

Summary of Infection Prevention Practices in Dental Settings: Basic Expectations for Safe Care

MODULE 8 — Environmental Infection Prevention and Control

Modules in the Slide Series

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Hand Hygiene
- 3. Personal Protective Equipment
- 4. Respiratory Hygiene/Cough Etiquette
- Sharps Safety
- 6. Safe Injection Practices
- Sterilization and Disinfection of Patient-Care Items and Devices
- 8. Environmental Infection Prevention and Control (this module)
- Dental Unit Water Quality
- 10. Program Evaluation

Environmental Surfaces

- A surface or equipment that does not contact patients directly.
- Can become contaminated through touch, splash, or droplets generated during patient care.
- Can serve as reservoirs of microbial contamination.



Categories of Environmental Surfaces

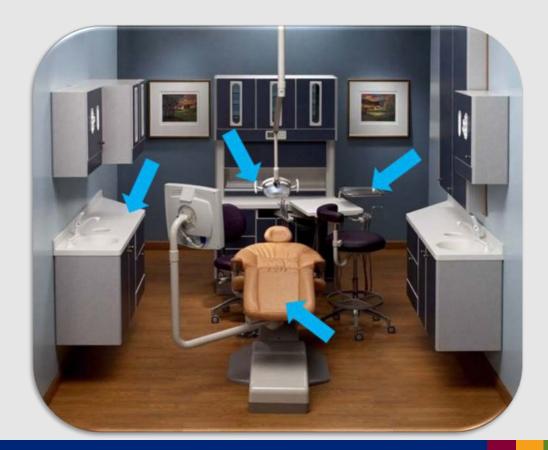
Clinical contact surfaces:

- High potential for direct contamination from spray or spatter or by contact with gloved hands of dental health care personnel (DHCP).
- Emphasis for cleaning and disinfection should be placed on these surfaces.
- Examples: light handles, bracket trays, switches on dental units, computer equipment.

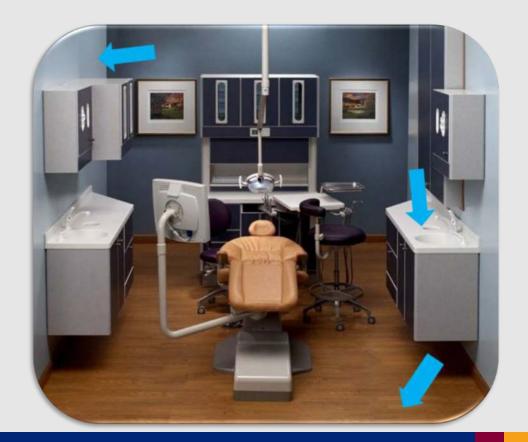
Housekeeping surfaces:

- Do not come into direct contact with patients or devices.
- Can be decontaminated with less rigorous methods than those used on dental patient-care items and clinical contact surfaces.
- Examples: floors, walls, and sinks.

Clinical Contact Surfaces



Housekeeping Surfaces

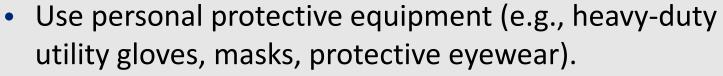


Surface Barriers

 Barriers protect clinical contact surfaces, especially those that are difficult to clean (e.g., switches on dental chairs, computer equipment).

 Change barriers between patients.

General Cleaning Recommendations





- Cleaning should always come before disinfection.
- Follow manufacturer's instructions for proper use of hospital disinfectants registered by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
 - EPA-registered disinfectants
- Do not use liquid chemical sterilants or high-level disinfectants.

Cleaning Clinical Contact Surfaces

- Risk of transmitting infections greater than for housekeeping surfaces
- Barrier protect and change between patients
 OR
- Clean followed by disinfection with an EPAregistered low-level (HIV/HBV claim) to intermediate-level (tuberculocidal claim) hospital disinfectant.





NOTE: HIV/HBV=human immunodeficiency virus/hepatitis B virus.

Cleaning Housekeeping Surfaces

- Routinely clean with soap and water or an EPA-registered hospital detergent/disinfectant.
- Disinfect if visibly contaminated with blood.
- Clean mops and cloths after use and allow to dry thoroughly before reusing (or use single-use disposable options).
- Prepare fresh cleaning and disinfecting solutions daily and according to manufacturer's instructions.

Regulated Medical Waste Management

- Infectious waste that carries a substantial risk of causing infection during handling and disposal.
 - Examples: gauze soaked in blood, extracted teeth, and contaminated sharp items.
- Requires special storage, handling, neutralization, and disposal and is covered by federal, state, and local rules and regulations.
 - Proper containment to prevent injuries and leakage.
- Never include extracted teeth with amalgam in waste that will be treated with heat or incinerated.



Environmental Infection Prevention and Control Resources

- CDC. <u>Guidelines for Infection Control in Dental Health-Care Settings—2003</u>
- CDC. <u>Guidelines for Environmental Infection Control in Health-Care Facilities</u>
- CDC. <u>Guideline for Disinfection and Sterilization in Healthcare Facilities</u>, 2008
- CDC. <u>Summary of Infection Prevention Practices in Dental Settings: Basic Expectations for Safe Care</u>
- EPA. <u>Medical Waste website</u>
- EPA. Where You Live State Medical Waste Programs and Regulations website

End of Module 8

For more information, contact Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). 1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636)

TTY:1-888-232-6348 • www.cdc.gov

The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the CDC.