (T200-T289, T300-T319).

| Place 9 | Ι | ` ′ | Shock Struck by lightning | T75 T75 | 0 0 &X33 |
|------------|---|-----|--|------------|-------------|
| Place 0 | Ι | (b) | Burns House fire House struck by lightning | T30 &X0 | |

When a secondary fire results from lightning, code to the fire. Do not enter a code for lightning.

2. Exposure, cold exposure and hypothermia

When exposure, cold exposure or hypothermia is reported anywhere on the record with another stated or implied external cause, code the nature of injury code (T68-T699, T758) and the E-code for the exposure, cold exposure or hypothermia (X599, X31). Do not modify the nature of injury code for exposure NOS. Ampersand the external cause code for the other event.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Exposure | T758 | X599 |) | |
|--------------|----|-------------------|---------------------------|------|------|--------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Intoxication with hip fx | T519 | &X4 | 5 S720 | |
| | II | | - | X590 | | | |
| Place 9 | Ι | (a) (b) (c) | Hypothermia with drowning | T68 | X31 | T751 | &W74 |

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning Natural and Environmental Factors

Part L

| Place 4 | I (a) Exposure (b) (c) | T758 | X83 | |
|------------|--|--------------|------------|------|
| MOD S | II Multiple fractures Suicide Jumped from bridge | T029 | &X80 | |
| Place | I (a) Exposure to cold | T699 | X31 | |
| 9 | (b) (c) II MVA | &V89 | 2 | |
| Place 9 | I (a) Exposure and hypothermia(b) Unconsciousness | T758 R402 | X31 | T68 |
| MOD A | (c) II Blunt trauma to head | S099 | &W18 | T758 |
| A | Accident Exposed to elements after fall | lling and | striking l | nead |
| Place 9 | (b) | T68 | X31 | |
| | (c) II Alcohol intoxication | T519 | &X45 | |

M. Firearms and firearm injuries

1. Coding specific types of firearms

The type of firearm involved in a death is identified at the three character level. Use the following guide to identify the type of firearm:

| Type Firearm | Accidental | Intentional Self-harm | Assault | Undetermined Intent |
|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| Handgun | W32 | X72 | X93 | Y22 |
| 25 Caliber | | | | |
| 32 Caliber | | | | |
| 38 Caliber | | | | |
| 45 Caliber | | | | |
| 357 Magnum | | | | |
| 380 Caliber | | | | |
| Pistol | | | | |
| Revolver | | | | |
| Saturday night special | | | | |
| Rifle, shotgun, larger firearm | W33 | X73 | X94 | Y23 |
| 25.06 (25 ought 6) | | | | |
| 30.6 (30 ought 6) | | | | |
| 30/30 | | | | |
| 308 | | | | |
| AK47 | | | | |
| M1 (carbine) | | | | |
| M14 | | | | |
| M16 | | | | |
| Machine gun | | | | |
| Rifle (army) (hunting) (military) | | | | |
| Shotgun (8, 10, 12, 16, 20, 410 | | | | |
| gauge, buckshot) | | | | |
| Other and unspecified firearms | W34 | X74 | X95 | Y24 |
| 9 mm | | | | |
| 22 Caliber gun | | | | |
| 30 Caliber gun | | | | |
| Airgun | | | | |
| BB gun | | | | |
| Pellet gun | | | | |
| Pellet pistol | | | | |
| Very pistol (Flare) | | | | |

Part M

2. External cause code

a.

| When reported as | <u>Code</u> |
|--|--|
| "playing with gun" NOS or "cleaning gun" NOS | external cause as accidental (W32-W34) |
| "playing Russian roulette" (whether or not stated suicide) | external cause as handgun accident (W32) |

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Gunshot wound of femur | S711 | &W34 |
|--------------|---|-----|------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Cleaning gun | T141 | |

Code as accidental since reported due to cleaning gun.

Place I (a) Gunshot wound chest S219 &W32 (b) Self-inflicted while playing Russian roulette

MOD II Suicide

<u>Code</u> as handgun accident since Russian roulette is reported.

Part M

3. Nature of injury code

a.

| <u>When</u> | <u>Is reported due to</u> | <u>Code</u> |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Injury NOS | any caliber bullet gun went off pulled trigger specified firearm | the nature of injury to wound |

Place I (a) Injury 9 (b) Rifle

b.

| When reported as | Code |
|--|--|
| Gunshot or bullet entering and/or exiting a site | the nature of injury to wound of site(s) |
| | |

 \underline{Place} I (a) Bullet entering chest &

S219 &W34 S212

(b) exiting back

c.

| When reported as | Code |
|---|--|
| Bullet (to site) Gunshot (to site) Shooting, shot (to site) Shotgun blast (to site) | the nature of injury to wound (of site(s)) |

Place I (a) Shot in head

S019 &W34

4. Other firearm examples

Place I (a) Gunshot wound chest

S219 &Y24

g

(b) Self-inflicted

<u>Code</u> as undetermined gunshot since self-inflicted is reported and is unspecified as accidental or intentional.

Place I (a) Gunshot injury chest

S219 &W34 S273

9

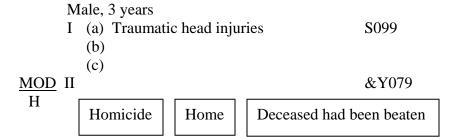
(b) and lung

 $\underline{\text{Code}}$ the nature of injury to wound of sites and external code to accidental gunshot wound

N. Child abuse, battering and other maltreatment (Y070-Y079)

Code to <u>Child battering and other maltreatment (Y070-Y079)</u> if the age of the decedent is under 18 years and the cause of death meets one of the following criteria:

1. The certifier specifies abuse, battering, beating, or other maltreatment, even if homicide is not specified.



2. The certifier specifies homicide and injury or injuries with indication of more than one episode of injury, i.e., current injury coupled with old or healed injury consistent with a history of child abuse.

| | Male, 1-1/2 year | ars | | |
|-------|------------------|---------------------------|-------|------|
| | I (a) Anoxic | encephalopathy | G931 | |
| | (b) Subdura | al hematoma | S065 | |
| | (c) Old and | recent contusions of body | T910 | T090 |
| MOD 1 | I | • | &Y079 | 9 |
| Н | Homicide | | | |

3. The certifier specifies homicide and multiple injuries consistent with an assumption of battering or beating, if assault by a peer, intruder, or by someone unknown to the child cannot be reasonably inferred from the reported information.

| | Female, 1 year | | |
|---------------------------------|--|------|-------|
| I (a) Massive internal bleeding | | T148 | |
| | (b) Multiple internal injuries | T065 | |
| | (c) | | |
| MOD 1 | II Injury occurred by child being struck | T149 | &Y079 |
| Н | | | |
| | Homicide | | |
| | | | |

Exception:

Deaths at ages under 18 years for which the cause of death certification specifies homicide and an injury occurring as an isolated episode, with no indication of previous mistreatment, should not be classified to Y070-Y079. This excludes from Y070-Y079 deaths due to injuries specified to be the result of events such as shooting, stabbing, hanging, fighting, or involvement in robbery or other crime, because it cannot be assumed such injuries were inflicted simply in the course of punishment or cruel treatment.

| Female, I year | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| <u>Place</u> I (a) Hypovole | emic shock | T794 |
| 0 (b) Laceration | on of heart | S268 |
| (c) Multiple | stab wounds thorax | S217 &X99 |
| MOD II Stabbed with | kitchen knife by mother | T141 |
| Н | | |
| Homicide | Home | |
| | | |

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning Guides for Differentiating Between Effects of External Causes Classifiable to Chapters I - XVIII and Chapters XIX

Part O

O. <u>Guides for differentiating between effects of external causes classifiable to Chapters I - XVIII and Chapter XIX</u>

Categories in Chapters I-XVIII and XIX are mutually exclusive. Where provision has been made for coding effects of an external cause to Chapters I-XVIII, do not use a nature of injury code.

The effects of external causes classifiable to Chapters I-XVIII are primarily those associated with drugs, medicaments and biological substances, surgical procedures, and other medical procedures. Refer to Section V, Part R, <u>Complications of medical and</u> surgical care (Y40-Y84).

A limited number of conditions that can result from other external causes, e.g., certain localized effects of fumes, vapors and nonmedicinal chemical substances and respiratory conditions from aspiration of foreign substances are also classified to Chapters I-XVIII. It is intended that Chapters I-XVIII be used to identify the localized effects and the substance be identified by the external cause code in Chapter XX.

To determine if the conditions reported due to external causes, other than drugs, medicaments, and biological substances, surgical procedures, and other medical procedures, are classified to localized effects in Chapters I-XVIII or to the nature of injury in Chapter XIX – look up the stated condition in the Index and scan the listing under this condition for qualifying terms that relate to the reported external cause. For example, to determine whether pneumonia due to aspiration of vomitus should be coded to Chapter X or to Chapter XIX, look up "Pneumonia, aspiration, due to, food (regurgitated), milk, vomit." This determination cannot be made by looking up "Aspiration." Where there is provision in the Index for coding a condition due to an external cause to Chapter I-XVIII, take the external cause into account if it modifies the coding.

I (a) Pneumonia &J690 (b) Aspiration of vomitus W78

<u>Code</u> Pneumonia, aspiration, due to vomit. Code "aspiration of vomitus" as an external cause code only.

I (a) Pneumonia &J690 (b) Aspiration W80 (c) Cancer of lung C349

<u>Code</u> Pneumonia, aspiration. Code I(b) "aspiration" as an external cause code only.

SECTION V

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning Guides for Differentiating Between Effects of External Causes Classifiable to Chapters I - XVIII and Chapters XIX

Part O

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | &J690 |
|---|-----|------------|-------|
| | (b) | Asphyxia | W80 |
| | (c) | Aspiration | |

Code Pneumonia, aspiration. Code I(b) external cause code only.

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | &J680 |
|---|-----|------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Smoke inhalation | X00 |

II House fire

<u>Code</u> Pneumonia, in (due to), fumes and vapors (J680). Code I(b) external cause code only.

| Ι | (a) | Acute pulmonary edema | &J681 |
|---|-----|------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Inhaled gasoline fumes | X46 |

<u>Code</u> Edema, pulmonary, acute, due to, chemicals fumes or vapors (J681). Code I(b) external cause code only.

| Place I | (a) Pneumonia | J189 | |
|---------|---------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | (b) Cardiac arrest | I469 | |
| | (c) Aspiration of vomitus | T179 | &W78 |

<u>Code</u> each entity as indexed. Do not code the pneumonia on I(a) due to aspiration of vomitus since it is reported due to another condition.

P. Threats to breathing

Certain effects of external causes can be classified to more than one nature of injury code depending on the type of external cause. Some of these effects are "anoxia," "asphyxia," "aspiration," "choking," "compression of neck," "obstruction of a site," "strangulation," "stricture of neck," and "suffocation."

The most frequently reported external causes which result in these effects are "aspiration, ingestion, and inhalation of objects and substances," "drowning," "fires," "fumes, gases and vapors," "hanging," "mechanical strangulation and suffocation," and "submersion."

The following pages contain tables that are used as guides in coding these types of external causes and effects.

In general, if the specific external cause is not in Tables 1-5, it will most likely be in Table 6, which contains the most frequently reported external causes which result in asphyxia, suffocation, etc. If not in any of the tables, code the effect as indexed.

| Table | Title | |
|---------|---|--|
| Table 1 | Drowning and submersion | |
| Table 2 | *Hanging and mechanical strangulation (by external means) | |
| Table 3 | Fires (includes burns, gases, fumes in association with burns and fires) | |
| Table 4 | Ingestion, inhalation of gases, fumes, vapors (without fires, burns) | |
| Table 5 | Compression chest, crushed chest by external means | |
| Table 6 | Aspiration NOS, ingestion NOS, inhalation NOS or aspiration, ingestion, inhalation of substances or objects (W78, W79, W80) | |

*NOTE: Interpret mechanical strangulation as strangulation caused by external means to the exterior of the body.

 Table 1.
 Drowning and submersion

| Instruction | When | Is reported due to | Code |
|-------------|--|------------------------|--|
| 1 | anoxia asphyxia strangulation suffocation | drowning submersion | upper line T751 and the appropriate external cause code. |
| | | | lower line T751 only. |

| Instruction | When | Is reported on the same | Code |
|-------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| | | line with | |
| 2 | anoxia | drowning | T751 and the |
| | asphyxia | submersion | appropriate |
| | strangulation | | external cause |
| | suffocation | | code. |

Table 1. Drowning and submersion

| | | | | Examples | S | | | Corresponding Table and Instruction |
|----|------------|----|------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. | Place | I | (a) | Asphyxia | | T751 | &W69 | 1.1 |
| | 8 | | (b) | Drowning | | T751 | | |
| | MOD A | II | (c) | | | T751 | | |
| | | | | Accident | Drowned wh | ile swimn | ning in river | |
| 2. | | I | (a) | Asphyxia | | T751 | &V909 | 1.1 |
| | | | (b) | Strangulati | on | T751 | | |
| | MOD | | (c) | Drowning | | T751 | | |
| | A | II | | | | | | |
| | | | | Accident | Lake | Boat ov | erturned | |
| 3. | Place | I | (a) | Anoxia | | T751 | &W70 | 1.1 |
| | 8 | | (b) | Drowning | | T751 | | |
| | MOD | | (c) | | | | | |
| | A | II | | | 1 | | | |
| | | | | Accident | Fell into la | ke | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 4. | Place 9 | I | | Drowning - | - asphyxia | T751 | &W74 | 1.2 |
| | MOD | | (b) (c) | | | | | |
| | A A | II | (0) | | | | | |
| | 7 1 | 11 | ı | | 7 | | | |
| | | | | Accident | | | | |

 Table 2. Hanging and mechanical strangulation (by external means)

| Instruction | When | Is reported due to | Code |
|-------------|--|--|---|
| 1 | asphyxia strangulation suffocation | hanging mechanical strangulation (by external means) compression of neck | upper line T71 and the appropriate external cause code. |

| Instruction | When | Is reported on the record with | Code |
|-------------|--|---|--|
| 2 | asphyxia strangulation suffocation | hanging mechanical strangulation (by external means) compression of neck | the asphyxia, strangulation, suffocation, T71 followed by the appropriate external cause code. |
| | | | T71 only where the hanging, mechanical strangulation, compression of neck is reported. |

| Instruction | When | Is reported | Which is reported | Code |
|-------------|--|--|--|---|
| | | due to | due to | |
| 3 | asphyxia strangulation suffocation | asphyxia strangulation suffocation | the external means of the mechanical strangulation (such as: ligature, rope around neck, sheet) | uppermost line to T71 and the appropriate external cause code. the next lower line to T71. |
| | | | | lower line blank. |

| Instruction | When | Is reported due to | Code |
|-------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 4 | compression of neck | hanging mechanical strangulation | upper line T71 only. |
| | stricture of neck | (by external means) suffocation | lower line T71 and the appropriate external cause code. |

 Table 2. Hanging and mechanical strangulation (by external means)

| Examples | | Corresponding Table and Instruction |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Γ71 &X70 Γ71 | 2.1 |
| 0 (b) Strangulation TMOD (c) Hanging T | Γ179 W78 Γ71 &X70 Γ71 Γ71 | 2.1 and 6.9 |
| ` ' 1 2 | Γ71 &V499 Γ71 | 2.1 |
| 9 (b) <u>MOD</u> (c) | Γ71 &X70 Γ71 | 2.2 |
| | Γ71 &W75 Γ71 | 2.3 |
| 9 (b) Hanging T MOD (c) | Γ71 Γ71 &Χ91 Γ71 | 2.4 |

 Table 2.
 Hanging and mechanical strangulation (by external means)

| Instruction | When | Is reported on the record with | Code |
|-------------|--|---|--|
| 5 | compression of neck stricture of neck | hanging mechanical strangulation (by external means) suffocation | compression of neck, stricture of neck to T71 only. T71 followed by the appropriate external cause code for the hanging, mechanical strangulation, suffocation. |

Part P

Table 2. Hanging and mechanical strangulation (by external means)

| | | Examples | Corresponding Table and Instruction |
|----|------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| 7. | | I (a) Compression of neck T71 | 2.5 |
| | 9 | (b) | |
| | <u>MOD</u> | (c) | |
| | Н | II Strangulation by cord around neck T71 &X91 | |
| | | Homicide | |

Table 3. Fires (includes burns, gases, fumes in association with burns and fires)

| Instruction | When | Is reported due to | | Code |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | |
| 1 | asphyxia suffocation | ingestion, inhalation | of gas, fumes, or vapors (carbon monoxide, products of combustion, smoke) | the asphyxia, suffocation to the nature of injury code for the gas, fumes, vapor and the appropriate external cause code for the fire where required. |
| | | with | | lower line to the appropriate nature of |
| | | mention of a fire (specified) | | injury code for the gas, fumes, vapor. |

| Instruction | When | Is reported on the record with | | Code |
|-------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| 2 | asphyxia suffocation | ingestion, inhalation | of gas, fumes, or vapors (carbon monoxide, products of combustion, smoke) | the asphyxia, suffocation to the nature of injury code for the gas, fumes, vapor and the appropriate external cause code for the fire where required. |
| | | with mention of a fire (specified) | | the appropriate nature of injury code for the gas, fumes, vapor where |
| | | (1 | | reported. |

| Instruction | When | Is reported due to | Code |
|-------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| 3 | asphyxia suffocation | burns NOS (any degree) (any percentage) (any site) | upper line T300 and the appropriate external cause code. |

| Instruction | When | Is reported due to | Code |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| 4 | asphyxia suffocation | fire NOS specified fire | upper line T300 and the appropriate external cause code. |

Table 3. Fires (includes burns, gases, fumes in association with burns and fires)

| Examples | Corresponding Table and Instruction |
|---|---|
| 1. Place I (a) Suffocation T599 &X00 0 (b) Inhalation of products of combustion T599 MOD (c) A II T599 Accident Inhaled fumes in house fire | 3.1 |
| 2. Place I (a) Suffocation T598 &X09 9 (b) Smoke inhalation T598 MOD (c) Fire A II Accident | 3.1 |
| 3. Place I (a) Asphyxia – carbon monoxide T58 &X00 0 (b) MOD (c) A II Accident Home House fire | 3.2 |
| 4. Place I (a) Asphyxia T300 &X04 0 (b) Burns of chest and face T210 T200 MOD (c) A II Accident Home Ignition of kerosene | 3.3 |
| 5. <u>Place</u> I (a) Suffocation T300 &X00 9 (b) 3° burns MOD (c) A II Accident Burning Bldg. | 3.3 |

Table 3. Fires (includes burns, gases, fumes in association with burns and fires)

| Instruction | When | Is reported on the record with | Code |
|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| 5 | asphyxia suffocation | fire NOS specified fire | the asphyxia, suffocation T300, followed by the appropriate external cause code for the fire. |

Table 3. Fires (includes burns, gases, fumes in association with burns and fires)

| | | F | Example | | | Corresponding Table and Instruction |
|----|------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------|------|-------------------------------------|
| 6. | Place 0 | (a) (b) (c) | Asphyxia, fire in house | T300 | &X00 | 3.5 |

 Table 4.
 Ingestion, inhalation of gases, fumes, vapors (without fires, burns)

| Instruction | When | Is reported due to | Code |
|-------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | asphyxia suffocation | ingestion of gas, fumes, or vapors | upper line to the appropriate nature of injury code for the gas, fumes, or vapor and the appropriate external cause code. |
| | | | lower line to the appropriate nature of injury code for the gas, fumes, or vapor. |

| Instruction | When | Is reported | Code | |
|-------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| 2 | asphyxia suffocation | ingestion inhalation | of gas, fumes, or vapors | the appropriate nature of injury code for the gas, fumes, or vapor and the appropriate external cause code. |

Part P

Table 4. Ingestion, inhalation of gases, fumes, vapors (without fires, burns)

| Examples | | | Corresponding Table and Instruction |
|--|----------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Place I (a) Asphyxia | T58 | &X67 | 4.1 |
| 0 (b) Inhalation of carbon monoxide | T58 | | |
| <u>MOD</u> (c) | | | |
| S II | T58 | | |
| Suicide Home Inhaled car exhaust f | rumes in | garage | |
| 2. Place I (a) Suffocation by inhalation | T598 | &X47 | 4.2 |
| 0 (b) of propane gas | | | |
| <u>MOD</u> (c) | | | |
| A II | T598 | | |
| | | | |
| Accident Home Inhaled propane ga | ıs | | |

Table 5. Compression chest, crushed chest by external means

| Instruction | When | Is reported due to | Code |
|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---|
| 1 | asphyxia suffocation | crushed chest | upper line S280 plus the appropriate external cause code. |

| Instruction | When | Is reported due to | Code |
|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|
| 2 | asphyxia suffocation | compression chest | upper line S299 plus the appropriate external cause code. lower line S299. |

Table 5. Compression chest, crushed chest by external means

| | Examples | Corresponding Table and Instruction |
|----------|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1. | I (a) Asphyxia S280 &V892 | 5.1 |
| MOD | (b) Crushed chest(c) MVA | |
| A | II | |
| | Accident Street MVA | |
| 2. Place | I (a) Suffocation S299 &W30 | 5.2 |
| 7 | (b) Compression chest S299 | |
| MOD | (c) Tractor accident | |
| A | II Accident Farm Tractor overturned on victim | |

Table 6. Aspiration NOS, ingestion NOS, inhalation NOS, or aspiration, ingestion, inhalation of substances or objects (W78, W79, W80)

EXCLUDES: Ingestion, inhalation of drugs and poisonous substances

| Instruction | When | Is reported due to | Code |
|-------------|---|---|--|
| 1 | asphyxia aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a | aspiration NOS ingestion NOS inhalation NOS | upper line to T17 plus appropriate fourth character and the appropriate external cause code (W78, W79, W80). |
| | site strangulation suffocation | aspiration of substances or objects | lower line to T17 with appropriate fourth character. |
| 2 | asphyxia aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site strangulation suffocation | foreign body in a site (such as: blood, food, gum, medicine, mucus, vomitus) | upper line to T17 plus appropriate fourth character and the appropriate external cause code (W78, W79, W80). lower line to T17 with appropriate fourth character. |
| 3 | asphyxia aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site strangulation suffocation | foreign body NOS (such as: blood, food, gum, medicine, mucus, vomitus) | upper line to T17 plus appropriate fourth character and the appropriate external cause code (W78, W79, W80). |

Table 6. Aspiration NOS, ingestion NOS, inhalation NOS, or aspiration, ingestion, inhalation of substances or objects (W78, W79, W80)

EXCLUDES: Ingestion, inhalation of drugs and poisonous substances

| | | | Corresponding Table and Instruction | | | |
|----|------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|------|-------------------|
| 1. | Place 9 | I (a) (b) (c) II |) Aspiration of food | T179 T179 | &W79 | 6.1 |
| 2. | Place 9 | I (a) (b) (c) II | Bolus of meat in throat | T172 T172 | &W79 | 6.2 |
| 3. | Place 9 | | Obstruction of trachea Bolus of meat | T174 | &W79 | 6.3 |
| 4. | Place 9 | I (a) (b) (c) II |) Aspiration | T179 T179 | &W78 | 6.1 and 6.3 |

Table 6. Aspiration NOS, ingestion NOS, inhalation NOS, or aspiration, ingestion, inhalation of substances or objects (W78, W79, W80)

EXCLUDES: Ingestion, inhalation of drugs and poisonous substances

| 4 asphyxia aspiration NOS ingestion NOS ingestion NOS ingestion NOS ingestion NOS obstruction of a site occlusion of a site aspiration ingestion suffocation 5 asphyxia aspiration of substances or objects 5 asphyxia aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site occlusion of a site occlusion of a site occlusion of a site strangulation suffocation 6 asphyxia aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site strangulation suffocation 6 asphyxia aspiration choking obstruction of a site strangulation suffocation 6 asphyxia aspiration choking obstruction of a site strangulation suffocation 6 asphyxia aspiration choking obstruction of a site site occlusion of a site occlusion occlusi | Instruction | When | Is reported on the same line with | Code |
|--|-------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site strangulation suffocation 5 | 4 | asnhyxia | | on the same line T17 |
| choking obstruction of a site occlusion strangulation suffocation foreign body in a site (such as: blood, food, gum, choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a sit | | 1 * * | | , |
| obstruction of a site occlusion of a site occlusion of a site aspiration ingestion suffocation 5 | | | | |
| site occlusion of a site strangulation suffocation Site occlusion of a site strangulation suffocation Substances or objects Substances or objec | | _ | illialation NOS | |
| occlusion of a site aspiration substances or objects 5 | | | 0.79 | |
| site strangulation suffocation 5 | | | or | |
| strangulation suffocation Substances or objects Substances or objects | | | asmination of | ` ' |
| suffocation inhalation or objects Suffocation Inhalation or objects | | ~~~~ | 1 - | W /9, W 80). |
| 5 asphyxia aspiration choking obstruction of a site strangulation suffocation 6 asphyxia aspiration choking obstruction of a site strangulation suffocation 6 asphyxia aspiration choking obstruction of a site strangulation site occlusion of a site occlusion occlusion of a site occlusion occlusi | | | _ | |
| aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a suffocation 6 | | suffocation | inhalation or objects | |
| aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a suffocation 6 | | T | | |
| choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site strangulation suffocation foreign body NOS (such as: blood, food, gum, choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site occlusion of a site obstruction of a site occlusion oc | 5 | | | |
| obstruction of a site occlusion of a site strangulation suffocation 6 | | | , | |
| site occlusion of a site strangulation suffocation 6 | | | medicine, mucus, vomitus) | fourth character |
| occlusion of a site strangulation suffocation 6 | | obstruction of a | | and the appropriate |
| site strangulation suffocation 6 asphyxia aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site strangulation site strangulation foreign body NOS on the same line, T17 with appropriate fourth character and the appropriate external cause code (W78, W79, W80). | | site | | external cause |
| strangulation suffocation 6 | | occlusion of a | | code (W78, W79, |
| suffocation 6 asphyxia aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site strangulation suffocation foreign body NOS (such as: blood, food, gum, medicine, mucus, vomitus) foreign body NOS (such as: blood, food, gum, medicine, mucus, vomitus) suffocation foreign body NOS (such as: blood, food, gum, medicine, mucus, vomitus) suffocation on the same line, T17 with appropriate fourth character and the appropriate external cause code (W78, W79, W80). | | site | | W80). |
| 6 asphyxia aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site strangulation aspiration (such as: blood, food, gum, medicine, mucus, vomitus) fourth character and the appropriate external cause code (W78, W79, W80). | | strangulation | | |
| aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site strangulation (such as: blood, food, gum, medicine, mucus, vomitus) (such as: blood, food, gum, medicine, mucus, vomitus) fourth character and the appropriate external cause code (W78, W79, W80). | | suffocation | | |
| aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site strangulation (such as: blood, food, gum, medicine, mucus, vomitus) (such as: blood, food, gum, medicine, mucus, vomitus) fourth character and the appropriate external cause code (W78, W79, W80). | | | | , |
| aspiration choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site strangulation (such as: blood, food, gum, medicine, mucus, vomitus) (such as: blood, food, gum, medicine, mucus, vomitus) fourth character and the appropriate external cause code (W78, W79, W80). | 6 | asphyxia | foreign body NOS | on the same line, T17 |
| choking obstruction of a site occlusion of a site site site site strangulation medicine, mucus, vomitus) fourth character and the appropriate external cause code (W78, W79, W80). | | | (such as: blood, food, gum, | with appropriate |
| obstruction of a site external cause code (W78, W79, with strangulation and the appropriate external cause with the special cause and the appropriate external cause code (W78, W79, with with the special cause code (W78, with the special cause code (with the special cause code (w | | | | |
| site occlusion of a site site strangulation site strangulation external cause code (W78, W79, W80). | | | | and the appropriate |
| occlusion of a site w80). | | site | | |
| site w80). | | occlusion of a | | |
| strangulation | | | | |
| | | | | |
| I SHITOCATION | | suffocation | | |

Table 6. Aspiration NOS, ingestion NOS, inhalation NOS, or aspiration, ingestion, inhalation of substances or objects (W78, W79, W80)

EXCLUDES: Ingestion, inhalation of drugs and poisonous substances

| | | Corresponding Table and Instruction | | | | |
|----|------------|-------------------------------------|--|------|------|-----|
| 5. | Place 9 | I | (a) Asphyxia by aspiration of vomitus(b)(c) | T179 | &W78 | 6.4 |
| 6. | Place 9 | I | (a) Choked by peanut obstructing(b) trachea(c) | T174 | &W79 | 6.5 |
| 7. | Place 9 | I II | (a) Choked on chicken bone(b)(c) | T179 | &W79 | 6.6 |
| 8. | Place 9 | I II | (a) Obstruction airway by bolus of food(b)(c) | T179 | &W79 | 6.6 |

Table 6. Aspiration NOS, ingestion NOS, inhalation NOS, or aspiration, ingestion, inhalation of substances or objects (W78, W79, W80)

EXCLUDES: Ingestion, inhalation of drugs and poisonous substances

| Instruction | When | Is reported due to | Code |
|-------------|--|--------------------------------|---|
| 7 | aspiration NOS aspiration of substan strangulation NOS strangulation by substances | a disease | upper line T17 plus appropriate fourth character and the appropriate W78, W79, W80 if not previously coded. |
| | 1 | I | |
| 8 | aspiration NOS | vomiting | upper line T179, W78. |
| | | | lower line R11. |
| | | | |
| 9 | aspiration NOS | injuries (other | upper line T17 plus |
| | ingestion NOS | than those | appropriate fourth |
| | inhalation NOS | classified to | character. Also, code |
| | or | T17-) and/or an external cause | the appropriate W78, W79, W80 if not |
| | | (other than W78, | previously coded. |
| | aspiration of | W79, W80) | |
| | ingestion substance | ces | lower line as indexed. |
| | inhalation or object | ets | |

Table 6. Aspiration NOS, ingestion NOS, inhalation NOS, or aspiration, ingestion, inhalation of substances or objects (W78, W79, W80)

EXCLUDES: Ingestion, inhalation of drugs and poisonous substances

| | | | Examples | | | Corresponding Table and Instruction |
|-----|-------|------|-----------------------|-------|------|-------------------------------------|
| 9. | | | a) Aspiration | T179 | &W80 | 6.7 |
| | 9 | | b) C.V.A | I64 | | |
| | | II | c) | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 10. | Place | Ι (a | a) Aspiration | T179 | &W78 | 6.8 |
| | 9 | | o) Vomiting | R11 | | |
| | | | e) | | | |
| | | II | | | | |
| 11. | Place | I (a | a) Choked | T179 | W80 | 6.1 |
| | 9 | , |) Aspiration of blood | T179 | | and |
| | | | c) Crushed chest | S280 | | 6.9 |
| | | II C | Car vs. Pedestrian | &V031 | | |
| 12. | Place | Ι (a | a) Aspiration | T179 | W80 | 6.9 |
| | 9 | , | o) Drowning | T751 | &W74 | |
| | MOD | | c) | | | |
| | A | II _ | | | | |
| | | | Accident | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Part Q

Q. Poisoning

When poisoning (any) is reported, code nature of injury code and external cause code for the substance.

When poisoning by fumes, gas, liquids, or solids is reported, refer to Index under "Poisoning (acute)" to determine the nature of injury code for the substance.

To determine the external cause code when a poisonous substance is ingested, inhaled, injected, or taken, refer to the description of such circumstances (acts) for example, Ingestion, Inhalation, or Took.

When a condition is reported due to poisoning and the Index provides a code for the condition qualified as "toxic," use this code. If the Index does not provide a code for the condition qualified as "toxic," code the condition as indexed.

1. Poisoning by substances other than drugs

Assume poisoning (self- inflicted) by a substance to be accidental unless otherwise indicated.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Aplastic anemia | D612 | |
|--------------|---|-----|-------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Benzene poisoning | T521 | &X46 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) Anemia, aplastic, toxic. Code I(b) to nature of injury and external cause code for benzene poisoning from Table of Drugs and Chemicals.

| Place | I | (a) | Toxic poisoning | T659 | &X46 |
|-------|---|-----|------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Drank turpentine | T528 | |

<u>Code</u> I(a), nature of injury code for poison NOS and the most specific external cause code (turpentine) taking into account the entire certificate. Code nature of injury for turpentine on I(b).

a. Carbon monoxide poisoning

Code carbon monoxide poisoning from motor vehicle exhaust gas to noncollision motor vehicle accident (traffic) according to type of motor vehicle involved unless there is indication the motor vehicle was not in transit. Consider statements of "sleeping in car," "sitting in parked car," "in parked car" or place stated as "garage" to indicate the motor vehicle was "not in transit." Assume "not in transit" in self-harm (intentional) and self-inflicted cases.

I (a) Carbon monoxide poisoning T58 &V892 (b) (c)

II Motor vehicle exhaust gas T58

Code I(a) nature of injury for carbon monoxide and most specific external cause. Code external cause to person injured in unspecified motor vehicle accident, traffic. Refer to Table of land transport accidents under Victim and mode of transport. Select occupant of motor vehicle (traffic), noncollision transport accident. Code nature of injury for exhaust gas in Part II.

Place I (a) Poisoned by carbon monoxide T58 &X47
9 II Sitting in parked car

<u>Code</u> I(a) nature of injury and external cause for carbon monoxide from Table of drugs and chemicals. The external cause includes poisoning by gas, motor exhaust, not in transit.

Place I (a) Carbon monoxide inhalation T58 &X67
5 II Found in garage. Suicide.

<u>Code</u> I(a) nature of injury and external cause for carbon monoxide from Table of drugs and chemicals. The external cause includes intentional self-harm poisoning by gas, motor exhaust, not in transit.

b. Inhalation and sniffing sprays and aerosol substances

When inhalation of sprays, aerosol substances, etc. is reported, code to the appropriate accidental poisoning category for the external cause.

Exceptions:

"Glue sniffing" and "cocaine sniffing" are indexed to mental and behavioral disorders due to psychoactive substance use (F181, F142).

| Place 1 | (a) Toxicity | (a) Toxicity | | | | | | |
|---------|---------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------|--|--|--|--|
| 0 | (b) Inhalati | (b) Inhalation of aerosol substance | | | | | | |
| | (c) | | | | | | | |
| MOD 1 | I Breathed "I | PAM" (freo | n) in plastic bag | T535 | | | | |
| A | Accident | Home | | | | | | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) nature of injury code for toxicity as indexed. Code external cause to accidental inhalation of freon gas or spray (X46), the specific substance indicated by the certifier. Code nature of injury for aerosol on I(b) and freon in Part II.

c. Intoxication by certain substances or toxic poisoning due to disease

When ammonia intoxication (NH^3) , carbon dioxide intoxication $(C0^2)$, or toxic poisoning is reported due to a disease, **do not** code to poisoning. When due to a disease, code ammonia intoxication to R798, carbon dioxide intoxication to R068, and toxic poisoning to R688.

| I | (a) | Ammonia intoxication | R798 |
|---|-----|----------------------|------|
| | (b) | Cirrhosis of liver | K746 |

Code I(a) as indexed, Intoxication, ammonia, due to disease (R798).

| I | (a) | Carbon dioxide intoxication | R068 |
|---|-----|-----------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Chronic pulmonary emphysema | J439 |

Code I(a) as indexed, Intoxication, carbon dioxide, due to disease (R068).

| I | (a) | Toxic poisoning | R688 |
|---|-----|-----------------|------|
| | (b) | Gastroenteritis | A099 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed, Poisoning, toxic, from a disease (R688).

- d. Condition qualified as "toxic" with poisoning reported
 - (1) When a condition is qualified as "toxic" and there is indication of poisoning on the certificate, code the external cause code for the poisoning where the "toxic" is reported, followed by the condition code. If the Classification provides a code for the condition qualified as "toxic," use this code. If no provision is made for qualifying the condition as toxic, code to the unspecified code for the condition.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Toxic nephritis | &X48 | N144 |
|--------------|----|----------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | II | Organophosphate poisoning, | T600 | |
| | | accidental | | |

<u>Code</u> most specific external cause code on I(a) where toxic is reported followed by condition code for toxic nephritis as indexed. Code nature of injury for organophosphate in Part II.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Toxic GI hemorrhage | &X49 | K922 |
|--------------|---|-----|---------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Carbolic acid | T540 | |

<u>Code</u> most specific external cause code on I(a) where toxic is reported followed by condition code for GI hemorrhage as indexed. The Classification does not provide a code for GI hemorrhage qualified as toxic. Code nature of injury for carbolic acid on I(b).

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Toxic diarrhea | &X48 | K521 |
|--------------|----|--------------------|------|------|
| 9 | II | Rat poison | T604 | |

<u>Code</u> most specific external cause code on I(a) where toxic is reported followed by condition code for toxic diarrhea as indexed. Code nature of injury for rat poison in Part II.

(2) When a condition is qualified as "toxic" and there is no indication of poisoning on the certificate, code the condition as indexed to the unspecified code.

| Τ , | (a) | Toxic anemia | D612 |
|-----|-----|--------------|------|
| 1 (| (a) | Toxic aneima | D012 |

<u>Code</u> toxic anemia as indexed since there is no indication of poisoning on the certificate.

2. <u>Poisoning by drugs</u>

a. When the following statements are reported, see Table of Drugs and Chemicals and code as accidental poisoning unless otherwise indicated.

Interpret all these statements to mean <u>poisoning</u> by drug and code as poisoning whether or not the drug was given in treatment:

Drug taken inadvertently
Lethal (amount) (dose) (quantity) of a drug
Overdose of drug
Poisoning by a drug
Toxic effects of a drug
Toxic reaction to a drug
Toxicity (of a site) by a drug
Wrong dose taken accidentally
Wrong drug given in error

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Cardiac arrest | I469 | |
|--------------|---|-----|--------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Digitalis toxicity | T460 | &X44 |
| | | (c) | Congestive heart failure | I500 | |

<u>Code</u> digitalis toxicity to digitalis poisoning. Code nature of injury and external cause code for digitalis poisoning on I(b). Do not ampersand a disease condition when poisoning from a drug occurs while the drug is being administered for medical reasons.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Shock | R578 | |
|--------------|---|-----|------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Insulin overdose | T383 | &X44 |
| | | (c) | Diabetes | E149 | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) shock, toxic since reported due to poisoning. Code insulin overdose to insulin poisoning. Code nature of injury and external cause code for insulin poisoning on I(b). Do not ampersand a disease condition when poisoning from a drug occurs while the drug is being administered for medical reasons.

b. Interpret the term "intoxication by drug" to mean poisoning by drug unless indicated or stated to be due to drug therapy or as a result of treatment for a condition (refer to Section V, Part R, 1, (6), "<u>Intoxication by drug" due to drug therapy</u>).

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Respiratory failure | J969 | |
|--------------|----|-------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) Drug intoxication | T509 | &X44 |
| | II | Ingested undetermined | T509 | |
| | | amount of drugs | | |

<u>Code</u> "drug intoxication" to poisoning when there is no indication the drug was given for therapy. Code I(b) nature of injury and external cause code for drug poisoning. Code nature of injury code for drug NOS in Part II.

c. When poisoning by drug NOS is reported in Part I and a specified drug is reported in Part II, code the external cause code to the specified drug.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Took overdose of drug | T509 | &X41 |
|--------------|----|---------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | II | Overdose of barbiturates | T423 | |

<u>Code</u> "took overdose of drug" as accidental unless otherwise specified. Code I(a) nature of injury for drug NOS and external cause code to the specified drug reported in Part II. Code nature of injury for barbiturates in Part II.

d. When a condition is qualified as "toxic" or "drug induced" and there is indication of drug poisoning on the certificate, code the external cause code for the drug poisoning where the "toxic" or "drug induced" is reported, followed by the condition code. If the Classification provides a code for the condition qualified as "toxic" or "drug induced," use this code. If no provision is made for qualifying the condition as "toxic" or "drug induced," whichever applies, code to the unspecified code for the condition. Code the nature of injury code for poisoning by the specified drug.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Toxic hemolytic anemia | &X41 D594 |
|--------------|---|----------------------------|-----------|
| 9 | | (b) Levodopa toxicity | T428 |

<u>Code</u> most specific external cause on I(a) where toxic is reported followed by condition code for toxic hemolytic anemia as indexed. Code nature of injury for levodopa on I(b).

When a condition is qualified as "toxic" and there is no indication of drug poisoning on the certificate, code the condition as indexed.

When a condition is qualified as "drug induced" and there is no mention of drug poisoning on the certificate, code as a complication of drug therapy (refer to Section V, Part R, 1, (5), "<u>Drug induced" complications</u>).

- e. Poisoning by combination of drugs (X40-X44)
 - (1) When poisoning by a combination of drugs is stated or indicated to be accidental, intentional self-harm (suicide), or undetermined code as follows:
 - (a) When poisoning by a combination of drugs classified to the same external cause code is reported, use that external cause code.
 - Place I (a) Doxepin and barbiturate overdose T430 &X41 T423

 Code external cause code to X41 since both doxepin and barbiturates are indexed to this code. Code nature of injury for each drug reported.

<u>Code</u> external cause code to X6l since both doxepin and prozac are indexed to this code. Code nature of injury for each drug reported.

(b) When poisoning from a single drug is reported in Part I with a combination of drugs in Part II, code the external cause code for the drug reported in Part I. Code the nature of injury for each drug reported.

Place I (a) Acute barbiturate intoxication T423 &X41
9 II Took unknown amount of T423 T390

MOD barbiturates and aspirin

Accident

<u>Code</u> external cause code to X41, accidental poisoning by barbiturates, the single drug reported in Part I. Code nature of injury for barbiturates on I(a) and for barbiturates and aspirin in Part II.

(c) When poisoning by a combination of drugs classified to different external cause codes is reported and (b) does not apply, use the following external cause codes when the manner of death is reported as:

Accident ----- Code X44, Accidental poisoning by and exposure to other and unspecified drugs, medicaments and biological

substances.

Intentional self-harm --- Code X64, Intentional self-poisoning by (Suicide) and exposure to other and unspecified

and exposure to other and unspecified drugs, medicaments and biological

substances.

Undetermined ----- Code Y14, Poisoning by and exposure to

other and unspecified drugs, medicaments and biological substances, undetermined

intent.

Place I (a) Drug intoxication T509 &X44

(b) Digitalis, cocaine T460 T405

The external cause code for accidental poisoning by digitalis is X44 and for cocaine is X42. Since the drugs are assigned to different external cause codes, code X44, Accidental poisoning by and exposure to other and unspecified drugs, medicaments and biological substances. Code nature of injury for each drug reported.

Part Q

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Drug toxicity | T509 | &X64 |
|--------------|---|--------------------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) Overdose of salicylates | T390 | T423 |
| MOD | П | (c) and seconal Overdose of drugs | T509 | |
| S | | Suicide | | |

<u>The</u> external cause code for intentional self-harm (suicide) by salicylates is X60 and for seconal, X61. Since the drugs are assigned to different external cause codes, code X64, Intentional self poisoning by and exposure to other and unspecified drugs, medicaments and biological substances. Code nature of injury for each drug reported.

| <u>Place</u> I | (a) Darvon and promazine | T404 &Y14 T433 |
|----------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| 9 | (b) intoxication | |
| MOD I | I Drug intoxication | T509 |
| C | Undetermined | |

<u>The</u> external cause code for poisoning of undetermined intent by darvon is Y12 and for promazine, Y11. Since the drugs are assigned to different external cause codes, code Y14, Poisoning by and exposure to other and unspecified drugs, medicaments and biological substances, undetermined intent. Code nature of injury for each drug reported.

3. Percentage of drug(s) in blood

When a percentage (%) of any drug(s) in the blood is reported, code the nature of injury code for the drug if there is mention of drug poisoning elsewhere on the record.

When a complication is reported due to a percentage (%) of any drug(s), code as a complication of drug therapy unless otherwise indicated.

When a percentage (%) of any drug(s) in the blood is reported without mention of drug poisoning or a complication, do not enter a code for the drug.

| <u>Place</u> | I (a) Gunshot wound brain | S069 | &X74 |
|--------------|----------------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | II .05 mg. barbiturates in blood | | |
| MOD S | Suicide | | |

<u>Since</u> there is no mention of poisoning or a complication of the barbiturates, **do not** enter a code for the percentage of drug in the blood.

4. Poisoning by alcohol and drugs

When alcoholism or alcohol poisoning (any F10-, R780, R826, R893, T510-T519) is reported in Part I with drug poisoning in Part I, code the alcohol to the appropriate code (F10-, R780, R826, R893, T510-T519), the nature of injury code for the drug and code the appropriate external cause code for the drug preceded by an ampersand. If alcohol poisoning is reported, code the external cause code for alcohol also, but do not precede this code with an ampersand. Interpret the following statements to mean poisoning by alcohol and drugs and code the appropriate E-code for alcohol poisoning:

Alcohol and drug interaction
Alcohol and drug synergism
Combination of alcohol and drugs
Combined action alcohol and drugs
Combined effects of alcohol and drugs
Mixed effects of alcohol and drugs
Synergistic effects of alcohol and drugs

| Place I | (a) Combined effects of alcohol | T519 | X45 | T509 | &X44 |
|---------|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| 9 | (b) and drugs | | | | |
| MOD I | Ingested alcohol and drugs | F109 | T509 | | |
| A | Accident | | | | |

<u>Interpret</u> I(a) as alcohol poisoning and drug poisoning. Code the nature of injury and external cause for the alcohol and drugs. Precede the E-code for the drugs with an ampersand. In Part II, code the ingested alcohol as indexed. Code nature of injury for drugs as last entry.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Alcohol ingestion | F109 | |
|--------------|---|-----|--------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Barbiturate intoxication | T423 | &X41 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) alcohol ingestion as indexed and code the nature of injury and external cause for barbiturate intoxication on I(b).

Part Q

| Place I | (a) Alcoholism | | F102 | | | |
|------------|------------------|----------|------|-----|------|------|
| 9 II | Alcohol and bark | oiturate | T519 | X45 | T423 | &X41 |
| <u>MOD</u> | intoxication | | | | | |
| A | | | | | | |
| | Accident | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

<u>Code</u> alcoholism as indexed in Part I. Code the nature of injury and external cause for the alcohol and barbiturate intoxication in Part II. Precede the Ecode for the drug with an ampersand.

| Place I | (a) Barbiturate toxicity | T423 | &X61 |
|------------|--------------------------|------|----------|
| 9 II | Barbiturate and | T423 | T519 X65 |
| <u>MOD</u> | alcohol intoxication | | |
| S | Suicide | | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) nature of injury for barbiturate T423 and external cause code X61 for suicidal barbiturate toxicity. Precede the E-code for barbiturate with an ampersand. Code the nature of injury and external cause for barbiturate and alcohol intoxication as indexed Part II.

| <u>Place</u> | I (a) Poisoning by alcohol | T519 | &X4 | 5 |
|--------------|-------------------------------|------|-----|------|
| 9 | II Toxic levels of heroin and | T401 | X44 | T424 |
| | flunitrazepam | | | |

<u>Code</u> I (a) nature of injury for alcohol, T519 and external cause X45. Precede the E-code for alcohol with an ampersand. Code the nature of injury and external cause for the heroin and flunitrazepam in Part II.

5. Intoxication (acute) NOS

When intoxication (acute) NOS is reported, code the nature of injury code for alcohol as indexed and the appropriate external cause for alcohol poisoning.

When intoxication (acute) NOS is reported "due to" drugs or poisonous substances, code the intoxication to the nature of injury code for the first substance reported in the "due to" position.

Exception:

Intoxication (acute) NOS "due to" drug(s) with indication the drug was being given for therapy.

<u>Code</u> intoxication as indexed to T519 and code the external cause code for alcohol poisoning X45. Precede the external cause code with an ampersand.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Acute in | toxication | T404 | | | |
|--------------|----|--------------|---------------------|------|------|------|-----|
| 9 | | (b) Darvon | & alcohol poisoning | T404 | &X62 | T519 | X65 |
| <u>MOD</u> | II | | | | | | |
| S | | Suicide | | | | | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) T404, the nature of injury code for darvon since this is the first substance reported in the "due to" position. Code I(b) to the nature of injury and external cause code for darvon poisoning and alcohol poisoning. Precede the external cause code for darvon poisoning with an ampersand. Do not ampersand external cause code for alcohol poisoning.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Intoxicati | on | T58 | |
|--------------|----|-----|------------|---------------------|-----|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Carbon m | nonoxide inhalation | T58 | &X47 |
| <u>MOD</u> | II | | | | | |
| A | | Aco | cident | | | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) T58, the nature of injury for the substance (carbon monoxide) reported in "due to" position. Code I(b) to the nature of injury and external cause code for carbon monoxide inhalation. Precede the external cause code with an ampersand.

NOTE: See Appendix H for additional drug examples.

Part R:

R. Complications of medical and surgical care (Y40-Y84)

Code any complication, abnormal reaction, misadventure to patient, or other adverse effect that occurred as a result of or during medical care except obstetrical procedures to the appropriate category in Chapters I-XIX, but take into account the medical care if it modifies the code assignment. Assign the appropriate external cause (E-code) pertaining to the medical care regardless of whether the complication is classified to Chapters I-XVIII or to Chapter XIX.

The E-code distinguishes between:

- 1. Drugs, medicaments and biological substances causing adverse effects in therapeutic use (Y40-Y59).
- 2. Misadventures to patients during surgical and medical care (Y60-Y69).
- 3. Surgical and other medical procedures as the cause of abnormal reaction of the patient, or of later complication, without mention of misadventure at the time of the procedure (Y83-Y84).

<u>Use of ampersand</u> (More than one instruction may apply)

1. Always precede the condition that necessitated the medical or surgical care with an ampersand the first time it is reported. Generally, the first condition on the lowest used line will be the reason for medical care.

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J958 |
|---|-----|----------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Surgery | Y839 |
| | (c) | Pulmonary hemorrhage | R048 |
| | (d) | Lung cancer | &C349 |

2. Precede the external cause (Y40-Y84) with an ampersand **if the complication** is classified to Chapter XIX (T80-T88).

| I | (a) | Pulmonary embolism | T817 |
|---|-----|--------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Surgery | &Y839 |

3. Precede the first complication with an ampersand **if the complication** is classified to Chapter I-XVIII and the condition requiring medical or surgical care is **NOT** reported.

| I | (a) | Renal failure | &N19 |
|---|-----|---------------|------|
| | (b) | Drug therapy | Y579 |

4. If the medical or surgical care was administered for an injury, precede the code for the external cause of the injury with an ampersand.

| | Ι | (a) | Pneumonia | J958 |
|--------------|---|-----|-----------------|------|
| <u>Place</u> | | (b) | Surgery | Y839 |
| 9 | | (c) | Fracture of hip | S720 |
| | | (d) | Fall | &W19 |

5. If two or more conditions for which the medical or surgical care could be administered are reported and the reason for treatment cannot be determined, precede the first condition with an ampersand.

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J958 | |
|----|-----|--------------------------|-------|------|
| | (b) | Surgery | Y839 | |
| II | Lur | ng cancer, gastric ulcer | &C349 | K259 |

6. If the medical care was administered for diagnostic purposes, precede the code for the condition that was found or confirmed by the diagnostic finding with an ampersand the first time it is reported.

| I | (a) | Cerebral edema | G978 |
|---|-----|----------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Cerebral arteriogram | Y848 |
| | (c) | Brain tumor | &D432 |

- 1. <u>Drugs, medicaments and biological substances causing adverse effects in therapeutic use (Y40-Y59)</u>
 - a. Complications of drugs

Although almost any condition reported due to drug therapy is regarded as a complication, there are a few diseases that are not considered complications. The drug therapy (Y40-Y59) is not coded when there is no evidence of a complication.

Interpret "due to drug therapy" as a condition(s) on an upper line with drug therapy as the first condition on the next lower line.

- (1) The following are not regarded as complications of drug therapy.
 - (a) These conditions due to drug therapy:

| Infectious and parasitic diseases | A000-A309, A320-A329, A360-A399, A420-A449, A481-A488, A500-A690, A692-B199, B250-B349, B500-B942, B949 (EXCEPT: Antineoplastic drugs Y431-Y433; Immunosuppressive agents Y434) B200-B24 |
|--|--|
| Neoplasms | C000-D45, D47-D489 |
| Diabetes | E10-E14 (EXCEPT: Steroids Y425, Y427) |
| Hemophilia | D66-D682 |
| Alcoholic disorders | E244, E52, F101-F109, G312, G405, G621, G721, I426, K292, K700-K709, K860, L278, R780, R826, R893 |
| Rheumatic fever or rheumatic heart disease | I00-I099 |
| Arteriosclerosis and arteriosclerotic conditions | |

Part R

| Influenza | J09-J118 |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| Hernia | K400-K469 |
| Congenital malformations | Q000-Q999 |

This is not an all inclusive list.

I (a) Lung cancer C349

(b) Drug therapy

<u>Since</u> lung cancer is not considered a complication of drug therapy, no code is assigned for I(b).

I (a) Pancytopenia D619 (b) Lung cancer chemotherapy C349

<u>Do</u> not code the chemotherapy since there is no reported complication. Lung cancer is the first condition on the next lower line.

(b) Any condition stated as congenital, familial, hereditary, idiopathic or conditions with a duration that predates the drug therapy.

I (a) Congenital cardiomyopathy I424

(b) Drug therapy

<u>Do</u> not code the drug therapy since conditions stated as congenital cannot be considered as complications.

I (a) Nephritis 6 months N059

(b) Drug therapy 2 months

Reject 1

 $\underline{\text{Do}}$ not code the drug therapy on I(b). The nephritis cannot be considered as a complication since it occurred prior to the drug therapy.

(2) Code any condition classifiable to Chapters I-XVIII that could result from a drug, medicament, or biological substance (including anesthesia) known or presumed to have been properly administered to the appropriate category in these chapters.

If the Classification provides a code for the condition reported as "due to drug" or "drug induced," use this code. If no provision is made for the condition reported as "due to drug" or "drug induced," code to the unspecified code for the condition.

When a condition classifiable to Chapters I-XVIII is reported due to a drug reaction (named drug) NOS, e.g., insulin reaction, code the condition as indexed and code the drug reaction to the external cause code.

Classify only those complications that cannot be assigned to Chapters I-XVIII to Chapter XIX (T80.-, T88.-).

I (a) Respiratory and cardiac arrest &R092 I469

(b) Local anesthesia reaction Y483

<u>Code</u> the conditions reported on I(a) as complications of local anesthesia since the local anesthesia is presumed to have been properly administered. Precede the first complication with an ampersand. Since a complication is reported, assign only an external cause on I(b) indicating Adverse effect in therapeutic use.

I (a) Drug reaction

T887 &Y400

(b) Penicillin

<u>Code</u> the drug reaction on I(a) to nature of injury and external cause since no specified complication is reported. Precede the E-code with an ampersand. Do not enter a code for penicillin on I(b) since it was coded on I(a).

I (a) Encephalitis &G040 (b) Measles vaccination Y590

<u>Code</u> the encephalitis as a complication of the measles vaccine since the measles vaccine is presumed to have been properly administered. Encephalitis is indexed following vaccination or other immunization procedure. Precede the complication (G040) with an ampersand. Code the measles vaccination to Y590, Adverse effect in therapeutic use.

Part R

| I | (a) | Pulmonary embolism | I269 | |
|---|-----|-------------------------------|------|-------|
| | (b) | Estrogen to control excessive | Y425 | &N920 |

(c) menses

<u>Code</u> the pulmonary embolism as a complication of the estrogen since the estrogen is presumed to have been properly administered. Code the estrogen as Adverse effect in therapeutic use and excessive menses as indexed. Precede the code for excessive menses with an ampersand to indicate the condition requiring treatment.

- (3) Unless there are indications to the contrary, assume the drug, medicament, or biological substance was used for medical care purposes and was properly administered in correct dosage. **Do not** make this assumption **if:**
 - The drug was one which is not used for medical care purposes, e.g., LSD or heroin,

or

- It was an analgesic, sedative, narcotic or psychotropic drug (or combination thereof) or drug NOS
 AND the certifier indicated the death was due to an "accident" "suicide" or it occurred under "undetermined circumstances,"
- One or more of these drugs was taken in conjunction with alcohol

Code to poisoning (refer to Section V, Part Q, 2, Poisoning by drugs).

| <u>Place</u> | I (a) Respiratory failure | J969 |
|--------------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| 9 | (b) Ingestion of mixed sedatives | T426 &X41 |
| MOD A | Accident | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed. Code I(b) nature of injury and external cause code for accidental poisoning by mixed sedatives. Code as poisoning since the drug is a sedative <u>and</u> the certifier indicated the death was due to an accident. Precede the E-code with an ampersand.

| <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Cerebral anoxia | G931 | |
|--------------|----|-----|---------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) | Ingestion of barbiturates | T423 | &X41 |
| | II | Ha | d been drinking | F109 | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed. Code I(b), accidental ingestion of barbiturates since the drug is a sedative <u>and</u> it was taken in conjunction with alcohol. Precede the E-code with an ampersand. Code Part II as indexed.

(4) When the condition for which the drug is usually administered is reported elsewhere on the certificate, code this condition as indexed, preceded by an ampersand to identify the condition requiring treatment.

| I | (a) Hemorrhage | K922 |
|----|-----------------------|-------|
| | (b) Ulcer of stomach | K259 |
| | (c) Cortisone therapy | Y420 |
| II | Scleroderma | &M349 |

<u>The</u> ulcer of the stomach is the complication of the cortisone therapy. Code the E-code for cortisone on I(c). Since cortisone is used in treatment of scleroderma, precede this condition with an ampersand.

When a complication occurs as the result of a drug being given in treatment and the condition requiring the drug is <u>not</u> reported elsewhere on the certificate, **do not** assume a disease condition.

When a complication classifiable to Chapters I-XVIII occurs as the result of a drug being administered in therapeutic use <u>and</u> the condition requiring the treatment is not reported, place an ampersand preceding the code for the complication.

| I | (a) | Renal failure | &N19 |
|---|-----|----------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Ingested antidiabetic drug | Y423 |

<u>The</u> renal failure on I(a) is the complication of the antidiabetic drug. Code the E-code for antidiabetic drug on I(b). **Do not** assume a disease condition requiring therapy even though antidiabetic drug is one used in the treatment of diabetes. Precede the complication with an ampersand.

(5) "Drug induced" complications

When a condition is stated to be "drug induced," consider the condition to be a complication of drug therapy, unless otherwise indicated. Code as follows:

(a) If the complication is classified to Chapter I-XVIII, code the E-code for the drug, followed by the code for the complication.

| I (a) Drug induced aplastic anemia | Y579 D611 |
|------------------------------------|-----------|
| II Carcinoma of lung | &C349 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) Y579, complication of an unspecified drug, and the "drug induced aplastic anemia" as indexed. Ampersand the carcinoma of lung as the condition requiring treatment.

I (a) Drug induced polyneuropathy

Y579 &G620

<u>Code</u> I(a) Y579, complication of an unspecified drug, and the "drug induced polyneuropathy" as indexed. Place an ampersand preceding the code for the complication.

(b) If the complication is classified to Chapter XIX, code the nature of injury code for the complication followed by the E-code for the drug. Place an ampersand preceding the E-code.

I (a) Chloramphenicol induced reaction T887 &Y402

(b) Septicemia &A419

<u>Code</u> I(a) as a complication of the drug (named). Code the nature of injury for the complication followed by the E-code for the named drug. Place an ampersand preceding the E-code and the septicemia to indicate the condition requiring treatment.

(6) "Intoxication by drug" due to drug therapy

When "intoxication by drug" is reported or indicated to be treatment for a condition or due to drug therapy, consider these to be complications of drug therapy, <u>not poisoning.</u>

I (a) Cardiac arrest I469
(b) Digitalis intoxication T887 &Y520
(c) ASHD &I251

<u>Code</u> the digitalis intoxication as drug therapy since it is indicated as treatment for a condition by its position on the record. Code the intoxication as indexed under Intoxication, drug, correct substance properly administered and the E-code for digitalis.

(7) Combined effects of two or more drugs

When a complication is reported due to the combined effects of two or more drugs, code the complication as indexed. On the next lower line, code the appropriate E-code (Y400-Y599). To determine the appropriate E-code, refer to the column for "Adverse effect in therapeutic use" in the Table of drugs and chemicals. (refer to Section V, Part R, 1 (3) when coded as poisoning)

(a) When the drugs are classified to different fourth characters of the same three-character category, code the appropriate E-code with the fourth character for "other."

| I | (a) | Cardiac arrest | I469 |
|---|-----|---------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Valium and sleeping pills | Y478 |
| | (c) | Anxiety | &F419 |

<u>Code</u> I(b) to the appropriate E-code for the combined effects of two drugs in therapeutic use classified to the same three-character category.

(b) When the drugs are classified to different three-character categories, code the E-code to Y578, "Other drugs and medicaments."

| I | (a) Congestive heart failure | I500 | |
|----|-------------------------------|-------|------|
| | (b) Cor pulmonale | &I279 | |
| II | Hemorrhage from anticoagulant | R5800 | Y578 |
| | and aspirin | | |

<u>Code</u> Y578, the appropriate E-code for combined effect of two drugs in therapeutic use classified to different three-character categories.

(8) Complication of chemotherapy

(a) When a complication of chemotherapy is reported, code the complication as indexed and Y579 <u>unless</u> a malignancy is reported on the certificate. When the complication is classified to Chapters I-XVIII and the reason for the chemotherapy is not reported, precede the complication with an ampersand.

| I | (a) | Aplastic anemia | &D611 |
|---|-----|-----------------|-------|
| | (b) | Chemotherapy | Y579 |

<u>Code</u> I(a), aplastic anemia due to drugs (D611) and code I(b) Y579, adverse effect of unspecified drug in correct usage. Precede the complication with an ampersand.

(b) When a complication of chemotherapy is reported with mention of a <u>malignancy</u> on the certificate, consider the chemotherapy to be antineoplastic drugs and code E-code Y433.

| I | (a) | Purpura | D692 |
|---|-----|--------------|-------|
| | (b) | Chemotherapy | Y433 |
| | (c) | Leukemia | &C959 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed. Consider the chemotherapy on I(b) as antineoplastic drugs and code Y433. Ampersand the leukemia as the condition requiring treatment.

(9) Complications of immunosuppression

Immunosuppression can be drug therapy or a complication of drug therapy. Code immunosuppression as **drug therapy** unless reported **due to** a drug, then code as a complication of the drug (D849). If the drug is not reported elsewhere on the certificate, code Y434 for the immunosuppressive drug.

| I | (a) | Pneumonia and sepsis | J189 A | 1419 |
|---|-----|-------------------------------------|--------|------|
| | (b) | Immunosuppression | D849 | |
| | (c) | Chemotherapy for carcinoma of brain | Y433 | |
| | (d) | | &C719 | |

<u>Since</u> the immunosuppression is due to chemotherapy, consider as a complication. Ampersand the carcinoma of brain as the condition requiring treatment.

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| (a) Immunosuppression | D849 |
|----------------------------------|-------|
| (b) Vancomycin | Y408 |
| (c) Acute bacterial endocarditis | &I330 |

<u>Since</u> the immunosuppression is due to a drug, consider as a complication. Ampersand the acute bacterial endocarditis as the condition requiring treatment.

| I | (a) | Infection | B99 |
|---|-----|-----------------------|------|
| | (b) | Immunosuppression for | Y434 |
| | (c) | Carcinoma of prostate | &C61 |

<u>Consider</u> the infection as a complication of drug therapy (immunosuppression) on I(b). Ampersand the carcinoma of prostate as the condition requiring treatment.

| I | (a) | Cardiorespiratory arrest | I469 |
|---|-----|--------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Sepsis | A419 |
| | (c) | Immunosuppression for | Y434 |
| | (d) | Rheumatoid vasculitis | &M052 |

<u>Consider</u> the sepsis as a complication of drug therapy (immunosuppression) on I(c). Ampersand the rheumatoid vasculitis as the condition requiring treatment.

| I | (a) | Sepsis | A419 |
|---|-----|-------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Immunosuppression | Y427 |
| | (c) | Renal transplant | &N289 |

II Steroid therapy

<u>Consider</u> the sepsis as a complication of drug therapy (immunosuppression) on I(b). Code external cause code to steroids, the immunosuppressive drug reported elsewhere on the certificate. Code and ampersand Disease, kidney, as the condition for which the renal transplant was performed and the condition requiring the immunosuppressive drug.

| I | (a) | Respiratory arrest | R092 |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Septicemia | A419 |
| | (c) | Immunosuppression | Y434 |
| Π | I Renal transplant | | &N289 |

<u>Consider</u> the septicemia as a complication of drug therapy (immunosuppression) on I(c). In Part II, code and ampersand Disease, kidney, as the condition for which the renal transplant was performed and the condition requiring the immunosuppressive drug.

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| I | (a) Bacteremia | A499 |
|----|-------------------------------------|-------|
| | (b) Immunosuppression | Y434 |
| | (c) | |
| II | Idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura | &D693 |

<u>Consider</u> the bacteremia as a complication of drug therapy (immunosuppression) on I(b). Ampersand the idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura as the condition requiring treatment.

| Ι | (a) Cardiac arrest | I469 |
|----|-----------------------------|-----------|
| | (b) ASHD | I251 |
| | (c) | |
| II | D.M., AS, immunosuppression | E149 I709 |

<u>Do</u> not enter a code for the immunosuppression since there is not a reported complication.

(10) Drugs administered for one year or more

When a complication is reported due to a drug being administered for one year or more, consider the drug was given on a continuing basis. Code as a current complication; **do not** code as sequela.

| I | (a) | Hypercorticosteronism | E242 |
|---|-----|-----------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Steroids - 6 years | Y427 |
| | (c) | Arthritis | &M139 |

<u>Consider</u> the steroids as being administered on a continuing basis for six years. Code as a current complication of the drug. Code I(a) Hypercorticosteronism, correct substance properly administered (E242).

- 2. <u>Surgical procedures as the cause of abnormal reaction of the patient or later complication (Y83)</u>
 - a. Complications of surgical procedures

Although almost any condition reported <u>due to surgery</u> is regarded as a complication of surgery, there are few diseases that are not considered complications. The surgical procedure (Y83) is not coded when there is no evidence of a surgical complication.

Interpret "due to surgery" as a condition(s) on an upper line with a surgical procedure as the first condition on the next lower line.

- (1) The following are not regarded as complications of surgical procedures:
 - (a) These conditions reported due to surgery:

| Infectious and parasitic diseases | A000-A309, A320-A329, A360-A399, A420-A449, A481-A488, A500-A690, A692-B349, B500-B978 |
|---|---|
| Neoplasms | C000-D489 |
| Hemophilia | D66, D67, D680, D681, D682 |
| Diabetes | E10-E14 |
| Alcoholic disorders | E52, E244, F101-F109, G312, G405, G621, G721, K860, I426, K292, K700-K709, L278, R780, R826, R893 |
| Rheumatic fever or rheumatic heart disease | 100-1099 |
| Hypertensive diseases | I11-I139 |
| Coronary artery disease Coronary disease | I251 |
| Ischemic cardiomyopathy | 1255 |
| Chronic or degenerative myocarditis | I514 |

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| Arteriosclerosis and arteriosclerotic conditions except those classified to I219 | |
|--|------------------------|
| Calculus or stones of any type or site | |
| Influenza | J09-J118 |
| Hernia except ventral (incisional) | K400-K429 K440-K469 |
| Diverticulitis | K570-K579 |
| Rheumatoid arthritis | M050-M089 |
| Collagen diseases | M300-M359 |
| Congenital malformations | Q000-Q999 |

This is <u>not</u> an all inclusive list.

| I (a) Myocardial infarction | I219 |
|-----------------------------|------|
| (b) Arteriosclerosis | I709 |
| (c) Surgery | |

(c) Surgery

Since arteriosclerosis is not accepted as a complication of surgery, do not code the surgery.

| I | (a) | Diabetic gangrene | E145 |
|---|-----|-------------------|------|
| | (b) | Leg amputation | |

Do not code the leg amputation (surgery) since there is no indication of a surgical complication.

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|
| | (b) | Brain tumor removal | D432 |

Do not code the removal since there is no complication. Brain tumor is the first condition on the next lower line.

(b) Do not accept conditions with a duration which predates the surgery

I (a) MI 2 weeks I219

(b) Surgery 2 days

Reject 1

Do not code the surgery on I(b). Since the MI occurred before the surgery was performed it cannot be a complication.

(2) When a condition reported due to a **named** surgical (operative) procedure can be considered as a complication or abnormal reaction, code as follows:

STEP 1: Determine if the complication is in the Index qualified by the named surgery reported

| Ι | (a) | Lymphedema | I972 |
|---|-----|----------------|-------|
| | (b) | Postmastectomy | Y836 |
| | (c) | Breast cancer | &C509 |

Code I(a) using **Step 1**:

Lymphedema

- postmastectomy I97.2

| I | (a) | Hemorrhage | T828 |
|---|-----|------------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Coronary artery bypass graft | &Y832 |
| | (c) | Coronary heart disease | &I259 |

Code I(a) using **Step 1**:

Hemorrhage

- due to or associated with
- - device, implant or graft
- - heart NEC T82.8

[&]quot;Coronary" is not indexed, but is located in the heart; therefore, heart can be used in place of coronary.

NOTE: Before continuing to **STEP 2** (below), it is important to determine the nature of the named surgery.

| I | (a) | Hemorrhage | T828 |
|---|-----|---------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Cardiac revascularization | &Y832 |
| | (c) | Cardiovascular disease | &I516 |

Revascularization is defined as the re-establishment of adequate blood supply to a part, by means of a vascular graft. Code I(a) as indexed:

Hemorrhage

- due to or associated with
- - device, implant or graft
- - heart NEC T82.8

STEP 2: If the Index does not qualify the complication with the named surgery, determine if the complication is indexed under Complications (from) (of), surgical procedure.

| I | (a) | Hemorrhage | T810 |
|---|-----|----------------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Postlaminectomy | &Y836 |
| | (c) | Intervertebral disc degeneration | &M513 |

The Index does not qualify hemorrhage as postlaminectomy. Code I(a) as indexed:

Complications (from) (of)

- surgical procedure
- - hemorrhage or hematoma (any site) T81.0

Code I(b), as indexed under Complication, laminectomy.

| I | (a) | Intestinal obstruction | K913 |
|---|-----|------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Colostomy | Y833 |
| | (c) | Ulcerative colitis | &K519 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed:

Complications (from) (of)

- surgical procedure
- - intestinal obstruction K91.3

<u>Code</u> I(b), surgery, as indexed under Complications, colostomy. Code I(c), ulcerative colitis, as indexed and precede with an ampersand indicating the reason for the surgery.

STEP 3: If the Index does not qualify the complication with the named surgery nor is the complication indexed under Complications (from) (of), surgical procedures, determine if the named surgery is indexed under Complications (from) (of).

| I | (a) | Stroke | T828 |
|---|-----|--------------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Coronary artery bypass | &Y832 |
| | (c) | Arteriosclerotic heart disease | &I251 |

The Index does not qualify stroke with coronary artery bypass nor is stroke indexed under Complications, surgical procedures; therefore, <u>code</u> I(a) using **Step 3:**

Complications (from) (of)

- coronary artery (bypass) graft
- - specified NEC T82.8

Stroke is neither an infection nor an inflammation nor mechanical; therefore, select "specified NEC."

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| Ι | (a) | MI | T828 |
|---|-----|-----------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Postfemoral bypass graft | &Y832 |
| | (c) | Peripheral vascular disease | &I739 |

Code I(a) as indexed:

Complications (from) (of)

- graft
- - femoral artery (bypass) See Complications, graft, arterial

Complications (from) (of)

- graft
- - arterial
- - specified NEC T82.8

<u>Code</u> I(b), Y832, as indexed under Complication, graft. Precede the E-code (Y832) by an ampersand.

I (a) Cerebral embolism T858 (b) Bypass &Y832

Code I(a) as indexed:

Complications (from) (of)

- bypass (see also Complications, graft)

Complications (from) (of)

- graft
- - specified NEC T85.8

<u>Code</u> I(b), Y832, as indexed under Complications, bypass. Precede the E-code (Y832) by an ampersand.

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| I | (a) | Anemia | T858 |
|---|-----|-------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Gastrointestinal bypass | &Y832 |
| | (c) | Diverticulitis | &K579 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed:

Complications (from) (of)

- bypass (see also Complications, graft)

Complications (from) (of)

- graft
- - intestinal tract
- --- specified NEC T85.8

<u>Code</u> I(b), Y832, as indexed under Complications, bypass. Precede the E-code (Y832) by an ampersand. Code I(c), Diverticulitis, K579, as indexed. Precede the code (K579) by an ampersand to indicate the reason for surgery.

- (3) When a condition that is
 - (a) reported due to a **named** surgery cannot be assigned a code using **STEP 1- STEP 3** or
 - (b) reported due to a surgery (operation) (of a site) NOS, and can be considered as a complication or abnormal reaction, code as follows:
 - **STEP 4:** Determine if the complication is in the Index, qualified:
 - (a) as reported
 - (b) with any term meaning "due to" **surgery** (see Section II, Part C, 2, a, "<u>Due to</u>" written in or implied)
 - (c) as surgical or as complicating surgery
 - (d) as postoperative or postsurgical
 - (e) as postprocedural
 - (f) during or resulting from a procedure, so stated
 - (g) resulting from a procedure, so stated
 - I (a) Pulmonary insufficiency following &J952 (b) Surgery Y839

Code I(a) as reported using Step 4 (a):

Insufficiency

- pulmonary
- - following
- - surgery J952

Precede the code J952 by an ampersand. <u>Code</u> I(b), surgery, Y839, as indexed under Complication, surgical operation NEC.

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| I | (a) | Hypothyroidism | E890 |
|---|-----|-----------------|------|
| | (b) | Thyroid surgery | Y839 |
| | (c) | Thyroid cancer | &C73 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) using **Step 4 (b)**. Refer to "due to" list in Section II, Part C, 2, a, "Due to" written in or implied.

Hypothyroidism

- due to
- - surgery E890

Thyroid surgery is equivalent to surgery NOS.

I (a) Cardiac insufficiency T818 (b) Surgery &Y839

Code I(a) using Step 4 (c):

Insufficiency

- cardiac
- - complicating surgery T818

<u>Code</u> I(b), surgery, Y839, as indexed under Complication, surgical operation NEC. Precede the E-code (Y839) by an ampersand.

I (a) Pneumonia &J958 (b) Surgery Y839

<u>Code</u> I(a) using **Step 4 (d)**. Indexed as Pneumonia (see also Pneumonitis).

Pneumonitis

- postoperative J958

Precede the code J958 by an ampersand. <u>Code</u> I(b), surgery, Y839, as indexed under Complication, surgical operation NEC.

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I (a) Renal failure &N990 (b) Surgery Y839

Code I(a) using Step 4 (e):

Failure

- renal
- - postprocedural N99.0

Precede the code N990 by an ampersand. Code I(b), surgery, Y839, as indexed under Complication, surgical operation NEC.

I (a) Cerebral anoxia &G978 (b) Surgery Y839

Code I(a) using Step 4 (f):

Anoxia

- cerebral
- - during or resulting from a procedure G97.8

Precede the code G978 by an ampersand. <u>Code</u> I(b), surgery, Y839, as indexed under Complication, surgical operation NEC.

I (a) Anoxic brain damage &G978 (b) Surgery Y839

Code I(a) using Step 4 (g):

Damage

- brain
- - anoxic
- - resulting from a procedure G97.8

Precede the code G978 by an ampersand. Code I(b), surgery, Y839, as indexed under Complication, surgical procedure NEC. **STEP 5:** If the Index does not provide for the complication qualified with any of the terms defined in the previous steps, determine if the complication is indexed under Complications (from)(of), surgical procedure.

NOTE: If a "named" surgery is reported, this step has already been completed in **Step 2**.

I (a) Hyperglycemia &E891 (b) Surgery Y839

Code I(a) as indexed:

Complications (from) (of)

- surgical procedure
- - hyperglycemia E89.1

Precede the code E891 by an ampersand. <u>Code</u> I(b), surgery, Y839, as indexed under Complication, surgical operation NEC.

NOTE: Do not apply Step 6 when assigning a complication code for conditions classified to R00-R99.

STEP 6: If the Index does not provide for the complication as above, determine if:

- (a) the site of the complication is in the Index under Complications (from) (of), surgical procedure
- (b) the system in which the complication occurred (based upon the code assigned in the Index) is in the Index under Complications (from)(of), surgical procedure.

I (a) MI T818 (b) Surgery &Y839

Code I(a) using Step 6 (a):

Complications (from)(of)

- surgical procedure
- - cardiac T81.8

The site of a myocardial infarction is the muscle tissue of the heart which is synonymous with cardiac. Code I(b), surgery, Y839, as indexed under Complication, surgical operation NEC. Precede the E-code with an ampersand.

I (a) Uremia &N998 (b) Surgery Y839

Code I(a) using **Step 6 (b):**

Complications (from) (of)

- surgical procedure
- - genitourinary
- - specified NEC N99.8

Uremia NOS is indexed to N19 which indicates this condition is a specified disease in the genitourinary system.

| I | (a) | Mesenteric embolism | K918 |
|---|-----|---------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Gallbladder surgery | Y839 |
| | (c) | Gallstones | &K802 |

Code I(a) using **Step 6 (b)**:

Complications (from)(of)

- surgical procedure
- - digestive system
- --- specified NEC K91.8

Mesenteric embolism is indexed to K550 which indicates that this condition is a specified disease in the digestive system.

STEP 7: When a reported complication cannot be classified to a system which is indexed, code to T818, other complications of procedures, not elsewhere classified.

| Ι | (a) | Anemia | T818 |
|---|-----|---------|-------|
| | (b) | Surgery | &Y839 |

Anemia is not indexed as due to surgery or as postoperative. Anemia is a disease of the blood-forming organs and neither the term nor the body system is indexed under Complication (from) (of), surgical procedure.

Code I(a) as indexed:

Complications (from)(of)

- surgical procedure
- - specified NEC T81.8

<u>Code</u> I(b), surgery, Y839, as indexed under Complication, surgical operation NEC. Precede the E-code with an ampersand.

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| I | (a) | Cardiac arrest | I469 |
|---|-----|----------------|-------|
| | (b) | Brain death | T818 |
| | (c) | Surgery | &Y839 |

<u>Code</u> line I(b) using **Step 7**. Brain death is not a codable condition but can be a complication of surgery.

Complications (from) (of)

- surgical procedure
- - specified NEC T818

 $\underline{\text{Code}}$ I(c) surgery, Y839, as indexed under Complication, surgical operation NEC. Precede the E-code with an ampersand.

b. Condition necessitating surgery

(1) When a complication of surgery is reported and the underlying condition which necessitated the surgery is <u>stated</u> or <u>implied</u>, place an ampersand (&) preceding this condition to indicate the reason for surgery.

| I | (a) | Pulmonary embolism | T817 |
|---|-----|--------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Surgery for | &Y839 |
| | (c) | Gangrene of foot | &R02 |

<u>Code</u> the pulmonary embolism as the complication, Y839 for the surgery, and precede the code for gangrene with an ampersand to identify the reason for surgery. Precede the surgery code with an ampersand since the complication is coded to Chapter XIX.

(2) When the condition necessitating the surgery is <u>not stated</u> or <u>implied</u> and the complication is classifiable to Chapters I-XVIII, place an ampersand preceding the code for the complication.

| I | (a) | Renal failure | &N990 |
|---|-----|---------------|-------|
| | (b) | Surgery | Y839 |

<u>Code</u> I(a), renal failure, N990, as the complication of the surgery (Y839) on I(b). Precede the N990 with an ampersand since it is classified to Chapter I-XVIII and the reason for the surgery is not reported.

(3) **Do not** ampersand a condition necessitating surgery unless a complication of the surgical procedure is coded.

| I | (a) ASHD | I251 |
|----|---------------------------------|------|
| II | SP mastectomy, Cancer of breast | C509 |

Do not precede the reason for surgery, C509 with an ampersand since no complication of the mastectomy is reported.

(4) When the condition that necessitated the surgery is not reported, but the organ or site is implied by the operative term, code disease of the organ or site.

Exception:

Appendectomy

Code appendicitis (K37) when appendectomy is the only operative procedure reported. If appendectomy is reported with other abdominal or pelvic surgery, assume the appendectomy to be incidental to the other surgery and **do not** code K37.

Use the following codes when these surgical procedures are reported \underline{and} the condition necessitating the surgery is \underline{not} reported:

| Aorta (with any other vessel NEC) bypass or graft | I779 |
|---|--------|
| Aorta coronary bypass or graft | I251 |
| Atrio-ventricular shunt | G919 |
| Bariatric surgery | E668 |
| Billroth (I or II) | |
| Brock valvulotomy | Q223 |
| Cardiac revascularization | I251 |
| Carotid endarterectomy | I679 |
| Choledochoduodenostomy | K839 |
| Cholecystectomy | K829 |
| Cholelithotomy | K802 |
| Colostomy | K639 |
| Coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) | I251 |
| Coronary endarterectomy | I251 |
| Coronary revascularization | I251 |
| Endarterectomy (artery) (aorta) | I779 |
| Femoral bypass | I779 |
| Femoral-popliteal bypass | I779 |
| Gastrectomy | K3190 |
| Gastric stapling | E668 |
| Gastroenterostomy | K929 |
| Gastro-intestinal surgery NOS | K929 |
| Gastrojejunostomy | K929 |
| Gastrojejunectomy | K929 |
| Herniorrhaphycode | hernia |
| Hip fixation | S720 |
| Hip pinning | S720 |
| Hip prosthesis | M259 |
| Hip replacement | |
| Hysterectomy | N859 |
| Ileal conduit | |
| Ileal loop | N399 |
| Iliofemoral bypass | I779 |
| Lobectomy-when indicating lung | J9840 |
| Mammary artery(internal) implant | I251 |
| Nephrectomy | N289 |
| Revascularization of heart | I251 |
| Revascularization, myocardial | I251 |
| T and A | J359 |
| Thoracoplasty | J989 |
| Tonsillectomy | J359 |

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| Ureterosigmoid bypass | N399 |
|------------------------------|------|
| Ureterosigmoidostomy | N399 |
| Vein stripping | I839 |
| Ventricular peritoneal shunt | G919 |
| Vineberg operation | I251 |

When the condition that necessitated the surgery is not reported, do not assume a disease condition for surgical procedures such as the following:

| amputation | pelvic exenteration |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| arteriovenous shunt | portocaval shunt |
| chordotomy | radical neck dissection |
| craniotomy | rhizotomy |
| cystostomy | sympathectomy |
| D & C | tracheotomy |
| gastrostomy | tracheostomy |
| laminectomy | tubal ligation |
| laparotomy | vagotomy |
| lobectomy NOS | vasectomy |
| lobotomy | vas ligation |
| | |

If one of these types of procedures is the only entry on the certificate, code R99.

When the following complications of surgery are reported <u>and</u> the reason for the surgery is not reported, use the following codes as the reason the surgery was performed:

| | Reason for S <u>Code</u> | urgery | |
|--|-----------------------------|--------|-------|
| Postsurgical hypothyroidism | E079 | | |
| Postsurgical hypoinsulinemia | K869 | | |
| Postsurgical blind loop syndrome | K639 | | |
| Other and unspecified postsurgical malabsorption | K639 | | |
| I (a) Postsurgical blind loop syndro | me Y839 | K912 | &K639 |

When a complication is reported due to:

"Surgery" with the underlying condition that necessitated the surgery stated, code:

the complication to Chapters I-XIX, the surgery to the appropriate external cause code (Y83-) preceded by an ampersand, if required, and the underlying condition necessitating the surgery preceded by an ampersand.

| I | (a) | Hemorrhage | T810 |
|---|-----|-------------|-------|
| | (b) | Surgery | &Y839 |
| | (c) | Ca. of lung | &C349 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as postoperative hemorrhage (T810). Code the external cause code for the surgical procedure and precede by an ampersand. Code C349, cancer of lung and precede by an ampersand to identify the stated underlying condition for which surgery was performed.

| I (a) Pulmonary hemorrhage | R048 |
|---------------------------------|----------------|
| (b) Lung cancer | &C349 |
| II Pneumonia due to surgery for | J958 Y839 R048 |
| pulmonary hemorrhage | |

<u>Code</u> line I(a) and (b) as indexed. Precede cancer of lung with an ampersand to indicate the underlying reason for which surgery was performed. Since the first entry in Part II, pneumonia, is reported due to surgery, code as a complication of surgery.

"Surgery" with the condition which necessitated the surgery not stated <u>and</u> only one condition for which surgery could have been performed is reported, code:

the complication to Chapters I-XIX, the surgery to the appropriate external cause code (Y83-) preceded by an ampersand, if required. Since only one condition for which the surgery could have been performed is reported, code the condition and precede with an ampersand to identify the reason for the surgery.

| I | (a) Mesenteric thrombosis | K918 |
|----|---------------------------|-------|
| | (b) Surgery | Y839 |
| II | ASHD | &I251 |

<u>Code</u> mesenteric thrombosis as the complication of the surgery and code Y839 for the surgery. Since ASHD is the only condition on the certificate for which surgery could have been performed, precede the code for this condition by an ampersand.

"Surgery" with the condition which necessitated the surgery not stated and two or more conditions for which surgery could have been performed are reported, code:

the complication to Chapters I-XIX and the surgery to appropriate external cause code (Y83-) preceded by an ampersand, if required. Ampersand the first mentioned condition for which the surgery could have been performed.

I (a) Wound dehiscence T813
(b) Surgery &Y839

II Cancer of lung, gastric ulcer &C349 K259

<u>Code</u> I(a), wound dehiscence, T813, as the complication of the surgery and code I(b), surgery, Y839. Code Part II as indexed and precede the code for cancer of lung by an ampersand since it is the first mentioned condition for which the surgery could have been performed.

<u>"Surgery"</u> without indication of the condition which necessitated the surgery, code:

the complication to Chapters I-XIX, and the surgery to appropriate external cause code (Y83-) only. If the complication is classifiable to Chapters I-XVIII, precede the code for the complication with an ampersand.

I (a) Shock & hemorrhage T811 T810 (b) Surgery & Y839

<u>Code</u> I(a), shock and hemorrhage, T811 T810, both as complications of the surgery. Code I(b), surgery, Y839 and precede the code by an ampersand.

<u>Surgical procedure</u> such as **aneurysmectomy**, **cholelithotomy**, **hemorrhoidectomy** or **herniorrhaphy** which indicates the condition for which the surgery was performed, code:

the complication to Chapters I-XIX, the surgery to the appropriate external cause code (Y83-) preceded by an ampersand, if required, and code the condition implied by the surgery following the external cause code for the surgery. Place an ampersand preceding the code for the condition.

I (a) CHF I978

(b) Cholelithotomy Y838 &K802

<u>Code</u> I(a), CHF (congestive heart failure), as the complication of surgery. Code I(b), cholelithotomy, Y838 K802. Cholelithotomy indicates cholelithiasis (K802) was the condition for which surgery was performed. Precede K802 by an ampersand.

<u>Surgical procedure</u> that indicates an organ or site with <u>one</u> related condition for which the surgery could have been performed, code:

the complication to Chapters I-XIX, the surgery to the appropriate external cause code (Y83-) preceded by an ampersand, if required. Code the condition for which surgery could have been performed and precede with an ampersand.

| I (a) MI | T818 |
|---------------------------|-------|
| (b) Gastrectomy | &Y836 |
| II Bleeding gastric ulcer | &K254 |

<u>Code</u> I(a), MI, as the complication of the surgery. Code I(b), gastrectomy, Y836, as indexed and precede with an ampersand. Code Part II, bleeding gastric ulcer, as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate it was the condition for which surgery was performed.

| I | (a) | Cardiac arrest | T818 |
|----|-----|----------------|-------|
| | (b) | CABG | &Y832 |
| II | Hea | art disease | &I519 |

<u>Code</u> I(a), cardiac arrest, as the complication of the surgery. Code I(b), CABG, Y832 as indexed and precede with an ampersand. Code Part II, heart disease, as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate it was the condition for which surgery was performed.

<u>Surgical procedure</u> that indicates an organ or site without a related condition for which the surgery could have been performed, code:

the complication to Chapters I-XIX, the surgery to the appropriate external cause code (Y83-) preceded by an ampersand, if required, and code disease of the organ or site following the external cause code for the surgery. Place an ampersand preceding the code for the condition.

| I | (a) | Cardiac arrest | I469 | |
|---|-----|----------------|------|-------|
| | (b) | Pneumonia | J958 | |
| | (c) | Pancreatectomy | Y836 | &K869 |

<u>Code</u> I(a), cardiac arrest, as indexed. Code I(b), pneumonia, as the complication of the surgery. Code I(c), pancreatectomy, as indexed, and since the surgery indicates a disease of the pancreas, code this as the reason for surgery. Precede K869 by an ampersand.

Prophylactic or nontherapeutic surgery, code:

the complication to Chapters I-XIX, and the surgery to the appropriate external cause code (Y83-) preceded by an ampersand, if required. Do not assume or ampersand a disease condition. When the complication is classifiable to Chapters I-XVIII, precede the code for the complication with an ampersand.

| I | (a) | Sepsis | A419 |
|---|-----|-------------|-------|
| | (b) | Infection | T814 |
| | (c) | Liposuction | &Y838 |

II

<u>Code</u> I(a), sepsis, as indexed. Code I(b), infection, as the complication of the nontherapeutic surgery. Code I(c) as a specified type of surgical operation.

c. Conditions qualified as postoperative

(1) When the following postoperative terms or a synonymous term qualifies a <u>condition</u>, determination must be made as to whether the condition is a surgical complication or the condition for which the surgery was performed.

| p.o | postoperative | status postop |
|--------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| post-named surgery | status p.o. | status postoperative |
| (postgastrectomy) | status post-named surgery | status post surgery |
| postop | (status post gastrectomy) | |

(2) The following conditions are common complications of surgery. Code these conditions as postoperative complications when <u>preceded by</u> or <u>followed by</u> one of the postoperative terms except when it is stated elsewhere on the certificate as the reason the surgery was performed.

| abscess | hemorrhage, hematoma | sepsis |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| adhesions | infarction | septicemia |
| aspiration | infection | septic shock |
| atelectasis | occlusion | shock |
| bowel obstruction | peritonitis | thrombophlebitis |
| cardiac arrest | phlebitis, phlebothrombosis | thrombosis |
| embolism | pneumonia | wound infection |
| fistula | pneumothorax | |
| gas gangrene hemolysis, hemolytic | renal failure (acute) | |

This list is not all inclusive.

infection

- (3) When "postoperative," "postop," "status postoperative," etc., qualifies (preceding or following) a complication:
 - (a) If the complication is classified to Chapters I-XVIII, code the external cause code followed by the code for the complication.
 - I (a) Pneumonia postgastrectomy Y836 J958 &K3190

<u>Code</u> pneumonia as the complication of surgery when reported as "postoperative" or a synonymous term. Since the reason for surgery is not stated, code disease stomach and precede by an ampersand to indicate the reason for surgery.

I (a) Postgastrectomy dumping syndrome Y836 K911 (b)

(c) Carcinoma of stomach &C169

Code I(a), Y836, as indexed under Complication, gastrectomy, and K911, as indexed under Syndrome, dumping. Code I(c) C169, as indexed under Neoplasm, stomach, malignant. Place an ampersand (&) preceding C169 to identify the underlying reason for surgery.

I (a) Pulmonary edema
(b) P.O. bowel obstruction
(c) Ca. of cecum

II Surgery for bowel obstruction

J958

Y839

K566

&C180

Code I(a), pulmonary edema, as the complication of surgery. Code I(b) to surgery Y839 and code bowel obstruction as indexed K566 since it is stated as the reason for surgery. Code I(c), cancer of cecum, as indexed and precede the code by an ampersand to indicate the underlying reason for surgery. Part II, do not enter a code for surgery since P.O. was reported on line (b) and a surgery code was entered there. Code bowel obstruction as indexed.

(b) If the complication is classified to Chapter XIX, code the nature of injury code followed by the external cause code.

| I | (a) | Sepsis and anuria | | | A419 | R34 |
|---|-----|-------------------|----------------|-------------|-------|-------|
| | (b) | P.O. peritonitis | | | T814 | &Y839 |
| | (c) | P.O. ca. of colon | \overline{c} | obstruction | &C189 | K566 |

<u>Code</u> peritonitis as the complication as indexed under Peritonitis, postprocedural, T814. Code Y839 for the procedure. Peritonitis is considered to be a complication of surgery when reported as "postop" and not reported as the reason for surgery. Place an ampersand preceding the surgery code and the cancer of colon to identify the underlying reason for surgery.

| I | (a) | Cardiac arrest | I469 | |
|---|-----|---------------------|------|-------|
| | (b) | Peritonitis, postop | T814 | &Y839 |

(c) Cholelithiasis &K802

Code I(a) as indexed. Code I(b), peritonitis, as the complication, T814 and Y839 for the procedure. Peritonitis is considered a complication of surgery when reported as "staus postop" and not reported as the reason for surgery. Precede the E-code with an ampersand. Code I(c), cholelithiasis, as indexed and precede the code by an ampersand to indicate the condition necessitating surgery.

| I | (a) MI postgastrectomy | T818 | &Y836 |
|----|------------------------|------|-------|
| II | Gastric ulcer surgery | &K25 | 9 |

Code I(a), M.I. postgastrectomy, T818 Y836. M.I. is considered to be a complication of surgery when reported as "postoperative" and not reported as the reason for surgery. Precede the E-code with an ampersand. Code Part II, gastric ulcer, K259 as indexed and precede the code by an ampersand to indicate the condition necessitating surgery. Do not enter a code in Part II for surgery since gastrectomy was reported on I(a) and the code was entered there.

Part R

I (a) Postoperative embolism T817 &Y836

(b) Appendectomy

(c) Acute appendicitis &K359

<u>Code</u> I(a), postoperative embolism, as indexed to T817 and Y836 as indexed under Complication, appendectomy. Precede the E-code with an ampersand. Code I(c), acute appendicitis, as indexed and precede the code by an ampersand to identify the underlying condition that necessitated surgery.

I (a) Heart failure I509 (b) ASHD &I251

II Thrombophlebitis, postoperative T817 &Y839

Code I(a) and I(b) as indexed. Code Part II, thrombophlebitis, postoperative, T817 Y839. Precede the E-code (Y839) by an ampersand. Thrombophlebitis is considered to be a complication of surgery when reported as "postoperative" and not reported as the condition that necessitated surgery. Precede the code on I(b), I251 (ASHD), by an ampersand to indicate the underlying condition necessitating surgery.

I (a) Pneumonia J189

(b) P.O. infection (wound) T814 &Y839

(c) Intestinal obstruction &K566

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed. Code I(b), p.o. infection (wound), T814 Y839. Precede the E-code with an ampersand. Infection is considered to be a complication of surgery when reported as "postop" and not reported as the reason for surgery. Code I(c), intestinal obstruction, K566 and precede the code by an ampersand to indicate the condition necessitating surgery.

- (c) When "postoperative intestinal obstruction" (any K560-K567) is reported and no condition which could have necessitated the procedure is reported:
 - (i) Code the postoperative intestinal obstruction as the condition which necessitated the surgical procedure if another condition is reported due to the postoperative obstruction.

I (a) Peritonitis T814

(b) Postoperative bowel &Y839 &K566

(c) obstruction

<u>Code</u> I(a), peritonitis, as the complication of surgery. Code I(b), postoperative bowel obstruction Y839 K566. Precede the E-code with an ampersand. Precede the K566 with an ampersand to indicate the condition necessitating surgery.

(ii) Code the postoperative intestinal obstruction to K913 as the complication if no other condition is reported due to postoperative obstruction.

I (a) Postoperative ileus Y839 &K913

<u>Code</u> I(a) Y839 K913. Precede K913 by an ampersand. Consider the postoperative ileus to be the complication since no other condition is reported due to this condition.

NOTE:

(4) <u>Status post</u> - When status post (s/p) qualifies a condition, disregard the statement of status post and code the condition as indexed. This applies whether or not surgery is mentioned elsewhere on the certificate.

| I | (a) | Cardiogenic shock | R570 | |
|---|-----|--|------|------|
| | (b) | Myocardial infarction | I219 | |
| | (c) | Ischemic heart disease; status post MI; CABG | I259 | I219 |

<u>Code</u> each condition as indexed. No code is entered for the surgery since no complication is reported. Assume the ischemic heart disease was the reason the CABG was performed.

SECTION V

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning Complications of Medical and Surgical Care

Part R

| I | (a) | S/P cardiac arrest | I469 |
|----|-----|-----------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Arteriosclerosis | I709 |
| II | S/P | gastrectomy, cancer stomach | C169 |

<u>Code</u> each condition as indexed. No code is entered for the surgery since no complication is reported.

| I | (a) | Status post MI | I219 |
|---|-----|----------------|------|
| | (b) | ASHD | I251 |

Code the MI as indexed.

- d. Complication as first entry on lowest used line in Part I
- (1) When one of the conditions listed below is reported as the first entry on the lowest used line in Part I with surgery (any) reported on same line or in Part II, code this condition as a complication of surgery.

Do not apply this instruction:

- (a) When the surgery is stated to have been performed 28 days or more prior to death.
- (b) When the condition on the lowest used line predates the surgery.
- (c) When the surgery is stated to have been performed for the condition reported as the first entry on the lowest line.

Acute renal failure

Aspiration

Atelectasis

Bacteremia

Cardiac arrest (any I469)

Disseminated intravascular coagulopathy (DIC)

Embolism (any site)

Gas gangrene

Hemolysis, hemolytic infection

Hemorrhage NOS

Infarction (any site)

Infection NOS

Occlusion (any site)

Phlebitis (any site)

Phlebothrombosis (any site)

Pneumonia (J120-J168, J180-J189, J690, J698)

Pneumothorax

Pulmonary insufficiency

Renal failure (acute) NOS

Septicemia (any A400-A419)

Shock (R570-R579)

Thrombophlebitis (any site)

Thrombosis (any site)

SECTION V

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning Complications of Medical and Surgical Care

Part R

| I | (a) Pneumonia | J958 |
|----|-------------------------------|------------|
| | (b) | |
| | (c) | |
| II | Diabetic gangrene, amputation | &E145 Y835 |

<u>Code</u> pneumonia as a complication of the amputation since it is the first entry on the lowest used line in Part I and surgery, <u>not</u> indicated to have been performed 28 days or more prior to death, is reported in Part II.

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 | |
|----|-----|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | (b) | Pulmonary embolism, gastrectomy | T817 | &Y836 |
| | (c) | | | |
| II | Ca | ncer of stomach | &C169 | |

<u>Code</u> pulmonary embolism as a complication of gastrectomy since it is the first entry on the lowest used line in Part I and gastrectomy, <u>not</u> stated to have been performed 28 days or more prior to death, is reported on the same line as the embolism.

Date of death 09/17/96

| I | (a) Pleural effusion | J90 | |
|----|------------------------------------|-------|------|
| | (b) Pulmonary embolism & pneumonia | T817 | J189 |
| | (c) | | |
| II | | &Y839 | |
| | Operation block | | |
| | <u>/ 9/15/96</u> / | | |

NOTE: When a date is entered in the operation block, code as if surgery was performed on that date.

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed. Code pulmonary embolism as the complication of surgery since this condition is the first condition on the lowest used line in Part I and surgery was performed less than 28 days prior to death.

I (a) Pulmonary infarction

I269

(b)

(c)

II Cardiac catheterization

Cardiac catheterization is not classified as a surgical procedure; therefore, do not code the pulmonary infarction as a complication.

(2) When any of the conditions listed below are reported as the first entry on the lowest used line in Part I and **abdominal or pelvic surgery** is reported on the same line or in Part II, code complication as indexed and the surgery to appropriate external cause code (Y83-) where it is indicated on the record by the certifier.

Peritonitis
Intestinal obstruction (K560-K567)

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 | |
|----|-----|------------------------------|------|-------|
| | (b) | Peritonitis | K659 | |
| | (c) | Intestinal obstruction | K913 | |
| II | Co | lostomy - ulcerative colitis | Y833 | &K519 |

<u>Code</u> intestinal obstruction on I(c) as a complication of the surgery reported in Part II, since the surgery was <u>abdominal</u> and there is no indication that this procedure was performed 28 days or more prior to death.

(3) When any of the conditions listed below are reported as the first entry on the lowest used line in Part I and **surgery of the same site or region** is reported on the same line or in Part II, code complication as indexed and the surgery to appropriate external cause code (Y83-) where it is indicated on the record by the certifier.

Hemorrhage of a site Fistula of site(s)

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J189 | |
|----|-----|------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | (b) | Gastrointestinal hemorrhage | T810 | |
| II | Ga | strectomy for stomach cancer | &Y836 | &C169 |

<u>Code</u> gastrointestinal hemorrhage as a complication of the surgery reported in Part II since the surgery was of the same region and there is no indication that surgery was performed 28 days or more prior to death.

(4) When conditions listed in paragraph d(1), (2), and (3) are reported as the first entry on the lowest used line in Part I and **surgery stated to have been performed 28 days or more prior to death** is reported on the same line or in Part II, code condition as indexed. Do not code as a complication of the surgery.

| I | (a) | Congestive heart failure | I500 |
|----|-----|---|------|
| | (b) | Shock | R579 |
| | (c) | Acute renal failure | N179 |
| II | Su | rgery performed 6 wks. ago for colon cancer | C189 |

<u>Code</u> all conditions on this record as indexed. Do not code acute renal failure as a complication of surgery since the surgery was performed 28 days or more prior to death.

(5) When adhesions are reported as the first entry on the lowest used line in Part I and surgery stated to have been performed less than one year prior to death is reported on same line or in Part II, code adhesions to K918 and code the surgery to appropriate E-code (Y83-).

| I | (a) | Septic shock | A419 | |
|----|-----|------------------------------------|--------|------|
| | (b) | Peritonitis | K659 | |
| | (c) | Adhesions | K918 | |
| II | Su | gery - 6 mos. ago for ca. of colon | Y839 & | C189 |

<u>Code</u> adhesions on I(c) as a complication of surgery and code the external cause code for the surgery as the first entry in Part II. Code the condition for which surgery was performed and precede by an ampersand.

(6) When adhesions are reported as the first entry on the lowest used line in Part I and surgery stated to have been performed one year or more prior to death is reported on same line or in Part II, code adhesions to K918, Other postprocedural disorders of the digestive system and code the surgery to Y883, sequela of surgery.

| I | (a) | Renal failure | N19 | |
|---|-----|--|------|-------|
| | (b) | Intestinal obstruction | K566 | |
| | (c) | Adhesions | K918 | |
| П | Su | rgery - 16 months ago for diverticulitis | Y883 | &K579 |

II Surgery - 16 months ago for diverticulitis Y883 &K579

<u>Code</u> adhesions on I(c) as a complication of the surgery reported in Part II. Since this surgery was performed more than 1 year ago, code Y883 for the sequela of surgery. Code diverticulitis as the condition for which surgery was performed.

e. Ill-defined condition as first entry on lowest used line in Part I

When an ill-defined condition classifiable to the following codes:

1959 (Hypotension, unspecified)

I99 except occlusion and infarction (Other and unspecified disorders of circulatory system)

J960 (Acute respiratory failure)

J969 (Respiratory failure, unspecified)

P285 (Respiratory failure of newborn)

R000-R568, R590-R948, R960-R99 (Symptoms, signs, and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not elsewhere classified)

is reported as the first entry on the lowest used line in Part I with surgery reported on the same line or in Part II, proceed:

(1) Code the ill-defined condition, then code the remaining conditions as if the ill-defined condition had not been reported.

| I (a) Senility and MI | R54 | T818 |
|-----------------------|-------|--------|
| II Gastrectomy | &Y836 | &K3190 |

<u>Code</u> senility on I(a) R54 as indexed. Then code MI as if senility had not been reported. MI is coded as the complication of the surgery reported in Part II. Gastrectomy indicates a disease of the stomach. Precede both the code for the surgery and the code for Disease, stomach, with an ampersand.

| I | ` / | Renal failure | N990 | |
|----|-----|---------------|------|-------|
| | (b) | Cause unknown | R97 | |
| II | Ma | stectomy | Y836 | &N649 |

<u>Code</u> cause unknown on I(b) as indexed, then code renal failure as the complication of the surgery reported in Part II as if cause unknown had not been reported. Code Part II, mastectomy, Y836 N649. Code Disease, breast as the condition necessitating the mastectomy and precede it by an ampersand.

Exceptions:

Code each entry as indexed when:

| The first entry on the lowest line in Part I is classifiable to | | And a condition classifiable to one of the following codes is reported on the same line or in Part II | | |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| R000 | Tachycardia, unspecified | I010-I099 I110-I119 I130-I461 | I470-I519 J380-J399 | |
| R002 | Palpitations | I010-I099 I110-I119 | I130-I461 I470-I519 | |
| R010 R011 R012 | Benign and innocent cardiac murmurs Cardiac murmur, unspecified Other cardiac sounds | I010-I099 I110-I119 | I130-I461 I470-I519 | |
| R02 | Gangrene NEC | A480 E100-E104 E105 E106 E107 E109 E110-E114 E115 E116 E117 E119 E120-E124 E125 E126 E127 E129 E130-E134 | E135 E136 E137 E139 E140-E144 E145 E146 E147 E149 I702 I709 I730-I739 K350-K389 K400 K402 K403 K409 | K410 K412 K413 K419 K420 K429 K430 K439 K440 K449 K450 K449 K450 K458 |
| R030 | Elevated blood pressure reading, without diagnosis of hypertension | I10-I139 | | |

| The first entry on the lowest line in Part I is classifiable to | | And a condition classifiable to one of the following codes is reported on the same line or in Part II | |
|---|--|---|---|
| R040 | Epistaxis | C300-C319 C783 C910-C959 D023 D140 D385 | I10 J00-J019 J068-J069 J300-J311 J320-J348 J393-J399 |
| R041 | Hemorrhage from throat | C090-C148 C320-C329 C783 C798 C910-C959 D000 D020 D104-D109 | D141 D370 D380 J00 J020-J040 J042-J069 J311-J312 J350-J399 |
| R042 R048 | Hemoptysis Hemorrhage from other sites in respiratory passages | A162-A1690 C320-C349 C780 C783 C910-C959 D020-D022 | D141-D143 D380-D381 J040-J22 J370-J387 J393-J989 |
| R05 | Cough | F453 J101 J1010 | J111 J1110 R042 |
| R060 | Dyspnea | A162-A1690 B909 C33-C399 C780-C783 D142-D159 | D381-D383 D385-D386 J40-J989 P221 |

| The first entry on the lowest line in Part I is classifiable to | | And a condition classifiable to one of the following codes is reported on the same line or in Part II | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| R061 | Stridor | J385 | |
| R062 | Wheezing | A162-A1690 B909 C33-C399 C780-C783 D142-D159 | D381-D383 D385-D386 J40-J989 P221 |
| R064 | Hyperventilation | F453 | |
| R066 | Hiccough | F453 | |
| R090 | Asphyxia | T360-T659 | |
| R104 | Other and unspecified abdominal pain | R100 R193 | |
| R11 | Nausea and vomiting | J1010 J108 J1110 | J118 K250-K289 K800-K820 |
| R17 | Unspecified jaundice | B150-B199 C220-C259 | C787-C788 K700-K839 |
| R18 | Ascites | C160-C269 C56 C784 C787-C788 | C796 C80-C969 K700-K709 K740-K746 |
| R233 | Spontaneous ecchymoses | D690-D699 | |

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| The first entry on the lowest line in Part I is classifiable to | | And the condition classifiable to one of the following codes is reported on the same line or in Part II | |
|---|---|---|--|
| R250 R251 R252 R253 R258 | Abnormal head movements Tremor, unspecified Cramp and spasm Fasciculation Other and unspecified abnormal involuntary movements | G110-G119 G20-G259 G400-G419 G510 G800-G839 | |
| R260 R261 R262 R268 | Ataxic gait Paralytic gait Difficulty in walking, not elsewhere classified Other and unspecified abnormalities of gait and mobility | A521 | |
| R270 | Ataxia, unspecified | A521 A523 G110-G119 | |
| R278 | Other and unspecified lack of coordination | A521 G110-G119 | |
| R290 | Tetany | E200-E209 | |
| R291 | Meningismus | J1010 J1110 J108 J118 | |
| R298 | Other and unspecified symptoms and signs involving the nervous and musculoskeletal systems | G800-G839 | |

| | The first entry on the lowest line in Part I is classifiable to | | And a condition classifiable to one of the following codes is reported on the same line or in Part II | |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| R300 R301 R309 | Dysuria Vesical tenesmus Painful micturition, unspecified | C600-C689 C790-C791 C796 C798 D060-D061 | D280-D309 D390-D419 N000-N999 Q600-Q649 | |
| R31 | Unspecified hematuria | B508 B54 C600-C689 C790-C791 C796 C798 | D060-D061 D280-D309 D390-D419 N000-N999 Q600-Q649 | |
| R32 R33 | Unspecified urinary incontinence Retention of urine | C600-C689 C790-C791 C796 C798 D060-D061 | D280-D309 D390-D419 N000-N999 Q600-Q649 | |
| R34 | Anuria and oliguria | C600-C689 C790-C791 C796 C798 D060-D061 | D280-D309 D390-D419 N000-N999 Q600-Q649 T795 | |
| R35 R36 R390 R391 R392 R398 | Polyuria Urethral discharge Extravasation of urine Other difficulties with micturition Extrarenal uremia Other and unspecified symptoms and signs involving the urinary system | C600-C689 C790-C791 C796 C798 D060-D061 | D280-D309 D390-D419 N000-N999 Q600-Q649 | |

| | The first entry on the lowest line in Part I is classifiable to | | And a condition classifiable to one of the following codes is reported on the same line or in Part II | |
|--------------|---|---|--|--|
| R400 R401 | Somnolence Stupor | E100 E107 E110 E117 E120 E127 E130 E137 E140 | E147 E15 K729 S020-S024 S026-S029 S060-S099 T902 T905-T909 | |
| R402 | Coma, unspecified | E100 E101 E102-E106 E107 E109 E110 E111 E112-E116 E117 E119 E120 E121 E122-E126 E127 E129 E130 E131 | E132-E136 E137 E139 E140 E141 E142-E146 E147 E149 E15 E160-E162 K729 S020-S024 S026-S029 S060-S099 T902 T905-T909 | |
| R529 | Pain, unspecified | G547 | | |
| R568 | Other and unspecified convulsions | A35 G400-G419 O100-O11 O13-O16 | | |

| | rst entry on the line in Part I is classifiable to | And a condition classifiable to one of the following codes is reported on the same line or in Part II | |
|--------------|---|---|-------------------|
| R590 | Localized enlarged lymph nodes | B270-B279 C810-C969 | |
| R591 | Generalized enlarged lymph nodes | B24 B270-B279 B588 | B589 C810-C969 |
| R599 | Enlarged lymph nodes, unspecified | B270-B279 C810-C969 | |
| R600 R601 | Localized edema Generalized edema | E43 E877 | N000-N058 N059 |
| R609 | Edema, unspecified | E43 E877 N000-N058 | |
| R628 | Other lack of expected normal physiological development | B24 E45 E46 | |
| R630 | Anorexia | F500 | |
| R631 | Polydipsia | E232 N251 | |
| R64 | Cachexia | B24 E41 E46 | |
| R730 | Abnormal glucose tolerance test | E100-E162 E891 | |
| R780 | Finding of alcohol in blood | F101-F109 | |

| | rst entry on the line in Part I is classifiable to | And a condition classifiable to one of the following codes is reported on the same line or in Part II | |
|------|--|---|--|
| R788 | Finding of other specified substances, not normally found in blood | A000-A079 A090-A499 J13-J159 J180-J189 | |
| R798 | Other specified abnormal findings of blood chemistry | E100 E101 E102-E106 E107 E109 E110 E111 E112-E116 E117 E119 E120 E121 E122-E126 | E127 E129 E130 E131 E132-E136 E137 E139 E140 E141 E142-E146 E147 E149 |
| R799 | Abnormal finding of blood chemistry, unspecified | E101 E107 E111 E117 E121 | E127 E131 E137 E141 E147 |
| R80 | Isolated proteinuria | C900 D511 D649 | N000-N079 N170-N19 N250-N289 |
| R81 | Glycosuria | E100-E149 E748 | |
| R823 | Hemoglobinuria | B508 B54 D595-D596 | |

| The first entry on the lowest line in Part I is classifiable to | | And a condition classifiable to one of the following codes is reported on the same line or in Part II | |
|---|---|---|--|
| R824 | Acetonuria | E101 E127 E107 E131 E111 E137 E117 E141 E121 E147 | |
| R826 | Abnormal urine levels of substances chiefly nonmedicinal as to source | F101-F109 | |
| R893 | Abnormal findings in specimens from other organs, systems and tissues | F101-F109 | |

Part R

| I | (a) Pneumonia | J189 |
|----|-------------------------------|------|
| | (b) Coma | R402 |
| II | Surgery for diabetic gangrene | E145 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) and I(b) as indexed. Coma is reported as the first condition on the lowest used line, **but** diabetic gangrene is reported in Part II. Therefore, pneumonia cannot be coded as a complication of surgery. Do not enter a code for surgery since no complication is reported.

| I | (a) | Aspiration pneumonia | J690 |
|----|-----|------------------------------|------|
| | (b) | Jaundice | R17 |
| II | Cho | olecystectomy for gallstones | K802 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) and I(b) as indexed. Jaundice is reported as the first condition on the lowest used line with gallstones reported in Part II. Therefore, aspiration pneumonia cannot be coded as a complication of surgery. Code Part II, K802 (gallstones). Do not enter a code for the cholecystectomy since no complication was reported.

| Ι (| (a) | Sepsis | A419 |
|-----|-----|--------|------|
| | | | |

(b) Gangrene, pneumonia, and R02 J189 I709

(c) arteriosclerosis

II Surgery

<u>Code</u> I(a) and I(b) as indexed. Gangrene is reported as the first condition on the lowest used line, but arteriosclerosis is reported on the same line; therefore, pneumonia cannot be a complication of surgery. Do not enter a code for surgery since no complication is reported.

f. Relating condition for which surgery was performed to the site of the surgery

(1) When a condition of unspecified site is reported with surgery of a defined site, code the condition of unspecified site to the defined site.

| I | (a) Aneurysm | I719 |
|----|-------------------------------|------|
| II | Operation for aortic aneurysm | I719 |

<u>Code</u> I(a), aneurysm of unspecified site to aortic aneurysm, I719, since the surgery is of a defined site. Code aortic aneurysm in Part II. Do not enter a code for the surgery since there is no reported complication.

(2) When a condition of a site is reported with surgery of a more defined part of the site, code the condition to the more specified site.

I (a) Carcinoma colon

C186

II Left colectomy

<u>Code</u> I(a), carcinoma colon to carcinoma left colon, C186, since the surgery is of a more specified part of the colon. Do not enter a code for the surgery since there is no reported complication.

I (a) Valvular heart disease

I059 I069

II Status post mitral and aortic valve repair

<u>Code</u> I(a) valvular heart disease of unspecified valve to disease, mitral and aortic valves since the surgery is of specified valves. Do not enter a code for the surgery since there is no reported complication.

(3) When a condition of a site is reported with surgery for the same condition of unspecified or a less defined part of the site, code the condition to the most defined site.

| I | (a) Cancer of head of pancreas | C250 |
|----|--------------------------------|------|
| II | Pancreatectomy for cancer | C250 |

<u>Code</u> I(a), cancer head of pancreas, C250. Code Part II as cancer of head of pancreas since elsewhere a more defined site was reported of the condition for which surgery was performed. Do not enter a code for the surgery since there is no reported complication.

(4) Do not apply these instructions when more than one condition of multiple specified sites which could have necessitated the surgery is reported.

| I | (a) Cardiac arrest | I469 | |
|----|-------------------------------------|-----------|------|
| | (b) Respiratory arrest | R092 | |
| | (c) Carcinoma of lung, liver, brain | C349 C787 | C793 |
| II | Findings of operation: Carcinoma | C80 | |

<u>Code</u> I(a), I(b) and I(c) as indexed and according to neoplasm instructions. Code Part II, carcinoma, C80. Do not code the carcinoma to a more defined site since multiple specified sites are reported for which the surgery could have been performed. Do not enter a code for the surgery since there is no reported complication.

g. Complications of amputation and amputation stump

When a complication (stated or implied) occurs as a result of an <u>amputation</u>, code the complication to Chapters I-XIX. When the complication is classifiable to Chapters I-XVIII <u>and</u> the condition that necessitated the amputation is not reported, precede the code for the complication with an ampersand.

I (a) Renal failure &N990 (b) Below knee amputation of leg Y835

<u>Code</u> I(a), renal failure, N990 as the complication of surgery. Code I(b), below knee amputation of leg, Y835. Precede the N990 with an ampersand since it is classified to Chapter XIV and the condition that necessitated the amputation is not reported.

When there is a complication of an <u>amputation stump</u>, code the complication to T873-T876 or to the appropriate code in Chapters I-XVIII. (Do not use T873-T876 for "stump" of internal organs).

I (a) Infected amputation stump T874 &Y835 (b) Osteosarcoma of leg &C402

<u>Code</u> I(a), infected amputation stump T874 Y835. Precede the E-code, Y835, by an ampersand. Code I(b), osteosarcoma of leg, C402. Precede C402 by an ampersand to indicate the condition that necessitated the amputation.

3. Complications of medical procedures other than surgical (Y84)

Medical procedures are any type of nonsurgical procedures used in the treatment of diseases or injuries. Although almost any condition reported due to medical procedures is regarded as a complication, there are a few diseases that are not considered complications. Do not code the conditions listed under 2. a. (1) (a) and (b) in Section V, Part R as complications of medical procedures. The medical procedure (Y84) is not coded when there is no evidence of a complication. If the reason for the medical procedure is not reported, do not assume a disease condition.

Interpret "due to medical procedures" as a condition(s) on an upper line with a medical procedure as the first condition on the next lower line.

a. When a condition is reported due to a named medical procedure other than a surgical operation or is modified by a named procedure and can be considered as a complication(s) or adverse effect, code as follows:

STEP 1: Determine if the complication is in the Index qualified by the specific procedure reported.

I (a) Kidney blockage &N990 (b) Postcystoscopic procedure Y848

Code I(a) as indexed using **Step 1**:

Block

- kidney
- - postcystoscopic or postprocedural N99.0.

<u>Code</u> I(b) Y848 as indexed under Complication, procedures other than surgical operation, specified NEC. Precede N990 with an ampersand.

Part R

STEP 2: If the Index does not qualify the complication with the specified procedure, determine if the procedure is indexed under Complications (from) (of).

I (a) Urinary tract infection T835 (b) Post-indwelling urinary catheter &Y846

Code I(a) using Step 2:

Complications (from) (of)

- catheter (device)
- - urinary (indwelling)
- - infection or inflammation T83.5

Select infection or inflammation since urinary tract infection is an infectious condition.

<u>Code</u> I(b) Y846 as indexed under Complication, catheter, catheterization (urinary). Precede the E-code with an ampersand.

I (a) Pulmonary embolism T838 (b) Catheter & &Y846

Code I(a) using **Step 2**:

Complications (from) (of)

- catheter (device)
- - specified NEC T83.8

Select specified since pulmonary embolism is a specified complication.

<u>Code</u> I(b) Y846 as indexed under Complication, catheter, catheterization (urinary). Precede the E-code with an ampersand.

When the Index does not provide for the term as specified in **STEP 1** and **STEP 2**, code the complication as if procedure NOS was reported instead of the named medical procedure as defined in the following instructions:

NOTE: Before continuing to **STEP 3**, it is important to determine the nature of the named procedure.

- b. When a condition that is
 - (1) reported due to a named procedure cannot be assigned a code using **STEP 1** or **STEP 2** or
 - (2) reported due to a procedure other than surgical operation NOS or therapy NOS, and can be considered as a complication(s) or adverse effect, code as follows:
 - **STEP 3:** Determine if the complication is in the Index, qualified:
 - (a) as reported
 - (b) with any term meaning "due to" procedure or medical care (see Section II, Part C, 2, a, "<u>Due to" written in or implied</u>)
 - (c) as postprocedural

I (a) Renal failure &N990 (b) Paracentesis Y844

Code I(a) as indexed using Step 3 (c):

Failure

- renal
- -- postprocedural N99.0

<u>Code</u> I(b) Y844 as indexed under Complication, paracentesis. Precede N990 with an ampersand.

- **STEP 4:** If the Index does not provide a code for the complication in Steps 1-3, determine if:
 - (a) the <u>site</u> of the complication is in the Index under Complications (from) (of)
 - medical procedure

or

- (b) the <u>system</u> in which the complication occurred (based upon the code assigned in the Index) is in the Index under Complications (from) (of)
 - medical procedure
- (c) the system in which the complication occurred (based upon the code assigned in the Index) is in the Index under Complications (from) (of)
 - postprocedural

I (a) Cardiac arrest T818
(b) Therapy &Y849
(c) Arteriosclerotic heart disease &I251

Code I(a) using Step 4 (a):

Complications (from) (of)

- medical procedure
- - cardiac T81.8

Select cardiac since this is the site of the complication.

<u>Code</u> I(b) Y849 as indexed under Complication, procedures other than surgical operation. Precede the E-code and the condition requiring treatment with an ampersand.

SECTION V

Part R

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning Complications of Medical and Surgical Care

I (a) Pulmonary edema &J958 (b) Endotracheal tube Y848

Code I(a) using **Step 4 (b):**

Complications (from) (of)

- medical procedure
- - respiratory
- - specified NEC J95.8

Select respiratory, specified since pulmonary edema is classified to J81, a specified disease in the respiratory system.

<u>Code</u> I(b) Y848 as indexed under Complication, procedures other than surgical operation, specified NEC. Precede J958 with an ampersand.

I (a) Stroke I64 (b) Cerebral embolism T817 (c) Renal angiogram &Y848

Code I(b) using **Step 4 (b):**

Complications (from) (of)

- medical procedure
- - circulatory T81.7

Select circulatory since cerebral embolism is classified to I634, a specified disease in the circulatory system.

<u>Code</u> I(c) Y848 as indexed under Complication, procedures other than surgical operation, specified NEC. Precede the E-code with an ampersand.

STEP 5: When a reported specified complication cannot be classified to a system that is indexed, code T818, Other complications of procedures, not elsewhere classified.

| I | (a) | Shock | R579 |
|---|-----|----------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Coagulation disorder | T818 |
| | (c) | Hyperthermia therapy | &Y848 |

Coagulation disorder is not indexed as due to a procedure or as postprocedural. This condition is classified to D689, a disease of the blood-forming organs. Neither the term nor the body system is indexed under Complications (from) (of), medical procedure.

Code I(b) using **Step 5**:

Complications (from) (of)

- procedure
- - specified T81.8

Select specified since coagulation disorder is a specified complication.

<u>Code</u> I(c) Y848 as indexed under Complication, procedures other than surgical operation, specified NEC. Precede the E-code with an ampersand.

Ι

- 4. <u>Complications of procedures involving administration of drugs, radiation, and instruments</u>
 - a. Many procedures (e.g., angiogram, barium enema, pyelogram) involve the administration of drugs and the use of x-ray or radioactive substances and various instruments. When complications of these procedures are reported, determine, if possible, which specific part of the procedure caused the complication. Assign the appropriate codes for the complication and the procedure. When the complication is classified to Chapters I-XVIII and the reason for the procedure is not reported, precede the code for the complication with an ampersand. If the reason for the medical care is not reported, do not assume a disease condition.

| (a) Pulmonary embolism | T828 |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| (b) Cardiac catheterization | &Y840 |
| (c) Ventricular septal defect | &Q210 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as the complication of the catheterization. Code I(b) as indexed, Y840 and precede with an ampersand. Code I(c) as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate the reason for the procedure.

| I | (a) | Barium impaction of intestine | Y575 | K564 |
|---|-----|-------------------------------|------|------|
| | (b) | Barium enema | | |

(c) Colon polyps &K635

<u>Code</u> the barium on I(a) to adverse effect in therapeutic use, Y575, since it was the drug that caused the impaction. Code the complication, <u>impaction</u>, as indexed, Impaction, intestine, K564. Do not enter a code on I(b) for barium since it was coded on I(a). Code I(c) as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate the reason for the procedure.

| Ι | (a) | Anaphylactic shock | T886 |
|----|-----|-------------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Contrast medium (aortogram) | &Y575 |
| II | Dis | ssecting aortic arch aneurysm | &I710 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as the complication of the contrast medium. Indexed as Shock, anaphylactic, correct substance properly administered. Code I(b) contrast medium as adverse effect in therapeutic use, since the drug caused the anaphylactic shock. Code Part II as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate the reason for the procedure.

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| Ι | (a) | Peritonitis | K659 |
|---|-----|---------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Hemorrhage of colon | K918 |
| | (c) | Barium enema | Y848 |
| | (d) | Diverticulitis | &K579 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed. Code I(b) as the complication of the administration of the enema. Code I(c) barium enema, Y848, since the hemorrhage most likely resulted from the administration of the enema rather than the barium. Code I(d) as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate the reason for the procedure.

| I | (a) | Cerebral hemorrhage | T817 |
|---|-----|----------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Cerebral arteriogram | &Y848 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as the complication of the arteriogram. Code I(b) cerebral arteriogram, Y848, since the hemorrhage resulted from the procedure and precede with an ampersand. Do not assume a disease condition for the cerebral arteriogram.

b. When a complication results from the administration of anesthesia, code the complication as indexed and code the appropriate external cause code (Y480-Y485) (refer to Section V, Part R, 1, <u>Drugs, medicaments and biological substances causing adverse effects in therapeutic use</u>).

| I | (a) | Cardiac failure | I509 |
|---|-----|---------------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Anesthesia for prostate surgery | Y484 |
| | (c) | | &N429 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed and as the complication of the anesthesia. Code I(b) anesthesia to adverse effect in therapeutic use, Y484, since it was the anesthesia that caused the heart failure. Code I(c) N429, disease prostate, as the reason for surgery and precede with an ampersand.

| I | (a) | Cardiac failure | T818 |
|---|-----|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Prostate surgery under anesthesia | &Y839 |
| | (c) | Benign prostatic hypertrophy | &N40 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed under Failure, heart, complicating surgery. Code I(b) prostate surgery as indexed. Code I(c) as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate the reason for surgery.

5. Complications of radiation during medical care (Y842)

When a complication results from exposure to radiation, except radio-frequency radiation, infrared heaters or lamps and visible or ultraviolet light sources, consider as exposure of patient to radiation during medical care unless there is information on the certificate that indicates otherwise. Code complications of radiation during medical care as follows:

- a. Complications qualified as "radiation," "radiation-induced," "due to radiation," or "following radiation"
 - (1) Coding the complication
 - (a) If the Index provides a code for the complication qualified by one of these terms, use that code.
 - (b) If the Index does not provide a code for the complication qualified by one of these terms, code the complication as indexed without the qualifier.

(2) Placement of codes

- (a) If the complication is qualified as "radiation" or "radiation-induced" and classified to Chapters I-XVIII, code the external cause code followed by the code for the complication.
- (b) If the complication is qualified as "radiation" or "radiation-induced" and classified to Chapter XIX, code the nature of injury code followed by the external cause code.
- b. Code the external cause code to Y842, (Radiological procedure and radiotherapy).
- c. Use of ampersand
 - (1) If the reason for the radiation therapy is reported, precede this condition with an ampersand.
 - (2) If the reason for the radiation therapy is not reported and a malignant neoplasm is reported, precede the neoplasm with an ampersand.
 - (3) If the reason for the radiation therapy is not reported and the complication is classified to Chapters I-XVIII, precede the complication with an ampersand.

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| I | (a) | Pulmonary edema | J81 |
|---|-----|--|-----------|
| | (b) | Radiation pneumonitis | Y842 J700 |
| | (c) | Radiation therapy for cancer of breast | |
| | (d) | | &C509 |

<u>Code</u> I(b) to the external cause as indexed where the radiation is first reported followed by the code for the complication. Pneumonitis is the complication of the radiation and is indexed, Pneumonitis, radiation. Precede the code for cancer of breast with an ampersand to indicate the reason for the radiation.

| I | (a) Carcinomatosis | C80 |
|----|------------------------|-----------|
| | (b) Oat cell carcinoma | &C349 |
| | (c) | |
| II | X-ray fibrosis - lung | Y842 J701 |

<u>Code</u> Part II to the external cause as indexed followed by the code for the complication. Fibrosis of lung is the complication and is indexed, Fibrosis, lung, following radiation. Code I(b) as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate the reason for the radiation.

| I | (a) | Pneumonia | J700 |
|---|-----|-------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Radiation | Y842 |
| | (c) | Carcinoma of face | &C760 |

<u>Pneumonia</u> is the complication of the radiation reported on I(b). Code I(a) as indexed, Pneumonia, radiation. Code the external cause as indexed on I(b). Code I(c) as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate the reason for the radiation.

| Ι | (a) | Debility | R53 |
|---|-----|-------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Radiation therapy | Y842 |
| | (c) | Hodgkin's disease | &C819 |

<u>Debility</u> is the complication of the radiation reported on I(b). Code I(a) as indexed since the Classification does not provide a code for radiation debility. Code the external cause as indexed on I(b). Code I(c) as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate the reason for the radiation.

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Part R

I (a) Radiation-induced acute Y842 J700

(b) bronchitis

II Carcinoma of trachea &C33

<u>Code</u> I(a) to the external cause as indexed, followed by the code for the complication. Acute bronchitis is the complication and is indexed Bronchitis, acute, due to radiation. Code Part II as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate the reason for the radiation.

I (a) Alopecia L581 (b) Radiation Y842 II Hodgkin's granuloma &C817

Alopecia is the complication of the radiation reported on I(b). Code I(a) as indexed under Alopecia, X-ray. Code the external cause as indexed on I(b). Code Part II as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate the reason for the radiation.

I (a) Peritonitis K659
(b) Intestinal fistula &K632
(c) Radiation therapy Y842

<u>Intestinal</u> fistula is the complication of the radiation reported on I(c). Code I(b) as indexed since the Classification does not provide a code for radiation intestinal fistula. Code the external cause as indexed on I(c). Precede the complication (intestinal fistula) with an ampersand since it is classified to Chapters I-XVIII and the reason for the radiation was not reported.

d. When radiation fibrosis is reported without a site or of a site not indexed, code the fibrosis to T66, Complications, radiation.

I (a) Cerebral anoxia G931 (b) Carcinoma of tongue &C029

II Radiation fibrosis, upper airway obstruction T66 &Y842 J988

<u>Code</u> Part II Complications, radiation for the fibrosis and the external cause as indexed. Code the nature of injury followed by the external cause. Place an ampersand preceding the E-code and the condition on I(b) to indicate the reason for the radiation.

- I (a) Radiation pelvic fibrosis T66 &Y842 (b) Carcinoma of uterus &C55
- <u>Code</u> I(a) Complications, radiation for the pelvic fibrosis and the external cause as indexed. Code the nature of injury followed by the external cause. Place an ampersand preceding the E-code and the condition on I(b) to indicate the reason for the radiation.

6. Misadventures to patients during surgical and medical care (Y60-Y69)

Except for poisoning, overdose of drug and wrong drug given in error, code most misadventures (accidents or errors) to patients during surgical and medical care to Complications of surgical and medical care (T800-T889) in the nature of injury chapter and to Y600-Y69 in the external cause chapter. Code burns from local applications or irradiation to burns in the nature of injury chapter and to Y600-Y69 in the external cause chapter. Code trauma from instruments during delivery to Chapter XV and do not use an external cause. A limited number of conditions attributable to misadventure to patient (Y600-Y69) in the external cause code, e.g., serum hepatitis, are classified to Chapters I-XVIII.

Indications of Misadventures

| Hemorrhage (of a site) Rupture (of a site) | Stated as intraoperative or during medical and surgical care |
|--|---|
| Cut or cutting (of a site) Perforation (of a site) Puncture (of a site) Laceration (of a site) | Reported as postoperative, intraoperative, during or due to medical and surgical care |
| Burns (of a site) | From local applications or irradiation |
| Serum hepatitis | From blood transfusions |
| Fracture (thoracic area) | From cardiopulmonary resuscitation From Heimlich maneuver |

This list is not all inclusive.

I

When a misadventure to patient during surgical and medical care (classifiable to Y600-Y69) is reported and the condition which necessitated the surgical or medical care is stated or implied, precede the code for this condition with an ampersand. Apply the instructions for Condition necessitating Surgery in Section V, Part R, 2, b.

| (a) | Hemorrhage during | T810 |
|-----|-------------------|-------|
| (b) | craniotomy | &Y600 |
| (c) | Brain tumor | &D432 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) Complication, surgical procedure, hemorrhage. Since "during" is stated, interpret I(b) as a misadventure and code Misadventure, hemorrhage, surgical operation. Code I(c) as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate the reason for surgery.

| I (a) Perforation of colon T8 | 812 |
|-------------------------------|-----|
|-------------------------------|-----|

(b) Colostomy &Y600 &K639

<u>Code</u> I(a) Perforation, surgical. Interpret I(b) as a misadventure and code Misadventure, perforation, surgical operation. Since the surgery indicates a disease of the colon, code this as the reason for surgery. Precede K639 with an ampersand

| I (a) Cardiac tamponade | I319 | |
|--|------|-------|
| (b) Perforation of auricle by cardiac catheter | T812 | &Y605 |
| II Therapeutic misadventure | T889 | |

<u>The</u> perforation occurred during a cardiac catheterization. Code I(b) as accidental perforation of organ during a procedure, and accidental perforation during a heart catheterization. Code Part II as indexed, Misadventure (prophylactic) (therapeutic).

| I | (a) | Peritonitis | K659 | |
|---|-----|---------------------------|------|-------|
| | (b) | Accidental perforation of | T812 | &Y607 |
| | | | | |

(c) colon

II Self-administered tap water enema

<u>I(b)</u> is a reported misadventure occurring during medical care. Code T812, accidental perforation during a procedure and Y607, accidental perforation during the administration of an enema.

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning Complications of Medical and Surgical Care

Part R

| I | (a) | Serum hepatitis | B169 |
|---|-----|-------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Blood transfusion | Y640 |
| | (c) | Leukemia | &C959 |

<u>Serum</u> hepatitis is a misadventure occurring during a blood transfusion. Code I(a) B169, serum hepatitis, and I(b) Y640, Contaminated medical or biological substance transfused or infused. Code I(c) as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate the reason for the transfusion.

| I | (a) | Burns | T300 |
|---|-----|---------------------|-------|
| | (b) | Radiation therapy | &Y632 |
| | (c) | Cancer of esophagus | &C159 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) T300, radiation burns. Code I(b) Y632, Overdose of radiation given during therapy. Code I(c) as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate the reason for the radiation.

| I | (a) Rib fracture | T818 |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | (b) Cardiopulmonary resuscitation | &Y658 |
| | (c) Pulmonary embolism | &I269 |

<u>Rib</u> fracture due to cardiopulmonary resuscitation is considered a misadventure. Code I(a) Complications, medical procedure, specified NEC T818. Code I(b) Misadventure, specified type Y658. Code I(c) as indexed and precede with an ampersand to indicate the reason for cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

| I | (a) | HIV | B24 |
|---|-----|-------------------|-----|
| | (b) | Blood transfusion | |
| | (c) | Hemophilia | D66 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) and I(c) as indexed. No code for I(b) since there are no complications reported. Do not consider HIV (any B20-B24) as a misadventure occurring during a blood transfusion.

Part S

S. Sequela of injuries, poisonings, and other consequences of external causes

A sequela is a late effect, an after effect, or a residual of a nature of injury or external cause. The Classification provides categories T900-T983 for sequela of nature of injury codes and Y850-Y899 for sequela of external causes. There are separate instructions for determining if the nature of injury or the external cause should be coded as sequela. If either the nature of injury or the external cause requires a sequela code, both the nature of injury and the external cause must be coded to a sequela category.

1. <u>Sequela of injuries, poisoning, and other consequences of external causes</u> (T900-T983)

Use these categories for the classification of injuries and poisonings (conditions in S00-T88) if:

a. A statement of sequela of the condition in S00-T88 is reported unless the interval between date of injury and date of death is less than 1 year.

I (a) Sequela of hip fracture T931
(b)
(c)
II & &Y86

<u>Code</u> I(a) to T931 since it is stated as a sequela of hip fracture. Code Part II as sequela of accident NEC.

b. The condition in S00-T88 is stated to be ancient, healed, history of, late effect of, old, remote, regardless of reported duration, or the interval between onset of this condition and death is indicated to be 1 year or more, whether or not the residual (sequela) effect is specified.



<u>Code</u> I(a) old head injury to Sequela, injury, head since it is stated as old. Interpret "tractor overturning on farm" as contact with agricultural machinery. Code Part II accident - tractor overturned to sequela of other accidents since it resulted in an injury stated as old.

Part S

c. A condition with a duration of 1 year or more that was due to the condition in S00-T88 is reported.

I (a) Paralysis 16 mos. T941 (b) Spinal cord injury T913 (c) Auto accident & XY850

<u>Code</u> I(a) paralysis to sequela of traumatic paralysis since it is reported due to trauma and has a duration of 1 year or more. Code I(b) spinal cord injury to Sequela, injury, spinal, cord since it caused a condition of 1 year or more. Code I(c) auto accident, to Sequela, motor vehicle accident.

d. More than one nature of injury or a nature of injury and an external cause are reported on the same line with a duration of 1 year or more, apply the duration to each condition.

I (a) Head injury and skull fracture Years T909 T902 (b)
II Fall &Y86

<u>Code</u> both conditions on I(a) as sequela. Do not disregard the duration since there is more than one injury on same line.

I (a) Gunshot wound head Years T901 &Y86

<u>Code</u> both head wound and gunshot as sequela. Apply duration to nature of injury and external cause.

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning Sequela of Injuries, Poisonings, and

Other Consequences of External Causes

2. Sequela of external causes (Y850-Y899)

| Y850 | Sequela of motor vehicle accident (includes V01-V89) |
|------|---|
| Y859 | Sequela of other and unspecified transport accidents (includes V90-V99) |
| Y86 | Sequela of other accidents (excludes W78-W80) |
| Y870 | Sequela of intentional self-harm |
| Y871 | Sequela of assault |
| Y872 | Sequela of events of undetermined intent |
| Y880 | Sequela of adverse effects caused by drugs, medicaments, and biological |
| | substances in therapeutic use |
| Y881 | Sequela of misadventures to patients during surgical and medical procedures |
| Y882 | Sequela of adverse incidents associated with medical devices in |
| | diagnostic and therapeutic use |
| Y883 | Sequela of surgical and medical procedures as the cause of abnormal |
| | reaction of the patient, or of later complication, without mention of |
| | misadventure at the time of the procedure |
| Y890 | Sequela of legal intervention |
| Y891 | Sequela of war operations |
| Y899 | Sequela of unspecified external cause |

Use the preceding categories with the appropriate fourth characters for the classification of external causes of injury (V010-Y849) if:

- a. A statement of sequela of the external cause is reported unless the interval between date of external cause and date of death is less than 1 year.
 - I (a) Paralysis, sequela of

T941 &Y86

(b) fall down steps

Code I(a) to sequela of traumatic paralysis and sequela of fall down the steps.

Part S

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning Sequela of Injuries, Poisonings, and Other Consequences of External Causes

b. An injury that is stated to be ancient, healed, history of, late effect of, old, remote, or a delayed union, malunion or nonunion of a fracture that was due to the external cause is reported.

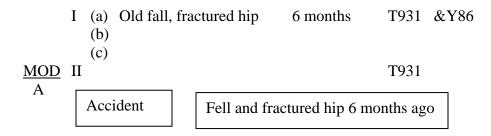
| I (a | a) Pneumonia | ì | J189 | |
|--------|--------------|-----------------|------|-----|
| MOD (t | o) Debility | | R53 | |
| Α (σ | c) Nonunion | of hip fracture | M841 | |
| II Ir | nanition | | R64 | Y86 |
| | Accident | Fell at home | | |

<u>Code</u> I(c) as indexed. Code sequela of fall last in Part II since the fall resulted in nonunion of the fracture.

| I | (a) ASHD | I251 | |
|----|-------------------|------|------|
| II | Old fractured hip | T931 | &Y86 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) ASHD as indexed. Code Part II old fractured hip, T931 Y86, since the injury was specified as old.

c. If the external cause is stated to be ancient, history of, old, remote, regardless of reported duration, or the interval between onset of the external cause and death is indicated to be 1 year or more.



Code as sequela since the external cause is stated as "old."

Other Consequences of External Causes

Part S

d. A condition with a duration of 1 year or more that was due to the external cause is reported.

I (a) Subdural hematoma 1 year T905 (b) Fall &Y86

<u>Code</u> I(a) subdural hematoma, T905, since it is reported to be of 1 year or more duration. Code I(b) fall, Y86, since it resulted in a condition of 1 year or more duration.

I (a) Esophageal stricture years K222 (b) Ingestion of lye T97 &Y870

II Suicide attempt

<u>Code</u> I(a) esophageal stricture as indexed. Code I(b) ingestion of lye, T97 Y870, since it resulted in a condition of 1 year or more duration.

e. The interval between the time of occurrence of the external cause and death is indicated to be 1 year or more, whether or not the residual (sequela) effect is specified.

Date of death 11/1/96
I (a) Bronchopneumonia J180

MOD II Contusion brain T905 &Y850

A Ccident Street Date of injury | Bicycle (operator) vs. truck

<u>Code</u> I(a) bronchopneumonia as indexed. Code sequela of nature of injury and external cause since the date of injury is 1 year or more prior to death.

I (a) Cardiac arrest I469

(b) Pacemaker failure weeks T983 &Y883 &I519

(c) Had pacemaker implanted 3 years ago

<u>Code</u> I(a) cardiac arrest as indexed. Code I(b) pacemaker failure to sequula T983 and Y883 since duration of implanted pacemaker is 3 years. Code I519, Disease, heart since pacemaker indicates a heart disease. Precede I519 with an ampersand as reason for the surgery. Do not enter a code on I(c).

Effects of External Cause of Injury and External Causes of Injury and Poisoning Sequela of Injuries, Poisonings, and Other Consequences of External Causes

f. The complication of the external cause classified to Chapters I-XVIII and the external cause is reported on the same line and the duration is 1 year or more.

I (a) Radiation enteritis 3 years Y883 K520 (b) Lung cancer &C349

<u>Code</u> I(a) as a sequela of radiation therapy. Do not disregard the duration. Precede the code for the lung cancer with an ampersand to indicate the reason for medical care.

Standard Abbreviations and Symbols

When an abbreviation is reported on the certificate, refer to this list to determine what the abbreviation represents. **If an abbreviation represents more than one term, determine the correct abbreviation by using other information on the certificate.** If no determination can be made, use abbreviation for first term listed.

| AAA | abdominal aortic aneurysm | AEG | air encephalogram |
|------|---|------|--|
| AAS | aortic arch syndrome | AF | auricular or atrial fibrillation; acid fast |
| AAT | alpha-antitrypsin | AFB | acid-fast bacillus |
| AAV | AIDS-associated virus | AGG | agammaglobulinemia |
| AB | abdomen; abortion; asthmatic bronchitis | AGL | acute granulocytic leukemia |
| ABD | abdomen | AGN | acute glomerulonephritis |
| ABE | acute bacterial endocarditis | AGS | adrenogenital syndrome |
| ABS | acute brain syndrome | AHA | acquired hemolytic anemia; autoimmune hemolytic anemia |
| ACA | adenocarcinoma | AHD | arteriosclerotic heart disease |
| ACD | arteriosclerotic coronary disease | AHHD | arteriosclerotic hypertensive heart disease |
| ACH | adrenal cortical hormone | AHG | |
| ACT | acute coronary thrombosis | AHG | anti-hemophilic globulin deficiency |
| ACTH | adrenocorticotrophic hormone | AHLE | acute hemorrhagic leukoencephalitis |
| ACVD | arteriosclerotic cardiovascular disease | AI | aortic insufficiency; additional information |
| ADEM | acute disseminated encephalomyelitis | AIDS | acquired immunodeficiency |
| ADH | antidiuretic hormone | | syndrome |
| ADS | antibody deficiency syndrome | AKA | above knee amputation |

| ALC | alcoholism | ARV | AIDS-related virus |
|------|--|--------|---|
| ALL | acute lymphocytic leukemia | ARVD | arrhythmogenic right ventricular dysplasia |
| ALS | amyotrophic lateral sclerosis | AG | |
| AMI | acute myocardial infarction | AS | arteriosclerotic; arteriosclerosis; aortic stenosis |
| AML | acute myelocytic leukemia | ASA | acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin) |
| ANS | arteriolonephrosclerosis | | |
| AOD | arterial occlusive disease | ASAD | arteriosclerotic artery disease |
| AODM | adult onset diabetes mellitus | ASCAD | arteriosclerotic coronary artery disease |
| AOM | acute otitis media | ASCD | arteriosclerotic coronary |
| AP | angina pectoris; anterior and posterior repair; artificial | TISCE | disease |
| | pneumothorax; anterior pituitary | ASCHD | arteriosclerotic coronary heart disease |
| A&P | anterior and posterior repair | ASCRD | arteriosclerotic cardiorenal |
| APC | auricular premature contraction; acetylsalicylic acid, | | disease |
| | acetophenetidin, and caffeine | ASCVA | arteriosclerotic cerebrovascular accident |
| APE | acute pulmonary edema; anterior pituitary extract | ASCVD | arteriosclerotic |
| APH | antepartum hemorrhage | | cardiovascular disease |
| AR | aortic regurgitation | ASCVR | arteriosclerotic cardiovascular renal disease |
| ARC | AIDS-related complex | ASCVRD | arteriosclerotic |
| ARDS | adult respiratory distress | | cardiovascular renal disease |
| | syndrome | ASD | atrial septal defect |
| ARF | acute respiratory failure, acute renal failure | ASDHD | arteriosclerotic decompensated heart |
| ARM | artificial rupture of membranes | | disease |

| ASHCVD | arteriosclerotic hypertensive | AVH | acute viral hepatitis |
|---------|---|-------|---|
| | cardiovascular disease | AVP | aortic valve prosthesis |
| ASHD | arteriosclerotic heart disease; atrioseptal heart defect | AVR | aortic valve replacement |
| ASHHD | arteriosclerotic hypertensive heart disease | AWMI | anterior wall myocardial infarction |
| ASHVD | arteriosclerotic hypertensive vascular disease | AZT | azidothymidine |
| ASO | arteriosclerosis obliterans | BA | basilar artery; basilar arteriogram; bronchial asthma |
| ASPVD | arteriosclerotic peripheral | B&B | bronchoscopy and biopsy |
| ACUD | vascular disease BBB | | bundle branch block |
| ASVD | arteriosclerotic vascular disease | B&C | biopsy and cauterization |
| ASVH(D) | arteriosclerotic vascular heart disease | BCE | basal cell epithelioma |
| AT | atherosclerosis; atherosclerotic; | BE | barium enema |
| A TEC | atrial tachycardia; antithrombin | BEH | benign essential hypertension |
| ATC | all-terrain cycle | BGL | Bartholin's gland |
| ATN | acute tubular necrosis | BKA | below knee amputation |
| ATS | arteriosclerosis | BL | bladder; bucolingual; blood |
| ATSHD | arteriosclerotic heart disease | | loss; Burkett's lymphoma |
| ATV | all-terrain vehicle | BMR | basal metabolism rate |
| AUL | acute undifferentiated leukemia | BNA | bladder neck adhesions |
| AV | arteriovenous; atrioventricular; aortic valve | BNO | bladder neck obstruction |
| AVF | arterio-ventricular fibrillation; arteriovenous fistula | BOMSA | bilateral otitis media serous acute |

| BOMSC | bilateral otitis media serous chronic | CAS | cerebral arteriosclerosis |
|---------|---|--------|---|
| BOW | "bag of water" (membrane) | CASCVD | chronic arteriosclerotic cardiovascular disease |
| B/P, BP | blood pressure | CASHD | chronic arteriosclerotic heart disease |
| ВРН | benign prostate hypertrophy | CAT | computerized axial tomography |
| BSA | body surface area | СВ | chronic bronchitis |
| BSO | bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy | CBC | complete blood count |
| BSP | Bromosulfaphthalein (test) | CBD | - |
| BTL | bilateral tubal ligation | CDD | common bile duct; chronic brain disease |
| BUN | blood, urea, and nitrogen test | CBS | chronic brain syndrome |
| BVL | bilateral vas ligation | CCF | chronic congestive failure |
| B&W | Baldy-Webster suspension (uterine) | CCI | chronic cardiac or coronary insufficiency |
| BX | biopsy | CF | congestive failure; cystic fibrosis; Christmas factor (PTC) |
| BX CX | biopsy cervix | CFT | chronic follicular tonsillitis |
| Ca | cancer | CGL | chronic granulocytic leukemia |
| CA | cancer; cardiac arrest; | | · |
| | carotid arteriogram | CGN | chronic glomerulonephritis |
| CABG | coronary artery bypass graft | СНА | congenital hypoplastic anemia |
| CABS | coronary artery bypass surgery | CHB | complete heart block |
| CAD | coronary artery disease | CHD | congestive heart disease; coronary heart disease; |
| CAG | chronic atrophic gastritis | | congenital heart disease; Chediak-Higaski Disease |
| CAO | coronary artery occlusion; chronic airway obstruction | | |

| CHF | congestive heart failure | COOMBS | test for Rh sensitivity |
|----------------------------------|--|--------|---|
| C ₂ H ₅ OH | ethyl alcohol | COLD | chronic obstructive lung |
| CI | cardiac insufficiency; cerebral infarction | COPD | chronic obstructive pulmonary disease |
| CID | cytomegalic inclusion disease | CODE | • |
| CIS | carcinoma in situ | COPE | chronic obstructive pulmonary emphysema |
| CJD | Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease | СР | cerebral palsy; cor pulmonale |
| CLD | chronic lung disease; chronic liver disease | C&P | cystoscopy and pyelography |
| CI I | | СРВ | cardiopulmonary bypass |
| CLL | chronic lymphatic leukemia; chronic lymphocytic leukemia | CPC | chronic passive congestion |
| CMID | cytomegalic inclusion disease | CPD | cephalopelvic disproportion; contagious pustular dermatitis |
| CML | chronic myelocytic leukemia | CDE | - |
| CMM | cutaneous malignant melanoma | CPE | chronic pulmonary emphysema |
| CNAU | | CRD | chronic renal disease |
| CMV | cytomegalic virus | CREST | calcinosis cutis, Raynaud's |
| CNHD | congenital nonspherocytic hemolytic disease | | phenomenon, sclerodactyly, and telangiectasis |
| CNS | central nervous system | CRF | cardiorespiratory failure; chronic renal failure |
| CO | carbon monoxide | | |
| COAD | chronic obstructive airway disease | CRST | calcinosis cutis, Raynaud's phenomenon, sclerodactyly, and telangiectasis |
| CO_2 | carbon dioxide | G.G. | _ |
| COBE | chronic obstructive bullous emphysema | CS | coronary sclerosis; cesarean section; cerebro-spinal |
| CODG | | CSF | cerebral spinal fluid |
| COBS | chronic organic brain syndrome | CSH | chronic subdural hematoma |
| COFS | cerebro-oculo-facio-skeletal | | |
| | | | 01 |

| CSM | cerebrospinal meningitis | DCR | dacrocystorhinostomy |
|-------------|---|------|---|
| CT | computer tomography; cerebral thrombosis; coronary thrombosis | D&D | drilling and drainage; debridement and dressing |
| CITID | | D&E | dilation and evacuation |
| CTD | congenital thymic dysplasia | DFU | dead fetus in utero |
| CU | cause unknown | DIC | disseminated intravascular |
| CUC | chronic ulcerative colitis | | coagulation |
| CUP | cystoscopy, urogram, pyelogram (retro) | DILD | diffuse infiltrative lung disease |
| CUR | cystocele, urethrocele, rectocele | DIP | distal interphalangeal joint; desquamative interstitial pneumonia |
| CV | cardiovascular; cerebrovascular | DJD | degenerative joint disease |
| CVA | cerebral vascular accident | | |
| CV Accident | cerebral vascular accident | DM | diabetes mellitus |
| CVD | cardiovascular disease | DMT | dimethyltriptamine |
| CVHD | cardiovascular heart disease | DOA | dead on arrival |
| CVI | cardiovascular insufficiency; | DOPS | diffuse obstructive pulmonary syndrome |
| CVRD | cerebral vascular insufficiency cardiovascular renal disease | DPT | diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus vaccine |
| CWP | coal worker's | DR | diabetic retinopathy |
| | pneumoconiosis | DS | Down's syndrome |
| CX | cervix | DT | due to; delirium tremens |
| DA | degenerative arthritis | | |
| DBI | phenformin hydrochloride | D/T | due to; delirium tremens |
| D&C | dilation and curettage | DU | diagnosis unknown; duodenal ulcer |

| DUB | dysfunctional uterine bleeding | EMD | electromechanical dissociation |
|--------|-----------------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|
| DUI | driving under influence | EMF | endomyocardial fibrosis |
| DVT | deep vein thrombosis | EMG | electromyogram |
| DWI | driving while intoxicated | EN | erythema nodosum |
| DX | dislocation; diagnosis; disease | ENT | ear, nose, and throat |
| EBV | Epstein-Barr virus | EP | ectopic pregnancy |
| ECCE | extracapsular cataract extraction | ER | emergency room |
| ECG | electrocardiogram | ERS | evacuation of retained secundines |
| E coli | Escherichia coli | ESRD | end-stage renal disease |
| ECT | electric convulsive therapy | EST | electric shock therapy |
| EDC | expected date of confinement | ЕТОН | alcohol |
| EEE | Eastern equine encephalitis | EUA | exam under anesthesia |
| EEG | electroencephalogram | EWB | estrogen withdrawal bleeding |
| EFE | endocardial fibroelastosis | FB | foreign body |
| EGL | eosinophilic granuloma of lung | FBS | · |
| EH | enlarged heart; essential | | fasting blood sugar |
| | hypertension | Fe | symbol for iron |
| EIOA | excessive intake of alcohol | FGD | fatal granulomatous disease |
| EKC | epidemic keratoconjunctivitis | FHS | fetal heart sounds |
| EKG | electrocardiogram | FHT | fetal heart tone |
| EKP | epikeratoprosthesis | FLSA | follicular lymphosarcoma |
| ELF | elective low forceps | FME | full-mouth extraction |
| EMC | encephalomyocarditis | FS | frozen section; fracture site |

| FT | full term | gtt | drop |
|-----------|---|------------|--|
| FTA | fluorescent treponemal antibody test | GU | genitourinary; gastric ulcer |
| 5DH | fluorouracil | GVHR | graft-versus-host reaction |
| 5FU | | GYN | gynecology |
| FUB | functional uterine bleeding | НА | headache |
| FULG | fulguration | HAA | hepatitis-associated antigen |
| FUO FX | fever unknown origin fracture | HASCVD | hypertensive arteriosclerotic cardiovascular disease |
| FYI | for your information | HASCVR | hypertensive arteriosclerotic cardiovascular renal disease |
| GAS | generalized arteriosclerosis | HASHD | hypertensive arteriosclerotic |
| GB | gallbladder; Guillain-Barre (syndrome) | | heart disease |
| GC | gonococcus; gonorrhea; general circulation (systemic) | HC HCPS | Huntington's chorea Hantavirus (cardio) pulmonary |
| GE | gastroesophageal | | syndrome, Hantavirus cardiopulmonary syndrome |
| GEN | generalized | НСТ | hematocrit |
| GERD | gastroesophageal reflux disease | HCVD | hypertensive cardiovascular disease |
| GI | gastrointestinal | HCVRD | hypertensive cardiovascular |
| GIST | gastrointestinal stromal tumor | | renal disease |
| GIT | gastrointestinal tract | HD | Hodgkin's disease; heart disease |
| GMSD | grand mal seizure disorder | HDN | hemolytic disease of |
| GOK | God only knows | | newborn |
| GSW | gunshot wound | HDS | herniated disc syndrome |
| GTT | glucose tolerance test | HEM | hemorrhage |

| HF | heart failure; hay fever | HTN | hypertension |
|------------------|---|------|---|
| HGB; Hgb | hemoglobin | HVD | hypertensive vascular disease |
| HHD | hypertensive heart disease | Hx | history of |
| HIV | human immunodeficiency virus | IADH | inappropriate antidiuretic hormone |
| HMD | hyaline membrane disease | IASD | interatrial septal defect |
| HN_2 | nitrogen mustard | | - |
| HNP | herniated nucleus pulposus | ICCE | intracapsular cataract extraction |
| H/O | history of | ICD | intrauterine contraceptive device |
| HPN | hypertension | I&D | incision and drainage |
| HPS | Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome | ID | infectious disease; incision and |
| HPVD | hypertensive pulmonary vascular disease | ID | drainage |
| HDE | | IDA | iron deficiency anemia |
| HRE | high-resolution electro- cardiology | IDD | insulin-dependent diabetes |
| HS | herpes simplex; Hurler's syndrome | IDDI | insulin-dependent diabetes |
| HSV | herpes simplex virus | IDDM | insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus |
| HTLV | human T-cell lymphotropic | IGA | immunoglobin A |
| | virus | IHD | ischemic heart disease |
| HTLV- III/LAV | human T-cell lymphotropic virus-III/lymphadenopathy- associated virus | IHSS | idiopathic hypertrophic subaortic stenosis |
| HTLV-3 | human T-cell lymphotropic | ILD | ischemic leg disease |
| HTLV-III | virus-III human T-cell lymphotropic | IM | intramuscular; intramedullary; infectious mononucleosis |
| | virus-III | IMPP | intermittent positive pressure |

| INAD | infantile neuroaxonal dystrophy | IVP | intravenous pyelogram |
|------|--|------------------|--|
| INC | incomplete | IVSD | intraventricular septal defect |
| INE | infantile necrotizing | IVU | intravenous urethrography |
| INF | encephalomyelopathy infection; infected; infantile; infarction | IWMI | inferior wall myocardial infarction |
| INH | Isoniazid; inhalation | JBE | Japanese B encephalitis |
| INS | idiopathic nephrotic syndrome | KFS | Klippel-Feil syndrome |
| IRHD | inactive rheumatic heart disease | KS | Klinefelter's syndrome |
| ISD | interatrial septal defect | KUB | kidney, ureter, bladder |
| ITP | idiopathic thrombocytopenic | K-W | Kimmelstiel-Wilson disease or syndrome |
| IU | purpura | LAP | laparotomy |
| IUCD | intrauterine contraceptive device | LAV | lymphadenopathy-associated virus |
| IUD | intrauterine device (contraceptive); intrauterine death | LAV/ HTLV-III | lymphadenopathy-associated virus/Human T-cell lymphotropic virus-III |
| IUP | intrauterine pregnancy | LBBB | left bundle branch block |
| IV | intervenous; intravenous | LBNA | lysis bladder neck adhesions |
| IVC | intravenous cholangiography; inferior vena cava | LBW | low birth weight |
| IVCC | intravascular consumption | LBWI | low birth weight infant |
| IVD | coagulopathy | LCA | left coronary artery |
| IVD | intervertebral disc | LDH | lactic dehydrogenase |
| IVH | intraventricular hemorrhage | LE | lupus erythematosus; lower extremity; left eye |

| LKS | liver, kidney, spleen | LVF | left ventricular failure |
|-------|--|-------|--|
| LL | lower lobe | LVH | left ventricular hypertrophy |
| LLL | left lower lobe | MAC | mycobacterium avium complex |
| LLQ | lower left quadrant | MAI | mycobacterium avium intracellulare |
| LMA | left mentoanterior (position of fetus) | MAL | malignant |
| LML | left middle lobe; left mesiolateral | MBAI | mycobacterium avium intracellulare |
| LMCAT | left middle cerebral artery thrombosis | MBD | minimal brain damage |
| LML | left mesiolateral; left mediolateral (episiotomy) | MD | muscular dystrophy; manic depressive; myocardial damage |
| LMP | last menstrual period; left | MDA | methylene dioxyamphetamine |
| | mento-posterior (position of fetus) | MEA | multiple endocrine adenomatosis |
| LN | lupus nephritis | MF | myocardial failure; myocardial fibrosis; mycosis fungoides |
| LOA | left occipitoanterior | MGN | |
| LOMCS | left otitis media chronic serous | | membranous glomerulonephritis |
| LP | lumbar puncture | MHN | massive hepatic necrosis |
| LRI | lower respiratory infection | MI | myocardial infarction; mitral insufficiency |
| LS | lumbosacral; lymphosarcoma | MPC | meperidine, promethazine, chlorpromazine |
| LSD | lysergic acid diethylamide | MDG | • |
| LSK | liver, spleen, kidney | MRS | methicillin resistant staphylococcal |
| LUL | left upper lobe | MRSA | methicillin resistant staphylococcal aureus |
| LUQ | left upper quadrant | MDC | - |
| LV | left ventricle | MRSAU | methicillin resistant staphylococcal aureus |

| MS | multiple sclerosis; mitral | OA | osteoarthritis |
|--------|---|------|---|
| | stenosis | OAD | obstructive airway disease |
| MSOF | multi-system organ failure | OB | obstetrical |
| MT | malignant teratoma | OBS | organic brain syndrome |
| MUA | myelogram | | · |
| MVP | mitral valve prolapse | OBST | obstructive; obstetrical |
| MVR | mitral valve regurgitation; mitral valve replacement | OD | overdose; oculus dexter (right eye); occupational disease |
| NACD | no anatomical cause of death | OHD | organic heart disease |
| | | OLT | orthotopic liver transplant |
| NAFLD | nonalcoholic fatty liver disease | OM | otitis media |
| NCA | neurocirculatory asthenia | OMI | old myocardial infarction |
| NDI | nephrogenic diabetes insipidus | OMS | organic mental syndrome |
| NEG | negative | ORIF | open reduction, internal fixation |
| NFI | no further information | | - |
| NFTD | normal full-term delivery | OS | oculus sinister (left eye); occipitosacral (fetal position) |
| NG | nasogastric | ОТ | occupational therapy; old TB |
| NH_3 | symbol for ammonia | OU | oculus uterque (each eye); both eyes |
| NIDD | non-insulin-dependent diabetes | PA | pernicious anemia; paralysis |
| NIDDI | non-insulin-dependent diabetes | | agitans; pulmonary artery; peripheral arteriosclerosis |
| NIDDM | non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus | PAC | premature auricular contraction; phenacetin, aspirin, caffeine |
| NSTEMI | non-ST-elevation myocardial infarction | PAF | paroxysmal auricular fibrillation |
| N&V | nausea and vomiting | PAOD | peripheral arterial occlusive disease; peripheral arteriosclerosis occlusive |
| NVD | nausea, vomiting, diarrhea | | disease |

| PAP | primary atypical pneumonia | PIE | pulmonary interstitial emphysema |
|------|---|-------|---|
| PAS | pulmonary artery stenosis | PIP | proximal interphalangeal joint |
| PAT | pregnancy at term; paroxysmal auricular tachycardia | PKU | phenylketonuria |
| Pb | chemical symbol for lead | PMD | progressive muscular dystrophy |
| PCD | polycystic disease | PMI | posterior myocardial infarction; point of maximum impulse |
| PCF | passive congestive failure | PML | |
| PCP | pentachlorophenol; pneumocystis carinii pneumonia | PIVIL | progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy |
| PCT | porphyria cutanea tarda | PN | pneumonia; periarteritis nodosa; pyelonephritis |
| PCV | polycythemia vera | PO | postoperative |
| PDA | patent ductus arteriosus | POC | product of conception |
| PE | pulmonary embolism; pleural effusion; | POE | point (or portal) of entry |
| 55.0 | pulmonary edema | PP | postpartum |
| PEG | percutaneous endoscopic gastrostomy; pneumoencephalography | POSS | possible; possibly |
| PEGT | percutaneous endoscopic gastrostomy tube | PPD | purified protein derivative test for tuberculosis |
| PET | pre-eclamptic toxemia | PPH | postpartum hemorrhage |
| PG | pregnant; prostaglandin | PPLO | pleuropneumonia-like organism |
| PGH | pituitary growth hormone | PPS | postpump syndrome |
| РН | past history; prostatic hypertrophy; pulmonary hypertension | PPT | precipitated; prolonged prothrombin time |
| PI | pulmonary infarction | PREM | prematurity |
| PID | pelvic inflammatory disease; prolapsed intervertebral disc | PROB | probably |

| PROM | premature rupture of membranes | PWMI | posterior wall myocardial infarction |
|------|--|------|---|
| PSVT | paroxysmal supraventricular tachycardia | PX | pneumothorax |
| PT | paroxysmal tachycardia; pneumothorax; prothrombin time | R | right |
| PTA | persistent truncus arteriosus | RA | rheumatoid arthritis; right atrium; right auricle |
| PTC | plasma thromboplastin component | RAAA | ruptured abdominal aortic |
| PTCA | percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty | RAD | aneurysm radiation absorbed dose; |
| PTLA | percutaneous transluminal laser | | rheumatoid arthritis disease |
| TILA | angioplasty | RAI | radioactive iodine |
| PU | peptic ulcer | RBBB | right bundle branch block |
| PUD | peptic ulcer disease; pulmonary disease | RBC | red blood cells |
| DITO | | RCA | right coronary artery |
| PUO | pyrexia of unknown origin | RCS | reticulum cell sarcoma |
| P&V | pyloroplasty and vagotomy | RD | Raynaud's disease; respiratory |
| PVC | premature ventricular contraction | | disease |
| PVD | peripheral vascular disease; pulmonary vascular disease | RDS | respiratory distress syndrome |
| DVI | 1 | RE | regional enteritis |
| PVI | peripheral vascular insufficiency | REG | radioencephalogram |
| PVL | periventriclar leukomalacia | RESP | respiratory |
| PVT | paroxysmal ventricular tachycardia | RHD | rheumatic heart disease |
| PVS | premature ventricular systole (contraction) | | |
| PWI | posterior wall infarction | | |

| RLF | retrolental fibroplasia | SA | sarcoma; secondary anemia |
|-------|---|-------|--------------------------------------|
| RLL | right lower lobe | SACD | subacute combined degeneration |
| RLQ | right lower quadrant | SARS | severe acute respiratory syndrome |
| RMCA | right middle cerebral artery | SBE | subacute bacterial endocarditis |
| RMCAT | right middle cerebral artery | SBO | small bowel obstruction |
| D) (I | thrombosis | SBP | spontaneous bacterial peritonitis |
| RML | right middle lobe | SC | sickle cell |
| RMLE | right mediolateral episiotomy | SCC | squamous cell carcinoma |
| RNA | ribonucleic acid | SCI | subcoma insulin; spinal cord injury |
| RND | radical neck dissection | SD | spontaneous delivery; septal defect; |
| R/O | rule out | | sudden death |
| RSA | reticulum cell sarcoma | SDAT | senile dementia Alzheimer's type |
| RSR | regular sinus rhythm | SDII | sudden infant death in infancy |
| Rt | right | SDS | sudden death syndrome |
| RT | recreational therapy; right | SEPT | septicemia |
| RTA | renal tubular acidosis | SF | scarlet fever |
| RUL | right upper lobe | SGA | small for gestational age |
| RUQ | right upper quadrant | SH | serum hepatitis |
| RV | right ventricle | SI | saline injection |
| RVH | right ventricular hypertrophy | SIADH | syndrome of inappropriate |
| RVT | renal vein thrombosis | | antidiuretic hormone |
| RX | drugs <u>or</u> other therapy <u>or</u> treatment | | |

| SICD | sudden infant crib death | SSPE | subacute sclerosing panencephalitis |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|-------|--|
| SID | sudden infant death | STAPH | staphylococcal; staphylococcus |
| SIDS | sudden infant death syndrome | STB | stillborn |
| SIRS | systemic inflammatory response | | |
| | syndrome | STREP | streptococcal; streptococcus |
| SLC | short leg cast | STS | serological test for syphilis |
| SLE | systemic lupus erythematosus; | STSG | split thickness skin graft |
| G1 CD | Saint Louis encephalitis | SUBQ | subcutaneous |
| SMR | submucous resection | SUD | sudden unexpected death |
| SNB | scalene node biopsy | SUDI | sudden unexplained death of an |
| SO or S&O | salpingo-oophorectomy | | infant |
| SOB | shortness of breath | SUID | sudden unexpected infant death |
| | | SVC | superior vena cava |
| SOM | secretory otitis media | SVD | spontaneous vaginal delivery |
| SOR | suppurative otitis, recurrent | SVT | supraventricular tachycardia |
| S/P | status post | Sx | symptoms |
| SPD | sociopathic personality disturbance | SY | |
| SPP | suprapubic prostatectomy | | syndrome |
| SQ | subcutaneous | T&A | tonsillectomy and adenoidectomy |
| S/R | schizophrenic reaction; sinus rhythm | TAH | total abdominal hysterectomy |
| S/p P/T | schizophrenic reaction, paranoid | TAL | tendon achilles lengthening |
| 5/21/1 | type | TAO | Triacetyloleandomycin |
| SSE | soapsuds enema | | (antibiotic); thromboangiitis obliterans |
| SSKI | saturated solution potassium iodide | | |

| TAPVR | total anomalous pulmonary venous return | TUI | transurethral incision |
|-------------|--|------|--|
| TAR | thrombocytopenia absent | TUR | transurethral resection (NOS) (prostate) |
| TAT | radius (syndrome) tetanus anti-toxin | TURP | transurethral resection of prostate |
| TB | tuberculosis; tracheobronchitis | TVP | total anomalous venous return |
| TBC, Tbc | tuberculosis | UC | ulcerative colitis |
| TCI | transient cerebral ischemia | UGI | upper gastrointestinal |
| TEF | tracheoesophageal fistula | UL | upper lobe |
| TF | tetralogy of Fallot | UNK | unknown |
| | | UP | uteropelvic |
| TGV | transposition great vessels | UPJ | ureteropelvic junction |
| THA | total hip arthroplasty | URI | upper respiratory infection |
| TI | tricuspid insufficiency | UTI | urinary tract infection |
| TIA | transient ischemic attack | VAMP | vincristine, amethopterine, |
| TIE | transient ischemic episode | | 6-mercaptopurine, and prednisone |
| TL | tubal ligation | VB | vinblastine |
| TM | tympanic membrane | VC | vincristine |
| TOA | tubo-ovarian abscess | VD | venereal disease |
| TP | thrombocytopenic purpura | VDRL | venereal disease research lab |
| TR | tricuspid regurgitation, transfusion reaction | VEE | Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis |
| TSD | Tay-Sachs disease | | |
| TTP | thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura | | |

Standard Abbreviations and Symbols

| VF | ventricular fibrillation | WPW | Wolfe-Parkinson-White syndrome |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| VH | vaginal hysterectomy; viral hepatitis | YF | yellow fever |
| VL | vas ligation | ZE | Zollinger-Ellison (syndrome) |
| VM | viomycin | • | minute |
| V&P | vagotomy and pyloroplasty | " | second(s) |
| VPC, VPCS | ventricular premature contractions | < | less than |
| VPCS | valve replacement | > | greater than decreased |
| VSD | ventricular septal defect | ▼ | increased; elevated |
| VT | ventricular tachycardia | $\frac{1}{c}$ | with |
| WBC | white blood cell | $\frac{1}{s}$ | without |
| WC | whooping cough | <u>00</u> 11 | secondary to |
| WE | Western encephalomyelitis | | • |
| W/O | without | 00 11 to | secondary to |

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Appendix B

Synonymous Sites/Terms

When a condition of a stated anatomical site is indexed in Volume 3, code condition of stated site as indexed. If stated site is <u>not</u> indexed, code condition of synonymous site.

| Alimentary canal | Gastrointestinal tract |
|----------------------------|---|
| Body | Torso, trunk |
| Brain | Anterior fossa, basal ganglion, central nervous system, cerebral, cerebrum, frontal, occipital, parietal, pons, posterior fossa, prefrontal, temporal, III and IV ventricle |
| | Note: Do not use brain when ICD provides for CNS under the reported condition. |
| Cardiac | Heart |
| Chest | Thorax |
| Geriatric | Senile |
| Greater sac | Peritoneum |
| Hepatic | Liver |
| Hepatocellular | Liver |
| Intestine | Bowel, colon |
| Kidney | Renal |
| Larynx | Epiglottis, glottis, subglottis, supraglottis, vocal cords |
| Lesser sac | Peritoneum |
| Nasopharynx, pharynx | Throat |
| Pulmonary | Lung |
| Right\left hemispheric | Code brain |
| Hemispheric NOS | Do not assume brain |
| Right\left ventricle | Heart |
| Third\fourth ventricle | Brain |
| LLL, LUL, RLL, RML, RUL | Lobes of the lungs when reported with lobectomy, pneumonia, etc |

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Appendix C

Geographic Codes

| State | FIPS Alpha | State | FIPS Alpha | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|------------|--|
| Alabama | AL | Nebraska | NE | |
| Alaska | AK | Nevada | NV | |
| Arizona | AZ | New Hampshire | NH | |
| Arkansas | AR | New Jersey | NJ | |
| California | CA | New Mexico | NM | |
| Colorado | CO | New York | NY | |
| Connecticut | CT | North Carolina | NC | |
| Delaware | DE | North Dakota | ND | |
| District of Columbia | DC | Ohio | ОН | |
| Florida | FL | Oklahoma | OK | |
| Georgia | GA | Oregon | OR | |
| Hawaii | HI | Pennsylvania | PA | |
| Idaho | ID | Puerto Rico | PR | |
| Illinois | IL | Rhode Island | RI | |
| Indiana | IN | South Carolina | SC | |
| Iowa | IA | South Dakota | SD | |
| Kansas | KS | Tennessee | TN | |
| Kentucky | KY | Texas | TX | |
| Louisiana | LA | Utah | UT | |
| Maine | ME | Vermont | VT | |
| Maryland | MD | Virginia | VA | |
| Massachusetts | MA | Virgin Islands | VI | |
| Michigan | MI | Washington | WA | |
| Minnesota | MN | West Virginia | WV | |
| Mississippi | MS | Wisconsin | WI | |
| Missouri | MO | Wyoming | WY | |
| Montana | MT | | | |
| | Territories and O | utlying Areas | | |
| American Samoa | AS | US Minor Outlying Islands | UM* | |
| Federated States of Micronesia | FM | Baker Island | | |
| Guam | GU | Howland Island | | |
| Marshall Islands MH | | Jarvis Island | | |
| Northern Mariana Islands MP | | Johnston Atoll | | |
| Palau PW | | Kingman Reef | | |
| Puerto Rico PR | | Midway Islands | | |
| Virgin Islands (US) | VI | Navassa Island | | |
| | | Palmyra Atoll | | |
| | | Wake Island | | |

^{*}Not recognized as a valid USPS State abbreviation

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Code for Place of Occurrence

0. Home

Excludes: Abandoned or derelict house (8)

Home under construction, but not yet occupied (6)

Institutional place of residence (1)

Office in home (5)

About home

Apartment

Bed and breakfast

Boarding house

Cabin (any type)

Caravan (trailer) park - residential

Condominium

Farm house

Dwelling

Hogan

Home premises

Home sidewalk

Home swimming pool

House (residential) (trailer)

Noninstitutional place of residence

Penthouse

Private driveway to home

Private garage

Private garden to home

Private walk to home

Private wall to home

Residence

Rooming house

Storage building at apartment

Swimming pool in private home, private garden,

apartment or residence

Townhome

Trailer camp or court

Yard (any part) (area) (front) (residential)

Yard to home

Code for Place of Occurrence

1. Residential institution

Almshouse

Army camp

Assisted Living

Board and care facility

Children's home

Convalescent home

Correctional center

Detox center

Dormitory

Fraternity house

Geriatric center

Halfway house

Home for the sick

Hospice

Institution (any type)

Jail

Mental Hospital

Military (camp) (reservation)

Nurse's home

Nursing home

Old people's home

Orphanage

Penitentiary

Pensioner's home

Prison

Prison camp

Reform school

Retirement home

Sorority house

State hospital

400

Code for Place of Occurrence

2. School, other institution and public administrative area

Excludes: Building under construction (6)

Residential institution (1) Sports and athletic areas (3)

Armory

Assembly hall Campus Child center Church Cinema Clubhouse

College

Country club (grounds)

Court house Dance hall

Day nursery (day care) Drive in theater Fire house

Gallery Health club Health resort Health spa

Hospital (parking lot)
Institute of higher learning

Kindergarten Library Mission Movie house Museum Music hall Night club

Opera house

Playground, school Police precinct Police station or cell

Post office Private club Public building Public hall Salvation army

School (grounds) (yard)

School (private) (public) (state)

Theatre
Turkish bath
University
YMCA
Youth center
YWCA

Code for Place of Occurrence

3. Sports and athletics area

Excludes: Swimming pool or tennis court in private home or garden (0)

Baseball field

Basketball court

Cricket ground

Dude ranch

Fives court

Football field

Golf course

Gymnasium

Hockey field

Ice palace

Racecourse

Riding school

Rifle range - NOS

Skating rink

Sports ground

Sports palace

Squash court

Stadium

Swimming pool (private) (public)

Tennis court

4. Street and highway

Alley

Border crossing

Bridge NOS

Freeway

Interstate

Motorway

Named street/highway/interstate

Pavement

Road (public)

Roadside

Sidewalk NOS

Walkway

402

Code for Place of Occurrence

5. Trade and service area

Excludes: Garage in private home (0)

Airport

Animal hospital

Bank

Bar

Body shop

Cafe

Car dealership

Casino

Electric company

Filling station

Funeral home

Garage - place of work

Garage away from highway except home

Garage building (for car storage)

Garage NOS

Gas station

Hotel (pool)

Laundry Mat

Loading platform - store

Mall

Market (grocery or other commodity)

Motel

Office (building) (in home)

Parking garage

Radio/television broadcasting station

Restaurant

Salvage lot, named

Service station

Shop, commercial

Shopping center (shopping mall)

Spa

Station (bus) (railway)

Store

Subway (stairs)

Tourist court

Tourist home

Warehouse

Code for Place of Occurrence

6. Industrial and construction areas

Building under construction

Coal pit

Coal yard

Construction (area, job or site)

Dairy processing plant

Dockyard

Dry dock

Electric tower

Factory (building) (premises)

Foundry

Gas works

Grain elevator

Gravel pit

Highway under construction

Industrial yard

Loading platform - factory

Logging operation area

Lumber yard

Mill pond

Oil field

Oil rig and other offshore installations

Oil well

Plant, industrial

Power-station (coal) (nuclear) (oil)

Produce building

Railroad track or trestle

Railway yard

Sand pit

Sawmill

Sewage disposal plant

Shipyard

Shop

Substation (power)

Subway track

Tannery

Tunnel under construction

Water filtration plant

Wharf

Workshop

Code for Place of Occurrence

7. Farm

Excludes: Farm house and home premises of farm (0)

Barn NOS

Barnyard

Corncrib

Cornfield

Dairy (farm) NOS

Farm buildings

Farm pond or creek

Farmland under cultivation

Field, numbered or specialized

Gravel pit on farm

Orange grove

Orchard

Pasture

Ranch NOS

Range NOS

Silo

State Farm

405

Code for Place of Occurrence

Other specified places

Abandoned gravel pit

Abandoned public building or home

Air force firing range

Balcony

Bar pit or ditch

Beach NOS (named) (private)

Beach resort Boy's camp **Building NOS**

Bus stop

Camp

Camping grounds

Campsite

Canal

Caravan site NOS

Cemetery City dump

Community jacuzzi

Creek (bank) (embankment)

Damsite

Derelict house

Desert Ditch Dock NOS

Driveway Excavation site

Fairgrounds Field NOS

Forest

Fort Hallway Harbor

Hill

Holiday camp

Irrigation canal or ditch

Junkyard Kitchen

Lake NOS Lake resort

Manhole Marsh

Military training ground

Mountain

Mountain resort

Named city

Named lake

Named room

Named town

Nursery NOS

Open field

Park (amusement) (any) (public)

Parking lot

Parking place

Pier

Pipeline (oil)

Place of business NOS

Playground NOS

Pond or pool (natural)

Porch

Power line pole

Prairie

Private property

Public place NOS

Public property Railway line

Reservoir (water)

Resort NOS

River

Room (any)

Sea

Seashore NOS

Seashore resort

Sewer

Specified address

Stream

Swamp

Trail (bike)

Vacation resort

Woods

Zoo

Code for Place of Occurrence

9. <u>Unspecified place</u>

Bathtub

Bed

Camper (trailer)

Commode

Country

Downstairs

Fireplace

Hot tub

Jobsite

Near any place

On job

Outdoors NOS

Parked car

Rural

Sofa

Table

Tree

Vehicle (any)

Appendix E

Activity Codes

The ICD-10 provides a subclassification for use with external causes and injuries to indicate the activity of the injured person at the time the event occurred. This appendix is designed to document the ICD-10 activity code information but it is not entered in manual coding.

Information may be scattered over different parts of the medical certification, Part I, Part II, 41, 43, etc. However, do not use the information in "Injury at work?" block to code this variable.

If no information concerning the activity of the injured person is reported on the certificate, the item is left blank. "While drinking alcohol" or "while driving" is not considered as a codable activity. When two or more codes appear to be appropriate for the information reported, activity code 8 is assigned.

0 While engaged in sports activity

Physical exercise with a described functional element such as:

- . golf
- . jogging
- . riding
- . school athletics
- . skiing
- . swimming
- . trekking
- . waterskiing

1 While engaged in leisure activity

Hobby activities

Leisure time activities with an entertainment element such as going to the cinema, to a dance or to a party

Participation in sessions and activities of voluntary organizations

Excludes: sport activities (0)

2 While working for income

Paid work (manual) (professional)

Transportation (time) to and from such activities

Work for salary, bonus and other types of income

Appendix E

Activity Codes

3 While engaged in other types of work

Domestic duties such as:

- . caring for children and relatives
- . cleaning
- . cooking
- . gardening
- . household maintenance

Duties for which one would not normally gain an income Learning activities, e.g. attending school session or lesson Undergoing education

- While resting, sleeping, eating and other vital activities
 Personal hygiene
- **8** While engaged in other specified activities

Appendix F

Invalid and Substitute Codes

The following categories are invalid for multiple cause coding in the United States registration areas. Substitute code(s) for use in multiple cause coding appears to the right.

Use the substitute codes when conditions classifiable to the following codes are reported:

| Invalid Codes | Substitute Codes | |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| A150-A153 | A162 | |
| A154 | A163 | |
| A155 | A164 | |
| A156 | A165 | |
| A157 | A167 | |
| A158 | A168 | |
| A159 | A169 | |
| A160-A161 | A162 | |
| B95-B97 Code the disease(s) classified to other chapters modified by the organism. Do not enter a code for the organism. | | |
| F70 | F70 (3-characters only) | |
| F71 | F71 (3-characters only) | |
| F72 | F72 (3-characters only) | |
| F73 | F73 (3-characters only) | |
| F78 | F78 (3-characters only) | |
| F79 | F79 (3-characters only) | |

| Invalid Codes | Substitute codes |
|---------------------|---|
| I151-I158 | R99 |
| I23 | I21 or I22 |
| 1240 | I21 or I22 |
| I252 | I258 |
| I65- I66 | I63 |
| O80 | O95 |
| O81-084 | O759 |
| P95 | P969 |
| R69 | R95-R99 |
| T000, T001, | Superficial injuries of |
| T006 | specified sites |
| T010, T011, | Open wound of specified |
| T016, T018 | sites |
| T020, T026, T027 | Fractures of specified sites |
| T030, T034 | Dislocations, sprains, and strains of specified sites |
| T040, T044, | Crushing injuries of |
| T047 | specified sites |
| T051, T054, | Traumatic amputations of |
| T056 | specified site |
| T060, T061, | Injuries of specified sites |
| T068 | |
| T29 | Burns of specified sites |

Codes for Special Purposes (U00 - U99)

Provisional assignment of new codes (U00-U99)

1. Terrorism Classification (*U01-*U03)

NCHS has developed a set of new codes within the framework of the ICD that will allow the identification of deaths from terrorism reported on death certificates through the National Vital Statistics System. Terrorism-related ICD-10 codes for mortality have been assigned to the "U" category which has been designated by WHO for use by individual countries. The asterisk preceding the alphanumeric code indicates the code was introduced by the United States and is not officially part of the ICD.

To classify a death as terrorist-related, it is necessary for the incident to be designated as such by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). Neither a medical examiner nor a coroner who would be completing/certifying the death certificate, nor the nosologist coding the death certificate would determine that an incident is an act of terrorism. If an incident or event is confirmed by the FBI as terrorism, it may be so described on the certificate. If the incident is confirmed as terrorism after the death certificate is completed, the certificate can be recoded at a later date.

Not to be used unless notified by NCHS

Tabular List

Assault (homicide) *U01-*U02

*U01 Terrorism

Includes: assault-related injuries resulting from the unlawful use of force or violence against persons or property to intimidate or coerce a Government, the civilian population, or any segment thereof, in furtherance of political or social objectives

*U01.0 Terrorism involving explosion of marine weapons

Depth-charge Marine mine Mine NOS, at sea or in harbor Sea-based artillery shell Torpedo Underwater blast

Codes for Special Purposes (U00 - U99)

*U01.1 Terrorism involving destruction of aircraft

Includes: aircraft used as a weapon

Aircraft:

- burned
- exploded
- shot down

Crushed by falling aircraft

*U01.2 Terrorism involving other explosions and fragments

Antipersonnel bomb (fragments)

Blast NOS

Explosion (of):

- NOS
- artillery shell
- breech-block
- cannon block
- mortar bomb
- munitions being used in terrorism
- own weapons

Fragments from:

- artillery shell
- bomb
- grenade
- guided missile
- land-mine
- rocket
- shell
- shrapnel

Mine NOS

Codes for Special Purposes (U00 - U99)

*U01.3 Terrorism involving fires, conflagration and hot substances

Asphyxia Burns Other injury originating from fire caused directly by fire-producing device or indirectly by any conventional weapon

Petrol bomb

Collapse of
Fall from
Falling from
Hit by object
Jump from

burning building or structure

Conflagration

Fire Melting Smoldering

of fittings or furniture

*U01.4 Terrorism involving firearms

Bullet:

- carbine
- machine gun
- pistol
- rifle
- rubber (rifle)

Pellets (shotgun)

*U01.5 Terrorism involving nuclear weapons

Blast effects

Exposure to ionizing radiation from nuclear weapon

Fireball effects

Heat

Other direct and secondary effects of nuclear weapons

Codes for Special Purposes (U00 - U99)

| *U01.6 | Terrorism involving biological weapons Anthrax Cholera Smallpox |
|--------|--|
| *U01.7 | Terrorism involving chemical weapons Gases, fumes and chemicals: • Hydrogen cyanide • Phosgene • Sarin |
| *U01.8 | Terrorism, other specified Lasers Battle wounds Drowned in terrorist operations NOS Piercing or stabbing object injuries |
| *U01.9 | Terrorism, unspecified |
| *U02 | Sequelae of terrorism |

Codes for Special Purposes (U00 - U99)

Intentional self-harm (suicide)

*U03

*U03 Terrorism

*U03.0 Terrorism involving explosions and fragments

Includes: destruction of aircraft used as a weapon

Aircraft:

- burned
- exploded
- shot down

Antipersonnel bomb (fragments)

Blast NOS

Explosion (of):

- NOS
- artillery shell
- breech-block
- cannon block
- mortar bomb
- munitions being used in terrorism
- own weapons

Fragments from:

- artillery shell
- bomb
- grenade
- guided missile
- land-mine
- rocket
- shell
- shrapnel

Mine NOS

*U03.9 Terrorism by other and unspecified means

Codes for Special Purposes (U00 - U99)

SECTION II – External causes of injury

Air

- blast in terrorism U01.2

Asphyxia, asphyxiation

- by
- - chemical in terrorism U01.7
- - fumes in terrorism (chemical weapons) U01.7
- - gas (see also Table of drugs and chemicals)
- - in terrorism (chemical weapons) U01.7
- from
- - fire (see also Exposure, fire)
- - in terrorism U01.3

Bayonet wound

- in
- - terrorism U01.8

Blast (air) in terrorism U01.2

- from nuclear explosion U01.5
- underwater U01.0

Burn, burned, burning (by) (from) (on)

- chemical (external) (internal)
- - in terrorism (chemical weapons) U01.7
- in terrorism (from fire-producing device) NEC U01.3
- - nuclear explosion U01.5
- - petrol bomb U01.3

Casualty (not due to war) NEC

- terrorism U01.9

Collapse

- building
- - burning (uncontrolled fire)
- - in terrorism U01.3
- structure
- - burning (uncontrolled fire)
- - in terrorism U01.3

Crash

- aircraft (powered)
- - in terrorism U01.1

Codes for Special Purposes (U00 - U99)

Crushed

- by, in
- - falling
- - aircraft
- - - in terrorism U01.1

Cut, cutting (any part of body) (by) (see also Contact, with, by object or machine)

- terrorism U01.8

Drowning

- in
- - terrorism U01.8

Effect(s) (adverse) of

- nuclear explosion or weapon in terrorism (blast) (direct) (fireball) (heat) (radiation) (secondary) U01.5

Explosion (in) (of) (on) (with secondary fire)

- terrorism U01.2

Exposure to

- fire (with exposure to smoke or fumes or causing burns, or secondary explosion)
- - in, of, on, starting in
- - terrorism (by fire-producing device) U01.3
- --- fittings or furniture (burning building) (uncontrolled fire) U01.3
- - - from nuclear explosion U01.5

Fall, falling

- from, off
- - building
- - burning (uncontrolled fire)
- - - in terrorism U01.3
- - structure NEC
- - burning (uncontrolled fire)
- - - in terrorism U01.3

Fireball effects from nuclear explosion in terrorism U01.5

Heat (effects of) (excessive)

- from
- - nuclear explosion in terrorism U01.5

Injury, injured NEC

- by, caused by, from
- - terrorism *see* Terrorism
- due to
- - terrorism *see* Terrorism

Codes for Special Purposes (U00 - U99)

Jumped, jumping

- from
- - building (see also Jumped, from, high place)
- - burning (uncontrolled fire)
- - - in terrorism U01.3
- - structure (see also Jumped, from, high place)
- - burning (uncontrolled fire)
- - - in terrorism U01.3

Poisoning (by) (see also Table of drugs and chemicals)

- in terrorism (chemical weapons) U01.7

Radiation (exposure to)

- in
- - terrorism (from or following nuclear explosion) (direct) (secondary) U01.5
- - laser(s) U01.8
- laser(s)
- - in terrorism U01.8

Sequelae (of)

- in terrorism U02

Shooting, shot (*see also* Discharge, by type of firearm)

- in terrorism U01.4

Struck by

- bullet (see also Discharge, by type of firearm)
- - in terrorism U01.4
- missile
- - in terrorism see Terrorism, missile
- object
- - falling
- - from, in, on
- - - building
- - - burning (uncontrolled fire)
- ---- in terrorism U01.3

Suicide, suicidal (attempted) (by)

- explosive(s) (material)
- - in terrorism U03.0
- in terrorism U03.9

Terrorism (by) (in) (injury) (involving) U01.9

- air blast U01.2
- aircraft burned, destroyed, exploded, shot down U01.1
- - used as a weapon U01.1
- anthrax U01.6

Codes for Special Purposes (U00 - U99)

Terrorism----continued

- asphyxia from
- - chemical (weapons) U01.7
- - fire, conflagration (caused by fire-producing device) U01.3
- - from nuclear explosion U01.5
- - gas or fumes U01.7
- bayonet U01.8
- biological agents (weapons) U01.6
- blast (air) (effects) U01.2
- - from nuclear explosion U01.5
- - underwater U01.0
- bomb (antipersonnel) (mortar) (explosion) (fragments) U01.2
- - petrol U01.3
- bullet(s) (from carbine, machine gun, pistol, rifle, rubber (rifle), shotgun) U01.4
- burn from
- - chemical U01.7
- - fire, conflagration (caused by fire-producing device) U01.3
- - from nuclear explosion U01.5
- - gas U01.7
- burning aircraft U01.1
- chemical (weapons) U01.7
- cholera U01.6
- conflagration U01.3
- crushed by falling aircraft U01.1
- depth-charge U01.0
- destruction of aircraft U01.1
- disability as sequelae one year or more after injury U02
- drowning U01.8
- effect (direct) (secondary) of nuclear weapon U01.5
- - sequelae U02
- explosion (artillery shell) (breech-block) (cannon block) U01.2
- - aircraft U01.1
- - bomb (antipersonnel) (mortar) U01.2
- - nuclear (atom) (hydrogen) U01.5
- - depth-charge U01.0
- - grenade U01.2
- - injury by fragments (from) U01.2
- - land-mine U01.2
- - marine weapon(s) U01.0

Codes for Special Purposes (U00 - U99)

Terrorism----continued

- - mine (land) U01.2
- - at sea or in harbor U01.0
- - marine U01.0
- - missile (explosive) (guided) NEC U01.2
- - munitions (dump) (factory) U01.2
- - nuclear (weapon) U01.5
- - other direct and secondary effects of U01.5
- - own weapons U01.2
- - sea-based artillery shell U01.0
- -- torpedo U01.0
- exposure to ionizing radiation from nuclear explosion U01.5
- falling aircraft U01.1
- fire or fire-producing device U01.3
- firearms U01.4
- fireball effects from nuclear explosion U01.5
- fragments from artillery shell, bomb NEC, grenade, guided missile, land-mine, rocket, shell, shrapnel U01.2
- gas or fumes U01.7
- grenade (explosion) (fragments) U01.2
- guided missile (explosion) (fragments) U01.2
- - nuclear U01.5
- heat from nuclear explosion U01.5
- hot substances U01.3
- hydrogen cyanide U01.7
- land-mine (explosion) (fragments) U01.2
- laser(s) U01.8
- late effect (of) U02
- lewisite U01.7
- lung irritant (chemical) (fumes) (gas) U01.7
- marine mine U01.0
- mine U01.2
- - at sea U01.0
- - in harbor U01.0
- - land (explosion) (fragments) U01.2
- - marine U01.0
- missile (explosion) (fragments) (guided) U01.2
- - marine U01.0
- - nuclear U01.5

Codes for Special Purposes (U00 - U99)

Terrorism---continued

- mortar bomb (explosion) (fragments) U01.2
- mustard gas U01.7
- nerve gas U01.7
- nuclear weapons U01.5
- pellets (shotgun) U01.4
- petrol bomb U01.3
- piercing object U01.8
- phosgene U01.7
- poisoning (chemical) (fumes) (gas) U01.7
- radiation, ionizing from nuclear explosion U01.5
- rocket (explosion) (fragments) U01.2
- saber, sabre U01.8
- sarin U01.7
- screening smoke U01.7
- sequelae effect (of) U02
- shell (aircraft) (artillery) (cannon) (land-based) (explosion) (fragments) U01.2

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- - sea-based U01.0
- shooting U01.4
- - bullet(s) U01.4
- -- pellet(s) (rifle) (shotgun) U01.4
- shrapnel U01.2
- smallpox U01.6
- stabbing object(s) U01.8
- submersion U01.8
- torpedo U01.0
- underwater blast U01.0
- vesicant (chemical) (fumes) (gas) U01.7
- weapon burst U01.2

Codes for Special Purposes (U00 - U99)

| | Date of death 9/11/2001 | | | |
|--------------|---|--------------------------|--|--|
| PLACE | I (a) Burns | T300 | | |
| 5 | (b) Terrorist attack on the Pentago | n &U011 | | |
| MOD | II | | | |
| Н | Homicide The Pentagon | Date of injury 9/11/2001 | | |
| | <u>Code</u> as terrorism involving destruction of aircraft. The FBI declared the Pentagon incident an act of terrorism. | | | |
| | Date of death 9/11/2001 | | | |
| PLACE 5 | | S299 | | |
| MOD | II World Trade Center Disaster | &U011 | | |
| Н | Homicide World Trade Center | Date of injury 9/11/2001 | | |
| | | | | |

<u>Code</u> as terrorism involving destruction of aircraft. The FBI declared the World Trade Center incident an act of terrorism.

2. Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome [SARS] (U04)

Tabular List

U04 Severe acute respiratory syndrome [SARS]

U04.9 Severe acute respiratory syndrome [SARS], unspecified

SECTION I – Alphabetical index to diseases and nature of injury

Syndrome

- respiratory
- - severe acute U04.9
- severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) U04.9

Additional Drug Examples

- Place 9
 I (a) Ingested overdose of opiates and ingested alcohol T406 &X42 F109
 Code I(a) nature of injury and external cause code for opiate overdose. Code ingested alcohol as indexed. No evidence of alcohol and drug synergism is reported.
- Place 9
 I (a) Ingested overdose of (opiates) and ingested alcohol T406 &X42 F109
 Code I(a) nature of injury and external cause code for opiate overdose. Code ingested alcohol as indexed. No evidence of alcohol and drug synergism is reported.
- 3. Place 9 I (a) Intoxication by the use of cocaine and opiates T405 & X42 T406

 Code I(a) nature of injury and external cause code for cocaine and opiate intoxication. Since the drugs are assigned to the same external cause code, code X42. Do not enter a Chapter V code (F codes).
- 4. Place 9 I (a) Intoxication by the use of (cocaine and opiates) T405 & X42 T406

 Code I(a) nature of injury and external cause code for cocaine and opiates intoxication. Since the drugs are assigned to the same external cause code, code X42. Do not enter a Chapter V code (F codes).
- 5. Place 9 I (a) Toxic effects of cocaine abuse T405 & X42 F141

 Interpret I(a) as cocaine poisoning and cocaine abuse. Code nature of injury and external cause code for cocaine poisoning and cocaine abuse as indexed.
- 6. Place 9 I (a) Toxic effects of illicit drug abuse T509 &X44 F191

 Interpret I(a) as drug poisoning and drug abuse. Code nature of injury and external cause code for drug poisoning and drug abuse as indexed.
- 7. Place 9 I (a) Mixed drug intoxication alcohol and cocaine T519 X45 T405 &X42

 Interpret I(a) as poisoning and code nature of injury and external cause code for alcohol and cocaine. Precede the external cause code for the cocaine poisoning with an ampersand.

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Additional Drug Examples

8. Place I (a) Mixed drug intoxication (alcohol and cocaine) T519 X45 T405 &X42 (b)

II Used combination cocaine and alcohol F149 F109

Interpret I(a) as poisoning and code nature of injury and external cause code for

alcohol and cocaine. Precede the external cause code for cocaine poisoning with an ampersand. In Part II, code cocaine use as indexed under Dependence, due to, cocaine, and alcohol as indexed under Use, alcohol.

9. <u>Place</u> I (a) Multiple drug intoxication including T509 &X44 T402 T424 T430 (b) oxycodone, diazepam, and doxepin

<u>Code</u> the nature of injury code for drug NOS as first entry on I(a). Since the drugs are assigned to different external cause codes, code X44 followed by the nature of injury code for each drug reported.

10. <u>Place</u> I (a) Acute multiple drug intoxication (oxycodone T402 &X44 T424 9 (b) and alprazolam)

II Took overdose T509

<u>Code</u> I(a) nature of injury and external cause code for oxycodone and alprazolam intoxication. Since the drugs are assigned to different external cause codes, code X44. Code the nature of injury code for drug NOS in Part II.

11. <u>Place</u> I (a) Acute multiple drug intoxication (ethanol, T510 X45 T402 &X44 T424 9 (b) oxycodone and alprazolam)

<u>Interpret</u> I(a) as alcohol poisoning and drug poisoning. Code the nature of injury and external cause for the alcohol and drugs. Since the drugs are assigned to different external cause codes, code X44 and precede with an ampersand.

Additional Drug Examples

| 12. <u>Place</u> I | (a) Acute co | ombined drug intoxication | T509 | &X44 | | |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--------|------|------|------|
| 9 | (b) (oxycod | one, with diazepam and ethyl | T402 | X45 | T424 | T510 |
| | (c) alcoho | 1) | | | | |
| MOD I | Ι | | T509 | F109 | | |
| A | Accident | Took drugs and drank alcoholic beve | erages | | | |

<u>Code</u> the nature of injury for drug NOS as first entry on I(a). Since the drugs are assigned to different external cause codes, code X44. Code the nature of injury for each drug reported on I(b) and the nature of injury and external cause for alcohol. Code the nature of injury for drug NOS and code alcohol as indexed under Drinking, drank (alcohol).

| 13. Place | I (a) Acute intoxication due to ethanol | T510 | |
|------------|---|------|----------|
| 9 | (b) abuse, opiate abuse | F101 | F111 |
| MOD | II Drug reaction | T509 | X44 &X45 |
| A | | | |
| | Accident | | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) to the nature of injury code for ethanol since this is the first substance reported in the "due to" position. Code I(b) as indexed. Code Part II to drug poisoning since drug NOS is reported and the certifier stated the death was due to an accident. Code the external code for ethanol poisoning as the last code in Part II and precede with an ampersand.

| 14. <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Intoxication | T402 | |
|------------------|---|-----|-----------------------------|------|-----------|
| 9 | | (b) | Morphine, Cocaine poisoning | T402 | &X42 T405 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) to the nature of injury code for morphine since this is the first substance reported in the "due to" position. Code the nature of injury and external cause code for morphine and cocaine on I(b).

| 15. <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Acute intoxication due to the | T404 | | |
|------------------|---|-----|-------------------------------|------|-----|------|
| 9 | | (b) | combined effects of fentanyl | T404 | X42 | T406 |
| | | (c) | and opiates | | | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) to the nature of injury code for fentanyl since this is the first substance reported in the due to position. Code the nature of injury and external cause code for fentanyl and opiates on ((b).

425

Additional Drug Examples

| 16. <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Cardiac arrhythmia associated with hydroxyzine | I499 | T435 | &X41 |
|------------------|----|--|------|------|------|
| 9 | | (b) injection | | | |
| <u>MOD</u> | | (c) | | | |
| A | II | Hydroxyzine injection | T435 | | |
| | | Accident | | | |

<u>Code</u> first condition on I(a) as indexed. Code hydroxyzine injection as poisoning since it is a psychotropic drug and the certifier reported the death was due to an accident. Code nature of injury for hydroxyzine Part II.

- 17. I (a) Cardiac arrhythmia associated with hydroxyzine I499
 - (b) injection
 - (c)
 - II Hydroxyzine injection

<u>Code</u> first condition on I(a) as indexed. No code required for the hydroxyzine injection since no complication is reported. It is considered drug therapy since the certifier did not report accident or undetermined in the manner of death block.

18. Place I (a) Acute cardiac arrhythmia precipitated by I499 T405 &X42 T406
9 (b) cocaine and opiates
MOD (c)
A II Drug abuse, cocaine and opiates

Accident

Accident

<u>Code</u> first condition on I(a) as indexed. Code cocaine and opiates as poisoning since the drugs are narcotics and the certifier reported the death was due to an accident. Code the nature of injury and external cause code for cocaine and opiate poisoning. Since the drugs are assigned to the same external cause code, code X42. Code cocaine abuse and opiates abuse as indexed in Part II.

19. Place I (a) Acute intravenous narcotism (heroin) F112
9 (b)
II Methadone overdose, heroin injection T403 &X42 T401

<u>Code</u> I(a) F112, acute intravenous heroin narcotism. Consider the methadone overdose and heroin injection as poisoning. Heroin is not used for medical care purposes.

Additional Drug Examples

| | • | | | |
|--|--|-------------|----------|---------|
| 20. <u>Place</u> 9 <u>MOD</u> A | I (a) Acute intravenous narcotism heroin overdose II Accident | F192 | T401 | &X42 |
| | Intrepret I(a) as two separate entities. Code acute intravenous entity and code a nature of injury and an external cause code second entity. | | | |
| 21. <u>Place</u> | I (a) Acute intravenous narcotism | F112 | | |
| 9 | (b) Morphine II Intravenous use of drugs | F199 | | |
| | Consider I(b) as continuation of I(a). Code I(a) acute intravanarcotism and Part II as indexed. | enous n | norphine | |
| 22. | I (a) Drug dependence (heroin, cocaine) | F112 | F142 | |
| | Code I(a) heroin and cocaine dependence as indexed. | | | |
| 23. <u>Place</u> 9 | I (a) Renal failure(b) Drug induced hepatotoxicity | N19 T509 | &X44 | |
| | <u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed. Code I(b) as poisoning since toxicity one of the terms that is interpreted as poisoning. | of a si | te) by a | drug is |
| 24. <u>Place</u> 9 | I (a) Effects of cocaine and methamphetamine use (b) | F149 | F159 | |
| MOD A | II Drug intake Accident | T509 | &X44 | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed applying intent of certifier instructions for coding use of drugs. Code drug intake as poisoning since drug NOS is reported and the certifier reported the death was due to an accident.

Additional Drug Examples

| 25. <u>Place</u> 9 | I (a) Adverse II | T509 T509 | &X44 | |
|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------|--|
| MOD A | Accident | Subject took drugs | l | |

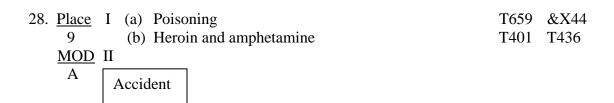
<u>Code</u> I(a) to drug poisoning since drug NOS is reported and the certifier stated the death was due to an accident. Code the nature of injury for drug in Part II.

| 26. | I (a) Gastric ulcer | K259 |
|-----|---------------------|-------|
| | (b) Drug intake | Y579 |
| | (c) Arthritis | &M139 |

<u>Code</u> the gastric ulcer as a complication of the drug reported on I(b). Code the E-code for drug therapy on I(b). It is considered drug therapy since the certifier did not indicate the death was due to an accident or it occurred under undetermined circumstances or the drug was taken in conjunction with alcohol. Code I(c) as indexed and precede with an ampersand.

| 27. Place | I (a) Combined toxicity | T659 | &X44 |
|------------|----------------------------|------|------|
| 9 | (b) Heroin and amphetamine | T401 | T436 |
| MOD | II | | |
| A | Accident | | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) to nature of injury for Toxicity NOS, T659 as indexed. Code external cause to X44 since the drugs are classified to different external cause codes.



<u>Code</u> I(a) to nature of injury for Poisoning NOS, T659 as indexed. Code external cause to X44 since the drugs are classified to different external cause codes.

Additional Drug Examples

| 29. | Place 9 | Ι | (a) Mixed drug poisoning (cocaine,(b) opiate, ethanol) | T405 | &Y12 | T406 | T510 | Y15 |
|-----|------------|----|---|------|------|------|------|-----|
| | MOD | | (c) | | | | | |
| | C | II | Consumed ethanol with illicit drugs | F109 | T509 | | | |
| | | Г | | | | | | |
| | | | Undetermined | | | | | |
| | | L | | | | | | |

<u>Interpret</u> I(a) as poisoning and code nature of injury and external cause for cocaine, opiate and ethanol. Precede the external cause for the drugs with an ampersand. In Part II, code consumed ethanol as indexed under Consumption, ethanol and code the nature of injury for drug.

| 30. <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Subdural hematoma | I620 | |
|------------------|----|--------------------------|-------|------|
| 9 | | (b) Anticoagulation | Y442 | |
| | | (c) Arrhythmia | &I499 | |
| | II | Amiodarone lung toxicity | T462 | &X44 |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as nontraumatic. Code the E-code for drug therapy on I(b). Code I(c) as indexed and precede with an ampersand to identify the reason for treatment. Code Part II as poisoning since toxicity (of a site) by a drug is one of the terms that is interpreted as poisoning.

| 31. | I (a) Cardiac Arrest | I469 |
|------------|--------------------------|--------|
| | (b) Bleeding | &R5800 |
| <u>MOD</u> | (c) Over coumadinization | Y442 |
| N | Natural | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) as indexed. Code the bleeding as a complication of the drug reported on I(c). Drug, medicament or biological substance is assumed to be used for medical care unless there are indications to the contrary.

Additional Drug Examples

| 32. <u>Place</u> | I | (a) Combin | ned | opiate and stimulant poisoning | T406 | &X44 | T509 |
|------------------|----|------------|------|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------|------|
| 9 | | (b) Usage | of h | ydrocodone and cocaine | F119 | F149 | |
| <u>MOD</u> | II | | | - | T406 | T509 | |
| A | I | Accident | | Used lethal combination of opiate | es and stin | nulant dru | ıgs |

Code I(a) nature of injury and external cause for opiate and stimulant poisoning. Since the drugs are assigned to different external cause codes, code X44. Code I(b) as indexed applying intent of certifier instructions for use of drugs. Refer to Table of drugs and chemicals to find hydrocodone, T402. In Volume 1, the title of category T402 is "Other opioids". Code hydrocodone use to Addiction, opioids, with fourth character .9, F119. In Part II, code the nature of injury for opiates and stimulant drugs, since "Lethal (amount) (dose) (quantity) of a drug" is interpreted to mean poisoning.

| 33. <u>Place</u> | I | (a) | Combin | ned ana | lgesic and antihistaminic | T398 | &X44 | T450 | T432 |
|------------------|----|-------|---|---------|--|------|------|------|------|
| 9 | | | anti | depress | | | | | |
| <u>MOD</u> | | (b) | (b) Usage of fentanyl promethazine doxylamine | | | | | | |
| A | II | | | | | F199 | | | |
| | A | Accid | lent | | Used combination of prescription drugs | | gs | | |

<u>Code</u> I(a) nature of injury and external cause for analgesic, antihistaminic and antidepressant poisoning. Since the drugs are assigned to different external cause codes, code X44. Code I(b) and Part II as indexed applying intent of certifier instructions for use of drugs.

34. Place I (a) Combined ethanol and methadone intoxication T510 X45 T403 & X42 II Toxic use of drug and ethanol T509 T510

<u>Interpret</u> I(a) as poisoning and code nature of injury and external cause code for ethanol and methadone. Precede the external cause code for the methadone poisoning with an ampersand. Interpret Part II as poisoning and code nature of injury for drug and ethanol.

| 1 | ١ |
|---|---|
| _ | • |

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