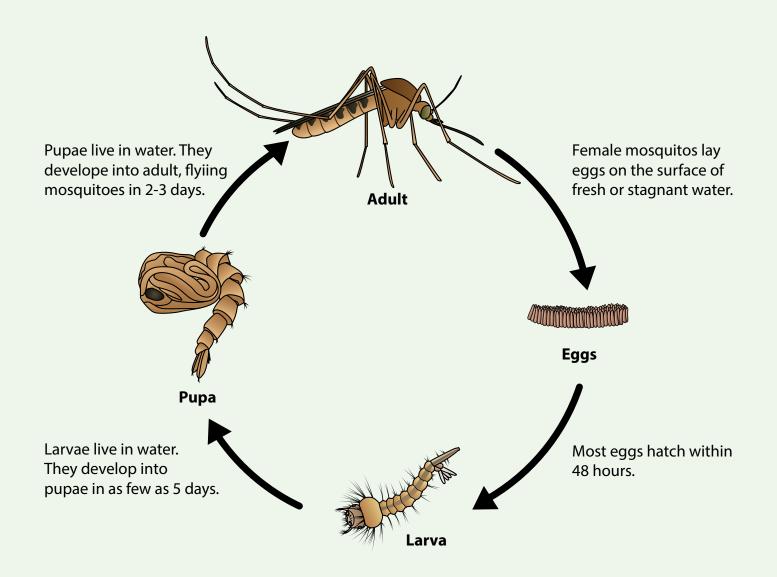
Mosquito Life Cycle



Culex pipiens, Cx. quinquefasciatus, and Cx. tarsalis

It takes about 7–10 days for an egg to develop into an adult mosquito.





U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Life stages of Culex species mosquitoes

Eggs

- Adult, female mosquitoes lay eggs on the surface of fresh or stagnant water. Water sources can include barrels, horse troughs, ornamental ponds, unmaintained swimming pools, puddles, creeks, ditches, and marshy areas.
- A female *Culex* mosquito lays eggs one at a time. Eggs stick together to form a raft of 100 to 300 eggs. The raft floats on the water.

Larva

- Larvae hatch from mosquito eggs and live in water.
- Larvae can be seen in the water. They are very active and are often called "wigglers."
- They feed on materials found in the water.
- Larvae shed their skin (molt) several times during this stage.

Pupa

- Pupae live in water. Pupae do not have external mouthparts and do not feed during this stage.
- An adult mosquito emerges from a pupa and flies away.

Adult

- Adult female mosquitoes bite people and animals. Mosquitoes need blood to produce eggs.
- After blood feeding, female mosquitoes look for water sources to lay eggs. Several days pass between feeding and looking for a place to lay eggs.
- *Culex* mosquitoes don't fly long distances, but have been known to fly up to 2 miles (3.2 km).
- Some *Culex* mosquitoes prefer to live near and bite birds. They bite people when other animals are not nearby.
- Because *Culex* bite animals and people, they live outdoors or near homes.

For information on viruses spread by *Culex* mosquitoes:

- West Nile virus: <u>www.cdc.gov/westnile</u>
- St. Louis encephalitis virus: <u>www.cdc.gov/sle</u>

For more information on mosquitoes:

• <u>www.cdc.gov/mosquitoes</u>



Larvae live in the water.



Pupae in the water.



Female mosquito **before** a blood meal.



Female mosquito **after** a blood meal.

